# FORMING IMAGES WITH A CONVERGING LENS

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#### Goal

Determine how characteristics of images obtained using a converging lens vary according to object position.

- 1. What is the independent variable in this lab?
- 2. What is the dependent variable in this lab?

## **Hypothesis**

I think that \_\_\_\_\_\_because \_\_\_\_\_

#### **Materials**

- · converging lens
- · optical bench
- screen (white cardboard)

- ray box
- small light bulb on base or candle
- 1-m ruler

#### **Procedure**

- 1. Secure the lens at the centre of the optical bench.
- 2. Position the screen on the opposite side of the lens.
- **3.** Identify the principal focal point (F) of the lens with the ray box.
- **4.** Measure and record the height of the light bulb and base.
- 5. Position the light bulb and base at a distance greater than 2F.
- 6. Measure and record the distance between the object (light bulb) and the lens.
- 7. Move the screen until a clear image is obtained.
- **8.** Observe and record the characteristics of the image.
- **9.** Repeat steps 5 to 8 by positioning the object at the following distances:
  - a) 2F
- b) between 2F and F
- c) F

.. — .. — .. — .. — .. — .. — .. — ..

d) between F and the lens

10. Put away materials.

Name:	Group:	Date:

### **Results**

Record your results in the table below. Give the table a title.

Object size (cm):

Title:

	Distance		Image char	acteristics	
Position of object	between object and lens (cm)	Type (real or virtual)	Distance between image and lens (cm)	Size (cm)	Direction (straight, reversed or inverted)
Greater than 2F					
2F					
Between 2F and F					
F					
Between F and lens					

# **Analysis of the results**

١.	How can an image that is real and an image that is virtual be distinguished?
•	When an object is placed closer to the focal point of a lens, what happens to the size of the image?
•	In what circumstances is no image obtained?
•	In what circumstances is a real image obtained?

Name:	Group:	Date:
5. In what circumstances is a virtual in	mage obtained?	
<b>6.</b> Is an image always oriented the sa	me way? Explain your an	iswer.
7. What are the possible sources of e	rror in this lab?	
8. How could you improve the protoco	ol for this lab?	
Conclusion  1. Complete the following sentences:  a) When an object is positoned be		converging lens, the image
<ul> <li>obtained is</li></ul>	etween the focal point and	
2. Was your hypothesis confirmed or	not? Explain your answer	r.
<b>Application</b> Why do the eyes of a person wearing g	alasses for far-sightedness	s seem larger?