

MILLENNIUM DEVELOPMENT GOALS (2000-2015)

Goal 1: Eradicate extreme poverty and hunger [top]

- Target 1 - Halve, between 1990 and 2015, the proportions of people whose income is less than \$1 a day.
 - Indicator 1: Proportion of population below \$1 (PPP) per day
 - Indicator 2: Poverty gap ratio
 - Indicator 3: Share of poorest quintile in national consumption
- Target 2 - Halve, between 1990 and 2015, the proportions of people who suffer from hunger.
 - Indicator 4: Prevalence of underweight Children under five years of age
 - Indicator 5: Proportion of pop. < min. level of dietary energy consumption

Goal 2: Achieve universal primary education [top]

- Target 3 - Ensure that, by 2015, children everywhere, boys and girls alike, will be able to complete a full course of primary schooling.
 - Indicator 6: Net enrolment ratio in primary education
 - Indicator 7: Proportion of pupils starting grade 1 who reach grade 5
 - Indicator 8: Literacy rate of youth aged 15-24 years.

Goal 3: Promote gender equality and empower women [top]

- Target 4 - Eliminate gender disparity in primary and secondary education, preferably by 2005 and in all levels of education no later than 2015.
 - Indicator 9: Ratio of girls to boys in primary, secondary and tertiary education
 - Indicator 10: Ratio of literate women to men aged 15-24 years
 - Indicator 11: Share of Women in wage employment in the non-agricultural sector
 - Indicator 12: Proportion of seats held by women in national parliament

Goal 4: Reduce child mortality [top]

- Target 5 - Reduce by two-thirds, between 1990 and 2015, the under-five mortality rate.
 - Indicator 13: Under-five mortality rate
 - Indicator 14: Infant mortality rate
 - Indicator 15: Proportion of 1 year-old children immunised against measles

Goal 5: Improve maternal health [top]

- Target 6 - Reduce by three-quarters, between 1990 and 2015, the maternal mortality ratio.
 - Indicator 16: Maternal mortality ratio
 - Indicator 17: Proportion of births attended by skilled health personnel

Goal 6: Combat HIV/AIDS, malaria and other diseases [top]

- Target 7 - Have halted by 2015 and begun to reverse the spread of HIV/AIDS.
 - Indicator 18: HIV prevalence among pregnant women aged 15-24 years
 - Indicator 19: Condom use rate of the contraceptive
 - 19a - Condom use at last high-risk sex
 - 19b - Percentage of population aged 15-24 years with comprehensive correct knowledge of HIV/AIDS
 - Indicator 20: Ratio of school attendance of orphans to school attendance of non- orphans aged 10 to 14 years
- Target 8 - Have halted by 2015 and begun to reverse the incidence of malaria and other major diseases.
 - Indicator 21: Prevalence and death rates associated with malaria

Indicator 22: Proportion of population in malaria-risk areas using effective malaria prevention and treatment measures

Indicator 23: Prevalence and death rates associated with tuberculosis

Indicator 24: Proportion of tuberculosis cases detected & cured under DOTS

Goal 7: Ensure environmental sustainability [top]

Target 9 - Integrate the principles of sustainable development into country policies and programmes and reverse the loss of environmental resources.

Indicator 25: Proportion of land area covered by forest

Indicator 26: Ratio of area protected to maintain biological diversity to surface area

Indicator 27: Energy use (kg oil equivalent) per \$1 GDP (PPP)

Indicator 28: Carbon dioxide emissions per capita and consumption of ozone depleting CFCs

Indicator 29: Proportion of population using solid fuels

Target 10 - Halve by 2015 the proportion of people without sustainable access to safe drinking water.

Indicator 30: Proportion of population with sustainable access to an Improved water source, urban and rural

Indicator 31: Proportion of population with access to improved sanitation, urban and rural

Target 11 - Have achieved by 2020 a significant improvement in the lives of at least 100 million slum dwellers.

Indicator 32: Proportion of households with access to secure tenure

Goal 8: Develop a global partnership for development [top]

Target 12 - Develop further an open, rule-based, predictable, non-discriminatory trading and financial system. This includes a commitment to good governance, development and poverty reduction - both nationally and internationally.

Target 13 - Address the special needs of the least developed countries, which includes tariff- and quota- free access for exports, enhanced programme of debt relief for and cancellation of official bilateral debt, and more generous official development assistance (ODA) for countries committed to poverty reduction.

Target 14 - Address the special needs of land-locked countries and small island developing states through the Programme of Action for the Sustainable Development of Small Island Developing States and 22nd General Assembly provisions.

Target 15 - Deal comprehensively with the debt problems of developing countries through national and international measures in order to make debt sustainable in the long term.

Official Development Assistance

Indicator 33: Net ODA, total and to LDCs, as percentage of OECD/ Development Assistance Committee (DAC) donors' gross national income

Indicator 34: Proportion of total bilateral, sector-allocable ODA of OECD/DAC donors to basic social services (basic education, primary health care, nutrition, safe water and sanitation)