In many ways, the brain is considered the most complex of human organs. And when it comes to something this complicated, it helps (for practitioners and clients alike) to be able to cast the brain’s inner workings within a more simplistic framework. According to Rick Hanson, PhD, we might think of it something like this . . .

Our brain structure can be divided into three layers – the brain stem, the subcortical region, and the cortex. And each layer can be loosely associated with the reptile, mammal, and primate/human phases of evolution, respectively. So, it’s almost as if there is a little lizard, a little mouse, and a little monkey inside each of us. And as the brain evolved, so did its capacity to meet the three fundamental needs of any animal . . . Safety, satisfaction, and connection. Here’s a visual . . .
A QUICK AND SIMPLE WAY TO THINK ABOUT THE BRAIN

MAMMALIAN BRAIN (SUBCORTICAL REGION)

- The subcortical region is associated with mammalian evolution – we might think of it as the little mouse part of the brain.
- RESPONSIBLE FOR: Feelings and memory formation
- CORE FUNCTIONS: Emotions, learning and memory, reward/motivation
- BASIC “NEED”: Satisfaction and approaching rewards
- WHEN NEED IS MET: We feel CONTENTMENT
- WHEN NEED IS NOT MET: We experience FRUSTRATION

REPTILIAN BRAIN (BRAIN STEM + CERECELLUM)

- The brain stem is the most ancient part of the brain. This brain structure shares a similar function to the brain found in simple creatures, like crabs or lizards.
- RESPONSIBLE FOR: Survival and maintenance
- CORE FUNCTIONS: Regulating heartbeat, breathing, and other vital organs
- BASIC “NEED“: Safety and avoiding harm
- WHEN NEED IS MET: We feel PEACE
- WHEN NEED IS NOT MET: We experience FEAR

PRIMATE/ HUMAN BRAIN (CORTEX)
A QUICK AND SIMPLE WAY TO THINK ABOUT THE BRAIN

Paul D. MacLean, MD, developed the concept of the triune brain in *The Triune Brain in Evolution: Role in Paleocerebral Functions*. Rick Hanson, PhD, author of *Hardwiring Happiness: The New Brain Science of Contentment, Calm, and Confidence* built on this original concept.

In many ways, the brain is considered the most complex of human organs. But complex doesn’t have to mean complicated. Especially when we’re trying to explain the brain’s different but necessary functions.

Our brain structure can be divided into three layers – the brain stem, the subcortical region, and the cortex. And each layer can be loosely associated with the reptile, mammal, and primate/human phases of evolution, respectively.

So, if you think about it, it’s almost as we’re carrying a little lizard, a little mouse, and a little monkey inside our brains.

And as the brain evolved, so did its capacity to meet the three fundamental needs of any animal . . . Safety, satisfaction, and connection.

Here’s a visual . . .