

DANCE OF JOY

Lennie Niehaus
BMI

With spirit ♩ = 116

Flute *f*

Oboe *f*

B^b Clarinets 1 2 *f* *a2*

E^b Alto Saxophone *f*

B^b Tenor Saxophone *f*

Bassoon *f*

Horn in F *f*

B^b Trumpets 1 2 *f*

Trombones 1 2 *f* *a2*

Timpani (G & C) *f*

Percussion Bells 1 *f*

Woodblock S. D. *f*

Snare Drum 2 *f*

Bass Drum B. D. *f*

Piano *f*

Violins I II *f*

Viola *f*

Cello *f*

Bass *f*

9

Fl.

Ob.

B^b Cls. 1 2

E^b Alto Sx.

B^b Tenor Sx.

Bssn.

Hn. (F)

B^b Tpts. 1 2

Trbs. 1 2

Timp.

Bells 1

Perc. Woodblock S. D. 2 B. D.

Piano

Vlms. I II

Vla.

Cello

Bass

17

17

17

17

This image shows a page of a musical score, likely for a symphony orchestra. The score is written for various instruments, including woodwinds, brass, percussion, and strings. The page features a rehearsal mark '25' in a box, indicating a specific measure. The instruments listed on the left include Fl. (Flute), Ob. (Oboe), B^b Cls. (B-flat Clarinets), E^b Alto Sx. (E-flat Alto Saxophone), B^b Tenor Sx. (B-flat Tenor Saxophone), Bssn. (Bassoon), Hn. (F) (Horn in F), B^b Tpts. (B-flat Trumpets), Trbs. (Trombones), Timp. (Timpani), Bells 1, Perc. (Percussion), Woodblock, S. D. 2, B. D., Piano, Vlns. (Violins), Vla. (Viola), Cello, and Bass. The score includes dynamic markings such as *mf* (mezzo-forte) and *div.* (divisi). The notation is in standard musical notation with various clefs and key signatures.