

lib·er·al·ism (līb'ər-əl-īz'əm, līb'rə-)

n.

1. The state or quality of being liberal.

2.

a. A political theory founded on the natural goodness of humans and the autonomy of the individual and favoring civil and political liberties, government by law with the consent of the governed, and protection from arbitrary authority.

b. often **Liberalism** The tenets or policies of a Liberal party.

3. An economic theory in favor of laissez-faire, the free market, and the gold standard.

4. **Liberalism**

a. A 19th-century Protestant movement that favored free intellectual inquiry, stressed the ethical and humanitarian content of Christianity, and de-emphasized dogmatic theology.

b. A 19th-century Roman Catholic movement that favored political democracy and ecclesiastical reform but was theologically orthodox.

lib'er-al-ist *n.*

lib'er-al-is'tic (-līb'is'tīk) *adj.*

The American Heritage® Dictionary of the English Language, Fourth Edition copyright ©2000 by Houghton Mifflin Company. Updated in 2009. Published by Houghton Mifflin Company. All rights reserved.

liberalism ['lɪbrərə, lɪzəm 'lɪbrərə-]

n

1. (Government, Politics & Diplomacy) liberal opinions, practices, or politics

2. (Christianity / Protestantism) a movement in modern Protestantism that rejects biblical authority

liberalist *n* & *adj*

liberalistic *adj*

Collins English Dictionary – Complete and Unabridged © HarperCollins Publishers 1991, 1994, 1998, 2000, 2003

liberalism

1. a political or social philosophy advocating the freedom of the individual, parliamentary legislatures, governmental assurances of civil liberties and individual rights, and nonviolent modification of institutions to permit continued individual and social progress.

2. the principles and practice of a liberal political party. — **liberalist**, *n.*, *adj.* — **liberalistic**, *adj.*

See also: [Politics](#)

a movement in modern Protestantism that emphasizes freedom from tradition and authority, the adjustment of religious beliefs to scientific conceptions, and the spiritual and ethical content of Christianity. — **liberalist**, *n.*, *adj.* — **liberalistic**, *adj.*

See also: [Protestantism](#)

-Ologies & -Isms. Copyright 2008 The Gale Group, Inc. All rights reserved.

Thesaurus Legend: Synonyms Related Words Antonyms

Noun 1. liberalism - a political orientation that favors social progress by reform and by changing laws rather than by revolution

[ideology](#), [political orientation](#), [political theory](#) - an orientation that characterizes the thinking of a group or nation

[neoliberalism](#) - a political orientation originating in the 1960s; blends liberal political views with an emphasis on economic growth

2. liberalism - an economic theory advocating free competition and a self-regulating market

[economic theory](#) - (economics) a theory of commercial activities (such as the production and consumption of goods)

Based on WordNet 3.0, Farlex clipart collection. © 2003-2008 Princeton University, Farlex Inc.

liberalism

noun [progressivism](#), [radicalism](#), [humanitarianism](#), [libertarianism](#), [freethinking](#), [latitudinarianism](#) *He was concerned over growing liberalism in the Church.*

Quotations

"By liberalism I don't mean the creed of any party or any century. I mean a generosity of spirit, a tolerance of others, an attempt to comprehend otherness, a commitment to the rule of law, a high ideal of the worth and dignity of man, a repugnance for authoritarianism and a love of freedom" [Alan Paton *Lecture at Yale University*]

Collins Thesaurus of the English Language – Complete and Unabridged 2nd Edition. 2002 © HarperCollins Publishers 1995, 2002

ne-o-or-tho-dox-y (nē'ō-ôr thə-dŏk'sē)

n.

A Protestant movement that arose during World War I and is closely associated with Karl Barth. It opposes liberalism and advocates certain theological, especially Calvinist doctrines of the Reformation.

ne' o-or' tho-dox' adj.

The American Heritage® Dictionary of the English Language, Fourth Edition copyright ©2000 by Houghton Mifflin Company. Updated in 2009. Published by [Houghton Mifflin Company](#). All rights reserved.

neo-orthodoxy [ˌni:əv'ɔ:θə,dɒksɪ]

n

(Christianity / Protestantism) a movement in 20th-century Protestantism, reasserting certain older traditional Christian doctrines

neo-orthodox *adj*

<http://www.expedia.com/pub/agent.dll?tovr=-1294537294&fwso=0>