

Reading the Old Testament in a Year October 2025

<u>Day</u>	<u>Text</u>
1	Dan 1-4
2	Dan 7-8
3	Dan 5, 9, 6
4	Dan 10-12
5	
6	Ezek 1-3
7	Ezek 4-6
8	Ezek 7-9
9	Ezek 10-12
10	Ezek 13-15
11	Ezek 16-17
12	
13	Ezek 18-19
14	Ezek 20-22
15	Ezek 23-24
16	Ezek 25-28
17	Ezek 29-32
18	Ezek 33-34
19	
20	Ezek 35-37
21	Ezek 38-39
22	Ezek 40-41
23	Ezek 42-43
24	Ezek 44-46
25	Ezek 47-48
26	
27	Esther 1-4
28	Esther 5-9
29	1 Chron 1-5
30	1 Chron 6-9
31	1 Chron 10

October

Welcome back! This month will prove to be very interesting – especially to first-time readers.

Ezekiel and Daniel are two of the most intriguing and apocalyptic of the prophecies of the Old Testament. And while I have placed Daniel first, these two authors were virtual contemporaries but speaking the word of God in differing gentile and pagan nations.

“Apocalyptic” is a word that can be defined as “a writing from God employing symbolic language to tell of a divine intervention soon to take place.” The troublesome word “soon”, however, continues to haunt the church. How soon or when in history are these prophecies pointing, and what is their meaning? If you are using the *New Geneva Study Bible* follow the notes closely as you read to grow in your appreciation for the great debates.

When we return again to history, we begin 1 Chronicles. This covers much the same ground as Samuel/Kings but whereas the latter books were written during the beginning of the exile, Chronicles was written toward the end. It is framed with a sense of calling the people to repentance before God and of the hope of God’s blessings soon to be upon them again.

You will notice that I have you reading the first 9 chapters of 1 Chronicles in one day. That is because it is all genealogy. While there is a reason and meaning to these chapters, don’t get bogged down in them. Read them quickly and get the overall picture.

**New Covenant
Presbyterian Church**
*“Preaching God’s Sovereign Grace to a
World of Need”*
128 St. Mary’s Church Rd.
Abingdon, MD 21009
(410) 569-0289
www.ncpres.org