Kabul university

Faculty of social Sciences

Undergraduate Degree Program

Building Archaeology (Heritage Conservation)

Syllabus

Heritage Conservation

Education is not neutral; the exchange between teacher and student does not take place in Vacuum. People bring with them their cultural experiences and expectations. Education Needs to take as its starting point the real life and experiences of people and both. Reinforces the social conditions that keep them as passive receivers of information and Knowledge, or directly challenges these conditions. Learners enter the process of Learning not by acquiring facts, but by constructing their reality in social exchange with others.

Paulo Freire and Ira Shor. A Pedagogy for Liberation: Dialogues on Transforming Education, 1987

COURSE DATA

Instructors:

Dr. Abdul Wasy Najimi: AKTC, Qale Moian Afzal Khan, Gozar Gah Street, Kabul, Afghanistan. Email: abdwasi.najimi@akdn.org

Assistant Prof: Muzhgan Hamraz: Anthropology/Archaeology Department. Social Sciences Faculty. Kabul University.

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COURSE CONTENT

CATALOGUE DESCRIPTION

The course is an overview of the interdisciplinary paradigms, principles, and players in the field of building Archaeology and heritage conservation ranging from local to international contexts. It addresses the conservation of cultural resources generally and the built environment specifically by introducing students to the terms, concepts, and philosophical foundations of heritage conservation, as well as the legal, regulatory, economic development tools, and treatment standards for historic properties. The course includes regular readings, field trips and follows a seminar format where everyone participates in discussion.

OBJECTIVES AND OUTCOMES

After taking this course, students should be able to:

- 1. To Gain knowledge about archaeology and its principles on Cultural Heritage conservation.
- 2. To be Familiar with the ancient, inhabited places/ Archaeological sites and Historical monuments in Afghanistan.
- 3. To gain information about Afghanistan Archaeological excavations, findings, and Afghanistan's Ancient Arts.
- 4. To understand the significance, Values, Hazard, and Resilience of Afghanistan' Cultural Heritages.
- 5. To make the best contributions in safeguarding of Cultural heritage while practicing on urban designing and new Constructions projects across the country.
- 6. Understand the terms, concepts, and philosophical foundations of heritage conservation.
- 7. Understand the legal, regulatory, and economic development tools of heritage conservation; Understand the treatment standards for historic properties.be aware of geographic, cultural, technological, economic, and political factors that shape the built environment and its preservation.

COURSE COMPONENTS + CRITERIA OF EVALUATION

Knowledge transfer occurs in a variety of formats. In addition to lectures and discussions, the content of this course will be disseminated through filed work and field trips.

ASSIGNMENTS

Students will be responsible for completing three types of assignments:

Reading and Discussion. Students will be responsible for the assigned readings and to participate in a seminar discussion about their contents. Contribution to class discussion is a significant portion of your overall course grade. Students will be evaluated based on attendance, expressed knowledge of the required readings, and discussion activity level.

Field Trip Reports. Students will be required to submit a two- to five-page (minimum - maximum), single spaced report due on the Wednesday following the field trip. The field trip report shall be submitted to the Dropbox in Word or PDF format. The intent of these reports is to provide a vehicle to reflect on the critical issues addressed on the field trips and preparatory readings. Focus questions introducing these critical issues will be distributed prior to the field trip. The report must respond to these questions using rhetorical forms and technical language introduced in the class.

Research Paper. Each student will be required to write a research paper on an issue related to heritage conservation. Potential topics include, but are not limited to, the following:

- ✓ Recent Past Historic Landscapes
- ✓ International Conservation Neighborhood Preservation Zones
- ✓ Sustainability Preservation Technology
- ✓ Heritage Tourism Community
- ✓ Industrial Archaeology Materials Conservation
- ✓ Adaptive Use Heritage Corridors

✓ CRM Law Diversity

EXAMS

There will be two exams, a Mid-Term and a Final.

WEIGHT

The Course Components will be weighted as follows: Grading will be based on a combination of discussion, assignments, and examinations according to the following percentages:

UG Grad. Discussion: 15%

Field Trip Reports 10% Mid-Term Exam: 20% Research Paper 15% Final Exam: 40% TOTAL 100%

Building Archaeology (Heritage Conservation) syllabus

Spring	Topics		Teaching Methods	credits
Semester				allocated
1st Week	1.	Definitions	Lecture	3
	I.	What is Archaeology?		
	II.	What building -Archaeology dose?		
	III.	Link between Archaeology and		
		Architecture:		
	IV.	What Cultural Heritage Conservation		
		is?		
	a.	Tangible Heritage		
	b.	Intangible Heritage		
	C.	Natural Heritage		
	2.	Traditional Architecture in Afghanistan		
	I.	Architectural Investigation and analysis		
	a.	the inventory		
	b.	condition survey		
	c.	recording the building		
	d.	preparation of final measured		
		drawings and reports		
	e.	further analysis and laboratory tests of		
		materials samples		
	f.	Prepare for presentation of data		
		obtained in the field from the		
		investigation and analysis.		
2 nd Week	1.	Timeline Of Stone age	Lecture	2
	I.	Paleolithic (Old Stone Age, 2.5 million	Discussion group	1
		Years)		

	II.	Mesolithic (Middel Stone Age, 15000 years ago) New Lithic (New stone Age, 1000 years ago)		
3 ^{rd Week}	b. c. d. e. f.	Introduction to Ancient Afghanistan from Prehistoric to the Medes (20000-551BC) Prehistoric Archaeological Sites in North, South, East and West The first Inhabited places in Afghanistan Qara Kamer (prehistoric Site in North) Aquapark Dara-e-Kur Chenar Gunjeshkan Hazarsum Dara-e-Kalan Shamshir Ghar Dara-e-Chamaq Dasht-e-Nower Ghazni	Lecture Site Visiting	2 1
4 ^{th Week}	1. II. III. IV. V.	Introduction to the ancient civilizations in Afghanistan (Historic period, 1500 BC-) Awesta Civilization 1500CB Bakhter Civilization (250-175 CB) Mandigak civilization (3000BC) Sistan Civilizations (1000 AD) Kowita civilization	Lecture Discussion group	2 1
5 th Week	1. II. IV. V.	Introduction to Historic Archaeological Sites of Afghanistan Dawlat Abad (name of Archaeological Site) Farooq Abad (name of Archaeological Site) Citadel of Balkh province Temple of Now-Bahar Delbarjin Tepe (Hill)	Lecture Discussion group	2 1
6th week	1. I.	Archaeological Excavations in Afghanistan Legal Excavations	Lecture Discussion group	2

II. Illegal Excavations 2. Alexsandria in Afghanistan 1. Alexanderia Axose II. Alexanderia Arachosia III. Alexanderia Bagram IV. Alexanderia Qafqaz V. Alexanderia Nika 7th Week 1. Introduction to Buddhist Civilizations (175BC- 600 AD) 2. Buddhist Archaeological Site 1. Hada (Nangahar Province) II. Surkh-Kotal (Baghlan Province) III. Mes-e-Aynak (Logar Province) IV. Shuturak (Kapisa Province) V. Buddhist Temple and Stupa in Konduz Province VI. Buddhist Temple and Stupa in Miadan-Wardak Province VII. Buddhist Sites in Bamiyan VIII. Buddhist sites in Kabul Province a. Chakari Minaret
II. Alexanderia Axose III. Alexanderia Arachosia IIII. Alexanderia Bagram IV. Alexanderia Qafqaz V. Alexanderia Nika Thi Week 1. Introduction to Buddhist Civilizations (175BC- 600 AD) 2. Buddhist Archaeological Site I. Hada (Nangahar Province) III. Surkh-Kotal (Baghlan Province) III. Mes-e-Aynak (Logar Province) IV. Shuturak (Kapisa Province) V. Buddhist Temple and Stupa in Konduz Province VI. Buddhist Temple and Stupa in Miadan- Wardak Province VII. Buddhist Sites in Bamiyan VIII. Buddhist Sites in Kabul Province a. Chakari Minaret
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VII. Buddhist Sites in Bamiyan VIII. Buddhist sites in Kabul Province a. Chakari Minaret
VIII. Buddhist sites in Kabul Province a. Chakari Minaret
a. Chakari Minaret
b. Kabul Citadel
c. Qala-e-Hashmat Khan Lake
d. She-Topan Stupa
e. Shiwaki Stupa
8 th week 1. Midterm Exame (20%) Exam 1
Site visiting 2
9 th Week 1. Buddhist Archaeological Site in Kabul Lecture 2
I. Buddhist Stupa in KhakJabar district Site visiting 1
II. Maranjan Hill (Buddhists
Archaeological Temple)
III. Gull-Dara Temple and site map
IV. Qule-Kandahri Archaeological Site
V. The Kabal Walls
10 th Week 1. Islamic Civilization and Arts Lecture 3
I. Minaret of Jam
II. Heart Musala
I. Hazrat Saleh Minatare
II. Ghazni Minarets
III. Isteqlal Minaret

	IV.	Maiwand Minatare		
	V.	Tag-e-Zafar		
	VI.	Elm-Jahl Minareted		
		Islamic Centers (Mosque)		
	l.	Jeme Mosque Harat Province		
	II.	Aroselfuk Mosque		
	III.	Ayaran Tower		
	IV.	Shahr-Ara Tower		
	V.	Paghamn Arch		
	VI.	Khowja-Abo Naser Parsa Mosque		
	VII.	Noh-Gunbad Mosque		
	VIII.	Noor-e-Islam Mosque		
	IX.	Eid-Gah Mosque		
	X.	Pol-e-Kheshte Mosque		
	XI.	Shah-e-Doshamshira Mosque		
	XII.	Sakhi Shrine		
11 th Week	1.	Historical Castles of Afghanistan	Lecture	1
	I.	Bagh-e-Bala Castle	Site Visiting	2
	II.	Darla-Aman Castle		
	III.	Nak-Bagh Castle		
	IV.	Koti-Baghcha Castle		
	V.	Shar-Ara Castle		
	VI.	Jahan-Numa Castle		
	VII.	Bagh-e-Bala Castle		
	VIII.	Paghman Castle		
	IX.	Arg-Shahi (the Afghanistan presential		
		palace)		
	X.	Dilkash Palace		
	XI.	Chehil-soton Palace		
	XII.	Sultan Masood Palace		
	XIII.	Ghazni Citadel		
	XIV.	Qale-Ekhteyardun Citadel		
12 th Week	1.	Historical Gardens of Afghanistan	Lecture	3
	I.	Namla Garden		
	II.	Bagh Babur Gerden		
	III.	Takht-e-Safar Garden		
	IV.	Bagh-e-omoi Garden		
	V.	Saraj-Alamarat Garden		
	2.	Historical Bridge		
	I.	Malan Bridge		
	II.	Hartan Bridge		

13 th Week	ı.	Documentation & Expropriation of	Lecture	3
		Exotic Cultures	Lecture and Field work	
	II.	Renaissance of Classical Antiquity		
	III.	Reinforcing National or Cultural Identity		
	IV.	Early Restorations Association with		
	'*'	Historical Events		
	V.	Association with Historical Figures		
	VI.	Association with Aesthetic &		
	\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	Architectural Values		
	VII.	Paradigms of Heritage Conservation		
	V 11.	Intervention		
		intervention		
14 th Week	1.	Assignments Evaluation: Select one	Lecture and Field work	3
		research Topic about one of Cultural		
		Heritage (Sites and Monuments) in		
		Afghanistan. The topic must address		
		and respond to the main following		
	1.	issues: Relationship between natural and		
	ļ "·	cultural environments		
	II.	Traditional Cultural Places		
	III.	Cultural Landscapes		
	IV.	Reading the Landscape		
	V.	,		
	٧.	Tucson as protected conservation city		
15 th Week	Cultura	l Resources: Some Definitions		3
	I.	Competing Values		
	II.	Emergence of a National Preservation		
		Ethic and Laws		
	III.	Local Preservation Laws Complement		
		Federal Laws		
	IV.	Historic Preservation Bond Projects		
	Heritag	e Conservation Programs – International		
	I.	Characteristics of Early International		
		Efforts		
	II.	Limited Recognition of Values		
	III.	National Control Over Private Property		
	IV.	International Legislation		
	V.	Other International Efforts		

16 th Week	Heritag	ge Conservation Tools – Intervention	Lecture and Field work	
	Treatm	nents		
	I.	Review of Secretary of Interior		
		Standards		
	II.	Preservation		
	III.	Rehabilitation		
	IV.	Restoration		
	V.	Reconstruction		
	HERITA	AGE CONSERVATION PLANNING & SITE		
	MANA	GEMENT		
	I.	Conservation Planning Elements		
	II.	Site Management		
	III.	Planning Tourism		
	IV.	ICOMOS Scientific Committee on		
		Cultural Tourism: Charter		
	V.	Planning for Safety		
	VI.	Benefits of Being a world heritage site		
	VII.	Field Trip 1		
	VIII.	Field Trip 2		
	Histori	c Buildings and Contemporary Additions		
	I.	The Elements of a Cohesive Design		
		Relationship		
	II.	Examples		
17 th Week	1.	Students' seminars (Each individual	Presentations	3
		shall present her findings through 15-		
		20 mints presentations to the class.		
End of	1.	Final Exam	Final Exam	
Semester				

RECOMMENDED References:

These readings serve as background material for the lecture and discussion aspects of the course and are taken from key supplementary texts, listed below. The breadth of readings is intended to give the student exposure to seminal and current literature in the field of preservation studies and students are encouraged to study the entire book for information which time could not allow further study.

- 1. Allison, Eric and Lauren Peters. Historic Preservation and the Livable City. Hoboken (NJ): John
- 2. Wiley & Sons, 2011.
- 3. Afghanistan, une histoire millénaire. Paris; Game Museum.2002.
- 4. Afghanistan National Legislations for Cultural Heritage Protections.2004.

- Anna Boato, Daniela Pittaluga. Building Archaeology: A Non-Destructive Archaeology, 15th World Conference on Non-Destructive Testing 15-21 October 2000 in Rome; D.S.A., Dipartimento di Scienze per l'Architettura - Department of Sciences for Architecture, University of Genova, ITALY., https://www.ndt.net/article/wcndt00/papers/idn365/idn365.htm.
- 6. Brand, Stewart. How Buildings Learn. New York: Viking, 1994.
- 7. Bawari M, Rasol. Afghanistan's Archaeology. Kabul: Kabul University. 2016.
- 8. Bawari M, Rasol. Archaeology Resources. Kabul: Kabul University. 2016.
- 9. Bernard M, Feilden. Center for Conservation ICCROM. Room: 1979.
- 10. Behbodi, Murtaza. Afghanistan's Archaeology Findings. Kabul:2013.
- 11. Bucher, Ward. Dictionary of Building Preservation. New York: Preservation Press, 1996.
- 12. Byard, Paul. Architecture of Additions: Design and Regulation. New York: W.W. Norton & Co,1988.
- 13. Celebrating Tucson's Heritage. Tucson: City of Tucson, Arizona, 1996.
- 14. Gale, Frances, ed. Preservation Technology Primer: Readings from the APT Bulletin.
- 15. Springfield, Ill.: Association for Preservation Technology International, 2008.
- 16. King, Thomas. Cultural Resource Laws and Practice: An Introductory Guide. Walnut Creek: Alta
- 17. Mira Press, 1998.
- 18. King, Thomas (King 2000). Federal Planning and Historic Places: the Section 106 Process.
- 19. Walnut Creek: Alta Mira Press, 2000.
- 20. Murtagh, William J. Keeping Time: The History and Theory of Preservation in America. 3rd ed.
- 21. New York: John Wiley & Sons, 2005.
- 22. Officer, James E., ed. The PimeríaAlta: Missions & More. Tucson: Southwestern Mission
- 23. Research Center, c1996.
- 24. Price, Nicholas S. Historical and Philosophical Issues in the Conservation of Cultural Heritage.
- 25. Los Angeles: Getty Conservation Institute, c1996.
- 26. Catalogue des sites *archeologiques d'Afghanistan*: Archaeological gazetteer of Afghanistan). Paris: Warwick Ball. 1982. SBN 2-86538-040-8.
- 27. Hiebert, F, Cambon, P. *AFGHANISTAN Hidden Treasures from the National Museum*. Washington: National Geography. 2008.
- 28. Halmos, Balázs / Marótzy, Katalin (2010) *The adaptations of the true-to-form survey method,* periodica polytechnica , Architecture, 41/1 (2010) 9–17, DOI: 10.3311/pp.ar.2010-1.02, web: http://www.pp.bme.hu/ar
- 29. Fagan, Brain. Archaeology. Santa Barbara University. 2002.
- 30. Osmani, Esmatullah. General Archaeology of Afghanistan. Kabul: Kabul University press. 2014.
- 31. The Monuments of Afghanistan: History. *Archaeology and Architecture*. Newyork: Warwick Ball.2008. SBN 8-436-850-4978-1-13.
- 32. Tissot, Francine. Catalogue of the National Museum of Afghanistan. 1931-1985. UNSCO. 2006.
- 33. Standard and guidance for the archaeological investigation and recording of standing buildings or structures 2014.
- 34. Mumtaz, Babar. *Development of Kabul. Reconstruction and planning issue*. Switzerland: Monte Verita. 2004. ISBN 2-940075-09-3.
- 35. Najimi, Abdul Wasay. Built Heritage in Afghanistan: *Threats, Challenges and Conservation*. International Journal of Environmental studies. Vol. 68, No.3, June 2011. Pp; 343-361.

- 36. Najimi, Abdul Wasay. The Restored Mausoleum of Abul-Walid in Herat: *Challenges in heritage restoration in Afghanistan*. Edenborough University Press. 2018. DOI: 103366/Afg20180019.
- 37. Najimi, Abdul Wassay (2016): Studies in vernacular architecture in Afghanistan: *training in conservation of historic structures in Kabul Old City*, International Journal of Environmental Studies, DOI: 10.1080/00207233.2016.1178985.
- 38. Cultural Heritage Charters and Standards
- 39. The-Athens charter for the restoration of historic monuments.1931.
- 40. The Venice Charter for the Conservation and Restorations of sites and Monuments.1964.
- 41. The Florance Charter for Historic Gardens. 1981.
- 42. ICOMOS Charter: Principles for the analysis, Conservation and Structural restorations of architectural heritages. 2003.
- 43. UNSCO declaration concerning the international destruction of cultural heritage and other documents: https://www.ltrr.arizona.edu/~cbaisan/Vermont/Erica/AED.pdf, Accessed: April 5, 2020.

CHANGES

This syllabus is subject to change with notice, as deemed appropriate by the instructor.

The purpose of a detailed syllabus is to make the course as transparent and as objective as possible, and thus to empower students to understand and earn the grades to which they aspire. It is not the intention of such a system to be used against learning or fairness.