

# The ExecutiveInsite Report

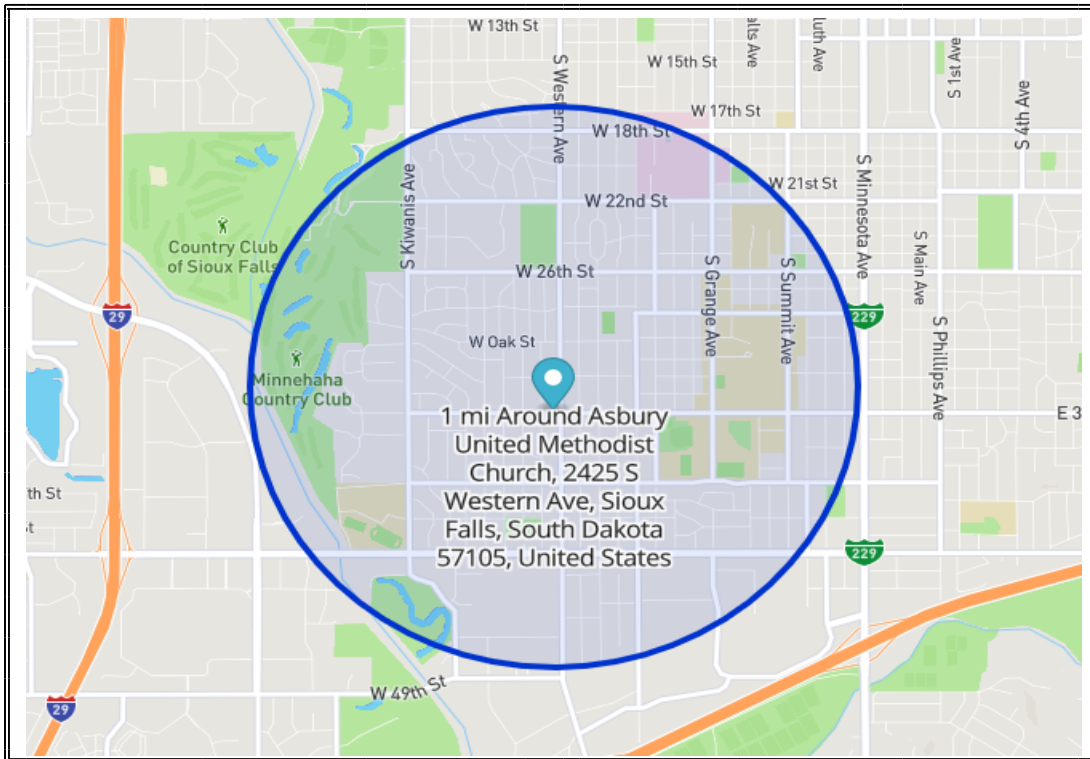
Prepared for: Dakotas Conference UMC  
 Study area: 1 mi Around Asbury United Methodist Church, 2425 S Western Ave, Sioux Falls, South Dakota 57105, United States  
 Base State: SD

Current Year Estimate: 2022  
 5 Year Projection: 2027  
 Date: 11/29/2022  
 Semi-Annual Projection: Summer

This ExecutiveInsite Report has been prepared for Dakotas Conference UMC. Its purpose is to "tell the demographic story" of the defined geographic study area. ExecutiveInsite integrates narrative analysis with data tables and graphs. Playing on the report name, it includes 12 "Insites" into the study area's story. It includes both demographic and beliefs and practices data.

ExecutiveInsite is intended to give an overview analysis of the defined geographic study area. A defined study area can be a region, a zip code, a county or some custom defined geographic area such as a radius or a user defined polygon. The area of study is displayed in the map below.

## THE STUDY AREA



## THE 12 INSITES

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## More Information

Please refer to the last page of the report for additional notes and interpretation aides in reading the report.

Not all of the demographic variables available in the MI System are found in this report. The FullInsite Report will give a more comprehensive view of an area's demographics.

The American Beliefs Study provides a detailed view of religious preferences, practices and beliefs.

# INSITE #1: POPULATION AND HOUSEHOLD TRENDS

## Population:

The estimated 2022 population within the study area is 11,569. The 2027 projection would see the area decline by -549 to a total population of 11,020. The population within the study area is growing somewhat slower than the statewide growth rate. While the study area is projected to decline by -4.7% in the next five years, the state is projected to grow by 2.8%. The study area's estimated average change rate is -0.9%.

## Households:

The households within the community are declining faster than the population, thus the average population per household in 2010 was 2.59 but by 2027 it is projected to be 2.61. Compare this to the statewide average which for the current year is estimated at 2.53 persons per household.

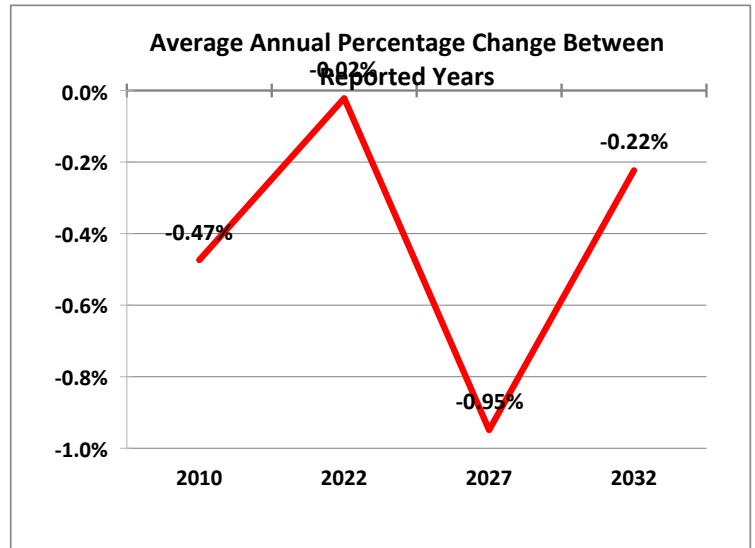
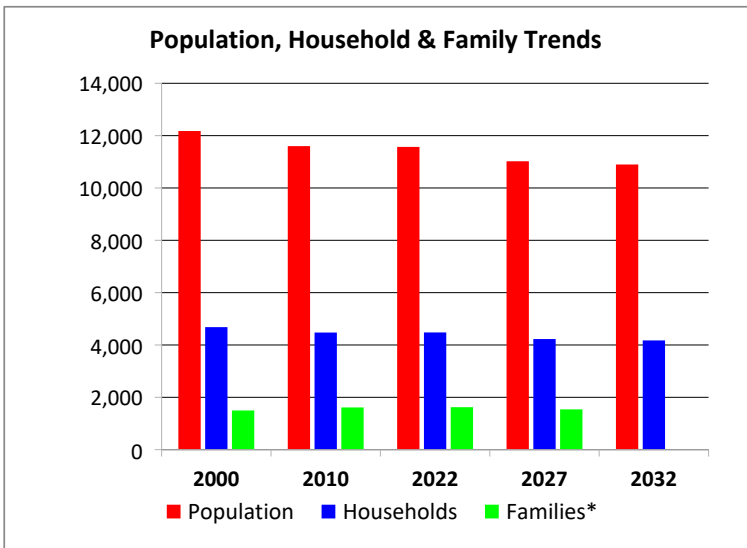
## Population Per Household

Population per Household: The relationship between population and households provides a hint about how the community is changing. When population grows faster than households, it suggests an increase in the persons per household. This can only happen when more persons are added either by birth or other process such as young adults in multiple roommate households or young adults returning to live with parents. In some communities this can occur when multiple families live in the same dwelling unit.

## Family Households:

Family households provide an additional hint about the changing dynamics of a community. If family household growth follows population growth, then it would be reasonable to assume that the increasing population per household comes from additional children. However, within the study area, this is not the case. Family households are not growing as fast as the population, suggesting the growth may be the result of growth of non-family adult households.

Population/Households & Family Trends		2000	2010	2022	2027	2032
<b>Population</b>		<b>12,176</b>	<b>11,599</b>	<b>11,569</b>	<b>11,020</b>	<b>10,897</b>
Population Change			-577	-30	-549	-123
Percent Change			-4.7%	-0.3%	-4.7%	-1.1%
<b>Households</b>		<b>4,682</b>	<b>4,475</b>	<b>4,479</b>	<b>4,227</b>	<b>4,174</b>
Households Change			-207	4	-252	-53
Percent Change			-4.4%	0.1%	-5.6%	-1.3%
<b>Population / Households</b>		<b>2.60</b>	<b>2.59</b>	<b>2.58</b>	<b>2.61</b>	<b>2.61</b>
Population / Households Change			-0.01	-0.01	0.02	0.00
Percent Change			-0.3%	-0.3%	0.9%	0.1%
<b>Families</b>		<b>1,497</b>	<b>1,613</b>	<b>1,623</b>	<b>1,539</b>	
Families Change			116	10	-84	
Percent Change			7.7%	0.6%	-5.2%	

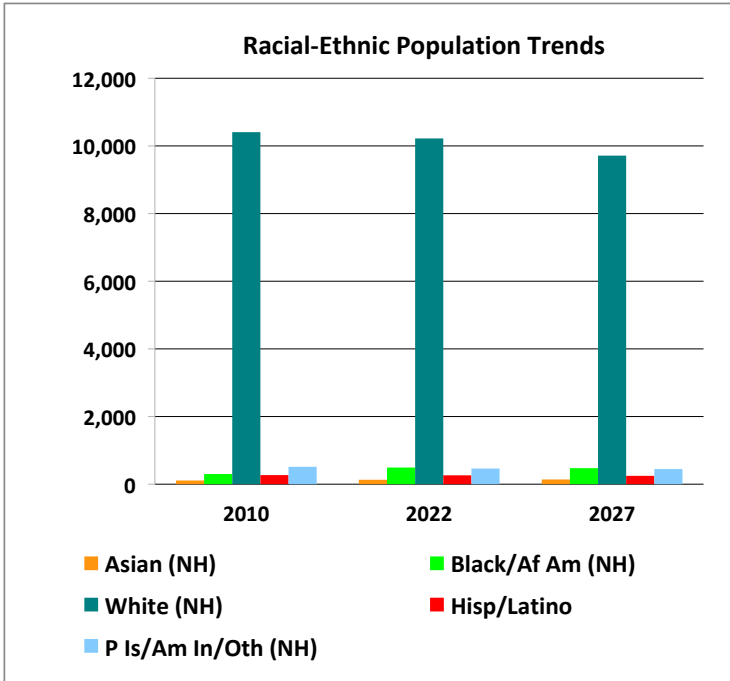


NOTE: Family Household data is not projected out 10 years.

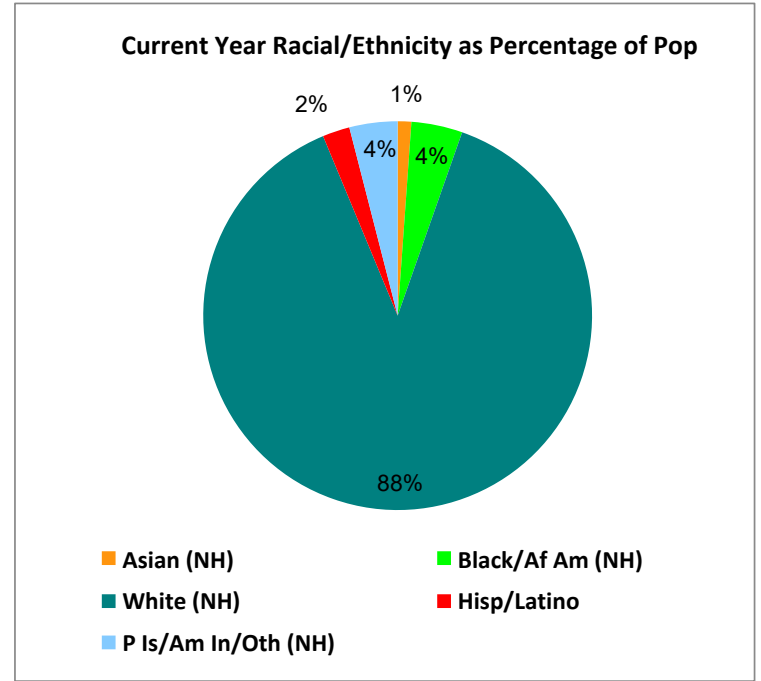
## INSITE #2: RACIAL-ETHNIC TRENDS

The US population's racial-ethnic diversity is continually adding new and rich cultural mixes. This data considers the five groups for which trending information is available. Please note that several groups are aggregated into a single category due to their smaller size. Those persons who indicated Hispanic or Latino ethnicity along with a racial category have been separated into a Hispanic or Latino category.

The Population: Racial/Ethnic Trends table provides the actual numbers and percentage of the total population for each of the five racial/ethnic categories. Pay special attention to the final column on the right. This will quickly indicate the direction of change from the last census to the current five year projection.



The Racial Ethnic Trends graph displays history and projected change by each racial/ethnic group.



This chart shows the percentage of each group for the current year estimate.

### The percentage of the population...

Asian (Non-Hisp) is projected to remain about the same over the next five years.

Black/African American (Non-Hisp) is projected to remain about the same over the next five years.

White (Non-Hisp) is projected to remain about the same over the next five years.

Hispanic or Latino is projected to remain about the same over the next five years.

	2010	2022	2027	2010%	2022 %	2027 %	2010 to 2027 %pt Change
<b>Race and Ethnicity</b>							
Asian (NH)	109	131	139	0.94%	1.13%	1.26%	0.32%
Black/Afr Amer (NH)	300	492	474	2.59%	4.25%	4.30%	1.71%
White (NH)	10,407	10,221	9,713	89.72%	88.35%	88.14%	-1.58%
Hispanic/Latino	269	262	247	2.32%	2.26%	2.24%	-0.08%
P Is/Am In/Oth (NH)	514	463	447	4.43%	4.00%	4.06%	-0.38%
<b>Totals:</b>	<b>11,599</b>	<b>11,569</b>	<b>11,020</b>				

# INSITE #3: AGE TRENDS

A community's age structure and how it is changing is an important part of its story. Overall, the American Population has been aging as the Baby Boomers progress through each phase of life. This has been abetted by episodes of declining live births. However, this picture may particularize differently from community to community. There are communities in the US where the average age is lower than some others. In other cases, there is a clear shift toward senior years as the Boomers enter their retirement years.

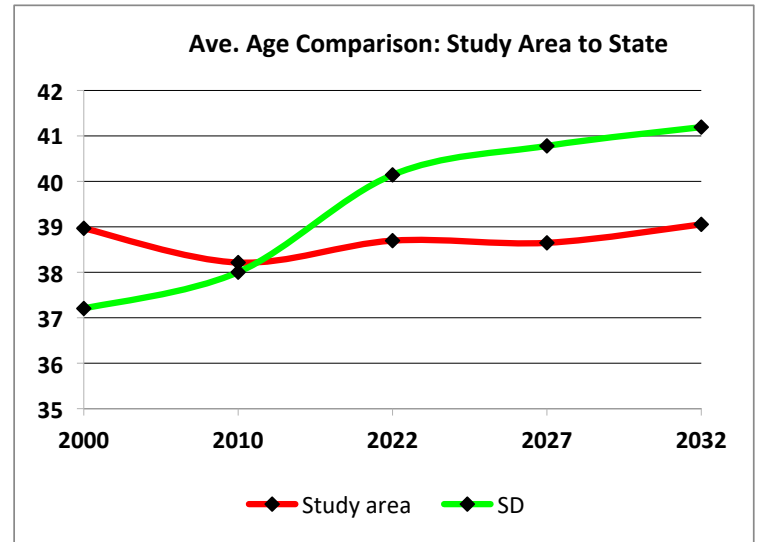
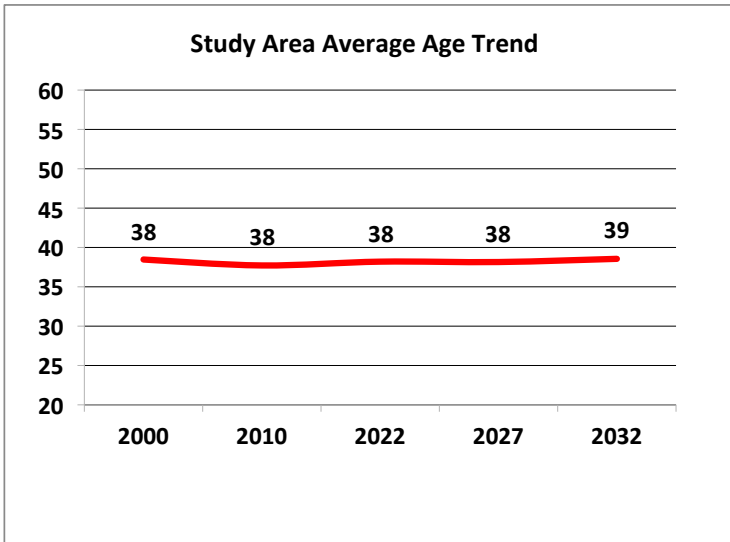
The Age Trend Insite explores two variables: Average age and Phase of Life.

**Average Age Trends provides five important snapshots of a community from five data points; the 2000 census, the last census, the current year estimate, the five-year projection and the ten year forecast. These five numbers will indicate the aging direction of a community.**

**The Phase of Life Trends breaks the population into seven life phases that the population passes through in its life time.**

## AGE

<i>Average Age Trends</i>	2000	2010	2022	2027	2032
<b>Average Age: Study Area</b>	<b>38.47</b>	<b>37.71</b>	<b>38.20</b>	<b>38.15</b>	<b>38.55</b>
Percent Change		-2.0%	1.3%	-0.1%	1.1%
<b>Average Age: SD</b>	<b>36.70</b>	<b>37.50</b>	<b>39.64</b>	<b>40.28</b>	<b>40.69</b>
Percent Change		2.2%	5.7%	1.6%	1.0%
Comparative Index	105	101	96	95	95
<b>Median Age: Study Area</b>	<b>34</b>	<b>31</b>	<b>34</b>	<b>35</b>	<b>36</b>



### Summary of Average Age Findings:

The Average Age Trend chart shows both history and projection of the change in average age in the study area. The average age of the study area is stable and relatively unchanging. It is projected to remain relatively the same over the next five years.

A comparison to the average age of the state helps to contextualize the significance of the average age of the study area and its history and projection. In the graph above, the study area and state are laid out side by side. The state's average age is estimated to be about the same as the study area.

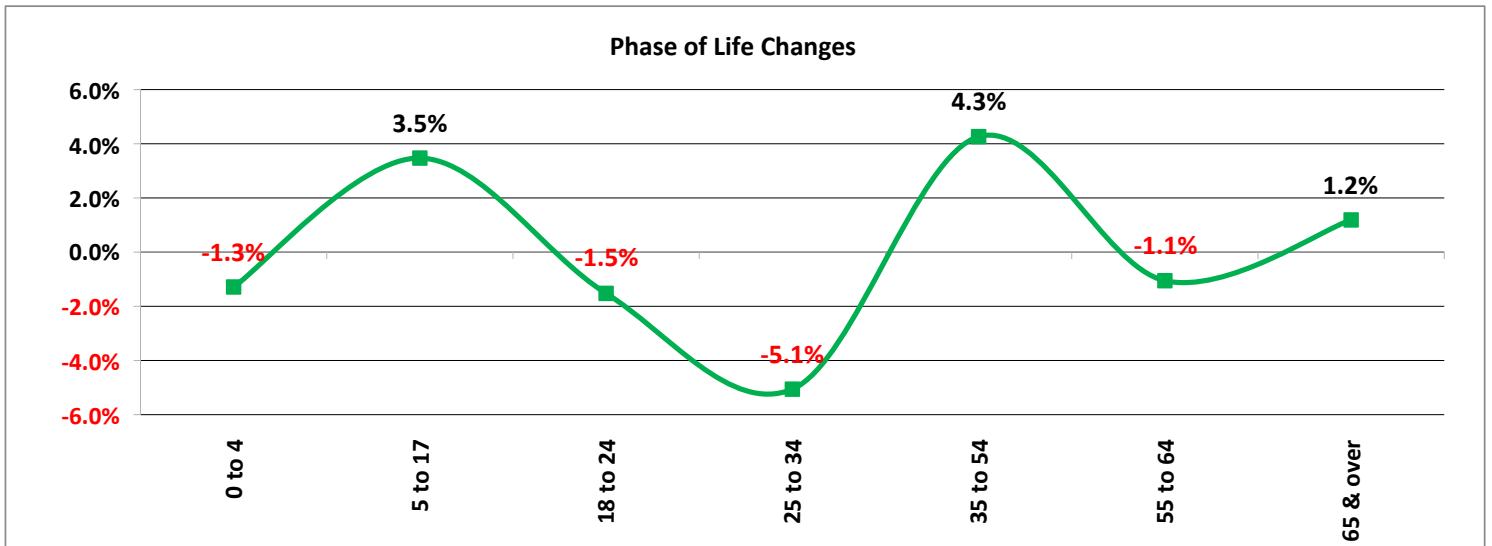
# INSITE #3: AGE TRENDS (continued)

## PHASE OF LIFE

The Phase of Life analysis provides insight into the age distribution of a population across the different stages of life experience. It can reveal a community in transition.

Pay special attention to the color codes of the Change column (far right below). It will immediately indicate which phases are increasing or decreasing as a percentage of the population.

Phase of Life	2010	2022	2027	2032	2010%	2022%	2027%	2032%	Estimated 10 Year %pt Change 2022 - 2032
<b>Before Formal Schooling</b>									
Ages 0 to 4	634	840	759	622	5.5%	7.3%	6.9%	6.0%	-1.3%
<b>Required Formal Schooling</b>									
Ages 5 to 17	1,276	1,684	1,810	1,877	11.0%	14.6%	16.4%	18.0%	3.5%
<b>College/Career Starts</b>									
Ages 18 to 24	2,693	1,594	1,624	1,276	23.2%	13.8%	14.7%	12.3%	-1.5%
<b>Singles &amp; Young Families</b>									
Ages 25 to 34	1,625	1,663	1,072	970	14.0%	14.4%	9.7%	9.3%	-5.1%
<b>Families &amp; Empty Nesters</b>									
Ages 35 to 54	2,250	2,648	2,852	2,827	19.4%	22.9%	25.9%	27.2%	4.3%
<b>Enrichment Years Sing/Couples</b>									
Ages 55 to 64	1,230	1,082	902	864	10.6%	9.4%	8.2%	8.3%	-1.1%
<b>Retirement Opportunities</b>									
Age 65 and over	1,892	2,057	2,000	1,975	16.3%	17.8%	18.2%	19.0%	1.2%



### Summary of Phase of Life Findings:

Phase of Life changes reflect the age profile of a community. On average, it takes 2.1 children per woman to replace both mother and father. If the percentage of the population under 20 is declining as a percentage of the total it is likely that the community will see an increase in the more senior aged population possibly due to a decline in birth rates.

In this study area children 17 years of age and younger are increasing as a percentage of the total population. Considering the other end of the phases of life, adults 55 years of age and older are increasing as a percentage of the total population.

In summary it may be that the community is experiencing some growth of children of school age.

# INSITE #4: SCHOOL AGED CHILDREN TRENDS

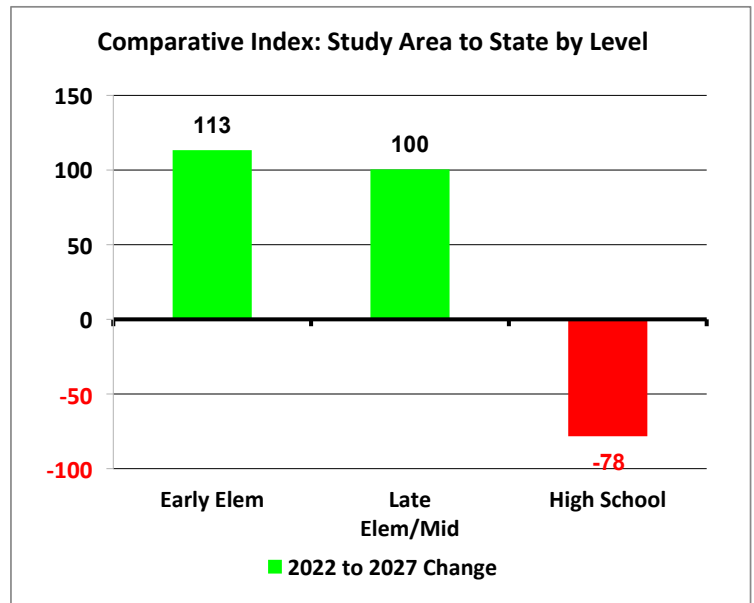
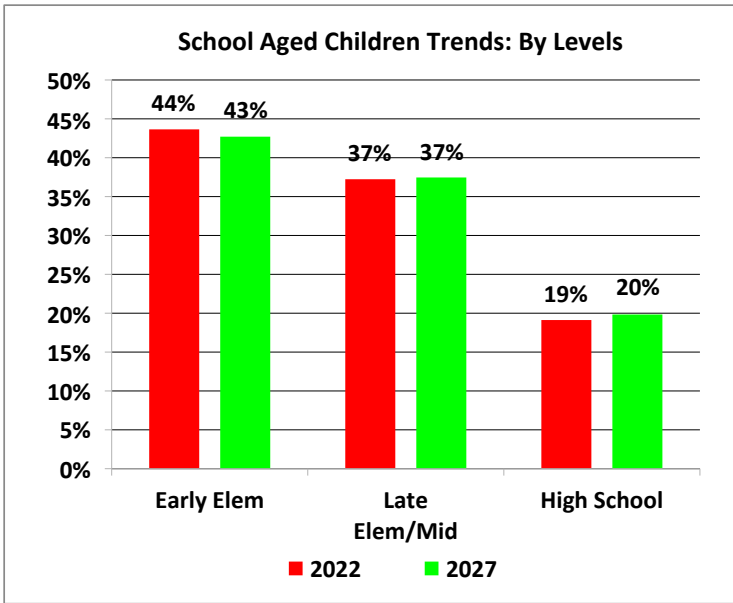
Children are the future! Understanding their specific population dynamics is critical for all planners of social and/or educational services. The “School Aged Children” variable is a subset of the “Required Formal Schooling” segment in the Phase of Life profile. It allows one to zoom in more closely on the children who are of formal schooling age.

The school aged population includes all school aged children including those enrolled in public and private schools, those home schooled and children in institutions.

The School Aged Children variable provides a snapshot of three levels of the population that comprise school age children. The three levels roughly correspond to the following.

- Elementary grades
- Intermediate/Middle School grades
- High School grades

School Aged Children	2010	2022	2027	2010%	2022%	2027%	Estimated 5 Year %pt Change 2022 - 2027
<b>Early Elementary</b>							
Ages 5 to 9	487	735	773	38.2%	43.6%	42.7%	-0.9%
<b>Late Elementary-Middle School</b>							
Ages 10 to 14	470	627	678	36.8%	37.2%	37.5%	0.2%
<b>High School</b>							
Ages 15 to 17	319	322	359	25.0%	19.1%	19.8%	0.7%



### Summary of School Aged Children Findings:

Early Elementary children ages 5 to 9 are projected to decline as a percentage of children between 5 and 17 by -0.9%.

Late Elementary to Middle School aged children ages 10 to 14 are increasing as a percentage of children between 5 and 17 by 0.2%.

High School aged children 15 to 17 are increasing as a percentage of children between 5 and 17 by 0.7%.

Overall, children are aging through, but not being replaced at the younger levels.

# INSITE #5: HOUSEHOLD AND FAMILY INCOME TRENDS

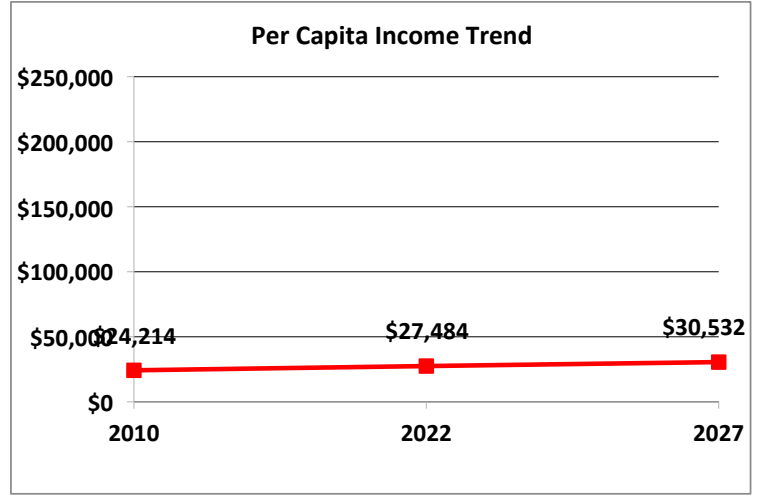
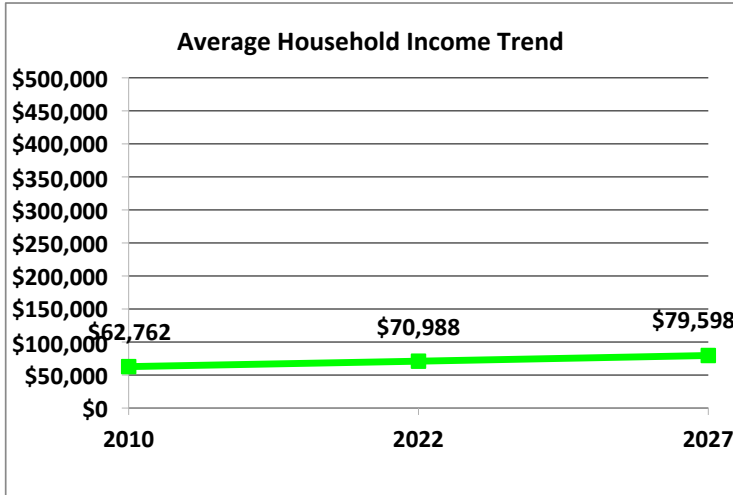
## AVERAGE HOUSEHOLD INCOME AND PER CAPITA INCOME

Average Household Income and Per Capita Income indicate the level of financial resources within a community. Average Household income reflects the average income for each household, whether family or non-family.

Per Capita Income is a measure of the average income of all persons within a household. For family households, this would include all children. It does not mean that each person actually contributes to the average income from work. It is calculated by dividing the aggregate household income by the population.

In this study area, the estimated current year average household income is \$70,988. The average household income is projected to grow by 12.1% to \$79,598.

The estimated per capita income for the current year is \$27,484. The Per Capita Income is projected to grow by 11.1% to \$30,532.



Income Trends	2010	2022	2027	2010%	2022%	2027%	Estimated 5 Year %pt Change 2022 - 2027
<b>Households</b>							
Less than \$10,000	326	251	176	7.3%	5.6%	4.2%	-1.4%
\$10,000 to \$14,999	215	267	157	4.8%	6.0%	3.7%	-2.2%
\$15,000 to \$24,999	583	354	248	13.0%	7.9%	5.9%	-2.0%
\$25,000 to \$34,999	495	605	392	11.1%	13.5%	9.3%	-4.2%
\$35,000 to \$49,999	865	584	681	19.3%	13.0%	16.1%	3.1%
\$50,000 to \$74,999	853	910	833	19.1%	20.3%	19.7%	-0.6%
\$75,000 to \$99,999	529	531	614	11.8%	11.9%	14.5%	2.7%
\$100,000 to \$149,999	316	593	688	7.1%	13.2%	16.3%	3.0%
\$150,000 to \$199,999	152	221	255	3.4%	4.9%	6.0%	1.1%
\$200,000 or more	142	163	183	3.2%	3.6%	4.3%	0.7%
<b>Totals</b>	<b>4,476</b>	<b>4,479</b>	<b>4,227</b>				

# INSITE #5: HOUSEHOLD AND FAMILY INCOME TRENDS (continued)

## FAMILY INCOME

Family income is a sub-set of household income. It excludes non-family households. Family households include two or more persons who are related and living in the same dwelling unit. Children are more likely to live in family households. Non-family households are households in which two or more persons live in the same dwelling unit but are unrelated.

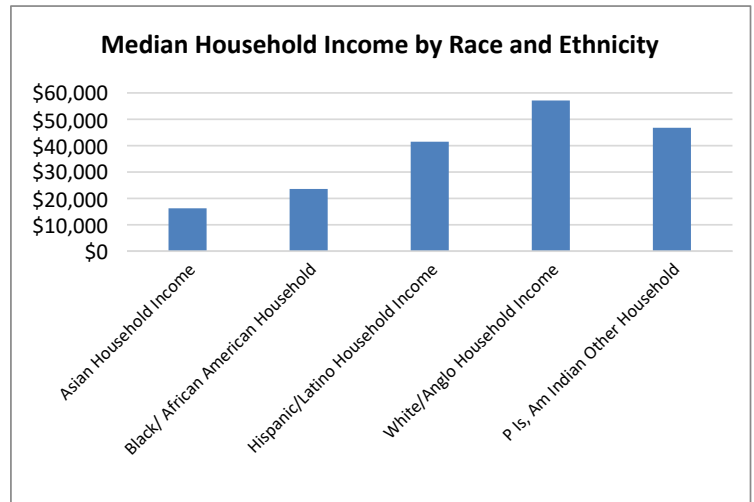
The number of families with annual incomes above \$100,000 is projected to decline over the next five years. For the current year, it is estimated that 28.0% of all family incomes exceed \$100,000 per year. In five years that number is projected to be 27.5%.

Income Trends	2022	2027	2022%	2027%	Estimated 5 Year %pt Change 2022 - 2027
<b>Families</b>					
Less than \$10,000	100	91	4.1%	4.1%	-0.09%
\$10,000 to \$14,999	55	47	2.3%	2.1%	-0.18%
\$15,000 to \$24,999	236	209	9.8%	9.3%	-0.46%
\$25,000 to \$34,999	242	262	10.0%	11.7%	1.65%
\$35,000 to \$49,999	255	235	10.6%	10.5%	-0.09%
\$50,000 to \$74,999	555	513	23.0%	22.9%	-0.13%
\$75,000 to \$99,999	295	269	12.2%	12.0%	-0.23%
\$100,000 to \$149,999	452	415	18.7%	18.5%	-0.23%
\$150,000-\$199,999	112	102	4.6%	4.5%	-0.09%
\$200,000 or more	111	100	4.6%	4.5%	-0.14%
<b>Totals</b>	<b>2,413</b>	<b>2,243</b>			

## MEDIAN INCOME BY RACE AND ETHNICITY

Median income by race and ethnicity is a subset of household income. Median income is that point where there are as many households with incomes greater than the median as there are households with incomes less than the median.

Median Income by Race and Ethnicity	2022
Asian Household Income	\$16,249
Black/ African American Household Income	\$23,586
Hispanic/Latino Household Income	\$41,499
White/Anglo Household Income	\$57,130
P Is, Am Indian Other Household Income	\$46,785
Average	\$37,050





## INSITE #6: HOUSEHOLDS AND CHILDREN TRENDS

Diversity of child rearing environments is increasing along with the many other types of growing diversity in the US. To understand this, we begin with the types of households that exist in a community. There are...

- family households with children under 18
- family households without children under 18

The concern of this analysis is family households with children under 18. Of the types of family households with children there are...

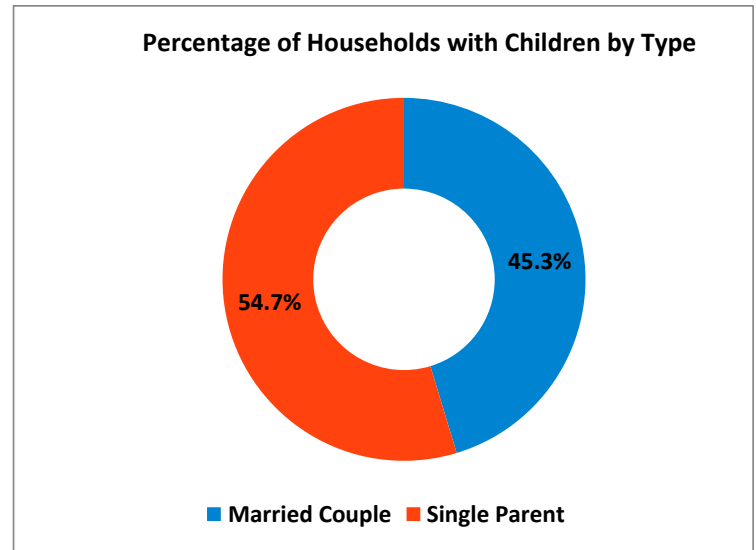
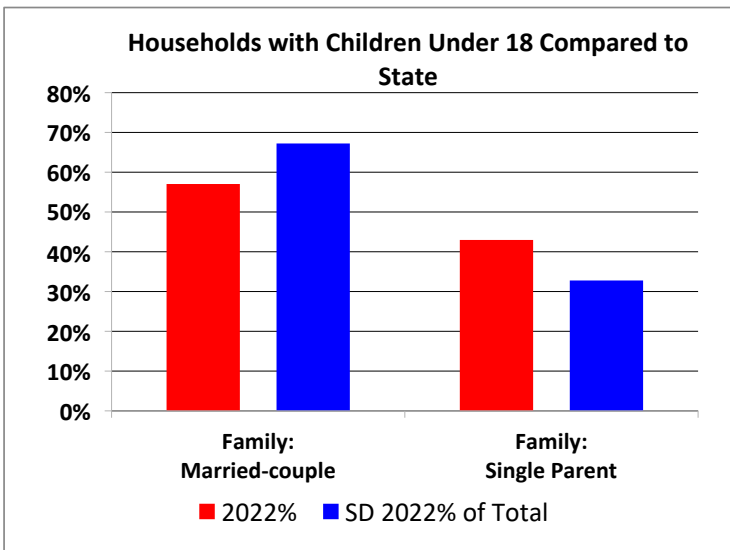
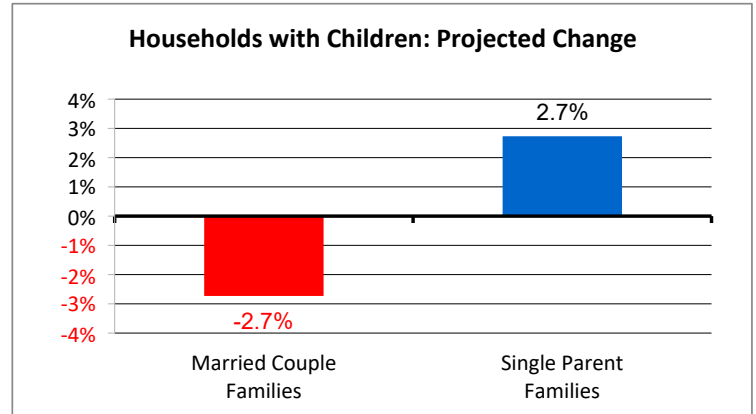
- Married couple families
- Single parent families (father or mother)

These two are reported for the study area in the table below.

Households	2010	2022	2027	2010%	2022%	2027%	Estimated 5 Year %pt Change 2022 - 2027
<b>Households with Children under 18</b>							
Married Couple	592	478	413	57.0%	45.3%	42.6%	-2.7%
Single Parent	446	577	557	43.0%	54.7%	57.4%	2.7%

Of the households with children under 18, married couple households are decreasing as a percentage while single parent households are increasing. The graph to the right illustrates this. Bars above the 0% point indicate a family type that is increasing while bars below 0% is decreasing. This provides "insite" into how family households and structures with children are changing in the study area.

A comparison to the state reveals to what extent this community is similar or dissimilar to the state as a whole. The study area's married couple households with children are dissimilar to the state's profile. The percentage of single parent households with children is greater than the state.



# INSITE #7: MARITAL STATUS TRENDS

## MARITAL STATUS BY TYPE

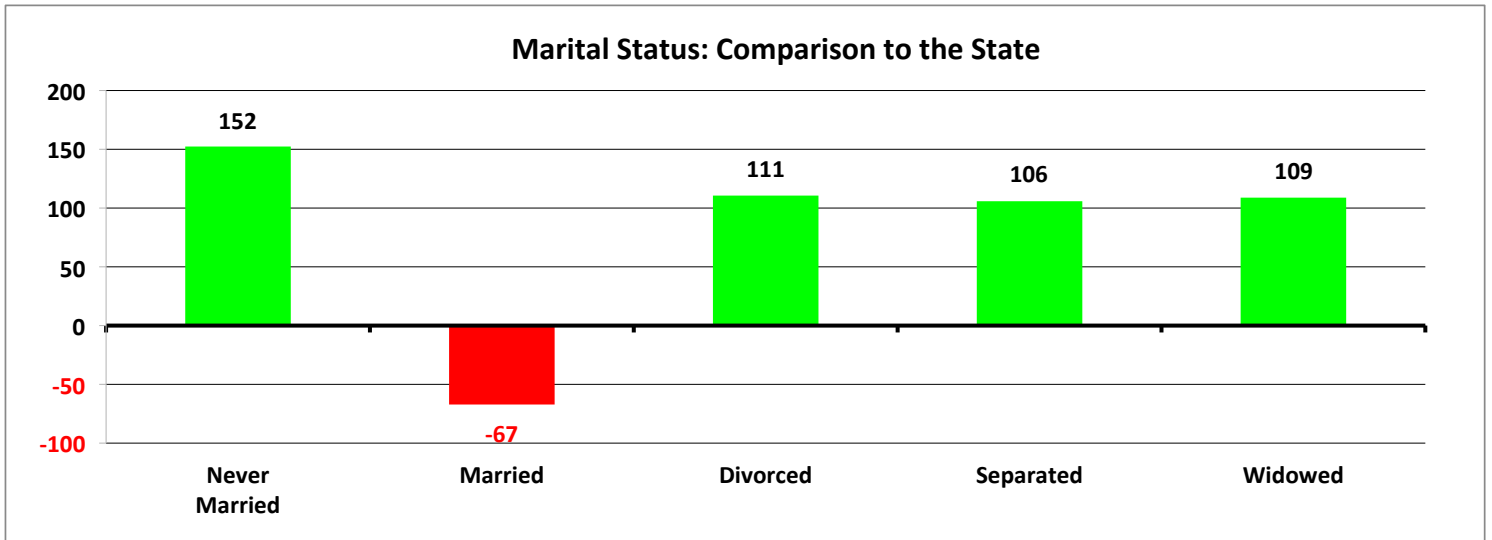
Population by Marital Status considers the number and percentage of persons 15 years of age and greater by their current marital status. Trend information as well as a comparison to the study area's state marital status types provide two different views of this social reality.

Marital types reported include..

- Never Married (Singles)
- Currently Married
- Divorced
- Separated
- Widowed

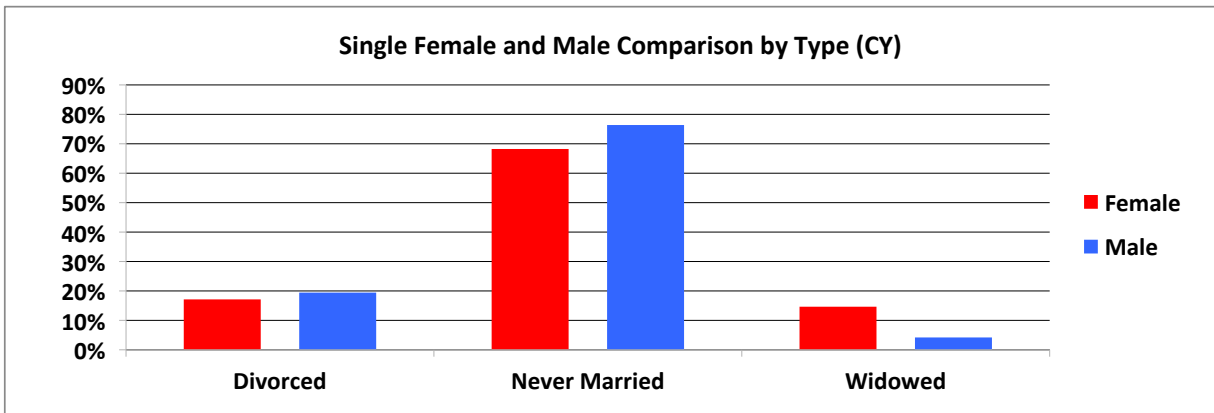
	2010	2022	2027	2010%	2022%	2027%	2010 to 2027 %pt Change
<b>Population by Marital Status: Age 15+</b>							
Never Married	3,785	4,265	3,979	37.5%	45.5%	45.2%	7.7%
Married	4,493	3,319	3,063	44.5%	35.4%	34.8%	-9.7%
Divorced	940	1,077	1,097	9.3%	11.5%	12.5%	3.1%
Separated	75	108	99	0.7%	1.2%	1.1%	0.4%
Widowed	808	599	573	8.0%	6.4%	6.5%	-1.5%

In this community, the current year estimate of marital status reveals a community of adults less likely to be married than the state average for adults. The percentage single, never married in the study area is higher than the state average for adults 15 years and older. Divorce is more prevalent than the state wide average.



Women 15 years and older are less likely to be divorced than men.

Women 15 years and older are more likely to be widowed than men.



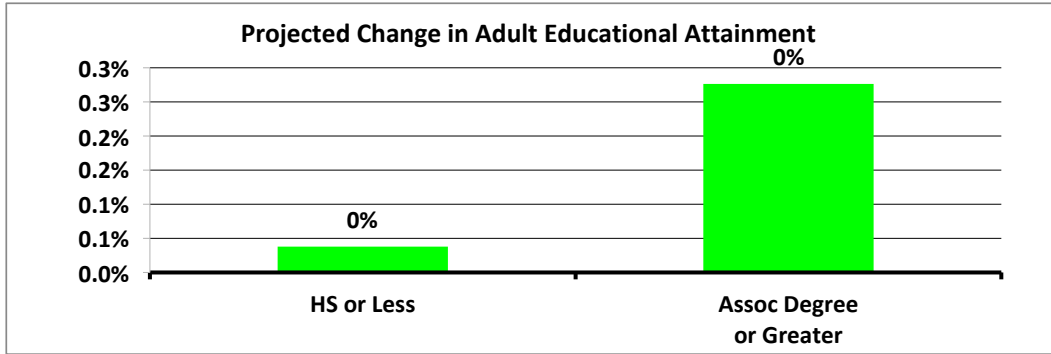
## INSITE #8: ADULT EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT

The level of educational attainment of a community's adult population is an important indicator of its opportunities and challenges. This analysis will look at the Adult Educational Attainment from three perspectives.

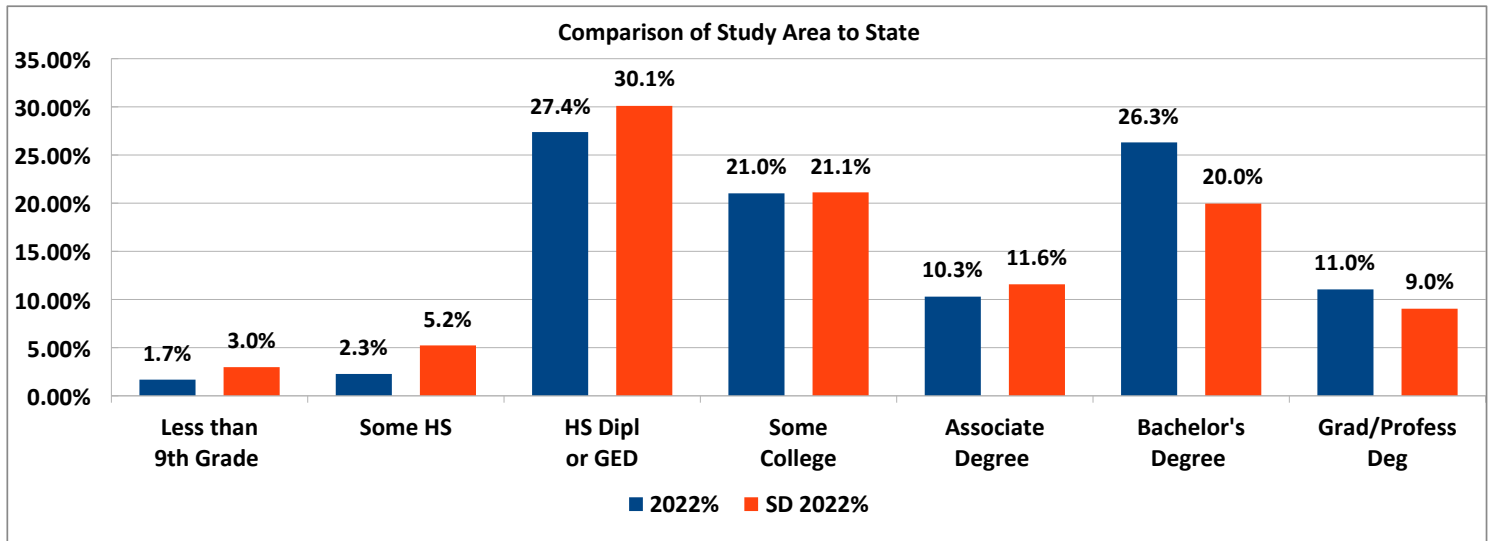
First, it looks to see if the level of educational attainment for adults is rising or not. Second, it compares the level of attainment to that of the state of SD. (If this is a state report, the comparison will be to itself.) Finally, the table provides the percentages from 2010.

### EDUCATIONAL LEVEL ATTAINMENT CHANGE

The educational attainment level of adults has been rising over the past few years. It is projected to rise over the next five years by 0.3%.



### EDUCATIONAL LEVEL COMPARED TO THE STATE



	2010	2022	2027	SD 2022%	2022 Study Area-State Comp Index
<b>Population by Educational Attainment: 25+</b>					
Less than 9th Grade	3.3%	1.7%	1.7%	3.0%	56
Some HS	4.1%	2.3%	2.3%	5.2%	43
HS Dipl or GED	26.0%	27.4%	27.2%	30.1%	91
Some College	20.5%	21.0%	20.9%	21.1%	100
Associate Degree	7.2%	10.3%	10.3%	11.6%	89
Bachelor's Degree	25.4%	26.3%	26.7%	20.0%	132
Grad/Profess Deg	13.5%	11.0%	10.9%	9.0%	122

The overall educational attainment of the adults in this community is greater than the state.

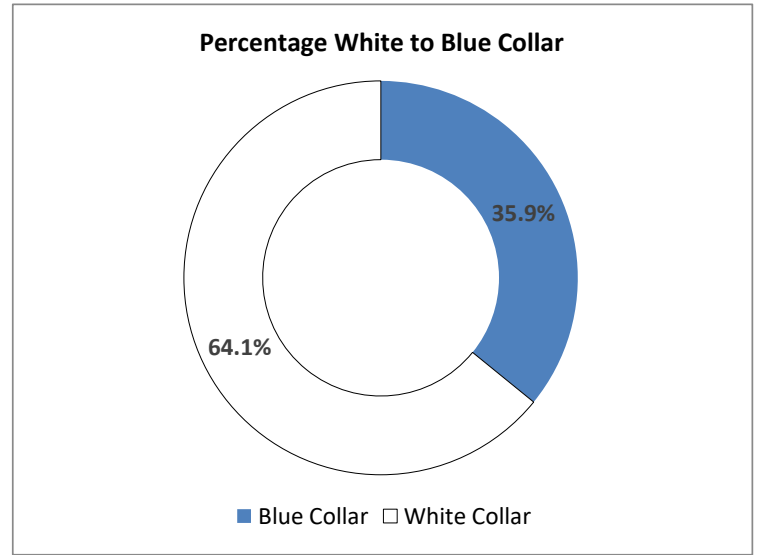
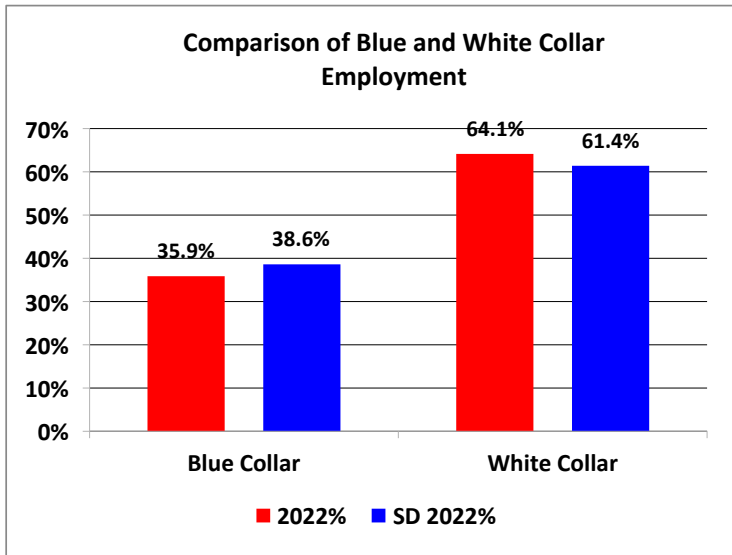
## INSITE #9: POPULATION BY EMPLOYMENT

Like educational attainment, an analysis of a community by its employment types and categories provides an important “insite” into its socio-economics. This analysis looks at two factors.

First is a report of the employed population 16 and over by the traditional “blue collar” and “white collar” occupations and compares these to the state. Second, it looks at the community by the seven standard census bureau occupations and compares them to the state.

### EMPLOYED POPULATION: BLUE COLLAR OR WHITE COLLAR

On the chart to the left, the study area is compared to the state of SD. This study area is close to the state average for White Collar workers. It is close to the state average for Blue Collar workers.



### EMPLOYED CIVILIAN POPULATION BY OCCUPATION

	2022	SD 2022	Comp. Index	Interpretation
<b>Employed Civilian Pop 16+ by Occupation</b>				
Bldg Maintenance & Cleaning	3.5%	3.8%	92	At about the state average.
Construction	8.1%	8.9%	90	At about the state average.
Farming, Fishing, & Forestry	0.2%	1.7%	13	Well below the state average.
Food Preparation Serving	7.8%	5.7%	137	Well above the state average.
Healthcare Support	3.0%	3.1%	98	At about the state average.
Managerial Executive	10.8%	16.3%	66	Well below the state average.
Office Admin	15.4%	11.9%	129	Well above the state average.
Personal Care	3.2%	3.0%	106	At about the state average.
Production Transportation	11.9%	13.8%	86	Well below the state average.
Prof Specialty	23.0%	20.3%	113	Well above the state average.
Protective	1.2%	1.6%	73	Well below the state average.
Sales	12.0%	9.8%	122	Well above the state average.

## INSITE #10: MOSAIC Segments

Mosaic is a geo-demographic segmentation system developed by and for marketers. Instead of looking at individual demographic variables, a segmentation system clusters households into groups with multiple common characteristics. Demographic variables that generally cluster together would include income, educational levels, presence of children and occupations among others.

This database is developed by Experian. Some find the information helpful because it presents a multi-dimensional view of a community.

In the report below, the top 15 Mosaic Segments of the study area are provided. (If less than 15, rows will be blank.)

**NOTE: For a full description please see the DI Demographic Segment Guide (Mosaic) under the Help menu on the Documents gallery.**

	2022	2022%	State %	Comp Index	Relative to the SD State Ave.
<b>Mosaic Segments</b>					
O53 Singles and Starters - Colleges and Cafes	465	10.4%	1.6%	665	Well above the state average
J34 Autumn Years - Suburban Sophisticates	463	10.4%	3.9%	267	Well above the state average
O51 Singles and Starters - Digitally Savvy	402	9.0%	4.8%	189	Well above the state average
L42 Blue Sky Boomers - Rooted Flower Power	361	8.1%	3.0%	273	Well above the state average
K40 Significant Singles - Bohemian Groove	333	7.5%	2.6%	286	Well above the state average
E20 Thriving Boomers - No Place Like Home	292	6.6%	3.9%	170	Well above the state average
B09 Flourishing Families - Family Fun-tastic	284	6.4%	1.7%	382	Well above the state average
Q64 Golden Year Guardians - Established in Society	201	4.5%	5.8%	78	Somewhat below the state average
Q65 Golden Year Guardians - Mature and Wise	162	3.6%	2.7%	136	Well above the state average
I31 Family Union - Hard Working Values	158	3.5%	1.2%	304	Well above the state average
C11 Booming with Confidence - Sophisticated City Dwellers	149	3.3%	3.1%	107	About average for the state
G24 Young City Solos - Ambitious Singles	149	3.3%	0.4%	832	Well above the state average
Q62 Golden Year Guardians - Enjoying Retirement	129	2.9%	1.9%	155	Well above the state average
O54 Singles and Starters - Influenced by Influencers	103	2.3%	1.7%	140	Well above the state average
A02 Power Elite - Platinum Prosperity	85	1.9%	1.2%	158	Well above the state average

### Learn about your Mosaic Households

#### To access Mosaic Portrait data click on:

[Mosaic USA E-Handbook by Experian](#) (To open in a new Tab hold Control key when you click on the link)

Handbook includes Mosaic Overview and two graphic pages for each of the 19 Groups and 71 Segments.

[How to Read and Understand a Mosaic Portrait - Video](#)

[Understanding Mosaic Portraits for Mission Planning - Video](#)

Faith based clients: To access the Mosaic application guide click on:

[Mission Impact Mosaic Application Guide by Bandy](#) (To open in a new Tab hold Control key when you click on the link)

# INSITE #11: GENERATIONS

A powerful way to envision demographics is by following a generation through its phases of life. This is because there are, in a general sense, common life experiences at each phase of life. But even more interesting is to understand a generational cohort group that has a unique sense of belonging to others born and coming of age together. More than mere age bracketing, a generation develops a sense of identity as a group based upon their coming of age experiences—how they were parented and major world defining events, such as 9/11. Using the Strauss and Howe model of generations one is able to see a more three-dimensional view of a generational group, bringing mere age demographics to life.

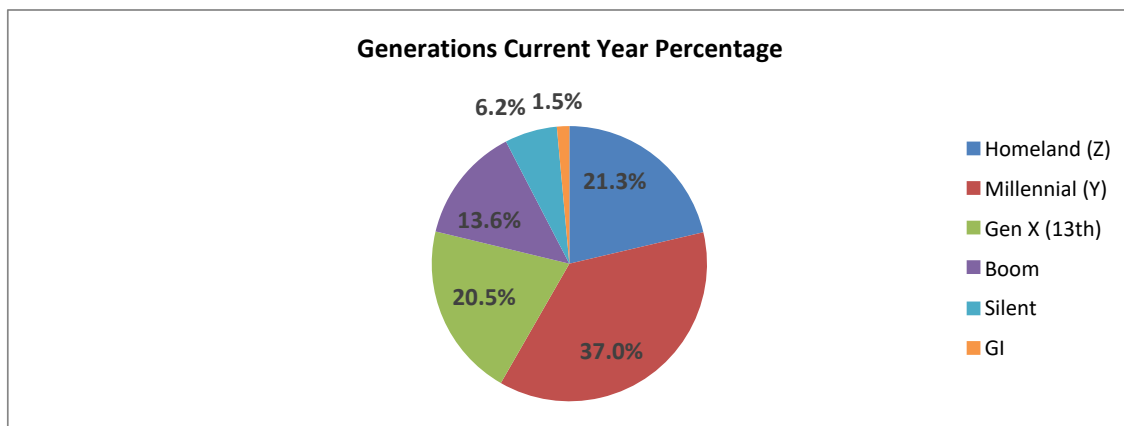
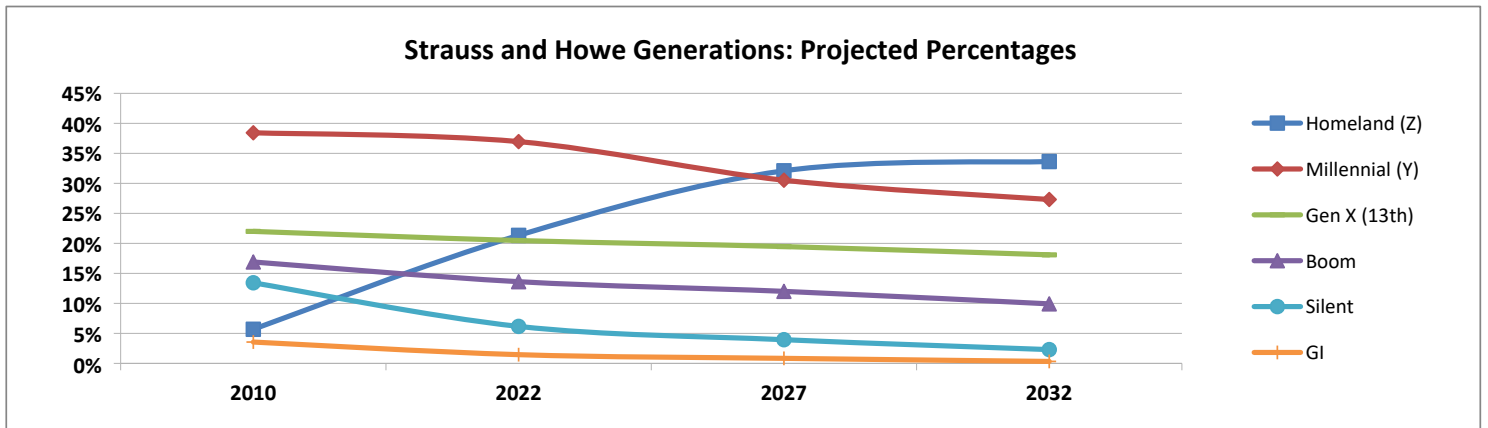
According to the Strauss and Howe model, members of a generation share three qualities. \*

- An age location in history
- Some common beliefs and behaviors, including basic attitudes about risk taking, culture and values, civic engagement, and family life
- A common perceived membership in a generation, e.g., Boomers, Gen X, Millennials etc.

(\* <http://www.lifecourse.com/about/method/phases.html>)

Name	S & H Type	Initial Birth	Final Birth	2010		2022		2027		2032	
Homeland (Z) Artist		2005	2025	633	5.7%	2,406	21.3%	3,451	32.5%	3,665	36.7%
Millennial (Y) Hero		1982	2004	4,279	38.4%	4,168	37.0%	3,283	30.9%	2,976	29.8%
Gen X (13th) Nomad		1961	1981	2,450	22.0%	2,309	20.5%	2,094	19.7%	1,971	19.7%
Boom Prophet		1946	1960	1,882	16.9%	1,536	13.6%	1,291	12.1%	1,081	10.8%
Silent Artist		1925	1945	1,496	13.4%	695	6.2%	425	4.0%	250	2.5%
GI Hero		1901	1924	396	3.6%	164	1.5%	90	0.9%	36	0.4%
<b>Totals:</b>				<b>11,136</b>	<b>100.0%</b>	<b>11,278</b>	<b>100%</b>	<b>10,634</b>	<b>100%</b>	<b>9,979</b>	<b>100.0%</b>

[For more information on Generational types, click here](#)



## INSITE #12: RELIGIOUS PROGRAM OR MINISTRY PREFERENCES

This information is from the 2021 American Beliefs Study. You can view more results in the ReligiousInsite, ReligiousInsite Priorities, MinistryInsite, or MinistryInsite Priorities reports.

	Study Area		US Average		Comparative Index	
	Modestly Important	Very Important	Modestly Important	Very Important	Modestly Important	Very Important
<b>Personal Growth</b>	<b>35.3%</b>	<b>7.7%</b>	<b>34.9%</b>	<b>8.4%</b>	<b>101</b>	<b>91</b>
Addiction support groups	28.8%	6.3%	27.9%	7.4%	103	85
Health/weight loss programs	26.8%	3.8%	27.4%	4.7%	98	82
Membership and leadership training	35.8%	5.8%	34.3%	6.9%	105	85
Opportunities to develop personal relationships	48.6%	17.2%	48.8%	17.1%	100	101
Practical training seminars (money management, computer skills, etc.)	36.3%	5.3%	36.4%	6.0%	100	89
<b>Family Support and Intervention Services</b>	<b>35.4%</b>	<b>8.5%</b>	<b>33.6%</b>	<b>9.2%</b>	<b>105</b>	<b>93</b>
Daycare/After-School Programs	22.6%	4.8%	20.9%	5.6%	108	85
Crisis support groups	41.4%	9.8%	40.6%	10.2%	102	96
Family oriented activities	43.5%	15.5%	40.9%	15.7%	106	99
Marriage enrichment	35.7%	7.7%	33.4%	8.4%	107	92
Parenting development	27.9%	6.0%	26.5%	6.5%	105	93
Personal/family counseling	41.4%	7.3%	39.2%	8.6%	106	85
<b>Community Involvement and Advocacy Programs</b>	<b>45.3%</b>	<b>11.3%</b>	<b>43.3%</b>	<b>11.5%</b>	<b>105</b>	<b>98</b>
Adult social activities	57.0%	10.1%	52.6%	11.6%	108	87
Involvement in social causes	46.0%	13.7%	46.2%	12.7%	100	108
Mission trips and global outreach	33.4%	6.7%	30.8%	7.7%	108	86
Opportunities for volunteering in the community	51.8%	14.9%	49.5%	14.6%	105	102
Social justice advocacy work	38.7%	11.0%	37.5%	10.9%	103	102
<b>Community Activities or Cultural Programs</b>	<b>42.0%</b>	<b>9.7%</b>	<b>40.2%</b>	<b>10.3%</b>	<b>105</b>	<b>94</b>
Cultural programs (music, drama, art)	44.3%	7.8%	43.8%	8.9%	101	87
Holiday programs/activities	53.8%	14.2%	50.5%	14.9%	106	95
Seniors/retiree activities	45.9%	12.2%	45.0%	13.8%	102	88
Singles or college-age groups	26.2%	6.6%	25.6%	6.3%	103	106
Size of church congregation	44.6%	6.1%	40.8%	6.8%	109	90
Small groups (i.e., life groups, personal interest groups)	47.9%	10.3%	46.7%	10.7%	103	96
Youth social activities	31.4%	10.9%	28.9%	10.8%	109	101
<b>Religious/Spiritual Programs</b>	<b>38.5%</b>	<b>20.5%</b>	<b>36.4%</b>	<b>20.0%</b>	<b>106</b>	<b>103</b>
Bible or Scripture study/prayer groups	35.2%	13.6%	32.3%	14.9%	109	92
Celebration of sacraments	35.5%	23.3%	32.3%	21.2%	110	110
Contemporary worship experiences	42.5%	11.3%	40.3%	11.1%	106	102
Online or virtual worship experiences	38.8%	11.9%	36.8%	11.1%	105	107
Quality sermons	39.7%	34.4%	36.3%	33.3%	109	103
Religious education for children	28.8%	17.8%	27.5%	17.1%	105	104
Spiritual discussion groups	41.9%	10.1%	38.9%	11.1%	108	91
Traditional worship experiences	41.2%	24.2%	39.1%	24.3%	105	100
Warm and friendly encounters	43.2%	38.4%	44.1%	35.8%	98	107

# Supporting Information

## Interpreting the Report

The ExecutiveInsite report is designed for easy reading. But there are several tools provided in the tables that make this easier.

**Change over time:** Several trend tables have a column indicating a change over time. Generally these tables begin with the last census, include the current year estimate, a five year projection and if available, a 10 year forecast. The data in each cell represents a percentage change up or down.

**Color Coding:** Both the "Change over Time" and "Comparative Indexes" columns are color coded to easily spot any change and the direction of that change.

Change:	Increasing	Stable	Declining
Index:	Above Ave	Ave	Below Ave.

## Variable Definitions

Full variable definitions can be found in the MI Demographic Reference Guide. Download it free from the Help/Documents menu located on the map screen of your

[Click to download the ExecutiveInsite Worksheet. To open it in a new tab, press Ctrl when you click.](#)

**Indexes:** Some variables will have a column called "Comparative Index." An index is an easy way to compare a study area with a larger area. For this report, all comparisons are with the state or states within which the study area falls. The indexes can be interpreted as follows.

- Indexes of 100 mean the study area variable is the same as its base area.
- Indexes greater than 100 mean the study area variable is above the base area. The higher the number, the greater it is above the base.
- Indexes less than 100 mean the study area variable is below the base area. The lower the number, the greater it is below the base.

## Support

If you need support with this report, please email MissionInsite at [misupport@missioninsite.com](mailto:misupport@missioninsite.com).