Name:	_ Group:	Date:	LAB 65
			EXPERIMENT

ADJUSTING THE EYE TO LIGHT

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Goal

Determine if the time of accommodation to light varies according to the distance between the source of the light and the eye. The time of accommodation to light is defined as the time the iris takes to regulate the amount of light penetrating the eye.

1.	What is the independent variable in this lab?
2.	What is the dependent variable in this lab?
_	pothesis
	nk that

Materials

- flashlight
- 1-m ruler or tape measure
- stopwatch (accurate to 0.10 sec)

Procedure

- 1. Assign a task to each team member:
 - Test subject: person who stands upright.
 - Experimenter 1: person who holds the flashlight.
 - Experimenter 2: person who records the time.
- **2.** Experimenter 1 holds the flashlight 30 cm away at the eye level of the test subject. Keep the flashlight as steady as possible.
- 3. Experimenter 2 observes the pupils of the test subject and holds the stopwatch.
- **4.** At an agreed-to signal, turn on the flashlight and start the stopwatch. These actions need to be performed simultaneously.



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- **5.** Stop the stopwatch when the diameter of the pupils of the test subject has stabilized. This can occur very quickly.
- 6. Record the result.
- 7. Repeat steps 2 to 6 with the flashlight held at a distance of 1 m, then 3 m.
- 8. Repeat steps 2 to 6 with each team member assigned a different task.
- 9. Put away materials.

Results

Record your results in the table below. Give the table a title.

Title:

Distance between	Ac	commodation time of pu	of pupil	
flashlight and eye (m)	Test subject 1	Test subject 2	Test subject 3	
0.3				
1.0				
3.0				

Analysis of the results

	How does the accommodation time of the pupil vary as the distance between the flashlight and the eye increases?
2.	Explain this variation.
3.	Is the accommodation time for everyone equal at the same distance? Explain your answer.



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4. What are the possible source	What are the possible sources of error in this lab?		
5. How could you improve the	protocol for this lab?		
Conclusion			
1. Complete the following sent	ence:		
Accommodation timeeye decreases.	when the distance	ce between the source of light and the	
2. Was your hypothesis confirm	med or not? Explain your answe	er.	
Application			
Why is the glare of headlights b	linding at night but not during th	ne day?	