

Extra Conductor Score: 032-4748-01

Style: Rock • Grade Level: 2.5

# APOCALYPSE

Composed and Arranged by

Larry Barton

## Barnhouse



## Ensemble

MUSIC PUBLISHERS SINCE 1886  
**C.L. BARNHOUSE**  
COMPANY

For reference only.  
Not valid for performance.

# APOCALYPSE

**Composed and Arranged by  
Larry Barton**

## Instrumentation

1st Alto Sax\*

2nd Alto Sax\*

1st Tenor Sax\*

2nd Tenor Sax

Bari Sax

1st Trumpet\*

2nd Trumpet\*

3rd Trumpet

4th Trumpet

1st Trombone\*

2nd Trombone

3rd Trombone

4th Trombone

Guitar

Piano\*

Bass\*

Drums\*

\*minimum instrumentation

## Written suggested solos provided for

Alto Sax

Tenor Sax

Trumpet

Trombone

**Apocalypse** is an attempt to capture the feel of a cataclysmic event, using driving rock rhythms and chords.

## Rehearsal Suggestions

In most jazz music, correct articulation is the key to faithfully producing the composer's intent and the style of the music. **Apocalypse** is no exception. The primary rhythmic motif of this piece is one longer note, followed by three shorter ones. Always stress the length and importance of the first note in the motif.

The rhythm section should strive to maintain the tempo and intensity of this chart without rushing, while always moving forward.

The piano, bass, and drum parts are written out, which is especially helpful for younger players. More advanced players may elect to use the part as a guide. A note of caution to the drummer: don't get too busy, especially at the expense of losing tempo.

The natural inclination is to play a rock tune fast and loud. While the dynamics of this chart are subtle, strive to make a big contrast between designated passages. When you see a crescendo, start soft, so you have somewhere to go with the volume. The audience will appreciate the effect, and the chart will be even more fun to perform.

Regarding scoring, there are open fifths written in the 2nd tenor sax and 3rd trombone parts. These notes must have the parts below them present to get the maximum effect. In other words, the 2nd tenor sax part will not sound as intended without bari sax. Likewise, there must be a bass trombone for the 3rd trombone part to sound right.

I hope you enjoy performing this piece as much as I did writing it. Most importantly, have some fun with it!



## About the Composer/Arranger

**Larry Barton**, a graduate of Eastern Kentucky University (1979), has over 30 published compositions for Marching Band and Jazz Ensemble with C. L. Barnhouse Company since 1992. Mr. Barton brings a wealth of teaching, learning, and conducting experience to his compositions. He has served as Band Director of the Bardstown Independent and Madison County School Districts in Kentucky, and Commander/Conductor of the 100th Division US Army Reserve Band, Ft. Knox, Kentucky, teaching and working with young people in grades 5-12 and beyond. Mr. Barton is presently an assistant principal in Madison County. His services as an arranger, composer, and adjudicator are in great demand.



Recording Available: [www.barnhouse.com](http://www.barnhouse.com)

### LICENSING THIS WORK

Visit [barnhouse.com](http://barnhouse.com) to obtain information on mechanical (recording) or derivative (arranging) licenses.

CONDUCTOR SCORE  
032-4748-00

# APOCALYPSE

COMPOSED AND ARRANGED BY  
LARRY BARTON

INTENSE!  $\text{d}=150$

1 2 3 4 5 6

© 2019 Birch Island Music Press (ASCAP), P. O. Box 680, Oskaloosa, Iowa 52577 USA

International Copyright Secured. All Rights reserved. Printed in U. S. A.

WARNING! This composition is protected by copyright law. To copy or reproduce it by any means is an infringement of the copyright law.

# APOCALYPSE

A. SAX 1

A. SAX 2

T. SAX 1

T. SAX 2

S. SAX

TPT. 1

TPT. 2

TPT. 3

TPT. 4

TBN. 1

TBN. 2

TBN. 3

TBN. 4

GR. 2

PNO.

BASS

DR.

7 8 9 10 11 12 13

-4

## APOCALYPSE

17

A. SAX 1

A. SAX 2

T. SAX 1

T. SAX 2

B. SAX

TRPT. 1

TRPT. 2

TRPT. 3

TRPT. 4

TBNS. 1

TBNS. 2

TBNS. 3

TBNS. 4

GRTR.

PNO.

BASS

DR.

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

FILL

RIDE

APOCALYPSE

Score for a musical piece titled "APOCALYPSE". The score consists of ten staves, each with a different instrument or voice part. The instruments include: A. SAX 1, A. SAX 2, T. SAX 1, T. SAX 2, B. SAX, TPT. 1, TPT. 2, TPT. 3, TPT. 4, TBN. 1, TBN. 2, TBN. 3, TBN. 4, Gtr., PNO., BASS, and O.S. (Orchestra). The score is divided into measures 21 through 27. Measures 21-23 show the instruments playing sustained notes or simple patterns. Measures 24-25 feature more complex rhythmic patterns and dynamics, with a prominent bass line in measure 25. Measures 26-27 conclude with a "SOLO FILL" section for the O.S. (Orchestra) and a final dynamic marking.

Measure 21: All instruments play sustained notes.

Measure 22: All instruments play sustained notes.

Measure 23: All instruments play sustained notes.

Measure 24: Rhythmic patterns begin. Bass starts with eighth-note pairs. Gtr. has eighth-note pairs. PNO. has eighth-note pairs. O.S. has eighth-note pairs.

Measure 25: Rhythmic patterns continue. Bass has eighth-note pairs. Gtr. has eighth-note pairs. PNO. has eighth-note pairs. O.S. has eighth-note pairs.

Measure 26: Rhythmic patterns continue. Bass has eighth-note pairs. Gtr. has eighth-note pairs. PNO. has eighth-note pairs. O.S. has eighth-note pairs.

Measure 27: "SOLO FILL" section for O.S. (Orchestra). Bass has eighth-note pairs. Gtr. has eighth-note pairs. PNO. has eighth-note pairs. O.S. has eighth-note pairs.

## APOCALYPSE

28

D<sup>5</sup> OPEN FOR SOLOS - BACKGROUNDS ON CLUE G<sup>5</sup> E<sup>b</sup><sub>9</sub> D<sup>5</sup> G<sup>#5</sup> G<sup>5</sup> F<sup>5</sup> D<sup>5</sup> G<sup>#5</sup> G<sup>5</sup> F<sup>5</sup> G<sup>5</sup> B<sup>f</sup><sub>15</sub> E<sup>b</sup><sub>9</sub>

A. SAX 1  
A. SAX 2  
T. SAX 1  
T. SAX 2  
B. SAX  
TPT. 1  
TPT. 2  
TPT. 3  
TPT. 4  
TSN. 1  
TSN. 2  
TSN. 3  
TSN. 4  
GR. 2  
PNO.  
BASS  
D. S.

F<sup>5</sup> OPEN FOR SOLOS - BACKGROUNDS ON CLUE B<sup>f</sup><sub>5</sub> G<sup>b</sup><sub>9</sub> B<sup>f</sup><sub>5</sub> B<sup>f</sup><sub>5</sub> A<sup>b</sup><sub>5</sub> F<sup>5</sup> B<sup>f</sup><sub>5</sub> B<sup>f</sup><sub>5</sub> A<sup>b</sup><sub>5</sub> B<sup>f</sup><sub>5</sub> D<sup>f</sup><sub>15</sub> G<sup>b</sup><sub>9</sub>

B<sup>f</sup><sub>5</sub> G<sup>b</sup><sub>9</sub> F<sup>5</sup> B<sup>f</sup><sub>5</sub> B<sup>f</sup><sub>5</sub> A<sup>b</sup><sub>5</sub> F<sup>5</sup> B<sup>f</sup><sub>5</sub> B<sup>f</sup><sub>5</sub> A<sup>b</sup><sub>5</sub> B<sup>f</sup><sub>5</sub> D<sup>f</sup><sub>15</sub> G<sup>b</sup><sub>9</sub>

H.H. 28 29 30 31 32 33

-7-

# APOCALYPSE

Sheet music for a band performance featuring multiple instruments. The score includes parts for A. SAX 1, A. SAX 2, T. SAX 1, T. SAX 2, S. SAX, TRPT. 1, TRPT. 2, TRPT. 3, TRPT. 4, TBN. 1, TBN. 2, TBN. 3, TBN. 4, GRTR., PNO., BASS, and DR.

The music is divided into measures 34 through 39. Measure 34 starts with a dynamic **p**. Measures 35-37 feature sustained notes with grace notes above them. Measure 38 begins with a dynamic **f**, followed by a **FILL** section. Measure 39 concludes with a final dynamic **f**.

Instrumental parts include:  
 - A. SAX 1, A. SAX 2, T. SAX 1, T. SAX 2, S. SAX, TRPT. 1, TRPT. 2, TRPT. 3, TRPT. 4, TBN. 1, TBN. 2, TBN. 3, TBN. 4, GRTR., PNO., BASS, and DR.  
 - Specific notes are labeled with their names and octaves (e.g., G<sup>5</sup>, B<sup>5</sup>, C<sup>6</sup>, etc.) above the staff lines.  
 - Measure 38 includes a **FILL** section indicated by a dashed line.

## APOCALYPSE

40 FIERCE!

A. SAX 1

A. SAX 2

T. SAX 1

T. SAX 2

B. SAX

TPT. 1

TPT. 2

TPT. 3

TPT. 4

TBN. 1

TBN. 2

TBN. 3

TBN. 4

Gr. 2

PNO.

BASS

S. S.

NC

RIDE

40 41 42 43 44 45 46

This page contains ten staves of musical notation for a band or orchestra. The instruments listed are: Alto Saxophone 1 (A. SAX 1), Alto Saxophone 2 (A. SAX 2), Tenor Saxophone 1 (T. SAX 1), Tenor Saxophone 2 (T. SAX 2), Bass Saxophone (B. SAX), Trumpet 1 (TPT. 1), Trumpet 2 (TPT. 2), Trumpet 3 (TPT. 3), Trumpet 4 (TPT. 4), Bassoon 1 (TBN. 1), Bassoon 2 (TBN. 2), Bassoon 3 (TBN. 3), Bassoon 4 (TBN. 4), Trombone 2 (Gr. 2), Piano (PNO.), Double Bass (BASS), and Snare Drum (S. S.). The music is in 2/4 time. Measure 40 starts with a dynamic of 'FIERCE!' followed by sustained notes and eighth-note patterns. Measures 41-43 continue with similar patterns. Measures 44-46 feature dynamic markings like 'RIDE' and 'NC' (No Change). The page includes a large watermark reading 'Not valid for performance.' diagonally across the staff lines.

## APOCALYPSE

48

A. SAX 1

A. SAX 2

T. SAX 1

T. SAX 2

B. SAX

TRPT. 1

TRPT. 2

TRPT. 3

TRPT. 4

TBN. 1

TBN. 2

TBN. 3

TBN. 4

GRD.

PNO.

BASS

DR.

(Or.)

(Or.)

B<sup>i</sup>

G<sup>b</sup>

B<sup>i</sup>

B<sup>i</sup>

A<sup>b</sup>

B<sup>i</sup>

A<sup>b</sup>

B<sup>i</sup>

D<sup>b</sup>

G<sup>b</sup>

47

48

49

-10

50

51

52

53

## APOCALYPSE

60

A. SAX 1  
A. SAX 2  
T. SAX 1  
T. SAX 2  
S. SAX

TPT. 1  
TPT. 2  
TPT. 3  
TPT. 4

TBN. 1  
TBN. 2  
TBN. 3  
TBN. 4

Gr. 2  
PNO.

BASS  
D. S.

54 55 56 57 58 59 FILL 60

## APOCALYPSE

67

A. SAX 1

A. SAX 2

T. SAX 1

T. SAX 2

S. SAX

TPT. 1

TPT. 2

TPT. 3

TPT. 4

TBN. 1

TBN. 2

TBN. 3

TBN. 4

GR. 2

PNO.

BASS

0. S.

61

62

63

64

65

66

67

## APOCALYPSE

Musical score for 'APOCALYPSE' featuring multiple staves for various instruments:

- A. SAX 1
- A. SAX 2
- T. SAX 1
- T. SAX 2
- B. SAX
- TPT. 1
- TPT. 2
- TPT. 3
- TPT. 4
- TBN. 1
- TBN. 2
- TBN. 3
- TBN. 4
- GTR.
- PNO.
- BASS
- S.

The score consists of four systems of music. The first system starts at measure 68 and ends at measure 70. The second system starts at measure 70 and ends at measure 71. The third system starts at measure 71 and ends at measure 73. The fourth system starts at measure 73 and ends at measure 74. Measure numbers 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, and 74 are indicated below the staff lines.

Performance notes:

- Measure 68: GTR. has a dynamic of  $\text{AV/C}$ .
- Measure 70: PNO. has a dynamic of  $\text{NC}$ .
- Measure 71: GTR. has dynamics of  $\text{B}^{\natural}$ ,  $\text{B}^{\natural}$ ,  $\text{A}^{\natural}$ ,  $\text{F}^{\natural}$ ,  $\text{B}^{\natural}$ ,  $\text{A}^{\natural}$ ,  $\text{F}^{\natural}$ ,  $\text{B}^{\natural}$ ,  $\text{B}^{\natural}$ ,  $\text{A}^{\natural}$ ,  $\text{F}^{\natural}$ .