

Session II Assignments







Reading:

- Bible Reading: **Genesis 12-22; Exodus 1-40**
- Goldsworthy: **Chapters 12-14**

Course Assignments

- History falls into four categories: creation, the fall of mankind, redemption through Jesus Christ, and the consummation of all things at the return of Christ. Theologians call this “Redemptive History”. Look up the following verses and place them in the right category.

 CREATION	Bible Verses: _____ _____	<i>Look up each passage and write them next to the appropriate stage in redemptive history</i> _____ <i>Genesis 1:1; Isaiah 65:17-25; 2Corinthians 5:21; John 1:1-3; Romans 3:23a; Psalm 139:13-14; Romans 1:20, Romans 3:10-18; Isaiah 53:6a; 1Corinthians 15:53; Ephesians 1:7; Hebrews 9:12; Colossians 1:13-14; Galatians 4:4-5; Acts 3:21; Romans 8:21; 1Corinthians 15:24-28; Romans 5:8; Revelation 21:1-4; Genesis 3:1-7; Habakkuk 2:14</i>
 FALL	Bible Verses: _____ _____	
 REDEMPTION	Bible Verses: _____ _____	
 CONSUMMATION	Bible Verses: _____ _____	

- God called Abraham (Gen 12). Abraham believed God and it was counted to Him as righteousness (Gen 15). God commanded Abraham to circumcise all the males in his household and he obeyed the Lord (Gen 17). Why does the order of those three events matter? [See Romans 4:1-12]



- Goldsworthy writes, The significance of Old Testament figures are “...*not primarily in the way they stand as examples of godliness and faith, but rather in the role they play in revealing and foreshadowing the nature of the work of Christ.*” (p.132) What are some ways Moses foreshadows Christ?

- Read Exodus 12. The Apostle Paul called Jesus “our Passover Lamb”. What do you think he meant? How does Exodus 12 point to Christ?

