

# APPENDIX 4

## AMINO ACIDS IN PROTEIN COMPOSITION AND THE GENETIC CODE

Amino acid	Abbreviation	Amino acid	Abbreviation	Amino acid	Abbreviation
Alanine	Ala	Glycine	Gly	Proline	Pro
Arginine	Arg	Histidine	His	Serine	Ser
Asparagine	Asn	Isoleucine	Ile	Threonine	Thr
Aspartic acid	Asp	Leucine	Leu	Tryptophan	Trp
Cysteine	Cys	Lysine	Lys	Tyrosine	Tyr
Glutamic acid	Glu	Methionine	Met	Valine	Val
Glutamine	Gln	Phenylalanine	Phe		

### THE GENETIC CODE

The genetic code indicates how each nucleotide triplet (codon) carried by the mRNA should be translated during protein synthesis. In the example below, the amino acid tryptophan (Trp) is encoded by the codon UGG, while the amino acid phenylalanine (Phe) is encoded by the codon UUU.

The codon AUG not only encodes the amino acid methionine (Met) but also acts as the start codon, initiating the protein synthesis. Codons UAA, UAG and UGA (stop codons) signal the end of the protein synthesis.

### GENETIC CODE

		Second base				
		U	C	A	G	
First base	U	UUU Phe	UCU Ser	UAU Tyr	UGU Cys	Third base
		UUC	UCC	UAC	UGC	
		UUA Leu	UCA	UAA Stop	UGA Stop	
		UUG	UCG	UAG Stop	UGG Trp	
	C	CUU Leu	CCU Pro	CAU His	CGU Arg	
		CUC	CCC	CAC	CGC	
		CUA	CCA	CAA Gln	CGA	
		CUG	CCG	CAG	CGG	
	A	AUU Ile	ACU Thr	AAU Asn	AGU Ser	
		AUC	ACC	AAC	AGC	
		AUA	ACA	AAA Lys	AGA Arg	
		AUG Start	ACG	AAG	AGG	
	G	GUU Val	GCU Ala	GAU Asp	GGU Gly	
		GUC	GCC	GAC	GGC	
		GUA	GCA	GAA Glu	GGA	
		GUG	GCG	GAG	GGG	

### EXAMPLE OF TRANSLATION

