# **PURINA® ACCURATION BALANCER® 26**

SUPPLEMENT FOR FEEDLOT CATTLE

## What It Is...

A supplement for mixing with coarse cracked corn or shelled corn and by-product ingredients for finishing cattle weighing over 650 lb or dairy beef steers weighing over 400 lb that is formulated to provide intake modifying properties to the complete ration..

# **Available As:**

| Product |                   | Bag/ | Size       | Feeding  |
|---------|-------------------|------|------------|----------|
| Code    | Options           | Bulk | Diameter   | Rate     |
| 0040069 | R267 T110         | Bag  | 5/32-11/64 | 1.1-1.6  |
| 0040070 | R267 T110         | Bulk | 5/32-11/64 | 1.1-1.6  |
| 0040071 | R267 T110         | Tote | 5/32-11/64 | 1.25-1.6 |
| 0040068 | R267 T110 MA 0.2  | Bulk | 5/32-11/64 | 1.25-1.6 |
| 0040065 | R267 T110 MA 0.25 | Bag  | 5/32-11/64 | 1.25-1.6 |
| 0040067 | R267 T110 MA 0.25 | Bulk | 5/32-11/64 | 1.25-1.6 |
| 0040072 | B300 AU350        | Bulk | 5/32-11/64 | 2        |
| 0040073 | B300 AU350        | Tote | 5/32-11/64 | 2        |

| Features   | Benefits  |  |
|--|---|--|
| Contains protein, vitamins and minerals                  | Balances nutrient deficiencies in corn and by product-<br>based ration to improve gains and feed efficiency   |  |
| Formulated using proprietary intake modifying technology | Regulates number and size of meals which improves feed efficiency and reduces digestive and metabolic problems in finishing cattle including bloat, acidosis and founder. |  |
|  | Reduces need for roughage in ration which improves feed efficiency, reduces storage and handling costs as well as decreasing manure production                            |  |
| Drug options available                                   | Increase gains and feed efficiency  |  |

# **PURINA® ACCURATION BALANCER® 26 R267 T110**

### SUPPLEMENT FOR FEEDLOT CATTLE

For improved feed efficiency. For reduction of incidence of liver abscesses in beef cattle caused by fusobacterium necrophorum and corynebacterium.

### **ACTIVE DRUG INGREDIENTS:**

| Monensin (as Monensin Sodiun   | n)267.0 G/T |
|--------------------------------|-------------|
| Tylosin (as Tylosin Phosphate) | 110.0 G/T   |

# CAUTION: USE ONLY AS DIRECTED INTENDED FOR FEEDING BEEF CATTLE ONLY

### **GUARANTEED ANALYSIS**

| Crude Protein (min.)  | 26.0% |
|---|-------|
| This includes no more than 17% equivalent crude protein from non-protein nitrogen |       |
| Crude Fat (min.)  | 2.0%  |
| Crude Fiber (max.).   |       |
| Calcium (Ca) (min.)   | 6.0%  |
| Calcium (Ca), max.  | 7.0%  |
| Phosphorus (P) (min.)   | 0.5%  |
| Salt (NaCl) (min.)  | 2.5%  |
| Salt (NaCl) (max.)  | 3.5%  |
| Potassium (K) (min.)  | 2.0%  |
| Vitamin A (min.)  |       |

### **MIXING DIRECTIONS:**

Thoroughly mix 170 pounds of this product with 1830 pounds of good quality air dry coarse cracked or whole shelled corn and/or byproducts to yield a final mixed ration containing 9.35 grams/ton tylosin and 22.7 grams/ton monensin.

## **FEEDING DIRECTIONS**

Feed this final mix continuously as the sole ration to finishing beef cattle weighing 650 pounds or more or dairybeef steers weighing 400 pounds or more at the rate of 19.25 pounds per head per day to provide 218 mg. monensin and 90 mg. tylosin per head per day. No additional improvement in feed efficiency has been shown from feeding monensin at levels greater than 30 g/ton (360 mg monensin per head per day).

#### LIMITATIONS FOR USE:

Feed only to cattle being fed in confinement for slaughter.

### IMPORTANT:

This product is to be fed only to the animal species as directed on this label. Follow these management practices:

- 1. Cracked corn should be processed in a manner to minimize the creation of fines.
- 2. Whole shelled corn should be at least of #2 corn quality.
- 3. Storage and handling of supplement should be managed to eliminate the unnecessary production of fines.
- 4. Do not allow complete ration fines to build up in the feed bunk or bulk feeder.
- 5. Proper adaptation procedures to the complete ration should be followed.
- 6. When making a ration change, allow 7-10 days for animals to adjust to the new ration.
- 7. Provide a source of fresh, clean water at all times.
- 8. Provide adequate bunk space for each animal. Bunks should be well protected and well managed to prevent feed from becoming wet and molding.
- 9. When fed from a self-feeder, adjust feeder to minimize quantity of feed accumulating in trough.
- 10. Cattle should be vaccinated against enterotoxemia.
- 11. Consult your veterinarian for recommended health program for your local area.
- 12. Have feed before cattle at all times.