1* Do you agree or disagree with the following statement: The health care system is rigged because insurance companies and government bureaucrats work together in ways that raise prices and harm patients.

- 32% Strongly Agree 47% Somewhat Agree
- 16% Somewhat Disagree
- 5% Strongly Disagree
- 2* Okay... do you agree or disagree with this statement: The key to fixing health care in the U.S. is putting patients in charge of their own health care decisions.
 - 23% Strongly Agree
 - 31% Somewhat Agree
 - 16% Somewhat Disagree
 - 7% Strongly Disagree
 - 13% Not Sure
- 3* In order to cover more people under health programs, changes are being considered that would increase government control over health care in the U.S. Generally speaking, is it a good idea or a bad idea to give government agencies more control over the U.S. health care system?
 - 24% A good idea
 - 44% A bad idea
 - 32% Not Sure
- 4* Some believe that giving government more control over health care will reduce the ability of patients to make health care decisions for themselves. Would you prefer a policy that covers more people by giving government more control over health care or a policy that gives patients more control over their own health care decisions?
 - 28% A policy that covers more people
 - 55% A policy that gives patients more control
 - 17% Not Sure
- 5* Should the cost of all health care services, procedures, and medications be made available in advance to customers?

86% Yes4% No10% Not Sure

- 6* Health care providers say it is important to keep the cost of health care services, procedures, and medications private so that they can negotiate deals with insurance companies. The insurance companies then bundle the services for their customers and believe it saves customers money in the long run. Would you prefer a system that offers bundled services where you cannot know prices in advance, or a system that requires the cost of all health services to be disclosed in advance?
 - 16% A system that offers bundled services
 - 67% A system that requires the cost of all health services to be disclosed in advance
 - 17% Not Sure
- 7* Suppose you had a choice between a plan that would lower your insurance costs but restrict your options for care and a plan that would cost a bit more but increase your personal options when seeking care. Which plan would you prefer?
 - 27% The plan with lower costs but restricted options for care
 - 48% The plan with higher costs with increased personal options for seeking care
 - 25% Not Sure
- 8* When it comes to health care for yourself and your family, which is most important to you?
 - 47% Affordable insurance
 - 25% Lots of options when you need care
 - 28% Being able to compare costs for services and medications when you need care

9* When it comes to health care for people outside your family, which is most important to you?

- 54% Making sure everyone has affordable health insurance
 21% Making sure patients have lots of options when they need care
 26% Letting people compare costs for services and medications when they need care
- 10* Should every working American have a choice between more comprehensive insurance coverage and less take home pay or less comprehensive insurance and more take home pay?
 - 63% Yes 6% No
 - 31% Not Sure
- 11* [Asked only of those who are currently working] Suppose you had a choice between more comprehensive insurance coverage and less take home pay or less comprehensive insurance and more take home pay. Which would you choose?
 - 45% More comprehensive insurance coverage and less take home pay
 - 34% Less comprehensive insurance coverage and more take home pay
 - 21% Not Sure

Sample Demographics

		Unweighted	Weighted
GENDER	Men	44%	47%
	Women	56%	53%
AGE	18-34	30%	24%
	35-54	34%	33%
	55+	36%	43%
RACE	White	68%	71%
	Black	14%	12%
	Hispanic	8%	11%
	Other	10%	6%
PARTY	Republican	32%	32%
	Democrat	36%	37%
	Other	32%	31%

Methodology

The survey of 1,200 Registered Voters was conducted by Scott Rasmussen using a mixed mode approach from August 6-8, 2020. Field work for the survey was conducted by RMG Research, Inc. Most respondents were contacted online or via text while 109 were contacted using automated phone polling techniques. Certain quotas were applied to the overall sample and lightly weighted by geography, gender, age, race, education, and political party to reasonably reflect the nation's population of Registered Voters. Other variables were reviewed to ensure that the final sample is representative of that population.