A set is a collection of things.

Set A is a set of multiples of 2 that are less than 17.

set
$$A = \{2, 4, 6, 8, 10, 12, 14, 16\}$$

Set B is a set of multiples of 3 that are less than 17.

set
$$B = \{3, 6, 9, 12, 15\}$$

The individual entries of the set are called elements.

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The Union of two sets is the set containing the elements that are in either set or both sets.

$$set C = set A \cup set B$$

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The Intersection of two sets is the set containing the common elements of the two sets.

$$set D = set A \cap set B$$
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