



I'm not robot



Continue

Hallucination types pdf

Hallucinations can vary from mild to severe. A hallucination is any perception in the absence of a stimulus. While most people think of visual hallucinations, they can also be sounds, or even smells or tastes. Psychoactive drugs, schizophrenia and nerve damage are common causes of hallucinations. While some are nice, like the perfume scent that isn't there, others are overwhelming as the sense that insects are creeping everywhere. Jordi. Panoramic hallucinations Spanish hallucinations are one of many types of visual hallucinations. When experiencing a panoramic hallucination, the whole field of view consists of content that is not there, as if one were dreaming. The feeling used to be known as oneirophrenia that comes from greek words by mind, and dream. It can be induced by sleep deprivation or psychoactive substances and is also associated with schizophrenia. In the 1960s she was purposely induced during psychoanalytic therapy using the psychoactive drug ibogaine.2. Musical ear syndrome Auditory hallucinations are also known as paracusia. One of these paracusia is Musical Ear Syndrome, the hallucination of music. Robert Schumann, a 19th-century German romantic composer, claimed that his symphonies were directly inspired by his hallucinations. Curiously, throughout his life, they deteriorated in complexity until he only felt tone A, constantly.3. PhantosmiaPhantosmia is the word for olfactory hallucinations, which affect the sense of smell. The word derives from the Greek ghost, meaning ghost, and osmia, meaning smell. Caused by nerve damage, the condition most commonly causes one to perceive the smell of rotten flesh, vomiting, urine, or smoke, although pleasant smells such as perfume are experienced in rare cases. Fantosmia can also be an aspect of schizophrenia. One of its most distressing aspects is that it also affects meals every time the afflicted try to eat. 4. Gustative hallucinations Like phantosmia, gustatory hallucinations are also usually unpleasant, sometimes taste like something rotten. In this case, they are associated with epilepsy or schizophrenia. Paranoid schizophrenics frequently perceive the taste of poison in their food or beverages. In other cases, schizophrenic believes that they themselves are the source of the smell. Just as it is still uncertain how the mind really imagines sounds, what causes schizophrenic hallucinations remains a mystery.5. FormicationFormication is the sense that insects are creeping everywhere. It is mainly associated with the withdrawal of drug addiction. If you've read the cult classic Go Ask Alice you can remember a scene where the protagonist experiences that feeling while he's in Formication is a type of paresthesia, which refers to hallucinations of tingling, cream and numbness and is commonly experienced experienced a limb fall asleep. The word itself is Latin for ant. 7. LabyrinthitisLabyrinthitis is an infection that causes dysfunction in balance, perception of balance. Sight, hearing and proprioception work together to create balance so you don't fall. Labyrinthitis infects the inner ear causing swelling and subsequently loss of balance, Vertigo, tinnitus, dizziness and hearing loss. Disturbances in balance also lead to nausea and vomiting. Enrico Mazzanti6. Pinocchio illusionThe Pinocchio illusion causes a disturbance in proprioception, the sense of position of the parts of your body. If your proprioception is affected it can feel like your legs, for example, are no longer part of your mental image. It can also cause you to feel like the size of body parts are distorted by looking at them. The Pinocchio illusion can be created artificially by applying a vibrato movement to the biceps tendon while holding the nose with the same arm. This creates the mental illusion that the hand is removing the nose from the face when in fact it is stationary. John Tenniel 8. Alice in Wonderland SyndromeNamed after the novel by Lewis Carroll, Alice in Wonderland syndrome has two aspects: micropsy and macropsy. Micropsy is the perception that objects are smaller than they really are and macropsy is the perception that objects are larger than they really are. Remember the scenes of Alice in Wonderland with the giant flowers? It is actually caused by psychoactive drugs such as dextromethorphan found in cough syrups or brain tumors.9. Somatization disorder or hysteriasomatization disorder is the perception of pain in the absence of a stimulus. One theory or somatization disorder is that the overwhelmed mind is turning emotional stress often caused by social situations into physical symptoms. During Victorian times, the condition was known as hysteria and it was common for houses to have a fainting room for when women had spells of hysteria. The Victorians attributed the hysteria to a wandering belly, which makes absolutely no sense in modern terms.10. Temporary illusions Temporary illusions can cause time to be perceived to have accelerated, has gradually, gone backwards, fallen sequence or even stopped. Psychoactive substances are often to blame for these effects. Mescaline is located in Peyote which derives from a cactus. Peyote was the subject of Aldous Huxley's book The Gates of Perception. Huxley noticed the substance through Native Americans living in New Mexico. Peyote use among Native Americans is known as peyotism and is a key part of their religion. One of the spiritual aspects of mescaline is its ability to make the user feel that there is no duration, but only a constant present. CommentsSamy on February 2014:Thank you very much. I needed this for my English duties, and you just this way easier for me. Samy on February 03, 2014:Thank you very much. I needed this for my English duties, and you just made the path easier for me. Ausseye on June 1, 2013:Hi Gen-erationinformed :Whoow what a great descriptive and informative hub on a subject just below our senses. Love the maze you weave after telling us that if we hallucinate there's something wrong with us. Now it takes me to the desert where I'm out of the water and hallucinating a great lake, damned ahhh it's not really there. You give the theme of intrigue and created a passion for me, hallucinating about the possibilities of our universe since time does not matter there are endless possibilities. Great center and full of conscious intrigues. The best message comes when there are no drugs involved!!! Hallucinations can vary from mild to severe. A hallucination is any perception in the absence of a stimulus. While most people think of visual hallucinations, they can also be sounds, or even smells or tastes. Psychoactive drugs, schizophrenia and nerve damage are common causes of hallucinations. While some are nice, like the perfume scent that isn't there, others are overwhelming as the sense that insects are creeping everywhere. Jordi. Panoramic hallucinations Spanish hallucinations are one of many types of visual hallucinations. When experiencing a panoramic hallucination, the whole field of view consists of content that is not there, as if one were dreaming. The feeling used to be known as oneirophrenia that comes from greek words by mind, and dream. It can be induced by sleep deprivation or psychoactive substances and is also associated with schizophrenia. In the 1960s she was purposely induced during psychoanalytic therapy using the psychoactive drug ibogaine.2. Musical ear syndrome Auditory hallucinations are also known as paracusia. One of these paracusia is Musical Ear Syndrome, the hallucination of music. Robert Schumann, a 19th-century German romantic composer, claimed that his symphonies were directly inspired by his hallucinations. Curiously, throughout his life, they deteriorated in complexity until he only felt tone A, constantly.3. PhantosmiaPhantosmia is the word for olfactory hallucinations, which affect the sense of smell. The word derives from the Greek ghost, meaning ghost, and osmia, meaning smell. Caused by nerve damage, the condition most commonly causes one to perceive the smell of rotten flesh, vomiting, urine, or smoke, although pleasant smells such as perfume are experienced in rare cases. Fantosmia can also be an aspect of schizophrenia. One of its most distressing aspects is that it also affects meals every time the they're trying to eat. 4. Gustative hallucinations Like phantosmia, gustatory hallucinations are also usually unpleasant, sometimes taste like something rotten. In this are associated with epilepsy or schizophrenia. Paranoid schizophrenics frequently perceive the taste of poison in their food or beverages. In other cases, schizophrenic believes that they themselves are the source of the smell. Just as it is still uncertain how the mind really imagines sounds, what causes schizophrenic hallucinations remains a mystery.5. FormicationFormication is the sense that insects are creeping everywhere. It is mainly associated with the withdrawal of drug addiction. If you've read the cult classic Go Ask Alice you can remember a scene where the protagonist experiences that feeling while in rehab. Formication is a type of paresthesia, which refers to hallucinations of tingling, cream and numbness and is commonly experienced when a limb fall asleep. The word itself is Latin for ant. 7. LabyrinthitisLabyrinthitis is an infection that causes dysfunction in balance, perception of balance. Sight, hearing and proprioception work together to create balance so you don't fall. Labyrinthitis infects the inner ear causing swelling and subsequently loss of balance, Vertigo, tinnitus, dizziness and hearing loss. Disturbances in balance also lead to nausea and vomiting. Enrico Mazzanti6. Pinocchio illusionThe Pinocchio illusion causes a disturbance in proprioception, the sense of position of the parts of your body. If your proprioception is affected it can feel like your legs, for example, are no longer part of your mental image. It can also cause you to feel like the size of body parts are distorted by looking at them. The Pinocchio illusion can be created artificially by applying a vibrato movement to the biceps tendon while holding the nose with the same arm. This creates the mental illusion that the hand is removing the nose from the face when in fact it is stationary. John Tenniel 8. Alice in Wonderland SyndromeNamed after the novel by Lewis Carroll, Alice in Wonderland syndrome has two aspects: micropsy and macropsy. Micropsy is the perception that objects are smaller than they really are and macropsy is the perception that objects are larger than they really are. Remember the scenes of Alice in Wonderland with the giant flowers? It is actually caused by psychoactive drugs such as dextromethorphan found in cough syrups or brain tumors.9. Somatization disorder or hysteriasomatization disorder is the perception of pain in the absence of a stimulus. One theory or somatization disorder is that the overwhelmed mind is turning emotional stress often caused by social situations into physical symptoms. During Victorian times, the condition was known as hysteria and it was common for houses to have a fainting room for when women had spells of hysteria. Victorians attributed hysteria to a belly that makes absolutely no sense in modernity Temporary illusions Temporary illusions can cause time to be perceived to have accelerated, has gradually, gone backwards, fallen sequence or even stopped. Psychoactive substances are often to blame for these effects. Mescaline is located in Peyote which derives from a cactus. Peyote was the subject of Aldous Huxley's book The Gates of Perception. Huxley noticed the substance through Native Americans living in New Mexico. Peyote use among Native Americans is known as peyotism and is a key part of their religion. One of the spiritual aspects of mescaline is its ability to make the user feel that there is no duration, but only a constant present. CommentsSamy on February 03, 2014:Thank you very much. I needed this for my English duties, and you just made the path easier for me. Samy on February 03, 2014:Thank you very much. I needed this for my English duties, and you just made the path easier for me. Ausseye on June 1, 2013:Hi Gen-erationinformed :Whoow what a great descriptive and informative hub on a subject just below our senses. Love the maze you weave after telling us that if we hallucinate there's something wrong with us. Now it takes me to the desert where I'm out of the water and hallucinating a great lake, damned ahhh it's not really there. You give the theme of intrigue and created a passion for me, hallucinating about the possibilities of our universe since time does not matter there are endless possibilities. Great center and full of conscious intrigues. The best message comes when there are no drugs involved!!! Involved!!!