

**Interim Condensed Consolidated Financial
Statements
(Unaudited)**

Azul S.A.

June 30, 2020

Azul S.A.

Unaudited Interim condensed consolidated financial statements

June 30, 2020

Contents

Interim consolidated balance sheets.....	3
Interim consolidated income statements	5
Interim consolidated statement of other comprehensive income.....	7
Interim consolidated statement of changes in equity	8
Interim consolidated statement of cash flows	9
Notes to the Unaudited interim condensed consolidated financial statements.....	11

Azul S.A.

Consolidated statements of financial position
As of June 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019
(In thousands of Brazilian reais)

	June 30, 2020 (Unaudited)	December 31, 2019
Assets		
Current assets		
Cash and cash equivalents (Note 7)	1,566,366	1,647,880
Short-term investments (Note 8)	64,733	62,009
Trade and other receivables	622,642	1,165,866
Aircraft sublease receivables (Note 9)	148,607	75,052
Inventories	399,269	260,865
Assets held for sale (Note 12)	43,640	51,850
Security deposits and maintenance reserves (Note 11)	310,655	258,212
Taxes recoverable	43,194	139,668
Derivative financial instruments (Note 19)	74,267	168,148
Prepaid expenses	96,448	139,403
Other current assets	119,389	169,778
Total current assets	<u>3,489,210</u>	<u>4,138,731</u>
Non-current assets		
Long-term investments (Note 19)	754,267	1,397,699
Aircraft sublease receivables (Note 9)	222,584	204,452
Security deposits and maintenance reserves (Note 11)	1,962,382	1,393,321
Derivative financial instruments (Note 19)	298,949	657,776
Prepaid expenses	20,015	22,216
Taxes recoverable	327,726	244,601
Deferred income taxes (Note 13)	24,554	-
Other non-current assets	299,943	497,567
Right-of-use – leases (Note 12)	4,311,379	7,087,412
Right-of-use – aircraft maintenance (Note 12)	398,169	497,391
Property and equipment (Note 12)	1,910,614	1,968,840
Intangible assets	1,144,345	1,087,484
Total non-current assets	<u>11,674,927</u>	<u>15,058,759</u>
Total assets	<u><u>15,164,137</u></u>	<u><u>19,197,490</u></u>

	June 30, 2020 (Unaudited)	December 31, 2019
Liabilities and equity		
Current liabilities		
Loans and financing (Note 14)	1,177,543	481,227
Lease liabilities (Note 15)	2,196,909	1,585,233
Accounts payable	2,553,411	1,376,850
Accounts payable – Supplier finance	45,607	249,727
Air traffic liability	1,824,715	2,094,254
Salaries, wages and benefits	379,606	357,571
Insurance premiums payable	31,950	49,938
Taxes payable	30,929	49,060
Federal tax installment payment program	15,168	13,480
Derivative financial instruments (Note 19)	246,091	81,196
Provisions (Note 16)	1,026,912	323,441
Other current liabilities	238,682	200,043
Total current liabilities	<u>9,767,523</u>	<u>6,862,020</u>
Non-current liabilities		
Loans and financing (Note 14)	3,860,831	3,036,929
Lease liabilities (Note 15)	11,997,497	10,521,388
Derivative financial instruments (Note 19)	267,598	228,994
Deferred income taxes (Note 13)	-	242,516
Federal tax installment payment program	115,051	119,300
Provisions (Note 16)	1,575,713	1,489,911
Other non-current liabilities	228,167	215,606
Total non-current liabilities	<u>18,044,857</u>	<u>15,854,644</u>
Equity		
Issued capital (Note 17)	2,245,075	2,243,215
Capital reserve	1,937,724	1,928,830
Treasury shares (Note 17)	(15,565)	(15,565)
Other comprehensive loss (Note 17)	(8,047)	(159,261)
Accumulated losses	(16,807,430)	(7,516,393)
Total equity	<u>(12,648,243)</u>	<u>(3,519,174)</u>
Total liabilities and equity	<u>15,164,137</u>	<u>19,197,490</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Azul S.A.

Interim consolidated statements of net income (loss) (Unaudited)
 Three months ended June 30, 2020 and 2019
 (In thousands of Brazilian reais, except net income (loss) per share)

	For the three months ended June 30,	
	2020	2019 (Restated)
Operating revenue		
Passenger revenue	282,537	2,487,639
Cargo and other revenue	119,055	130,056
Total operating revenue	<u>401,592</u>	<u>2,617,695</u>
Operating expenses		
Aircraft fuel	(67,299)	(745,338)
Salaries, wages and benefits	(219,976)	(425,086)
Landing fees	(43,758)	(169,270)
Traffic and customer servicing	(27,370)	(110,085)
Sales and marketing	(56,417)	(108,865)
Maintenance materials and repairs	(93,174)	(77,699)
Depreciation and amortization	(495,912)	(391,555)
Other operating expenses, net	(421,535)	(248,144)
	<u>(1,425,441)</u>	<u>(2,276,042)</u>
Operating income (loss)	(1,023,849)	341,653
Financial result (Note 20)		
Financial income	20,759	20,612
Financial expense	(602,996)	(313,066)
Derivative financial instruments, net	(265,164)	42,310
Foreign currency exchange, net	(1,039,779)	203,725
	<u>(1,887,180)</u>	<u>(46,419)</u>
Result from related parties transactions, net	(238,941)	1,885
Net income (loss) before income tax and social contribution	(3,149,970)	297,119
Income tax and social contribution (Note 13)	5,597	(1,278)
Deferred income tax and social contribution (Note 13)	3,964	47,374
Net income (loss)	<u>(3,140,409)</u>	<u>343,215</u>
Basic net income (loss) per common share - R\$ (Note 18)	(0.12)	0.01
Diluted net income (loss) per common share - R\$ (Note 18)	(0.12)	0.01
Basic net income (loss) per preferred share - R\$ (Note 18)	(9.18)	1.01
Diluted net income (loss) per preferred share - R\$ (Note 18)	(8.92)	1.00

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Azul S.A.

Interim consolidated statements of net income (loss) (Unaudited)
Six months ended June 30, 2020 and 2019
(In thousands of Brazilian reais, except net income (loss) per share)

	For the six months ended June 30,	
	2020	2019 (Restated)
Operating revenue		
Passenger revenue	2,935,956	4,922,052
Cargo and other revenue	268,311	237,635
Total operating revenue	<u>3,204,267</u>	<u>5,159,687</u>
Operating expenses		
Aircraft fuel	(831,609)	(1,440,480)
Salaries, wages and benefits	(698,053)	(882,697)
Landing fees	(245,665)	(337,362)
Traffic and customer servicing	(162,572)	(218,833)
Sales and marketing	(165,836)	(200,366)
Maintenance materials and repairs	(233,883)	(131,967)
Depreciation and amortization	(976,578)	(776,548)
Other operating expenses, net	(755,121)	(490,607)
	<u>(4,069,317)</u>	<u>(4,478,860)</u>
Operating income (loss)	(865,050)	680,827
Financial result (Note 20)		
Financial income	33,646	38,889
Financial expense	(1,041,466)	(597,155)
Derivative financial instruments, net	(1,546,780)	168,350
Foreign currency exchange, net	(5,273,579)	113,451
	<u>(7,828,179)</u>	<u>(276,465)</u>
Result from related parties transactions, net	(857,459)	(50,973)
Net income (loss) before income tax and social contribution	(9,550,688)	353,389
Income tax and social contribution (Note 13)	(7,419)	(1,654)
Deferred income tax and social contribution (Note 13)	267,070	108,769
Net income (loss)	<u>(9,291,037)</u>	<u>460,504</u>
Basic net income (loss) per common share - R\$ (Note 18)	(0.36)	0.02
Diluted net income (loss) per common share - R\$ (Note 18)	(0.36)	0.02
Basic net income (loss) per preferred share - R\$ (Note 18)	(27.16)	1.35
Diluted net income (loss) per preferred share - R\$ (Note 18)	(27.16)	1.34

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Azul S.A.

Interim consolidated statement of comprehensive income (Unaudited)
Three and six months ended June 30, 2020 and 2019
(In thousands of Brazilian reais)

	For the three months ended June 30,		For the six months ended June 30,	
	2020	2019 (Restated)	2020	2019 (Restated)
Net income (loss)	(3,140,409)	343,215	(9,291,037)	460,504
Other comprehensive income to be reclassified to profit or loss in subsequent periods:				
Changes in fair value of cash flow hedges, net of tax	134,162	65,837	151,214	43,153
Total comprehensive income (loss)	(3,006,247)	409,052	(9,139,823)	503,657

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Azul S.A.

Interim consolidated statements of changes in equity (Unaudited)

Six months ended June 30, 2020 and 2019

(In thousands of Brazilian reais)

	Issued capital	Capital Reserve	Treasury shares	Cash flow hedge reserve	Accumulated losses	Total
December 31, 2018	2,209,415	1,918,373	(10,550)	(153,969)	(5,113,307)	(1,150,038)
Income for the period	-	-	-	-	460,504	460,504
Other comprehensive loss	-	-	-	43,153	-	43,153
Total comprehensive loss	-	-	-	43,153	460,504	503,657
Issuance of shares due exercise of stock options (Note 17)	27,206	1,394	-	-	-	28,600
Treasury shares	-	-	(3,169)	-	-	(3,169)
Share-based payment expense (Note 22)	-	7,802	-	-	-	7,802
June 30, 2019 (restated)	2,236,621	1,927,569	(13,719)	(110,816)	(4,652,803)	(613,148)

	Issued capital	Capital Reserve	Treasury shares	Cash flow hedge reserve	Accumulated losses	Total
December 31, 2019	2,243,215	1,928,830	(15,565)	(159,261)	(7,516,393)	(3,519,174)
Loss for the period	-	-	-	-	(9,291,037)	(9,291,037)
Other comprehensive loss	-	-	-	151,214	-	151,214
Total comprehensive loss	-	-	-	151,214	(9,291,037)	(9,139,823)
Issuance of shares due exercise of stock options (Note 17)	1,860	-	-	-	-	1,860
Share-based payment expense (Note 22)	-	8,894	-	-	-	8,894
June 30, 2020	2,245,075	1,937,724	(15,565)	(8,047)	(16,807,430)	(12,648,243)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Azul S.A.

Interim consolidated statements of cash flows (Unaudited)
Six months ended June 30, 2020 and 2019
(In thousands of Brazilian reais)

	For the six months ended	
	June 30,	
	2020	2019
		(Restated)
Cash flows from operating activities		
Net income (loss) for the period	(9,291,037)	460,504
Adjustments to reconcile net income (loss) to cash flows provided by (used in) operating activities		
Depreciation, amortization and impairment	976,578	776,548
Unrealized hedge results	1,657,922	182,431
Share-based payment expenses	8,894	7,802
Exchange (gain) and losses on assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currency	5,234,473	(177,366)
Interest expenses on assets and liabilities	835,444	425,375
Related parties	831,277	
Deferred income tax and social contribution	(267,070)	(108,769)
Allowance for doubtful accounts	2,863	1,371
Provision for inventory	8,271	1,516
Provisions	178,390	40,294
Result in lease contract modification	(150,136)	-
Loss on sale of property and equipment and de-recognition of lease contracts	(15,425)	86,468
Changes in operating assets and liabilities		
Trade and other receivables	543,998	(337,705)
Sublease receivables	(91,687)	58,793
Inventories	(39,511)	(31,097)
Security deposits and maintenance reserves	(41,500)	53,607
Prepaid expenses	45,165	10,194
Recoverable taxes	14,748	(85,914)
Other assets	248,140	(78,366)
Derivatives	(322,116)	(256,558)
Accounts payable	1,169,549	(29,097)
Accounts payable - Supplier finance	(204,120)	14,301
Salaries, wages and employee benefits	19,328	88,801
Insurance premiums payable	(17,988)	(25,330)
Taxes payable	(18,651)	(26,839)
Federal installment payment program	(2,561)	64,973
Air traffic liability	(269,539)	440,627
Provision taxes, civil and labor risks	(48,505)	(33,357)
Other liabilities	(55,337)	(1,574)
Interest paid	(388,187)	(483,284)
Income tax and social contribution paid	(304)	(686)
Net cash provided by operating activities	551,366	1,037,663
Cash flows from investing activities		
Short-term investment		
Acquisition of short-term investments	(1,278,904)	(889,894)
Disposal of short-term investments	1,277,285	1,149,360
Loan to third parties	-	(51,028)
Acquisition of subsidiary, net of cash acquired	(4,712)	-
Disposal of long-term investments	-	(96,161)
Acquisition of intangibles	(43,097)	(56,797)
Acquisition of property and equipment	(264,579)	(682,093)
Net cash used in investing activities	(314,007)	(626,613)

Azul S.A.

Interim consolidated statements of cash flows (Unaudited)
Six months ended June 30, 2020 and 2019
(In thousands of Brazilian reais)

	For the six months ended	
	June 30,	
	2020	2019 (Restated)
Cash flows from financing activities		
Debentures		
Repayment	-	(40,133)
Loans and financing		
Proceeds	46,784	291,977
Repayment	(40,537)	(54,127)
Lease repayment	(233,619)	(594,420)
Proceeds from sale and leaseback	5,801	-
Issuance of shares due exercise of stock options	1,860	28,601
Treasury shares	-	(3,169)
Net cash (used in) from financing activities	(219,711)	(371,271)
Exchange gain (loss) on cash and cash equivalents	(99,162)	4,083
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	(81,514)	43,862
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the period	1,647,880	1,169,136
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the period	1,566,366	1,212,998

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Azul S.A.

Notes to the Unaudited interim condensed consolidated financial statements

June 30, 2020

(In thousands of Brazilian reais, except when otherwise indicated)

1. Operations

Azul S.A. (“Azul”) is a corporation headquartered at Av. Marcos Pentead de Uihôa Rodrigues, 939, in the city of Barueri, in the state of São Paulo, Brazil. Azul was incorporated on January 3, 2008 and is a holding company for providers of airline passenger and cargo services. Azul and its subsidiaries are collectively referred to as the “Company”.

Azul Linhas Aéreas Brasileiras S.A. (“ALAB”), a 100% owned subsidiary incorporated on January 3, 2008, has operated passenger and cargo air transportation in Brazil since beginning operations on December 15, 2008. Canela Investments LLC (“Canela”), a 100% owned special purpose entity, headquartered in the state of Delaware, United States of America, was incorporated on February 28, 2008, to acquire aircraft outside of Brazil and lease them to ALAB.

The consolidated financial statements are comprised of the individual financial statements of the entities as presented below:

Entities	Main activities	Country of incorporation	% equity interest	
			June 30, 2020 (Unaudited)	December 31, 2019
Azul Linhas Aéreas Brasileiras S.A. (ALAB)	Airline operations	Brazil	100.0%	100.0%
Azul Finance LLC (a)	Aircraft financing	United States	100.0%	100.0%
Azul Finance 2 LLC (a)	Aircraft financing	United States	100.0%	100.0%
Blue Sabiá LLC (a)	Aircraft financing	United States	100.0%	100.0%
ATS Viagens e Turismo Ltda. (a)	Package holidays	Brazil	99.9%	99.9%
Azul SOL LLC (a)	Aircraft financing	United States	100.0%	100.0%
Azul Investment LLP (a)	Group financing	United States	100.0%	100.0%
Fundo Garoupa (b)	Exclusive investment fund	Brazil	-	100.0%
Fundo Safira (a)	Exclusive investment fund	Brazil	100.0%	100.0%
Canela Investments LLC (Canela) (a) (b)	Aircraft financing	United States	100.0%	100.0%
Canela 407 LLC (b)	Aircraft financing	United States	100.0%	100.0%
Canela 429 LLC (b)	Aircraft financing	United States	100.0%	100.0%
Canela Turbo Three LLC (b)	Aircraft financing	United States	100.0%	100.0%
Daraland S.A. (a)	Holding	Uruguay	100.0%	100.0%
Encenta S.A. (Azul Uruguai) (c)	Airline operations	Uruguay	100.0%	100.0%
TudoAzul S.A.	Loyalty programs	Brazil	100.0%	100.0%
Cruzeiro Participações S.A (a)	Participation in others societies	Brazil	99.9%	99.9%
Global AzulAirProjects, SGPS, S.A. (Global) (a)	Participation in others societies	Portugal	45.45%	45.45%
TwoTaxi Aéreo Ltda. (Azul Conecta) (a)	Airline operations	Brazil	100.0%	-

(a) Azul's investment is held indirectly through ALAB.

(b) ALAB's investments are held indirectly through Canela.

(c) Investments are held indirectly through Daraland.

(d) Exclusive Investment fund ended January, 2020

Azul S.A.

Notes to the Unaudited interim condensed consolidated financial statements
June 30, 2020
(In thousands of Brazilian reais, except when otherwise indicated)

1.1 COVID-19 Management Plan update

Azul has successfully implemented a management plan to confront the crisis and optimize the airline for the future, engaging all of its stakeholders including crewmembers, lessors, aircraft manufacturers, suppliers, and government authorities. This plan is based on the assumption of a conservative demand recovery of approximately 40% of pre-crisis levels by the end of 2020.

See below a summary of the main measures that have been implemented as part of Azul's management plan.

Health and Safety

Azul was the first airline in Brazil to introduce daily temperature checks for all crewmembers and a mandatory mask requirement for both crewmembers and customers. Onboard every flight, hand sanitizer and wipes are available for each customer. Aircraft cleaning between flights and overnight has been enhanced. Azul jets are fitted with state-of-the-art HEPA filters that remove at least 99.9% of all airborne particles, including the novel coronavirus.

During the second quarter, Azul has implemented an innovative boarding method called "Tapete Azul," or blue carpet, which uses projectors and screens around the boarding area create a moving carpet image on the floor, guiding customer to board when their row or group is called.

Labor

The Company adopted measures to reduce significantly its salaries expense levels through the implementation of voluntary programs, negotiations with unions, and involuntary furloughs to be concluded in the second half of the year. In addition, during 2Q20 Azul applied pay cuts between 50% and 100% for executive officers and directors and a 25% salary reduction for managers.

Lessors and aircraft manufacturers

Azul reached agreements on new payment profiles with its lessors providing significant working capital relief from the beginning of the crisis until December 2021. The Company will follow an adjusted payment schedule based on a conservative demand recovery scenario.

Azul reached an agreement with Embraer and Airbus to postpone 82 deliveries between 2020 and 2023 to 2024 and beyond.

Banks and other

The Company is working to strengthen its liquidity by negotiating with its banking partners and suppliers to postpone and extend payment terms and roll over debt as it comes due. Azul has no relevant amount of debt repayment scheduled for 2020.

Azul S.A.

Notes to the Unaudited interim condensed consolidated financial statements
June 30, 2020
(In thousands of Brazilian reais, except when otherwise indicated)

The Brazilian Government supported the sector through provisional measure 925, allowing airlines to refund passengers after 12 months and to postpone payment of airport, landing and navigation fees.

Cash burn projection

Azul continues to focus on capacity adjustments and cost-cutting measures to reduce operating costs and manage cash burn.

As of June 30, 2020, the Company had negative equity of R\$12,648,243 (December 31, 2019 –R\$3,519,174) and net current liabilities of R\$6,278,313 (December 31, 2019 –R\$2,723,289). The reasons for the negative equity are mainly:

- i. Full retrospective adoption of IFRS 16 – Leases, with an impact of R\$4,313,738 as of December 31, 2018 in total equity.
- ii. The impairment of 53 Embraer E195 aircraft and associated assets, due to the acceleration of the transformation of the Company's fleet, with a negative impact of R\$2,873,157 in statement of income (loss) in the year ended December 31, 2019.
- iii. Approximately 36% devaluation of the Real against the US dollar, resulting in a net exchange variation loss of R\$5,273,579 in the semester ended June 30, 2020.

The Company anticipates that the COVID 19 response initiatives to obtain additional sources of liquidity, along with measures to contain operational expenses and non-essential capital expenditures outflows, will provide resources to endure a prolonged downturn in demand. Management constantly evaluates the profitability of its operations and its financial position, acting in a solid and timely manner to adapt to the evolving circumstances triggered by governmental regulations and market dynamics in the face of the COVID-19 pandemic.

1.2 Acceleration of fleet transformation

In 2019, management approved the Embraer E195 phase-out plan, including the sublease of 53 E195 aircraft, following Azul's strategy to accelerate the replacement of its entire domestic fleet of E195 jets with larger, next-generation E2 aircraft that are more fuel-efficient due to new engine technology. This change to the intended use of the aircraft has triggered an impairment review.

A non-financial asset is impaired if its carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount.

Under IFRS 16, Azul capitalizes the right-of-use of all aircraft previously held under operating leases and depreciates the asset on a straight-line basis over the life of the underlying lease contract or the component useful economic life, whichever is shorter.

Azul S.A.

Notes to the Unaudited interim condensed consolidated financial statements
June 30, 2020
(In thousands of Brazilian reais, except when otherwise indicated)

Azul applied the full retrospective method of adoption on January 1, 2019, under which the comparative information from prior periods was restated. Upon transition, Azul recognized a right-of-use asset representing its right to use the underlying asset and a corresponding lease liability that were initially measured at the present value of the future lease payments recognized at the historical dollar exchange rate and discount rate. The lease liability is updated at each reporting period to reflect the current exchange rate, whilst the right-of-use carrying value remains at historical rates, in accordance with IAS 21 – The effects of changes in foreign exchange rates.

Recoverable amount is the higher of value in use and fair value less costs of disposal. The value in use of the E195 aircraft and related parts and equipment affected by the acceleration plan was determined using cash flow projections from the phase-out plan approved by senior management covering a seven-year period.

On June 30, 2020, Management identified new impairment indicators impacting the assets' remaining net book value, including changes in aircraft sublease delivery schedule, depreciation of the Brazilian Real in relation to the US dollar and an increase of the Company's cost of debt.

The main assumptions used in the analysis in the second quarter 2020 and in the year ending December 31, 2019 included:

- Revenue from sublease contracts
- Delivery and ongoing maintenance costs
- Salvage value for finance lease and owned aircraft at the end of the sublease contracts
- Exchange rate of R\$5.4760/US\$1.00 (December 31, 2019 - R\$4.004/US\$1.00)
- US dollar pre-tax discount rate of 12.0% (December 31, 2019 - 10.6%)

The fair value less cost to sell of the E195 fleet was determined using third-party valuations and considering specific circumstances of the fleet such as aircraft age, maintenance requirements and condition resulting in a Level 3 classification in the fair value hierarchy.

As a result of the impairment analysis, the Company recorded an impairment of non current assets and right-of-use assets of R\$16,019 (December 31, 2019 – R\$2,032,207) recognized in “Depreciation, Amortization and Impairment”. In addition in accordance with IAS 36, an impairment charge is not fully allocated if the assets do not have sufficient book value to absorb the charge in its entirety. Consequently, for this portion not absorbed, an additional net cash provision for onerous contract totaling R\$65,853 (December 31, 2019 – R\$797,591) was recognized in “Other operating expenses” in the statements of net income (loss), with a corresponding entry to “Provisions” in the balance sheet.

Azul S.A.

Notes to the Unaudited interim condensed consolidated financial statements
June 30, 2020
(In thousands of Brazilian reais, except when otherwise indicated)

Furthermore, additional assets and liabilities were adjusted to reflect the impact of the accelerated fleet transformation plan including R\$21,631 write-off of prepayments and maintenance reserves not expected to be recoverable. On December 31, 2019, such adjustments included i) R\$91,826 write-off of prepayments and maintenance reserves not expected to be recoverable; ii) R\$27,999 provision against inventory parts; iii) R\$76,466 reversal of sale and leaseback accrued gains since the carrying value of the aircraft was reduced to its recoverable value.

1.3 Seasonality

Our operating revenues are substantially dependent on overall passenger and cargo traffic volume, which is subject to seasonal and other changes in traffic patterns. Our passenger revenues are generally higher in the first and fourth quarters of each year, during the Southern Hemisphere's spring and summer.

2. Business Combination

Acquisition of Two Taxi Aéreo Ltda (“Azul Conecta”)

On May 14, 2020, the Company completed the acquisition of 100% of the shares of Azul Conecta. The transaction was approved without restrictions by the Brazilian Administrative Council for Economic Defense (CADE – Conselho Administrativo de Defesa Econômica) on March 27, 2020. On April 30, 2020, the Company obtained control of Azul Conecta previously denominated “Two Flex” through a power of attorney. Therefore, the change in control took place prior to the closing date (May 14, 2020), which is in compliance with IFRS 3.

Azul Conecta offers regular passenger and cargo service to 39 destinations in Brazil, of which only seven regional destinations are currently being served by Azul. The airline also holds 14 daily departure and arrival slots on the auxiliary runway of Congonhas, São Paulo's downtown airport. Its fleet is composed of 17 owned Cessna Caravan aircraft, a regional turboprop with capacity for 9 passengers.

This acquisition generated goodwill of R\$57,446 initially allocated to “Goodwill” in the consolidated interim financial information. The recognized goodwill is not deductible for income tax purposes. The conclusion of the analysis of the fair value of the assets acquired and liabilities assumed will be completed during the year ending December 31, 2020, given the proximity of the date of completion of the transaction to the date of approval of the financial statements for the quarter ended 30 June 2020.

Azul Conecta contributed revenues of R\$3,373 and the loss before tax of R\$6,372 from the acquisition date until June 30, 2020. If the business combination had occurred at the beginning of the year, revenue would have totaled R\$24,789 and the loss before taxes would be R\$16,287.

Azul S.A.

Notes to the Unaudited interim condensed consolidated financial statements
June 30, 2020
(In thousands of Brazilian reais, except when otherwise indicated)

The nominal overall transaction amount was R\$123 million. Payment will be made in up to 30 monthly installments ranging from R\$3 million to R\$10 million subject to certain contractual and market conditions, and a final payment of up to R\$30 million, which shall be kept deposited in a bank account as collateral in favor of the Company for a determined period.

Preliminary allocation of assets and liabilities:

	Fair value recognized on acquisition
Assets	
Cash and cash equivalents	3,971
Trade and other receivables	3,637
Inventories	1,624
Taxes recoverable	1,399
Other assets	458
Property and equipment (i)	74,205
	<u>85,292</u>
Liabilities	
Loans and financing	(16,540)
Accounts payable	(5,764)
Salaries, wages and benefits	(2,707)
Taxes payable	(824)
Provisions (ii)	(1,687)
Other liabilities	(650)
	<u>(28,171)</u>
Total	<u>57,121</u>
Fair value of consideration	<u>114,568</u>
Goodwill	<u>57,446</u>

- (i) The Company carried out an assessment of the fair value of property, plant and equipment based on their conditions on the acquisition date. The recognized amount of was R\$56,820.
(ii) The Company recognized the fair value of R\$500 for labor contingencies.

Cash flow at time of acquisition

Net cash acquired from the subsidiary	3,971
Payments	<u>(8,683)</u>
Acquisition cash flow, net	<u>(4,712)</u>

3. Basis of preparation of financial statements

The consolidated financial statements of the Company for the six months ended June 30, 2020, were authorized for issuance by the executive board of directors on August 10, 2020.

Azul S.A.

Notes to the Unaudited interim condensed consolidated financial statements
June 30, 2020
(In thousands of Brazilian reais, except when otherwise indicated)

The consolidated financial statements were prepared in accordance with the International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB) and in Brazilian reais, which is the functional currency of the Company.

The consolidated financial statements provide comparative information in respect of the previous period. In addition, the Company presents an additional statement of financial position at the beginning of the preceding period when there is a retrospective application of an accounting policy, a retrospective restatement, or a reclassification of items in financial statements.

The financial statements were prepared using the historical cost basis, except for certain financial instruments, which are measured at fair value.

The Company has adopted all standards and interpretations issued by the IASB and the IFRS Interpretations Committee that were in effect on June 30, 2020. The interim condensed consolidated financial statements were prepared using the historical cost basis, except for the valuation of certain financial instruments which are measured at fair value.

4. Significant accounting policies

The accounting policies adopted in the preparation of the interim condensed consolidated financial statements are consistent with those used in the preparation of the Company's annual consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2019.

The interim condensed consolidated financial statements do not include all the information and disclosures required in the annual financial statements, and should be read in conjunction with the Company's annual financial statements at December 31, 2019.

4.1. New and amended standards and interpretations

Amendments to IFRS 3: *Definition of a Business*

In October 2018, the IASB issued amendments to the definition of a business in IFRS 3 *Business Combinations* to help entities determine whether an acquired set of activities and assets is a business or not. They clarify the minimum requirements for a business, remove the assessment of whether market participants are capable of replacing any missing elements, add guidance to help entities assess whether an acquired process is substantive, narrow the definitions of a business and of outputs, and introduce an optional fair value concentration test. New illustrative examples were provided along with the amendments.

Since the amendments apply prospectively to transactions or other events that occur on or after the date of first application, the Company will not be affected by these amendments on the date of transition.

Azul S.A.

Notes to the Unaudited interim condensed consolidated financial statements
June 30, 2020
(In thousands of Brazilian reais, except when otherwise indicated)

Amendments to IAS 1 and IAS 8: *Definition of Material*

In October 2018, the IASB issued amendments to IAS 1 *Presentation of Financial Statements* and IAS 8 *Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors* to align the definition of 'material' across the standards and to clarify certain aspects of the definition. The new definition states that information is material if omitting, misstating or obscuring it could reasonably be expected to influence decisions that the primary users of general purpose financial statements make on the basis of those financial statements, which provide financial information about a specific reporting entity.

The amendments to the definition of material is not expected to have a significant impact on the Company's consolidated financial statements.

Amendments to IFRS 9 – Financial Instruments, IAS 39 – Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement and IFRS 7 – Financial Instruments: Disclosures

Due to the changes in the interest rates used as market references – IBOR (Interbank Offered Rate), that will be terminated in future periods, there may be uncertainties in the evaluation of hedge accounting structures. Regulatory changes aim at minimizing possible impacts in these structures in the current scenario of preredemption of rates. These changes are effective for the years beginning January 1, 2020. No significant impacts have been identified on the Consolidated Financial Statements of Company.

IFRS 17 *Insurance Contracts*

In May 2017, the IASB issued IFRS 17 *Insurance Contracts* (IFRS 17), a comprehensive new accounting standard for insurance contracts covering recognition and measurement, presentation and disclosure.

IFRS 17 is effective for reporting periods beginning on or after January 1, 2021, with comparative figures required. This standard is not applicable to the Company.

5. Restatement of financial statements

The Company applied the full retrospective transition approach for the IFRS 16 adoption on January 1, 2019. On December 31, 2019, upon conclusion of the adoption adjustments, the Company opted to improve the disclosure of quarterly, individual and consolidated information, of June 30, 2019. Management improved the controls related to the adoption of IFRS 16 / CPC 06 (R2), especially in relation to the aircraft and engines redelivery provision, which is based on the estimated future costs to be incurred in order to meet the contractual conditions for the return of engines and aircraft maintained under operating leases, which resulted in improved accounting information throughout 2019. Consequently, in accordance with the provisions of IAS 8 / CPC 23 - Accounting Practices, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Correction of Errors, due to the effects of adjustments to IFRS 16 that were concluded by the Company for the year ended on

Azul S.A.

Notes to the Unaudited interim condensed consolidated financial statements
June 30, 2020
(In thousands of Brazilian reais, except when otherwise indicated)

December 31, 2019, and disclosed in its Annual Financial Statements, the Company is restating the corresponding amounts for the three and six months ended June 30, 2019, so that there is an adequate comparative basis in the quarterly information.

The individual and consolidated balance sheet as of December 31, 2018, was restated in the financial statements of December 31, 2019 with the retrospective adoption of CPC 06 (R2) and IFRS 16. For this reason, the opening balance sheet is not presented in this restatement of the interim information for the six months ended June 30, 2019.

The effects of IFRS 16 adjustments in the three and six months ended June 30, 2019 are shown below:

	June 30, 2019		
	As reported	Adjustments	As restated
Consolidated Statement of Financial Position			
<u>Asset</u>			
<u>Current assets</u>			
Prepaid expenses (b)	122,844	(5,712)	117,132
<u>Non-current assets</u>			
ROU - leased aircraft and other assets (a), (b), (c)	5,707,346	190,394	5,897,740
ROU - maintenance of leased aircraft (b)	771,588	9,081	780,669
Property, plant and equipment (b), (c)	2,158,607	42,914	2,201,521
<u>Liabilities and equity</u>			
<u>Current liabilities</u>			
Lease liabilities (b)	1,243,096	15,462	1,258,558
Provisions (a)	-	37,463	37,463
Other current liabilities (b)	238,857	1,091	239,948
<u>Non-current liabilities</u>			
Loans and financing (c)	2,823,918	44,260	2,868,178
Lease liabilities (c)	8,305,250	(51,153)	8,254,097
Provisions (a)	87,921	705,400	793,321
Other non-current liabilities (b)	295,782	8,872	304,654
<u>Equity</u>			
Accumulated losses (a), (b), (c)	(4,128,085)	(524,718)	(4,652,803)

Azul S.A.

Notes to the Unaudited interim condensed consolidated financial statements June 30, 2020 (In thousands of Brazilian reais, except when otherwise indicated)

Consolidated statement of net income (loss)	For the three months ended June 30, 2019			For the six months ended June 30, 2019		
	As reported	Adjustments	As restated	As reported	Adjustments	As restated
Operating expense						
Aircraft fuel (c)	(747,640)	-	(747,640)	(1,442,782)	2,302	(1,440,480)
Aircraft and other rent (c)	(17,550)	17,550	-	(35,661)	35,661	-
Maintenance materials and repairs (c)	(74,701)	-	(74,701)	(128,969)	(2,998)	(131,967)
Depreciation and amortization (a), (b), (c)	(393,339)	1,785	(391,554)	(781,906)	5,358	(776,548)
Other operating expenses, net (c)	(231,288)	(17,550)	(248,838)	(455,641)	(34,966)	(490,607)
Financial result						
Financial expense (a), (b)	(296,490)	(16,576)	(313,066)	(565,587)	(31,568)	(597,155)
Foreign currency exchange, net (a), (b)	191,210	12,513	203,723	109,907	3,544	113,451
Net income	345,493	(2,278)	343,215	483,171	(22,667)	460,504
Basic net income per common share - R\$	0.01	(0.00)	0.01	0.02	(0.00)	0.02
Diluted net income per common share - R\$	0.01	(0.00)	0.01	0.02	(0.00)	0.02
Basic net income per preferred share - R\$	1.01	(0,00)	1,01	1.42	(0.07)	1.35
Diluted net income per preferred share - R\$	1.00	(0,00)	1,00	1.41	(0.07)	1.34

Cash Flows	For the six months ended June 30, 2019			
	As reported	Adjustments	As adjusted	
Cash flows from operating activities				
Net income for the period		483,171	(22,667)	460,504
Adjustments to reconcile net income (loss) to cash flows provided by operating activities				
Depreciation and amortization		781,906	(5,358)	776,548
Exchange (gain) and losses on assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currency		(173,823)	(3,544)	(177,367)
Interest (income) and expenses on assets and liabilities		393,807	31,568	425,375
Loss on sale of property and equipment and de-recognition of lease contracts		38,502	47,966	86,468
Changes in operating assets and liabilities				
Other liabilities		(25,061)	23,487	(1,574)
Cash flows from investing activities				
Acquisition of property and equipment		(625,558)	(56,535)	(682,093)
Cash flows from financing activities				
Proceeds from sale and leaseback		14,918	(14,918)	-

a) Provision for the return of aircraft and engines - Costs resulting from maintenance events that will be carried out immediately before the return of aircraft to lessors (defined as restoration events for the purposes of IFRS 16), are recognized as provisions from the beginning of the contract, provided they can be reasonably estimated, against the right to use the aircraft, which is depreciated on a straight-line basis over the lease.

b) Corrections to implementation balances, accounting for sale and leaseback transactions and updating of floating rates for operating leases.

c) Reclassifications between Balance Sheet, Income Statement lines and between quarters in 2019.

Azul S.A.

Notes to the Unaudited interim condensed consolidated financial statements
June 30, 2020
(In thousands of Brazilian reais, except when otherwise indicated)

6. Financial risk management objectives and policies

The main financial liabilities of the Company, other than derivatives, are lease liabilities, loans, debentures and accounts payable. The main purpose of these financial liabilities is to finance operations as well as finance the Company's aircraft. The Company has trade accounts receivable and other accounts receivable that result directly from its operations. The Company also has investments available for trading and contracts for derivative transactions such as currency forwards, options and swaps in order to reduce the exposure to foreign exchange fluctuations.

The Company's senior management supervises the management of market, credit and liquidity risks.

All activities with derivatives for risk management purposes are carried out by experts with the appropriate skillset and experience and under senior management supervision. It is the Company's policy not to enter into derivatives transactions for speculative purposes.

a) Market risk

Market risk is the risk that the fair value of future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices. Market risk consists of three types of risk: interest rate risk, currency risk and other price risk, such as equity price risk and commodity risk.

Financial instruments exposed to market risk include loans payable, deposits and financial instruments.

a.1) *Interest rate risk*

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value of future results of a financial instrument fluctuates due to changes in market interest rates. The exposure of the Company to the risk of changes in market interest rates refers primarily to long-term obligations subject to variable interest rates.

The Company manages interest rate risk by monitoring the future projections of interest rates on its loans, financing and debentures as well as on its operating leases. To mitigate this risk, the Company may use derivative instruments aimed at minimizing any negative impact of variations in interest rates.

Sensitivity to interest rates

The table below shows the sensitivity to possible changes in interest rates, keeping all other variables constant in the Company's income before taxes that are impacted by loans payable subject to variable interest rates.

Azul S.A.

Notes to the Unaudited interim condensed consolidated financial statements
June 30, 2020
(In thousands of Brazilian reais, except when otherwise indicated)

For the sensitivity analysis, the Company utilized the following assumptions:

- LIBOR-based debt: weighted average interest rate of 3.73% p.a.
- CDI-based debt: weighted average interest rate of 3.74% p.a.

We estimated the impact on profit and loss and equity for the six months ended June 30, 2020 resulting from variation of 25% and 50% on the weighted average rates, as shown below:

	25%	-25%	50%	-50%
Interest expense	2,861	(2,861)	5,721	(5,721)

a.2) *Currency risk*

Currency risk is the risk that the fair value of future dollar denominated commitments vary according to the fluctuation of the foreign exchange rate. The exposure of the Company to changes in exchange rates relates primarily to the U.S dollar denominated loans, financing and leases liabilities, net of investments in the U.S. dollar, and also to revenues and operating expenses originated in U.S. dollar.

The Company is also exposed to changes in the exchange rate of the euro through its investment in the TAP Convertible Bonds (Note 19).

The Company may manage its currency risk by using financial instruments seeking to hedge up to twelve months of its projected non-operational activities.

The Company continuously monitors the net exposure in foreign currency and evaluates contracting arrangements to hedge the projected non-operating cash flow for up to 12 months to minimize its exposure. Additionally, the Company may enter into derivative financial instruments longer than 12 months to protect itself against currency and/or interest rate risks related to "Loans and financing".

Azul S.A.

Notes to the Unaudited interim condensed consolidated financial statements
June 30, 2020
(In thousands of Brazilian reais, except when otherwise indicated)

The Company's nominal foreign exchange exposure is shown below:

	Exposure to U.S. Dollar		Exposure to Euro	
	June 30, 2020 (Unaudited)	December 31, 2019	June 30, 2020 (Unaudited)	December 31, 2019
Assets				
Cash and cash equivalents and short-term Investments	34,792	289,297	-	-
Security deposits and maintenance reserves	2,240,093	1,613,221	-	-
Sublease receivables	371,191	279,504	-	-
Long-term investments	64,972	160,871	689,295	1,236,828
Financial instruments	166,900	121,968	-	-
Other assets	362,068	244,355	-	-
Total assets	3,240,016	2,709,216	689,295	1,236,828
Liabilities				
Accounts payable	(1,052,387)	(424,411)	-	-
Loans and financing (*)	(3,576,816)	(2,624,114)	-	-
Lease liabilities	(14,127,628)	(12,034,392)	-	-
Other liabilities	(917,235)	(688,134)	-	-
Total liabilities	(19,674,066)	(15,771,051)	-	-
Derivatives (NDF) – notional	164,280	2,940,333	-	-
Net exposure	(16,269,770)	(10,121,502)	689,295	1,236,828

Sensitivity to exchange rates

At June 30, 2020, the Company used the closing exchange rate of R\$5.4760/US\$1.00 and R\$6.1539/EUR1.00. We present below a sensitivity analysis considering a variation of 25% and 50% over the existing rates:

Exposure in US\$	25%	-25%	50%	-50%
	R\$6.8450/US\$	R\$4.1070/US\$	R\$8.2140/US\$	R\$2.7380/US\$
Effect on exchange rate variation	(4,067,443)	4,067,443	(8,134,885)	8,134,885
Exposure in EUR				
	25%	-25%	50%	-50%
	R\$7.6924/EUR	R\$4.6154/EUR	R\$9.2309/EUR	R\$3.0770/EUR
Effect on exchange rate variation	172,324	(172,324)	344,647	(344,647)

a.3) Risks related to variations in prices of aircraft fuel

The volatility of prices of aircraft fuel is one of the most significant financial risks for airlines. The company's fuel price risk management aims to balance the airline exposure to its market peers, so that the airline is neither overly affected by a sudden increase in prices nor is unable to benefit from a substantial fall in fuel prices.

The Company manages the risk related to fuel price volatility either through forward-looking fixed-price contracts directly with a supplier, or derivative contracts negotiated with banks. The Company may use derivative contracts for oil or its sub-products.

Azul S.A.

Notes to the Unaudited interim condensed consolidated financial statements
June 30, 2020
(In thousands of Brazilian reais, except when otherwise indicated)

Fuel price sensitivity

The table below sets out the sensitivity of the Company's fuel hedges to substantial changes in the oil markets, maintaining all other variables constant.

The analysis considers a change in oil prices, in reais, relative to the market average for the current period and forecast the impact on the Company's financial instruments, stemming from a variation of 25% and 50% in oil prices, using the closing exchange rate of R\$5.4760/US\$1.00 as follows:

Change in oil prices in reais	25%	-25%	50%	-50%
Impact on fuel hedges	67,198	(59,966)	133,146	(109,748)

a.4) Risk related to changes in the fair value of TAP

TAP Convertible Bonds contain a conversion option into shares of TAP. In addition *Global AzulAirProjects* retains 35.6% economic rights in Atlantic Gateway, which in turn retains 6.1% post-diluted economic interest in TAP. Therefore, the Company is exposed to changes in the fair value of TAP.

The acquisition of the TAP Convertible Bonds and the participation in Global AzulAirProjects is part of the commercial strategy of the Company of creating synergies between the Company and TAP by having the option to become a direct shareholder of TAP in case the stock price of TAP increases and it is economically advantageous to convert the debt into TAP shares.

On June 30, 2020, the Company was in negotiations with TAP for the withdrawal of the right to convert the TAP Convertible Bonds held by the Company (Note 19). Consequently, at June 30, 2020, the conversion option was not assigned a fair value.

b) Credit risk

Credit risk is inherent in operating and financial activities of the Company, mainly represented under the headings of trade receivables, cash and cash equivalents, including bank deposits, aircraft lease receivable, security deposits and maintenance reserves and other financial assets included in other assets.

The credit risk of "trade receivables" is comprised of amounts payable by major credit card companies, and also trade receivables from travel agencies, and sales payable in installments. The Company usually assesses the corresponding risks of financial instruments and diversifies the exposure.

Financial instruments are held with counterparties that are rated at least "A" in the assessment made by S&P, Moody's and Fitch, or, mostly, are held in futures and commodities stock exchange, which substantially mitigates the credit risk. TAP Convertible Bonds are secured by liens over certain intangible assets.

Azul S.A.

Notes to the Unaudited interim condensed consolidated financial statements
June 30, 2020
(In thousands of Brazilian reais, except when otherwise indicated)

c) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk takes on two distinct forms: market and cash flow liquidity risk. The first is related to current market prices and varies in accordance with the type of asset and the markets where they are traded. Cash flow liquidity risk, however, is related to difficulties in meeting the contracted operating obligations at the agreed dates.

As a way of managing the liquidity risk, the Company invests its funds in liquid assets (government bonds, CDBs, and investment funds with daily liquidity), and the cash management policy establishes that the Company's and its subsidiaries' weighted average debt maturity should be higher than the weighted average maturity of the investment portfolio.

The maturity schedule of financial liabilities held by the Company is as follows:

June 30, 2020 (Unaudited)	Immediate	Until 6 months	7 to 12 months	1 to 5 years	More than 5 years	Total
Loans and financing	99,429	496,060	582,054	3,733,711	127,120	5,038,374
Lease liabilities	640,085	707,647	849,177	11,725,815	271,682	14,194,406
Accounts payable	1,869,506	468,690	215,215	-	-	2,553,411
Accounts payable – Supplier finance	45,607	-	-	-	-	45,607
Liabilities from derivative transaction	2,585	153,767	89,739	267,598	-	513,689
	<u>2,657,212</u>	<u>1,826,164</u>	<u>1,736,185</u>	<u>15,727,124</u>	<u>398,802</u>	<u>22,345,487</u>

Capital management

The Company's assets may be financed through equity or third-party financing. If the Company opts for equity capital it may use funds from contributions by shareholders or through selling its equity instruments.

The use of third-party financing is an option to be considered mainly when the Company believes that the cost would be less than the return generated by an acquired asset. It is important to ensure that the Company maintains an optimized capital structure, provides financial solidity while providing for the viability of its business plan. As a capital-intensive industry with considerable investments in assets with a high aggregated value, it is natural for companies in the aviation sector to report a relatively high degree of leverage.

The Company manages capital through leverage ratios, which is defined by the Company as net debt divided by the sum of net debt and total equity. Management seeks to maintain this ratio at levels equal to or lower than industry levels. Management includes in the net debt the lease liabilities, the loans and financing (including debentures) less cash and cash equivalents, restricted cash, short and long-term investments, sublease receivables, deposits and current and non-current restricted investments.

The Company's capital structure is comprised of its net indebtedness defined as total loans and financing (including debentures) and lease liabilities net of cash and cash equivalents, restricted cash and others financial instruments. Capital is defined as equity and net indebtedness.

Azul S.A.

Notes to the Unaudited interim condensed consolidated financial statements
June 30, 2020
(In thousands of Brazilian reais, except when otherwise indicated)

The Company is not subject to any externally imposed capital requirements. The total capital as total net equity and net debt as detailed below:

	June 30, 2020 (Unaudited)	December 31, 2019
Cash and cash equivalents (Note 7)	(1,566,366)	(1,647,880)
Short-term investments (Note 8)	(64,733)	(62,009)
Long-term investments (Note 19)	(754,267)	(1,397,699)
Sublease receivable (Nota 9) (*)	(371,191)	(279,504)
Security deposits and maintenance reserves (Note 11) (*)	(2,273,037)	(1,651,533)
Loans and financing (Note 14) (*)	5,038,374	3,518,156
Lease liabilities (Note 15) (*)	14,194,406	12,106,621
Net debt	14,203,186	10,586,152

(*) Includes current and non-current

7. Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents are comprised of the following:

	June 30, 2020 (Unaudited)	December 31, 2019
Cash and bank deposits	190,131	308,958
Cash equivalents		
Bank Deposit Certificate – CDB	1,333,448	1,317,388
Investments funds	42,787	21,534
	1,566,366	1,647,880

The balances of cash and bank deposits represent amounts deposited in checking accounts with Brazilian and offshore banks.

The CDB investments are indexed to the Brazilian Interbank Deposit Certificate (“CDI”) and are repayable on demand.

Investment funds are comprised of CDBs and repurchase agreements, denominated in reais, with financial institutions (deposit certificates).

Cash equivalents investments are classified as financial assets at fair value through profit or loss.

8. Short term investments

Investments are comprised of:

	June 30, 2020 (Unaudited)	December 31, 2019
Other short-term investments	15,801	21,243
Investment funds	48,932	40,766
	64,733	62,009

Azul S.A.

Notes to the Unaudited interim condensed consolidated financial statements
June 30, 2020
(In thousands of Brazilian reais, except when otherwise indicated)

Investment funds are comprised of Brazilian government bonds and bank notes, denominated in reais, with financial institutions (deposit certificates) and debentures issued by at least B and BB+ risk rated companies bearing an accumulated average interest rate of 100% of CDI – Interbank Deposit Certificate rate. Brazilian government bonds are comprised of National Treasury Bills (“LTN”), National Financial Bills (“LFT”) and National Treasury Notes (“NTN”).

Short-term investments are classified as financial assets at fair value through profit or loss.

9. Aircraft sublease receivables

The Company subleased fifteen aircraft to TAP and the amounts receivable are as follows:

	June 30, 2020 (Unaudited)	December 31, 2019
2020	107,745	98,152
2021	117,730	86,657
2022	64,038	47,136
2023	59,986	44,154
2024	59,986	44,154
After 2024	27,971	20,588
Lease receivables (gross)	437,456	340,841
Finance revenue (accrued)	(66,264)	(61,337)
Lease receivables (net)	371,192	279,504
Current	148,607	75,052
Non-current	222,584	204,452

As June 30, 2020 the amount of R\$48,077 (December 31, 2019 – R\$0), were overdue related to aircraft subleases receivables. No provision was recorded since the Company has in cash amounts referring to security deposits and maintenance reserves.

10. Related parties

a) Compensation of key management personnel

Key management personnel include board of director members, officers and executive committee members. The compensation paid or payable to officers and directors services is as follows:

	For the three months ended June 30,		For the six months ended June 30,	
	2020 (Unaudited)	2019 (*) (restated)	2020 (Unaudited)	2019 (*) (restated)
Salaries and wages	2,759	5,394	7,069	11,727
Bônus	-	7,255	-	7,255
Share-based option plans	3,439	4,010	6,841	8,025
	6,198	16,659	13,910	27,007

(*) Virtual Stock Option Plan is demonstrated based on the amounts paid during the period.

Azul S.A.

Notes to the Unaudited interim condensed consolidated financial statements
June 30, 2020
(In thousands of Brazilian reais, except when otherwise indicated)

b) Guarantees granted

The Company granted guarantees for some property rental agreements entered into by executive officers. The amounts involved are not material.

c) Maintenance agreements

ALAB entered into Maintenance Agreements to aircraft with TAP Manutenção e Engenharia Brasil S/A ("TAP ME"). TAP ME is part of the same economic group as TAP.

The total value of maintenance services acquired by the Company pursuant to such Maintenance Agreements during the six months ended June 30, 2020 was R\$2,273 (June 30, 2019 – R\$13,779).

As of June 30, 2020, the amount payable to TAP ME was R\$1.518 (December 31, 2019 – R\$97) and is recorded under Accounts payable.

d) Codeshare Agreement

ALAB signed a codeshare agreement with United (a shareholder) and TAP which will provide transport of passengers whose tickets have been issued by one of the airlines and the service is performed by the other.

e) Transactions with Aigle Azur

As of June 30, 2020, the balance receivable from Aigle Azur was US\$4,180 equivalent to R\$18,320 (December 31, 2019 - US\$4,003 equivalent to R\$11,794) and the Company had a provision for doubtful debts on this balance in the amount of US\$4,180 equivalent to R\$18,320 (December 31, 2019 - US\$1,254 equivalent to R\$5,055).

f) Loan agreements receivable

On September 2, 2016 the Company entered into a loan agreement with a shareholder. On June 30, 2020 the amount of loan was US\$3,057 equivalent to R\$16,739 (December 31, 2019 – US\$3,173 equivalent to R\$12,789). This agreement bears interest at a rate of Libor plus 2.3% p.a. The term of the contract has been extended and will be paid in full in 2020.

g) Transactions with Breeze

In December 2019, the Company signed a letter of intent for the sublease of up to 28 aircraft to the Breeze Aviation Group, an airline founded by Azul's controlling partner. The transaction was approved by Azul's shareholders at an Extraordinary General Meeting on March 2, 2020. In 2020 and 2019 there were no financial flows related to the transaction.

h) Transactions with TAP

Azul S.A.

Notes to the Unaudited interim condensed consolidated financial statements
June 30, 2020
(In thousands of Brazilian reais, except when otherwise indicated)

i. Aircraft sublease

In March 2016, the Company subleased fifteen aircraft to its related party TAP. Seven of the fifteen leases had been executed at a time when the market for regional aircraft was higher than when the related seven subleases were executed. As a result, although the Company believes that the rates in these seven subleases represented approximate market rates at the time of their execution, the Company will receive from TAP an amount lower than the amount that the Company has to pay under the related leases.

In accordance with IFRS 16, an intermediate lessor records the head lease and sublease as two separate leases. The intermediary lessor is required to classify the sublease as financial or operating by reference to the right-of-use asset (and not by reference to the underlying asset).

As a result of this change, the Company reassessed the classification of its sublease agreements as finance leases, based on the remaining term and conditions of the head lease and sublease on the date of the initial adoption, thus derecognizing part of the provision for onerous contracts.

During the six months ended June 30, 2020, amounts received from TAP from the subleases amounted to R\$28,952 (June 30, 2019 – R\$59,473), and amounts paid to the lessors of the related aircraft totaled R\$9,640 (June 30, 2019 – R\$68,463). In June 30, 2020, the Company had amounts receivable from TAP of R\$54,074 and a lease payable to lessors of R\$65,821.

ii. TAP Convertible Bonds

On March 14, 2016, the Company acquired series A convertible bonds issued by TAP (the “TAP Convertible Bonds”) for an amount of €90 million. The TAP Convertible Bonds are convertible, in whole or in part, at the option of Azul into new shares representing the share capital of TAP benefiting from enhanced preferential economic rights (the “TAP Shares”). Upon full conversion, the TAP Shares will represent 6.0% of the total and voting capital of TAP, with the right to receive dividends or other distributions corresponding to 41.25% of distributable profits of TAP.

The option is exercisable starting in July 2016. The TAP Convertible Bonds mature 10 years from their issuance and bear interest at an annual rate of 3.75% until September 20, 2016 and at rate of 7.5% thereafter. Accrued interest remains unpaid until the earlier of the maturity date or early redemption of the Bonds.

TAP has the right to early redeem the TAP Convertible Bonds if not yet converted and upon the earlier of (i) occurrence of an IPO, or (ii) 4 years from issuance of the TAP Convertible Bonds provided that TAP should be in compliance with certain financial covenants. The TAP Convertible Bonds will be redeemed at their principal amount together with the accrued unpaid interest.

Azul S.A.

Notes to the Unaudited interim condensed consolidated financial statements
June 30, 2020
(In thousands of Brazilian reais, except when otherwise indicated)

The TAP Convertible Bonds, as well as the option to convert them into TAP Shares, were classified as a single financial asset classified in “Long-term investments” recorded at changes in the fair value through profit or loss.

On June 30, 2020, the Company was in negotiations with TAP for the withdrawal of the right to convert the TAP Convertible Bonds held by the Company. The decrease in the fair value of TAP resulting from the impacts of COVID 19 and the subsequent reversal of the fair value of the conversion option on June 30, 2020, resulted in a loss in the amount of R\$735,242 in the first semester of 2020, recorded under the item “ Result of transactions with related parties, net ”.

iii. Other Investments

On March 14, 2019, the Company acquired 6.1% post-dilution economic shares in TAP from Hainan Airlines Civil Aviation Investment Limited (“HACAIL”) for US\$ 25 million or R\$96,161. The Company holds a 45.45% interest in Global which, in turn, holds a 20.0% and 35.6% of the voting rights and economic rights of Atlantic Gateway, respectively.

The investment is recognized at fair value in the statement of financial position under "Long-term investments". On June 30, 2020 the loss resulting from fair value, in the amount of R\$95,900 (June 30, 2019 – gain of 48,134), was fully recorded at fair value through profit or loss, under "Result from related parties transactions, net".

i) Service Agreements with Águia Branca Participações S.A.

On January 1, 2013, the Company entered into an agreement with Águia Branca Participações S.A., one of its shareholders, for the sharing of information technology resources during an indefinite period, which was an extension of a similar agreement that TRIP entered into with Águia Branca Participações S.A., and on November 1, 2015, it was a service contract for the hosting and use of information technology resources. The total value of the services acquired during the semester ended June 30, 2020 was R\$26 (June 30, 2019 - R\$25).

As of June 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019, the Company has recorded a balance receivable from the former shareholders of TRIP in the amount of R\$30,347. This balance refers to the reimbursement of legal proceedings costs originating prior to the merger between the companies and is recorded under “Other non current assets”.

j) Air Tickets Sales Agreement with Caprioli Turismo Ltda.

On March 26, 2018, the Company entered into a Tickets Sales Agreement with Caprioli Turismo Ltda., a travel agency owned by the Caprioli family (which owns an indirect participation in us through the TRIP’s former shareholders), pursuant to which we granted Caprioli Turismo Ltda. a credit line of R\$20,000.00 for the purchase and resale tickets for flights operated by the Company. Such credit line is guaranteed by a promissory note, which does not bear interest, of the same amount payable to us.

Azul S.A.

Notes to the Unaudited interim condensed consolidated financial statements
June 30, 2020
(In thousands of Brazilian reais, except when otherwise indicated)

11. Security deposits and maintenance reserves

	June 30, 2020 (Unaudited)	December 31, 2019
Security deposits	214,358	152,635
Maintenance reserve deposits	2,058,679	1,498,898
	2,273,037	1,651,533
Current assets	310,655	258,212
Non current assets	1,962,382	1,393,321

Security deposits and maintenance reserve deposits are denominated in US dollars and adjusted for changes to foreign exchange rates. Security deposits are related to aircraft lease contracts and will be refunded to the Company when the aircraft is returned at the end of the lease agreement. Maintenance reserve deposits are paid under certain aircraft leases to be held as collateral in advance of the performance of major maintenance activities and are reimbursable upon completion of the related maintenance event, under certain conditions.

The Company recognized a write-off in the "Maintenance materials and repairs" in the statements of net income (loss) for maintenance reserve deposits that are not likely to be reimbursed in relation to aircraft that went through their last maintenance event prior to their return.

The Company replaced some of its security deposits with bank guarantees, and was refunded an amount of R\$1,742 (December 31, 2019 - R\$100,136 and R\$76,931 of its security deposits and maintenance reserves respectively).

Presented below are the changes in the security deposits and maintenance reserve deposits balance:

	Maintenance reserves deposits	Security deposits	Total
Balance at December 31, 2018	1,321,490	225,230	1,546,720
Additions	343,727	37,614	381,341
Write-offs	(8,417)	-	(8,417)
Refunds/returns	(210,356)	(113,137)	(323,493)
Foreign exchanges variations	52,454	2,928	55,382
Balance at December 31, 2019	1,498,898	152,635	1,651,533
Effect of acquisition of Azul Conecta	-	298	298
Additions	160,117	34,004	194,121
Write-offs	(5,697)	-	(5,697)
Refunds/returns	(130,411)	(16,513)	(146,924)
Foreign exchanges variations	535,772	43,934	579,706
Balance at June 30, 2020	2,058,679	214,358	2,273,037
Current assets	310,655	-	310,655
Non current assets	1,748,024	214,358	1,962,382

Azul S.A.

Notes to the Unaudited interim condensed consolidated financial statements
June 30, 2020
(In thousands of Brazilian reais, except when otherwise indicated)

12. Property, equipment and right-of-use assets

Property and equipment and right-of-use assets are mainly comprised of aircraft, engines and aircraft equipment.

As a result of the impairment analysis, the Company recorded impairment of non-current assets and assets in use in the amount of R\$16,019 (December 31, 2019 - R\$2,032,207) under the heading "Depreciation, amortization and impairment" (Note 1).

In addition, one aircraft has been classified as held for sale as its carrying amount will be recovered principally through sale rather than through continuing use. The aircraft is available for immediate sale at its present condition and the sale is highly probable. The impaired carrying amount has been transferred to the "assets held for sale" line on the statement of financial position.

12.1 Property and equipment

During the six months ended June 30, 2020, the Company entered into a sale and leaseback transaction on an owned engine. The gain associated with this transaction, which resulted in an operating lease, amounted to R\$4,437 and was recognized in "Other operating expenses, net".

During the six months ended June 30, 2020, the Company sold an engine. The gain associated with this transaction amounted to R\$1,157 and was recognized in "Other operating expenses, net".

a) Breakdown

	June 30, 2020 (Unaudited)		December 31, 2019	
	Cost	Accumulated depreciation	Net amount	Net amount
Leasehold improvements	435,997	(100,476)	335,521	218,597
Equipment and facilities	184,773	(114,938)	69,835	70,579
Vehicles	3,731	(1,869)	1,862	2,079
Furniture and fixtures	23,938	(16,284)	7,654	5,564
Aircraft equipment	1,809,591	(1,021,009)	788,582	914,605
Aircraft and engines	948,255	(400,596)	547,659	500,999
Advance payments for acquisition of aircraft	90,403	-	90,403	84,578
Construction in progress	69,098	-	69,098	171,839
	3,565,786	(1,655,172)	1,910,614	1,968,840

Azul S.A.

Notes to the Unaudited interim condensed consolidated financial statements
June 30, 2020
(In thousands of Brazilian reais, except when otherwise indicated)

b) Changes in property and equipment balances are as follows

	Cost					
	December 31, 2019	Effect of acquisition of Azul Conecta	Acquisitions	Disposals/ Write-offs	Transfers (*)	June 30, 2020 (Unaudited)
Leasehold improvements	296,728	-	13,029	(2,134)	128,374	435,997
Equipment and facilities	176,814	780	12,444	(360)	(4,905)	184,773
Vehicles	3,614	117				3,731
Furniture and fixtures	20,683	177	498		2,580	23,938
Aircraft equipment	1,856,138	-	104,544	(34,779)	(116,312)	1,809,591
Aircraft and engines	850,391	97,814	76,345	(76,620)	325	948,255
Advance payments for acquisition of aircraft	84,578	-	19,259	(13,434)	-	90,403
Construction in progress	171,839	-	32,325	(1,948)	(133,118)	69,098
	3,460,785	98,888	258,444	(129,275)	(123,056)	3,565,786

	Accumulated depreciation						
	December 31, 2019	Effect of acquisition of Azul Conecta	Depreciation for the period	Disposals/ Write-offs	Transfers (*)	Impairment	June 30, 2020 (Unaudited)
Leasehold improvements	(78,131)	-	(22,379)	34	-	-	(100,476)
Equipment and facilities	(106,235)	(326)	(10,090)	269	1,444	-	(114,938)
Vehicles	(1,535)	(52)	(282)				(1,869)
Furniture and fixtures	(15,119)	(90)	(1,075)				(16,284)
Aircraft equipment	(941,533)	-	(89,632)	6,223	16,071	(12,138)	(1,021,009)
Aircraft and engines	(349,392)	(24,214)	(25,271)	158	-	(1,877)	(400,596)
	(1,491,945)	(24,682)	(148,729)	6,684	17,515	(14,015)	(1,655,172)

(*) Balance of aeronautical material transferred to the item "Inventories" R\$105,541 in the six months ended June 30, 2020.

12.2 Right-of-use – aircraft lease and others

a) Breakdown

	June 30, 2020 (Unaudited)		December 31, 2019	
	Cost	Accumulated depreciation	Net Amount	Net Amount
Aircraft of operating lease	9,846,947,,	(6,061,150)	3,785,797	6,535,396
Engines and simulators	490,929,	(257,343)	233,586	249,102
Properties	114,167	(69,591)	44,576	50,125
Vehicles	10,238	(8,092)	2,146	3,111
Equipments	20,088	(19,702)	386	4,502
Transports	12,065	(12,065)	-	-
Restoration of aircraft and engines	440,948	(196,060)	244,888	245,176
	10,935,382	(6,624,003)	4,311,379	7,087,412

Azul S.A.

Notes to the Unaudited interim condensed consolidated financial statements
June 30, 2020
(In thousands of Brazilian reais, except when otherwise indicated)

b) Changes in right-of-use assets balances

	Cost				June 30, 2020 (Unaudited)
	December 31, 2019	Acquisitions	Disposals/ Write-offs	Contractual changes	
Aircraft of operating lease	12,071,427	381,160	(25,741)	(2,579,899)	9,846,947
Engines and simulators	484,597	33,444	(13,221)	(13,891)	490,929
Properties	114,167	-	-	-	114,167
Vehicles	10,238	-	-	-	10,238
Equipments	20,088	-	-	-	20,088
Transports	12,065	-	-	-	12,065
Restoration of aircraft and engines	423,194	17,754	-	-	440,948
	13,135,776	432,358	(38,962)	(2,593,790)	10,935,382

	Accumulated depreciation				June 30, 2020 (Unaudited)
	December 31, 2019	Depreciations	Disposals/ Write-offs	Impairment	
Aircraft of operating lease	(5,536,031)	(550,164)	25,741	(696)	(6,061,150)
Engines and simulators	(235,495)	(33,761)	13,221	(1,308)	(257,343)
Properties	(64,042)	(5,549)	-	-	(69,591)
Vehicles	(7,127)	(965)	-	-	(8,092)
Equipments	(15,584)	(4,118)	-	-	(19,702)
Transports	(12,065)	-	-	-	(12,065)
Restoration of aircraft and engines	(178,020)	(18,040)	-	-	(196,060)
	(6,048,364)	(612,597)	38,962	(2,004)	(6,624,003)

12.3 Right-of-use – maintenance

a) Breakdown

	June 30, 2020 (unaudited)		December 31, 2019	
	Cost	Accumulated depreciation	Net Amount	Net Amount
Checks	218,782	(177,511)	41,271	48,190
Checks in progress	11,253	-	11,253	23,662
Engines maintenance	1,184,982	(839,337)	345,645	425,539
	1,415,017	(1,016,848)	398,169	497,391

b) Changes in right-of-use maintenance balances

	Cost				June 30, 2020 (unaudited)
	December 31, 2019	Acquisitions	Disposals/ Write-offs	Transfers	
Checks	201,712	4,935	(5,985)	18,120	218,782
Checks in progress	23,662	11,034	(3,777)	(19,666)	11,253
Engines maintenance	1,149,551	64,760	(30,875)	1,546	1,184,982
	1,374,925	80,729	(40,637)	-	1,415,017

Azul S.A.

Notes to the Unaudited interim condensed consolidated financial statements

June 30, 2020

(In thousands of Brazilian reais, except when otherwise indicated)

	Accumulated Depreciation				
	December 31, 2019	Accumulated depreciation	Disposals/ Write-offs	Transfers	June 30, 2020 (unaudited)
Checks	(153,522)	(26,350)	2,361	-	(177,511)
Engines maintenance	(724,012)	(135,057)	19,732	-	(839,337)
	(877,534)	(161,407)	22,093	-	(1,016,848)

13. Income tax and social contribution

a) Income tax and social contribution expense reconciliation

	For the six months ended June 30,		For the three months ended June 30,	
	2020 (Unaudited)	2019 (Restated)	2020 (Unaudited)	2019 (Restated)
Income (loss) before income tax and social contribution	(3,149,970)	297,119	(9,550,688)	353,389
Combined tax rate	34%	34%	34%	34%
Income tax and social contribution statutory rate	1,070,990	(101,020)	3,247,234	(120,152)
Adjustments to calculate the effective tax rate:				
Taxable profit on foreign subsidiaries	17,177		(9,101)	
Profits from investments not taxed abroad	4,857	21,571	38,790	7,826
Unrecorded deferred tax on tax loss and on temporary differences	(1,073,029)	60,793	(3,029,068)	111,739
Deferred income tax on tax losses included in the PERT (*)	-	47,422	-	69,846
Permanent differences	(10,481)	16,960	11,619	37,220
Other	47	370	177	636
Income tax and social contribution	9,561	46,096	259,651	107,115
Current income tax and social contribution	5,597	(1,278)	(7,419)	(1,654)
Deferred income tax and social contribution	3,964	47,374	267,070	108,769
Credit (expense) income tax and social contribution expense	9,561	46,096	259,651	107,115
Effective rate	0%	(29%)	3%	(15%)

(*) Tax Recovery Program ("PERT")

Azul S.A.

Notes to the Unaudited interim condensed consolidated financial statements
June 30, 2020
(In thousands of Brazilian reais, except when otherwise indicated)

b) Breakdown of deferred income tax and social contribution

	June 30, 2020 (Unaudited)	December 31, 2019
Deferred taxes		
On temporary differences		
Provision for tax, civil and labor risks	1,710	3,639
Deferred revenue of TudoAzul program	(133,226)	(148,963)
Aircraft lease expense	124,604	220,823
Depreciation of aircraft and engines	(54,877)	(48,899)
Exchange rate	10,527	(16,498)
Deferred gain related to aircraft sold	811	3,296
Fair value of TAP convertible bonds	536	(243,288)
Fair value of other investments	424	(21,963)
Other provisions	6,327	19,468
Financial instruments	11,120	(201,738)
Impairment	39,007	163,419
Others	3,564	10,919
	<hr/>	<hr/>
Income tax losses carry forward and negative basis of social contribution		
Income tax losses carry forward	10,314	12,699
Negative basis of social contribution	3,713	4,570
	<hr/>	<hr/>
Net deferred tax assets / (liabilities) – recognized	24,554	(242,516)

The Company offsets tax assets and liabilities only when has a legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets and current tax liabilities and the deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities related to income taxes levied by the same tax authority.

Deferred tax assets with temporary differences are recognized only to the extent that their realization is probable. As of June 30, 2020, the Company has a balance of deferred income tax and social contribution assets on temporary difference, in the amount of R\$4,577,680, have not been recognized as there is no evidence of recoverability in the near future, except for R\$10,527.

The Company has income tax losses that are available indefinitely for offsetting against future taxable profits, as follows:

	June 30, 2020 (Unaudited)	December 31, 2019
Net tax losses	3,678,215	1,971,779
	<hr/>	<hr/>
Income tax loss carryforwards (25%)	919,554	492,945
Social contribution negative base tax carryforwards (9%)	331,039	177,460

Deferred income tax asset on tax losses at the amount of R\$1,250,593 has not been recognized as there is no evidence of recoverability in the near future, except for R\$14,027.

Azul S.A.

Notes to the Unaudited interim condensed consolidated financial statements
June 30, 2020
(In thousands of Brazilian reais, except when otherwise indicated)

14. Loans and financing

	June 30, 2020 (Unaudited)	December 31, 2019
Loans	4,345,032	2,825,749
Debentures	693,342	692,407
	5,038,374	3,518,156
Current	1,177,543	481,227
Non-current	3,860,831	3,036,929

Interest-bearing loans, financing and debentures are measured at amortized cost, using the effective interest rate method.

14.1. Loans

	Guarantees	Interest	Final maturity	Loans	
				June 30, 2020 (Unaudited)	December 31, 2019
Denominated in foreign currency - US\$					
Aircraft and engine acquisition	Chattel mortgage	LIBOR plus "spread" between 2.55%p.a. and 3.60% p.a. and fixed interest between 4.00%p.a. and 6.07%p.a./ US Treasury + 3,25% p.a.	03/2029	1,225,126	896,232
Working capital (a)	Receivables of Azul and no guarantees	LIBOR plus fixed interest of 1.9% p.a. and fixed of 5.90%p.a	10/2024	2,351,690	1,727,882
Denominated in local currency - R\$					
Aircraft and engine acquisition (FINAME) (*)	Investments and chattel mortgage of aircraft	Fixed between 6.00%p.a. to 6.50% p.a. and SELIC plus 5.46% p.a.	05/2025	164,091	164,280
Working capital	Bail letter	Fixed between 5.0% p.a and 12.7%p.a.and 125% to 126% of CDI	07/2021	599,156	37,355
Others	-	Fixed between 12.94% p.a and 14.89%p.a.	03/2023	4,969	
Total in R\$				4,345,032	2,825,749
Current position				930,451	233,487
Non-current position				3,414,581	2,592,262

(*) FINAME are a special credit line from BNDES (the Brazilian development bank).

a) Senior notes

The Company issued US\$400 million in unsecured senior notes in October 2017 at 5.875% per year and maturity on October 26, 2024. Interest on the notes are payable semi-annually in arrears on April 26 and October 26 of each year, beginning on April 26, 2018.

Azul S.A.

Notes to the Unaudited interim condensed consolidated financial statements
June 30, 2020
(In thousands of Brazilian reais, except when otherwise indicated)

b) Long term loans mature as follows:

	June 30, 2020 (Unaudited)	December 31, 2019
2021	181,681	202,798
2022	357,459	270,899
2023	340,389	258,422
2024	2,385,877	1,764,136
After 2024	149,175	96,007
	3,414,581	2,592,262

c) The following assets serve as guarantees to secure the financing agreements

	June 30, 2020 (Unaudited)	December 31, 2019
Equipment (carrying value) used as collateral (Note 12)	547,659	500,999

d) The undrawn borrowing facilities available in the future for setting capital commitments amounted R\$269,967 as of June 30, 2020 (December 31, 2019 – R\$198,714). Facilities are available exclusively for the funding of Embraer E190 and E195 jets engine maintenance costs.

14.2. Debentures

	Guarantees	Interest	Final maturity	June 30, 2020 (Unaudited)	December 31, 2019
Nine issue	Credit cards receivable	122% of CDI	12/2021	496,687	495,548
Tenth issue	Credit cards receivable	117% of CDI	12/2023	196,655	196,859
Total				693,342	692,407
Current position				247,092	247,740
Non-current position				446,250	444,667

Long term debentures mature as follows:

	June 30, 2020 (Unaudited)	December 31, 2019
2021	338,239	336,580
2022	89,006	89,044
2023	19,005	19,043
	446,250	444,667

14.3 Covenants

The Company has restrictive clauses in some of its financing contracts. As of March 31, 2020, and June 30, 2020 it did not reach the minimum standards established by a financing agreement with the United States International Development Finance Corporation (“DFC”).

Azul S.A.

Notes to the Unaudited interim condensed consolidated financial statements
June 30, 2020
(In thousands of Brazilian reais, except when otherwise indicated)

On May 11, 2020 the Company obtained a waiver for the DFC Guarantor's Covenants for the accounting periods ending on March 31, 2020, June 30, 2020, September 30, 2020 and December 31, 2020. Consequently, due to the waiver obtained, the debt follows its classification according to the contractual flow established

15. Lease liabilities

	June 30, 2020 (Unaudited)	December 31, 2019
Aircraft	13,656,414	11,686,481
Engine and simulators	471,108	347,911
Property	59,040	60,648
Equipments	2,529	7,615
Vehicles	5,015	3,089
Transports	300	877
	14,194,406	12,106,621
Current liability	2,196,909	1,585,233
Non-current liability	11,997,497	10,521,388

The Company entered into sublease transactions of 15 aircraft with TAP and as of June 30, 2020 has recorded in "Aircraft sublease receivable" the amount of R\$371,191 (December 31, 2019 – R\$279,504) (Note 9).

The movement schedule for lease liabilities are as follows:

	Right-of-use leases without purchase option		Right-of-use leases with purchase option	Total
	Aircraft and engines	Others		
December 31, 2019	11,046,134	72,230	988,257	12,106,621
Additions	416,827	-	-	416,827
Lease contractual modifications (*)	(2,491,622)	-	(252,304)	(2,743,926)
Payments	(460,618)	(10,145)	(48,255)	(519,018)
Amortization of financial expenses	555,782	4,695	50,571	611,048
Write-offs	-	-	1,419	1,419
Foreign Exchange	3,978,759	-	342,676	4,321,435
June 30, 2020 (Unaudited)	13,045,262	66,780	1,082,364	14,194,406
Weighted average rate (p.a.)	11.58%	7.64%	16.48%	
Weighted average rate (p.a.) December 31, 2019	8.20%	7.64%	6.15%	

(*) Lease contractual modifications: during the semester ended on June 30, 2020, the Company concluded contractual renegotiations with certain aircraft and engine lessors, with and without purchase option, which resulted in the change in the amount of the consideration of the lease agreements, modifications not foreseen in the original terms of the lease agreements. Consequently, following the rules of contractual modification of IFRS 16, the Company recalculated the lease liability taking into account the new contractual cashflows and the discount rate and exchange rate effective on the date of the modification. An offsetting entry to the adjustment of the lease liability in the amount of R\$2,593,790, was recorded as a reduction of the Right of Use asset and, when the Right of Use balance was not sufficient to absorb the lease liability adjustment, the difference, a gain, in the amount of R\$150,136 was recognized in the Income Statements, under "Other operating expenses".

Azul S.A.

Notes to the Unaudited interim condensed consolidated financial statements
June 30, 2020
(In thousands of Brazilian reais, except when otherwise indicated)

The leases have an average repayment (in years) are as follows:

	June 30, 2020 (Unaudited)	December 31, 2019
Aircraft and engines		
Right-of-use leases without purchase option	7.64	8.26
Right-of-use leases with purchase option	4.12	4.24

The future minimum payments and the present value of the minimum lease liabilities are as follows:

	June 30, 2020 (Unaudited)	December 31, 2019
2020	2,149,943	2,481,457
2021	3,108,004	2,335,363
2022	3,347,184	2,406,701
2023	2,799,977	1,875,308
2024	2,366,007	1,560,055
After 2024	8,554,727	5,580,166
Minimum lease payments	<u>22,325,842</u>	<u>16,239,050</u>
Financial expenses	<u>(8,131,436)</u>	<u>(4,132,429)</u>
Net present value of minimum lease payments	<u>14,194,406</u>	<u>12,106,621</u>

The following are the amounts recognized in statement of net income (loss):

	For the three months ended June 30,		For the six months ended June 30,	
	2020 (Unaudited)	2019	2020 (Unaudited)	2019
Depreciation expense of right-of-use assets	(305,117)	(238,758)	(612,597)	(488,707)
Interest expense on lease liabilities	(345,282)	(177,102)	(611,048)	(344,368)
Finance income on lease receivables	7,851	7,509	15,346	15,356
Expense relating to short-term leases	(12,492)	(17,550)	(39,067)	(36,356)
Total amount recognized	<u>(655,040)</u>	<u>(425,901)</u>	<u>(1,247,366)</u>	<u>(854,075)</u>

Some finance leases were designated as a cash flow hedge object. The Company used interest rate swaps to convert the post-fixed rate Libor into a fixed-rate exposure, hedging the volatility of future cash flows. Interest rate swaps have the same maturity and common terms as the finance leases.

As a guarantee of Lease Liabilities, the Right to Use Assets - leases (note 14) were offered.

Azul S.A.

Notes to the Unaudited interim condensed consolidated financial statements
June 30, 2020
(In thousands of Brazilian reais, except when otherwise indicated)

16. Provisions

	Return of aircraft and engines	Provision for taxes, civil and labor risks	Provision for onerous contract	Total
Balance at December 31, 2018	669,041	80,983	-	750,024
Provisions recognized	139,652	100,241	1,129,866	1,369,759
Utilized provisions	(333,420)	(93,718)	-	(427,138)
Amortization of financial expense	67,366	-	18,633	85,999
Foreign exchanges variations	28,036	-	6,672	34,708
Balance at December 31, 2019	570,675	87,506	1,155,171	1,813,352
Effect of acquisition of Azul Conecta	-	1,688	-	1,688
Provisions recognized	17,754	112,537	65,853	196,144
Utilized provisions	(1,249)	(48,505)	(93,894)	(143,648)
Amortization of financial expense	33,898	-	70,383	104,281
Foreign exchanges variations	211,556	-	419,252	630,808
Balance at June 30, 2020 (Unaudited)	832,634	153,226	1,616,765	2,602,625
Current	113,532	-	913,380	1,026,912
Non-current	719,102	153,226	703,385	1,575,713

16.1. Return of aircraft and engines

The provision for the return of aircraft and engines is based on the estimated future costs to be incurred in order to meet the contractual conditions for the return of engines and aircraft maintained under an operating lease.

16.2. Provision for taxes, civil and labor risks

The Company is party to certain labor, civil and tax lawsuits for which appeals have been filed. Based on the Company's external and internal legal counsels' opinion, management believes that the recorded provisions are sufficient to cover probable losses. In addition, the Company has made judicial deposits when required by court.

These provisions are as follows:

	June 30, 2020 (Unaudited)	December 31, 2019
Taxes	2,044	2,024
Civil	104,231	45,067
Labor	46,951	40,415
	153,226	87,506

Azul S.A.

Notes to the Unaudited interim condensed consolidated financial statements
June 30, 2020
(In thousands of Brazilian reais, except when otherwise indicated)

The total amount of claims, which according to management represent losses that are reasonably possible but not probable, for which no provision was recorded are as follow:

	June 30, 2020 (Unaudited)	December 31, 2019
Taxes	197,870	116,074
Civil	88,076	77,360
Labor	117,146	123,119
	<u>403,092</u>	<u>316,553</u>

- a) Tax proceedings: The Company has tax proceedings related to additional charge of 1% of COFINS on imports of aircraft and engines, in accordance with the provisions of Law 10865/04, the application of COFINS at a zero rate for imports of aircraft and parts. Management believes that the risk of loss is possible and therefore no provision was recorded for such amounts.
- b) Civil lawsuits: The Company is party to various types of civil lawsuits for compensation claims in relation to flight delays, cancellations of flights, luggage and damage loss, amongst others.
- c) Labor lawsuits: The Company is party to various types of labor lawsuits related to overtime, additional remuneration for undertaking hazardous activities, safety related payments, amongst others.

The Labor Prosecution's Office filed on February 22, 2017 a lawsuit against the Company claiming that it had violated certain labor regulations, including limitations on daily working hours and rest periods. The claim totals approximately R\$66,000 in punitive damages. The lawsuit is currently waiting for hearing and the Company is negotiating an agreement. The Company classifies the likelihood of loss as possible.

16.3 Provision for onerous contract

Provision for impairment charge recognized in 2019 that exceeds assets net book value in relation to onerous contracts (Note 1).

17. Equity

- a) Issued capital and authorized shares, all registered and without par value

	Company's capital is - R\$	Common shares	Preferred shares
At June 30, 2020 (Unaudited)	2,245,075	928,965,058	329,703,517
At December 31, 2019	2,243,215	928,965,058	329,568,166

Azul S.A.

Notes to the Unaudited interim condensed consolidated financial statements
June 30, 2020
(In thousands of Brazilian reais, except when otherwise indicated)

Each common share entitles its holder to one vote in the General Shareholders' Meeting. Preferred shares of any class are not entitled to vote. Preferred shares have: i) priority of reimbursement of capital upon liquidation; ii) the right to be included in a public offering of the Company for a purchase of shares upon transfer of the Company's control for the same conditions as the common shareholders and for a price per share equivalent to seventy-five (75) times the price per share paid to the controlling shareholder; iii) in case of the Company's liquidation, the right to receive amounts equivalent to seventy-five (75) times the price per common share upon splitting of the remaining assets among the shareholders; and iv) the right to receive dividends in an amount equivalent to seventy-five (75) times the price paid per common share.

Issuance of shares and issued capital

During the six months ended June 30, 2020, the Company issued 135,351 preferred shares (December 31, 2019 – 2,936,976) in the amount of R\$1,860 (December 31, 2019 – R\$33,800) in connection with the exercise of stock options.

b) Capital reserve

The share-based payment reserve is used to recognize the value of equity-settled share-based payments provided to employees, including key management personnel, as part of their compensation. For the six months ended June 30, 2020, the Company recognized compensation expense for an amount of R\$8,894 (June 30, 2019 – R\$6,650).

c) Dividends

According to the by-laws of the Company, unless the right is waived by all shareholders, the shareholders are guaranteed a minimum mandatory dividend equal to 0.1% of net income of the Company after the deduction of legal reserve, contingency reserves, and the adjustment prescribed by Law 6404/76 (Brazilian Corporate Law). If the Company has accumulated losses, there will be no distribution of dividends.

Interest paid on equity, which is deductible for income tax purposes, may be deducted from the minimum mandatory dividends to the extent that it has been paid or credited. Interest paid on equity is treated as dividend payments for accounting purposes.

The Company has not distributed dividends for the six months ended June 30, 2020 and year ended December 31, 2019.

d) Other comprehensive income (loss)

Changes in fair value of derivative instruments designated as cash flow hedges are recognized in other comprehensive loss, for a loss of R\$8,047 and R\$159,261 as of June 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019 respectively.

Azul S.A.

Notes to the Unaudited interim condensed consolidated financial statements
June 30, 2020
(In thousands of Brazilian reais, except when otherwise indicated)

e) Treasury shares

	Number of shares	R\$
As of December 31, 2018	332,980	10,550
Purchased	301,008	12,853
Cancelled	<u>(189,742)</u>	<u>(7,838)</u>
As of December 31, 2019	<u>444,246</u>	<u>15,565</u>
Purchased	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
As of June 30, 2020	<u>444,246</u>	<u>15,565</u>

18. Income (loss) per share

Basic earnings or loss per common share are calculated by dividing net income (loss) attributable to the equity holders of Azul by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding during the six months ended June 30, 2020 and 2019, including the conversion of the weighted average number of preferred shares outstanding during the year ended into common shares.

Diluted earnings or loss per common share are calculated by dividing the net income (loss) attributable to the equity holders of Azul, by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding during the six months ended June 30, 2020 and 2019, including the conversion of the weighted average number of preferred shares outstanding during the years into common shares, plus the weighted average number of common shares that would be issued on conversion of all the dilutive potential common shares into common shares.

Basic earnings or loss per preferred share are calculated by dividing net income (loss) attributable to the equity holders of Azul by the weighted average number of preferred shares outstanding during the six months ended June 30, 2020 and 2019, including the conversion of the weighted average number of common shares outstanding during the years into preferred shares.

Diluted earnings or loss per preferred share are calculated by dividing the net income (loss) attributable to the equity holders of Azul, by the weighted average number of preferred shares outstanding during the six months ended June 30, 2020 and 2019, including the conversion of the weighted average number of common shares outstanding during the years into preferred shares, plus the weighted average number of preferred shares that would be issued on conversion of all the dilutive potential preferred shares into preferred shares.

Azul S.A.

Notes to the Unaudited interim condensed consolidated financial statements
June 30, 2020
(In thousands of Brazilian reais, except when otherwise indicated)

The following table shows the calculation of income or loss per common and preferred share in thousands, except for values per share:

	For the three months ended June 30,		For the six months ended June 30,	
	2020	2019	2020	2019
	(Restated)		(Restated)	
	(Unaudited)		(Unaudited)	
Numerator				
Net income (loss)	(3.140.409)	343,215	(9.291.037)	460,504
Denominator				
Weighted average number of common shares	928,965,058	928,965,058	928,965,058	928,965,058
Weighted average number of preferred shares	329,703,517	328,502,759	329,686,958	327,715,793
75 preferred shares (*)	75,0	75.0	75.0	75.0
Weighted average number of preferred equivalent shares (**)	342,089,718	340,888,959	342,073,159	340,101,994
Weighted average number of common equivalent shares (**)	25,656,728,833	25,566,671,958	25,655,486,908	25,507,649,533
Weighted average number of share based payment	11,990,070	9,989,735	11.993.757..	9,347,494
Weighted average number of shares that would have been issued at average market price	2,144,067	6,388,252	6.678.004..	5,940,237
Basic net income (loss) per common share	(0.12)	0.01	(0.36)	0.02
Diluted net income (loss) per common share	(0.12)	0.01	(0.36)	0.02
Basic net income (loss) per preferred share	(9.18)	1.01	(27.16)	1.35
Diluted net income (loss) per preferred share	(8.92)	1.00	(27.16)	1.34

(*) Refers to a participation in the total equity value of the Company, calculated as if all 928,965,058 common shares outstanding had been converted into 12,386,200 preferred shares at the conversion ratio of 75 common shares to 1.0 preferred share.

(**) Refers to a participation in the total equity value of the Company, calculated as if the weighted average preferred shares outstanding had been converted into common shares at the conversion ratio of 75 common shares to 1.0 preferred share

19. Derivative financial instruments

The Company has the following financial instruments:

	Level	Book value		Fair value	
		June 30, 2020 (Unaudited)	December 31, 2019	June 30, 2020 (Unaudited)	December 31, 2019
<u>Assets:</u>					
Cash and cash equivalents (Note 7)	2	1,566,366	1,647,880	1,566,366	1,647,880
Trade and other receivables	2	622,642	1,165,866	622,642	1,165,866
Aircraft sublease receivables (Note 9) (*)	2	371,191	279,504	371,191	279,504
Short-term investments (Note 8)	2	64,733	62,009	64,733	62,009
Long term investments	3	754,267	1,397,699	754,267	1,397,699
Derivative financial instruments (*)	2	373,216	825,924	373,216	825,924
<u>Liabilities:</u>					
Accounts payable	2	2,599,018	1,626,577	2,599,018	1,626,577
Loans and financing (Note 14) (*)	2	5,038,374	3,518,156	4,461,029	3,504,754
Lease liabilities (Note 15) (*)	2	14,194,406	12,106,621	14,194,406	12,106,621
Derivative financial instruments (*)	2	513,689	310,190	513,689	310,190

(*) Includes current and non-current.

The carrying value of trade, aircraft sublease receivable and other receivables and accounts payable approximate their fair value largely due to the short-term maturity of these instruments.

Azul S.A.

Notes to the Unaudited interim condensed consolidated financial statements
June 30, 2020
(In thousands of Brazilian reais, except when otherwise indicated)

19.1 Long term Investments

The Company has the following long-term financial investments evaluated at fair value:

	June 30, 2020 (Unaudited)	December 31, 2019
Bond TAP	689,295	1,236,828
Other investments (Note 10 (g)(iii))	64,972	160,871
	754,267	1,397,699

Description of significant unobservable inputs to valuation:

The significant unobservable inputs used in the fair value measurements categorised within Level 3 of the fair value hierarchy, together with a quantitative sensitivity analysis as of June 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019 are shown below:

Non-listed equity investments Level 3 financial assets

Valuation technique	Significant unobservable inputs	Rate	Sensitivity of the input to fair value (amounts in millions of reais)
Discounted cash flow method (conversion option) (*)	Long-term growth rate for cash flows for subsequent years	December 31, 2019: 2.5%	10bps increase (decrease) in the growth rate would result in an increase (decrease) in the fair value of R\$ R\$24
	Cost of equity	December 31, 2019: 13.6%	50bps increase in cost of equity would result in a reduction in the fair value of R\$18 50bps reduction in cost of equity would result in an increase in the fair value of R\$20
Fair value Bond TAP	Cost of equity	June 30, 2020 – 6.09% (December 31, 2019: 2.82%)	50bps increase in cost of equity would result in a reduction in the fair value of R\$18 (December 31, 2019 – R\$18) 50bps reduction in cost of equity would result in an increase in the fair value of R\$19 (December 31, 2019 – R\$18)
Discounted cash flow method (Other investments) (**)	Cost of equity	December 31, 2019: 13.6%	50bps increase in cost of equity would result in a reduction in the fair value of R\$3
			50bps reduction in cost of equity would result in an increase in the fair value of R\$6

(*) On June 30, 2020, the Company was in negotiations with TAP for the withdrawal of the right to convert the TAP Convertible Bonds held by the Company. As a result of these negotiations, the fair value of the right to convert TAP Bonds was written off on June 30, 2020.

(**) The fair value of the investment in Global on June 30, 2020 was calculated based on the negotiations in progress between the Portuguese Government and the Company for the purchase of the investment.

Azul S.A.

Notes to the Unaudited interim condensed consolidated financial statements
June 30, 2020
(In thousands of Brazilian reais, except when otherwise indicated)

Level 3 financial assets reconciliation

Changes in the fair value of the TAP Convertible Bonds is detailed below:

	June 30, 2020 (Unaudited)	December 31, 2019
Balance at the beginning of the period	1,236,828	1,287,781
Foreign currency exchange gain (loss) (*)	187,708	10,723
Interest accrual (Note 10.g.ii) (**)	19,084	30,184
Net present value of debt component (Note 10.g.ii) (**)	(116,686)	116,912
Fair value of call-option (Note 10.g.ii) (**)	(637,639)	(208,772)
Balance at the end of the period	689,295	1,236,828

(*) recorded in the "Foreign currency exchange, net" in the statements of net income (loss).

(**) recorded in the "Result from related parties transactions, net" in the statements of net income (loss).

Changes in the fair value of other investments are detailed below:

	June 30, 2020 (Unaudited)	December 31, 2019
Balance at the beginning of the period	160,871	-
Acquisition	-	96,161
Fair value of other investments (*)	(95,889)	64,710
Balance at the end of the period	64,972	160,871

(*) recorded in the "Result from related parties transactions, net" in the statements of net income (loss).

19.2 Derivative financial instruments

	June 30, 2020 (Unaudited)		December 31, 2019	
	Assets	Liabilities	Assets	Liabilities
<u>Cash flow hedge</u>				
Interest rate swap contract	-	(8,553)	-	(7,129)
Foreign currency options	-		338,592	-
<u>Fair value hedge</u>				
Interest rate swap contract	3,257		24,057	-
<u>Derivatives not designated as hedge</u>				
Interest rate swap contract	165,243	(343,957)	203,636	(266,439)
Forward foreign currency contract	202,764		203,148	(1,135)
Heating oil forward contracts	-	(158,270)	56,491	-
Foreign currency options	1,952	(2,909)	-	(35,487)
	373,216	(513,689)	825,924	(310,190)

The maturity of the derivative financial instruments held by the Company is as follows:

June 30, 2020 (Unaudited)	Immediate	Until 6 months	7 to 12 months	1 to 5 years	Total
Assets from derivative transactions	136	38,163	35,968	298,949	373,216
Liabilities from derivative transactions	(2,585)	(153,767)	(89,739)	(267,598)	(513,689)
Total financial instruments	(2,449)	(115,604)	(53,771)	31,351	(140,473)

Azul S.A.

Notes to the Unaudited interim condensed consolidated financial statements
June 30, 2020
(In thousands of Brazilian reais, except when otherwise indicated)

Cash flow hedge

Definition	Origin of Risk	Risks designated for hedge	Hedge instrument	Recognition
Hedge of exposure to variability in cash flows attributable to a particular risk associated with a recognized asset or liability or a highly probable forecasted transaction that could affect the Company's results.	Finance lease of aircraft with post-fixed interest rates	Interest Rate (Libor USD)	Cash Flow Swap - swapping post-fixed interest rate to pre-fixed.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Protected item: Amortized cost - Liabilities in contra-entry result. Hedge instrument: Fair value - Assets / Liabilities (MtM) in contra-entry profit (accrual) and other comprehensive income (MtM adjusted).

As of December 31, 2019, the Company had interest rate swaps designated as cash flow hedges to hedge against the effect of changes in the interest rate on a portion of the finance leases payments and forward foreign currency contract for the protection of the Senior Notes principal denominated in foreign currency and the principal of OPIC in the next 12 months.

On April 16, 2019, the Company designated for cash flow hedge accounting options with notional in the amount of US\$79 million contracted for the purpose of protecting the principal of Opic.

During the semester ended June 30, 2020, as a result of renegotiations with financial institutions in response to the impacts of COVID-19 as described in note 1.1, the Company ended part of the operations described above, remaining only with swap contracts to protect interest rate fluctuations of part of the financing lease payments.

The positions were:

June 30, 2020 (Unaudited)	Notional amount	Asset position	Liability position	Fair value
Cash flow hedge:				
Loans and financing	33,436	LIBOR US\$	Fixed rate US\$	(8,553)
December 31, 2019	Notional amount	Asset position	Liability position	Fair value
Cash flow hedge:				
Loans and financing	40,872	LIBOR US\$	Fixed rate US\$	(7,129)
Foreign currency options	1,614,211	US\$	R\$	338,592
	<u>1,655,083</u>			<u>331,463</u>

The critical terms of the swap contracts matched with the terms of the hedged loans. Considering all transactions were deemed effective, the fair value changes on cash flow hedge were recorded in other comprehensive loss against financial instruments in liabilities or assets.

The gains and losses of hedge items (accrual of interest and exchange variation – finance lease and senior notes respectively) are impacted monthly, and are therefore offset monthly by the hedge instruments.

Azul S.A.

Notes to the Unaudited interim condensed consolidated financial statements
June 30, 2020
(In thousands of Brazilian reais, except when otherwise indicated)

Factors that may influence hedge effectiveness include: i) the time difference between the hedging instrument and the hedged item and ii) the counterparty's credit risk substantially impacts the fair value of the derivative instrument, but not the hedged object.

Changes in other comprehensive loss (cash flow hedge reserve) are detailed below:

	June 30, 2020 (Unaudited)	December 31, 2019
Balance at the beginning of the period	(159,261)	(153,969)
Transactions settled during the period	154.686	4,389
New transactions	-	(7,353)
Fair value adjustment	(3,472)	(2,328)
Balance at the end of the period	<u>(8,047)</u>	<u>(159,261)</u>

Fair value hedge

Definition	Origin of Risk	Risks designated for hedge	Hedge instrument	Recognition
Hedge of exposure to changes in the fair value of recognized asset or liability or unrecognized firm commitment.	Finance lease of aircraft with pre-fixed interest rates	Interest rate	Cash Flow Swap - swapping pre-fixed interest rate to post-fixed.	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Protected item: Fair value - Liabilities in contra-entry result.• Hedge instrument: Fair value - Assets / Liabilities in contra-entry result (MtM).

As of June 30, 2020 the Company had fixed to floating interest rate swap contracts with a notional amount of R\$36,752 (December 31, 2019 - R\$139,702). These contracts entitle the Company to receive fixed interest rates and pay floating interest based on CDI.

Adjustment to fair value of these contracts resulted in the recognition of an unrealized gain of R\$3,257 (December 31, 2019 – R\$24,057) which was recorded as financial income. The impact on the statement of net income (loss) was offset by a negative adjustment on the debt hedged. There was no ineffectiveness during the six months ended June 30, 2020.

Derivatives not designated as hedge accounting

i) Forward foreign currency contract

The Company is exposed to foreign currency risk in exchange rate, and therefore entered into NDF contracts registered at CETIP with renowned banks.

On June 30, 2020, the Company had entered into NDF contracts of US\$370 million to protect itself from currency fluctuations (December 31, 2019 - US\$426 million) that generated an unrealized gain of R\$202,764 (December 31, 2019 – R\$202,013).

Azul S.A.

Notes to the Unaudited interim condensed consolidated financial statements
June 30, 2020
(In thousands of Brazilian reais, except when otherwise indicated)

ii) Foreign currency options

On June 30, 2020 the Company also has currency options with notional of US\$30 million (December 31, 2019 – US\$0) in connection to a protection to dollar loan.

On December 31, 2019, currency options refers to the amount of US\$30 million in connection to a dollar loan, US\$47 million refers the OPIC operations and US\$118 million in connection with the Senior Notes. During the six months ended June 30, 2020 this transaction was ended, as a result of renegotiations with financial institutions in response to the impacts of COVID-19 as described in note 1.1.

As of June 30, 2020, these options generated an unrealized loss of R\$957 (December 31, 2019 – R\$35,487).

iii) Interest rate swap contract

During the six months ended June 30, 2020, Opic operations and operations related to Senior Notes were ended, as a result of renegotiations with financial institutions in response to the impacts of COVID-19 as described in note 1.1. Changes in fair value of these instruments resulted in the recognition of an unrealized gain of R\$178,714 (December 31, 2019 – loss of R\$62,803).

iv) Heating oil forward contracts

As of June 30, 2020, the Company also had average NDF contracts on over-the-counter (OTC) Market with six different counterparties on the local market indexed to Heating Oil forward contract traded on the NYMEX, on monthly tranches, with a notional value of R\$459,103 (December 31, 2019 – R\$1,244,869). The fair value of these instruments amounted to an unrealized loss of R\$158,270 (December 31, 2019 – gain of R\$56,491)

Fair value of financial instruments

The Company applies the following hierarchy to determine the fair value of financial instruments:

Level 1: quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities;

Level 2: other techniques for which all data that have significant effect on the fair value recorded are observable, directly or indirectly;

Level 3: techniques that use data that have significant effect on fair value recorded that are not based on observable market data.

Azul S.A.

Notes to the Unaudited interim condensed consolidated financial statements June 30, 2020 (In thousands of Brazilian reais, except when otherwise indicated)

Assets measured at fair value	June 30, 2020 (Unaudited)	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
Financial assets at fair value				
Cash and cash equivalents (Note 7)	1,566,366	-	1,566,366	-
Short-term investments	64,733	-	64,733	-
Long-term investments (b)	754,267	-	-	754,267
Interest rate swap contract - fair value hedge option (a)	3,257	-	3,257	-
Interest rate swap contract- not designated as hedge	165,243	-	165,243	-
Forward foreign currency contract	202,764	-	202,764	-
Foreign currency options	1,952	-	1,952	-
Liabilities measured at fair value				
Financial liabilities at fair value				
Interest rate swap contract - cash flow hedge	(8,553)	-	(8,553)	-
Interest rate swap contract- not designated as hedge	(343,957)	-	(343,957)	-
Foreign currency options	(2,909)	-	(2,909)	-
Fuel term contract	(158,270)	-	(158,270)	-
Assets measured at fair value				
December 31, 2019				
Financial assets at fair value				
Cash and cash equivalents (Note 7)	1,647,880	-	1,647,880	-
Short-term investments	62,009	-	62,009	-
Long-term investments (b)	1,397,699	-	-	1,397,699
Interest rate swap contract - fair value hedge option (a)	24,057	-	24,057	-
Interest rate swap contract- not designated as hedge	203,636	-	203,636	-
Forward foreign currency contract	203,148	-	203,148	-
Foreign currency options	338,592	-	338,592	-
Fuel term contract	56,491	-	56,491	-
Liabilities measured at fair value				
Financial liabilities at fair value				
Interest rate swap contract - cash flow hedge	(7,129)	-	(7,129)	-
Interest rate swap contract- not designated as hedge	(266,439)	-	(266,439)	-
Foreign currency options	(35,487)	-	(35,487)	-
Fuel term contract	(1,135)	-	(1,135)	-

- (a) Portion of the balances consist of loans from FINAME PSI, and standard FINAME presented at their value adjusted by the hedged risk, applying fair value hedge accounting rules.
- (b) The Company calculated the fair value of the call option based on a valuation for TAP and binomial model considering the term of option, discount rate and the market volatility of publicly traded comparable airlines, calculated on a 2 years average. The resulting amount of the binomial model calculated in euros was converted into reais using the period-end exchange rate. See Note 19.

Azul S.A.

Notes to the Unaudited interim condensed consolidated financial statements
June 30, 2020
(In thousands of Brazilian reais, except when otherwise indicated)

20. Financial result (Unaudited)

	For three months ended June 30,		For six months ended June 30,	
	2020	2019 (Restated)	2020	2019 (Restated)
Financial income				
Interest on short-term investments (a)	9,888	2,047	12,714	5,280
Sublease receivable	7,851	7,509	15,346	15,356
Other	3,020	11,056	5,586	18,253
	20,759	20,612	33,646	38,889
Financial expenses				
Interest on loans (a)	(60,087)	(47,844)	(114,671)	(92,227)
financial expenses on lease (a)	(312,456)	(177,102)	(560,510)	(344,368)
Interest on finance lease (a)	(32,826)	(22,124)	(50,538)	(40,878)
Interest on factoring credit card and travel agencies receivables	(6,722)	(3,563)	(15,126)	(6,530)
Interest on other operations	(119,591)	(24,143)	(161,631)	(39,679)
Guarantee commission	(9,165)	(8,304)	(14,730)	(16,538)
Loan costs amortization	(3,859)	(4,122)	(7,669)	(6,744)
Amortization of financial expenses	(56,791)	(17,728)	(104,280)	(33,621)
Other	(1,499)	(8,136)	(12,311)	(16,570)
	(602,996)	(313,066)	(1,041,466)	(597,155)
Derivative financial instruments, net	(265,164)	42,310	(1,546,780)	168,350
Foreign currency exchange, net	(1,039,779)	203,723	(5,273,579)	113,451
Net financial expenses	(1,887,180)	(46,421)	(7,828,179)	(276,465)

(a) Interest and expenses on assets and liabilities, in the cash flow statement on June 30, 2020 - R\$835,444 (June 30, 2019 - R\$425,375) are registered in this lines.

21. Commitments

a) Commitments for future acquisition of aircraft

The Company has purchase commitments for the acquisition of 94 aircraft (December 31, 2019 – 94), under which the following futures payments will be made:

	June 30, 2020 (Unaudited)	December 31, 2019
Up to one year	4,103,614	2,672,368
From one to five years	5,700,341	7,991,923
More than five years	4,424,159	1,633,473
	14,228,114	12,297,764

Azul S.A.

Notes to the Unaudited interim condensed consolidated financial statements
June 30, 2020
(In thousands of Brazilian reais, except when otherwise indicated)

b) Commitments for future acquisition of aircraft – lessor placement

The Company has purchase commitments for the acquisition of 50 aircraft (December 31, 2019 – 53), under which the following futures payments will be made:

	June 30, 2020 (Unaudited)	December 31, 2019
Up to one year	238,102	202,289
From one to five years	1,459,037	3,542,340
More than five years	6,575,733	7,257,368
	<u>8,272,872</u>	<u>11,001,997</u>

c) Letter of credits

As of June 30, 2020 the Company had issued letters of credit totaling US\$516 million (December 31, 2019 – US\$529 million) equivalent to R\$2,823,117 (December 31, 2019 – R\$2,134,186) and bank guarantees in the amount of R\$38,194 (December 31, 2019 – R\$50,432) in relation to security deposits, maintenance reserves and local sureties.

22. Share-based option plans

22.1. Equity-settled awards

22.1.1 First share option plan

The first share option plan (“First Option Plan”) of the Company was approved on a Shareholders’ Meeting held on December 11, 2009. The plan has a term of 10 years, and no option may be granted after this period.

Exercise conditions of options issued under the First Option Plan require in addition to a vesting period of 4 years, the occurrence of an initial public offering (IPO) of the shares of the Company.

22.1.2 Second share option plan

The second share option plan (“Second Option Plan”) was approved on a Shareholders’ Meeting held on June 30, 2014, as amended.

Exercise conditions of options issued under the programs of the Second Option Plan, prior to Azul’s IPO, require in addition to a vesting period of 4 years, the occurrence of an initial public offering (IPO) of the shares of the Company. Additionally, the options have an 8-year life.

The options issued under the programs of the Second Option Plan, after Azul’s IPO, require a vesting period of 4 years. The options have a 10-year life and the exercise price shall equal to the lowest stock price traded in the stock market during the thirty (30) trading sessions prior to the options grant approved by the Board of Directors.

Azul S.A.

Notes to the Unaudited interim condensed consolidated financial statements
June 30, 2020
(In thousands of Brazilian reais, except when otherwise indicated)

22.1.3 Third share option plan

The third share option plan (“Third Option Plan”) was approved on a Shareholders’ Meeting held on March 10, 2017.

Exercise conditions of options issued under the Third Option Plan require a vesting period of 5 years. The options have a 5-year life and options can only be exercised within 15 days after each vesting anniversary.

22.1.4 Information about the fair value of share options and expense

The grant-date fair value of share options has been measured using the Black-Scholes model. Expected volatility has been calculated based on historical volatility of airline shares listed on stock exchanges in Brazil and Latin America. The inputs are mentioned below.

	First Option Plan				
	1 st program	2 nd program	3 rd program		
Total options granted	5,032,800	1,572,000	656,000		
Date of compensation committee	Dec 11, 2009	Mar 24, 2011	April 5, 2011		
Total options outstanding	298,300	284,000	8,960		
Option exercise price	R\$3.42	R\$6.44	R\$6.44		
Option fair value as of grant date	R\$1.93	R\$4.16	R\$4.16		
Estimated volatility of the share price	47.67%	54.77%	54.77%		
Expected dividend	1.10%	1.10%	1.10%		
Risk-free rate of return	8.75%	12.00%	12.00%		
Average remaining maturity (in years)	-	-	-		
Maximum life of the option	Undetermined	Undetermined	Undetermined		
Expected term considered for valuation	7 years	7 years	7 years		

	Second Option Plan				Third Option Plan
	1 st program	2 nd program	3 rd program	4 th program	1 st program
Total options granted	2,169,122	627,810	820,250	680,467	9,343,510
Date of compensation committee	June 30, 2014	July 1, 2015	July 1, 2016	July 6, 2017	Mar 14, 2017
Total options outstanding	786,197	231,638	387,464	490,355	5,562,503
Option exercise price	R\$19.15	R\$14.51	R\$14.50	R\$22.57	R\$11.85
Option fair value as of grant date	R\$11.01	R\$10.82	R\$10.14	R\$12.82	R\$4.82
Estimated volatility of the share price	40.59%	40.59%	43.07%	43.35%	50.64%
Expected dividend	1.10%	1.10%	1.10%	1.10%	1.10%
Risk-free rate of return	12.46%	15.69%	12.21%	10.26%	11.32%
Average remaining maturity (in years)	-	-	0.2	1.2	1.9
Maximum life of the option	8 years	8 years	8 years	10 years	5 years
Expected term considered for valuation	4.5 years	4.5 years	4.5 years	5.5 years	5 years

Azul S.A.

Notes to the Unaudited interim condensed consolidated financial statements
June 30, 2020
(In thousands of Brazilian reais, except when otherwise indicated)

Changes in stock options are disclosed below:

	Number of stock options	Weighted average exercise price (in reais)
Balance as of December 31, 2018	11,190,829	R\$12.55
Cancelled	(69,085)	R\$20.70
Exercised	(2,936,976)	R\$11.51
Balance as of December 31, 2019	8,184,768	R\$12.85
Exercised	(135,351)	R\$13.74
Balance as of June 30, 2020 (Unaudited)	8,049,417	R\$12.83
Number of options exercisable as of:		
June 30, 2020 (Unaudited)	3,792,547	R\$12.70
December 31, 2019	2,294,135	R\$13.81

Share-based compensation expense recognized in the statement of net income (loss) during the six months ended June 30, 2020 with respect to the share options amounted to R\$4,869 (June 30, 2019 – R\$6,650).

22.2 Restricted share units

The Shareholders' Meeting held on June 30, 2014 approved a restricted share unit plan ("RSU Plan"). Under the terms of the RSU Plan participants were granted a fixed monetary amount (in reais) which would be settled in a quantity of preferred shares determined by dividing the monetary amount by the price per share of the preferred shares at IPO.

Exercise conditions of RSUs require, in addition to a vesting period of four years, the occurrence of an IPO of the shares of the Company for the RSUs to become exercisable. At the date of the IPO, the monetary amount of the awards was converted into units based on the IPO date fair value of the preferred shares. The related liability was reclassified to equity in line with the post IPO settlement method.

Subsequent grants are measured based on the grant date fair value of the awards.

The Shareholders' Meeting held on June 19, 2020 approved a second restricted share unit plan ("Second RSU Plan"). Under the terms of the RSU Plan participants were granted a number of shares were granted to the participants, each with an amount corresponding to the price of the Company's preferred share at the close of the trading session on the date of approval of the plan.

Azul S.A.

Notes to the Unaudited interim condensed consolidated financial statements
June 30, 2020
(In thousands of Brazilian reais, except when otherwise indicated)

22.2.1 Information about the fair value of RSUs and expense

First plan				
	Date of compensation committee	Total shares granted	Total shares outstanding	Fair value as of grant date (in reais)
1 st program	June 30, 2014	487,670	7,934	R\$21.00
2 nd program	July 01, 2015	294,286	8,094	R\$21.00
3 rd program	July 01, 2016	367,184	75,527	R\$21.00
4 th program	July 06, 2017	285,064	121,914	R\$24.17
5 th program	August 07, 2018	291,609	200,393	R\$24.43
6 th program	August 05, 2019	170,000	161,666	R\$51.65
		<u>1,895,813</u>	<u>575,528</u>	

Second plan				
	Date of compensation committee	Total shares granted	Total shares outstanding	Fair value as of grant date (in reais)
1 st program	June 19, 2020	1,382,582	1,382,582	R\$21.80

Changes in RSU are disclosed below:

	Number of RSU
As of December 31, 2018	<u>729,593</u>
Granted	170,000
Cancelled	(49,748)
Exercised	<u>(260,451)</u>
As of December 31, 2019	<u>589,394</u>
Granted	1,382,582
Cancelled	(13,866)
As of June 30, 2020 (Unaudited)	<u>1,958,110</u>

Share-based compensation expensed recognized in the statement of net income (loss) during the six months ended June 30, 2020 with respect to the RSU amounted to R\$4,025 (June 30, 2019 – R\$2,807).

22.3 **Virtual Stock Option Plan**

On August 7, 2018, the Compensation Committee approved the Virtual Stock Option Plan ("Phantom Shares").

On April 30, 2020, the Compensation Committee approved the Second Virtual Stock Option Plan ("Second Phantom Shares").

Azul S.A.

Notes to the Unaudited interim condensed consolidated financial statements
June 30, 2020
(In thousands of Brazilian reais, except when otherwise indicated)

The plan consists of a remuneration in cash, as there is no effective trading of the shares. There will be no issue and / or delivery of shares for settlement of the plan. A liability is recorded monthly, based on the fair value of the Phantom Shares granted and the vesting period, with an offsetting entry in the statement of net income (loss). The fair value of this liability is reviewed and updated for each reporting period, in accordance with the change in the fair value of the benefit granted.

The options issued under the programs of the Phantom Shares, require a vesting period between 3 and 4 years. The options have an between 6 and 8-year life and the exercise price shall equal to the lowest stock price traded in the stock market during the thirty (30) trading sessions prior to the options grant approval by the Compensation Committee. Expected volatility has been calculated based on historical volatility of airline shares listed on stock exchanges in Brazil and Latin America.

22.3.1 Information about the fair value of share options and expense

The fair value of share options has been measured using the Black-Scholes model using the informations below.

	First Plan		Second Plan	
	1 st program	2 nd program	1 st program	2 nd program
Total options granted	707,400	405,000	3,250,000	1,600,000
Date of compensation committee	August 7, 2018	August 5, 2019	April 30, 2020	April 30, 2020
Total options outstanding	86,502	17,702	3,250,000	1,600,000
Option exercise price	R\$10.35	R\$10.35	R\$10.35	R\$10.35
Option fair value	R\$11.05	R\$11.29	R\$11.05	R\$11.29
Estimated volatility of the share price	53.9%	53.9%	53.9%	53.9%
Expected dividend	1.10%	1.10%	1.10%	1.10%
Risk-free rate of return	2.15%	2.15%	2.15%	2.15%
Average remaining maturity (in years)	2.1	3.1	3.0	4.0
Maximum life of the option	8 years	8 years	6 years	8 years
Expected term considered for valuation	6 years	4.5 years	3,5 years	4,5 years

Changes in virtual stock option plan are disclosed below:

	Number of stock options
As of December 31, 2018	707,400
Granted	405,000
Cancelled	(47,889)
Paid	(98,603)
As of December 31, 2019	965,908
Granted	4,850,000
Cancelled	(858,136)
Paid	(3,568)
As of June 30, 2020 (Unaudited)	4,954,204

Azul S.A.

Notes to the Unaudited interim condensed consolidated financial statements
June 30, 2020
(In thousands of Brazilian reais, except when otherwise indicated)

The liability recorded as of June 30, 2020 is R\$9.018 (December 31, 2019 – R\$11,647) and is presented in the consolidated statement of financial position under “Salaries, wage and benefits”.

Share-based compensation expense recognized in the statement of net income (loss) during the six months ended June 30, 2020 with respect to the Phantom Shares amounted to R\$9,407 (June 30, 2019 – R\$6,041).

23. Subsequent events

Negotiations with lessors

The Company has reached agreements on new payment profiles with its lessors providing significant working capital relief from the beginning of the crisis until December 2021. Agreements have been reached with lessors representing over 98% of Azul's operating lease liability, and negotiations continue with the remaining lessors. According to these agreements, Azul will follow an adjusted payment schedule based on a conservative demand recovery scenario.

Sale of the indirect stake in TAP

On August 10th, 2020 Azul shareholders' approved the sale of the Company's 6% indirect stake in TAP and the removal of the conversion rights of the bond it holds issued by the Portuguese Carrier.