

Series: Knowing God by Name

“Jehovah Sabaoth—The Lord of Hosts”

David Owens

Psalms 46:10-11

12.13.15

- A. A Sunday school teacher asked her class, “If God is all-powerful, is there anything God _____ do?” A student answered, “God can’t _____ everybody.”
- B. Here is an important question for each of us: How _____ is your _____?
- C. The name of God we are exploring today reminds us of God’s vast _____ and _____ and gives us confidence to trust in Him.
- D. Jehovah Sabaoth means “Lord of Hosts.”
1. Sabaoth comes from a Hebrew root meaning “a mass or large quantity.”
 2. It is sometimes used in reference to a large group of people like an _____.
 3. It was sometimes used to describe a large congregation, like of _____.
 4. It was also used to describe the hordes of _____.
 5. When being used in reference to God, it often appears as “Lord of _____” or “Lord _____.”
- E. It is a name for God which is used quite _____ in the relationship of God and His people.
- F. The first use of the name is in 1 Samuel 1:3 in the story of _____.
- G. The second use of the name is in 1 Samuel 4:4 when the _____ captured the _____ of the covenant.
- H. Later, David used this name of God when he fought against _____.
- I. This name of God was commonly used by the _____, but not all of them.
- J. This name of God was used exclusively by the prophets of the _____ Kingdom of _____.
- K. The prophets of the Southern Kingdom of Judah came with a two-fold message.
1. They reassured the people that Yahweh _____ (Isa. 14:24-27)
 2. They warned the people that God was also a God who _____.
- L. We must learn from the judgments and punishments of God recorded in His word - they are written for our _____.
- M. After the Northern Kingdom of Israel fell into the hands of the Assyrians, the Southern Kingdom of Judah and the city of _____ was under _____ by the Assyrians.
- N. The king of Judah at the time was _____ and in response to the Assyrian siege, he _____ (Isaiah 37:14-20).
- O. God’s answer to Hezekiah came through _____ the prophet and then God sent an _____ who destroyed _____ men from the Assyrian camp (Isa. 37:33-37)
- P. When faced with an impossible situation, we should do what Hezekiah did - _____.
- Q. One of my favorite stories about Elisha the prophet comes from 2 Kings 6.
1. When Elisha found himself surrounded by the army of Aram, he said to his servant: “Don’t be _____. Those who are with us are _____ than those who are with them.” (2 Kings 6:16)
 2. Then Elisha prayed, “O LORD, open his _____ so he may see.” Then the LORD opened the servant’s _____, and he looked and saw the hills full of horses and chariots of fire all around Elisha.
- R. Isaiah’s whole life was changed when he saw the Lord seated on his _____.
- S. I hope the God that each of us are loving and obeying is big enough to _____ through our lives!

Answer Key: A. can’t, please. B. big, God. C. power, resources. D.2. army. D.3. Israel. D.4. spiritual, beings. D.5. Hosts, Almighty. E. late. F. Hannah. G. Philistines, ark. H. Goliath. I. prophets. J. Southern, Judah. K.1. could, help. K.2. judges. L. warning. M. Jerusalem, siege. N. prayed. O. Isaiah, angel, 185,000. P. pray. Q.1. afraid, more. Q.2. eyes, eyes. R. throne. S. shine.