

Trigonometric Signs in Different Quadrants

Let θ be an angle in standard position and $P(x,y)$ lie on the terminal side of θ and on the circle $x^2 + y^2 = r^2$, then...

$$\sin \theta = \frac{y}{r}$$

$$\csc \theta = \frac{r}{y} \quad y \neq 0$$

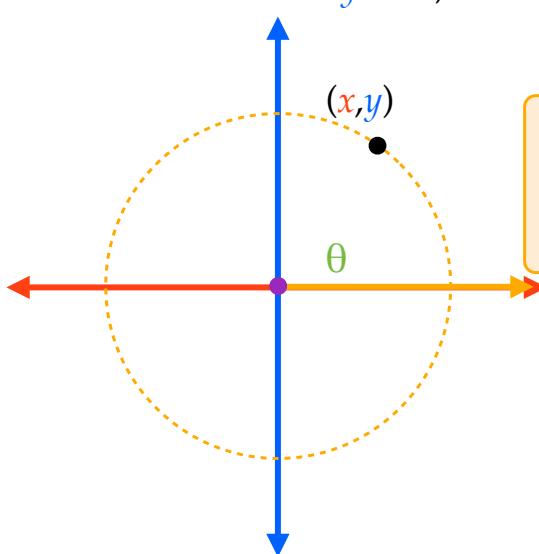
$$\cos \theta = \frac{x}{r}$$

$$\sec \theta = \frac{r}{x} \quad x \neq 0$$

$$\tan \theta = \frac{y}{x} \quad x \neq 0$$

$$\cot \theta = \frac{x}{y} \quad y \neq 0$$

Let θ be an angle in standard position and $P(x,y)$ lie on the terminal side of θ and on the circle $x^2 + y^2 = r^2$, then...



Quadrant 1

$$x > 0, y > 0$$

$\sin \theta > 0$	$\csc \theta > 0$
$\cos \theta > 0$	$\sec \theta > 0$
$\tan \theta > 0$	$\cot \theta > 0$

Let θ be an angle in standard position and $P(x,y)$ lie on the terminal side of θ and on the circle $x^2 + y^2 = r^2$, then...

Quadrant 2

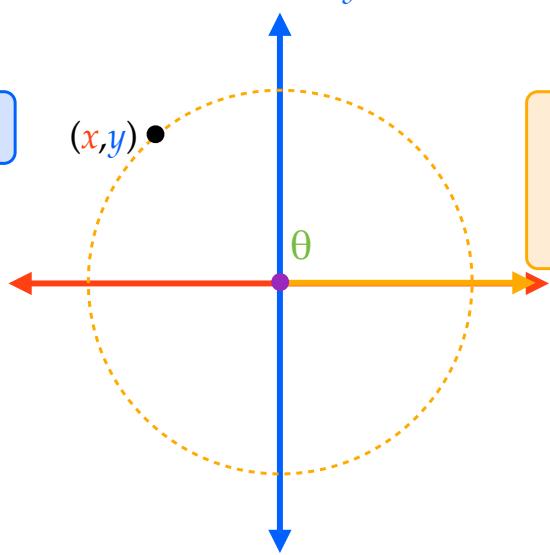
$$x < 0, y > 0$$

$\sin \theta > 0$	$\csc \theta > 0$
$\cos \theta < 0$	$\sec \theta < 0$
$\tan \theta < 0$	$\cot \theta < 0$

Quadrant 1

$$x > 0, y > 0$$

$\sin \theta > 0$	$\csc \theta > 0$
$\cos \theta > 0$	$\sec \theta > 0$
$\tan \theta > 0$	$\cot \theta > 0$



Let θ be an angle in standard position and $P(x,y)$ lie on the terminal side of θ and on the circle $x^2 + y^2 = r^2$, then...

Quadrant 2

$$x < 0, y > 0$$

$\sin \theta > 0$	$\csc \theta > 0$
$\cos \theta < 0$	$\sec \theta < 0$
$\tan \theta < 0$	$\cot \theta < 0$

Quadrant 1

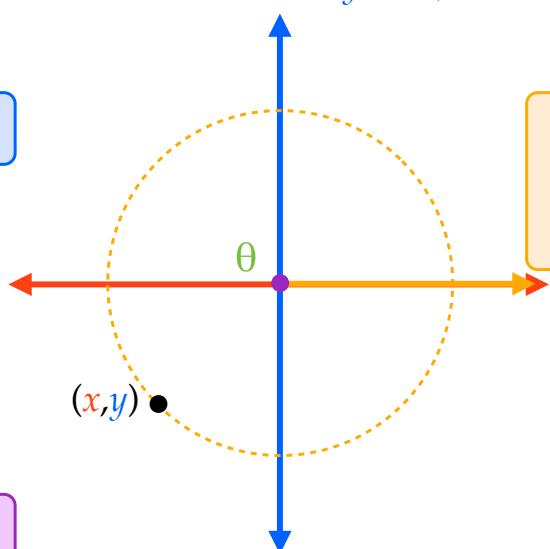
$$x > 0, y > 0$$

$\sin \theta > 0$	$\csc \theta > 0$
$\cos \theta > 0$	$\sec \theta > 0$
$\tan \theta > 0$	$\cot \theta > 0$

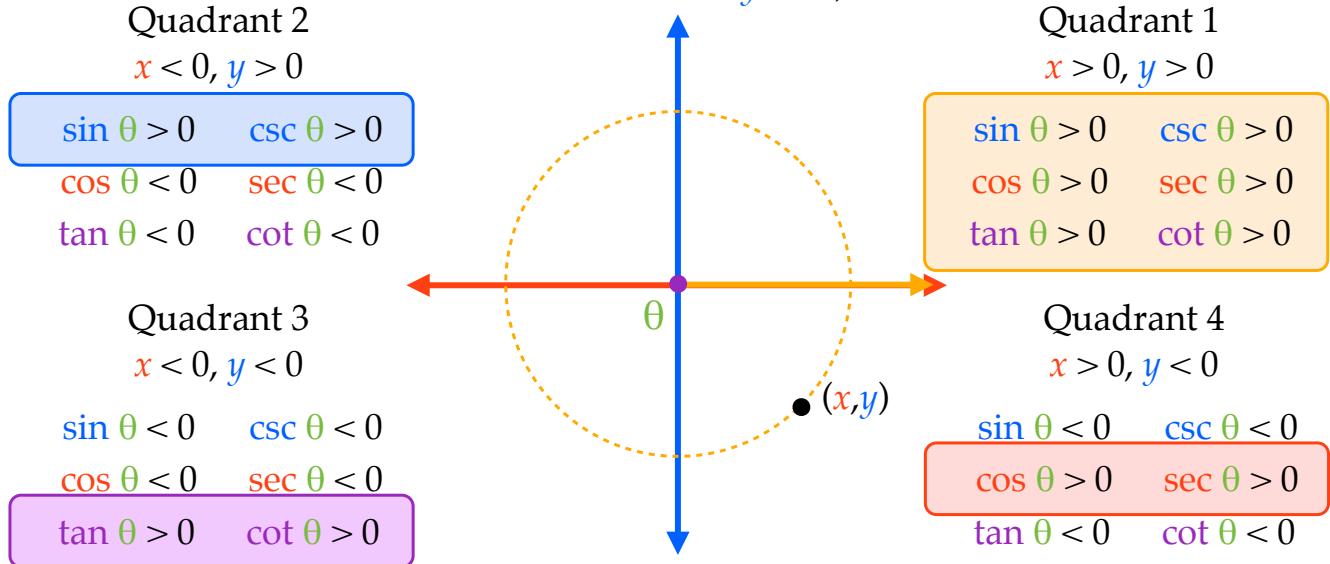
Quadrant 3

$$x < 0, y < 0$$

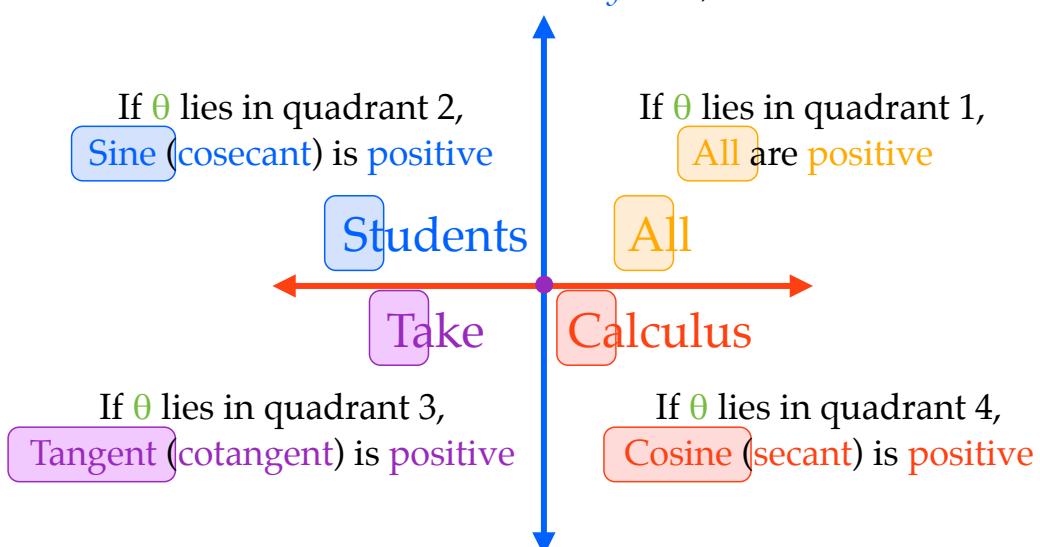
$\sin \theta < 0$	$\csc \theta < 0$
$\cos \theta < 0$	$\sec \theta < 0$
$\tan \theta > 0$	$\cot \theta > 0$



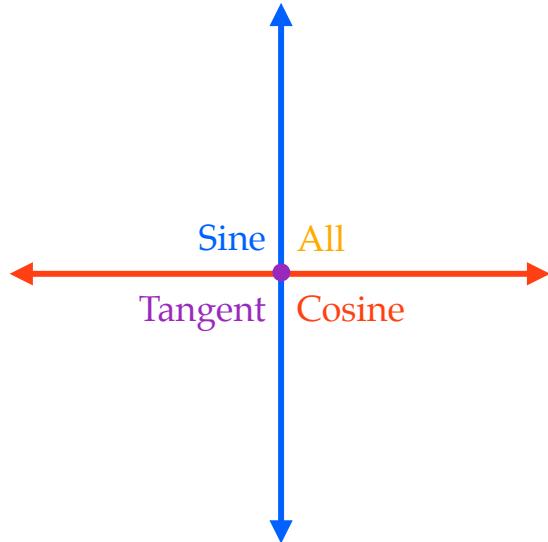
Let θ be an angle in standard position and $P(x,y)$ lie on the terminal side of θ and on the circle $x^2 + y^2 = r^2$, then...



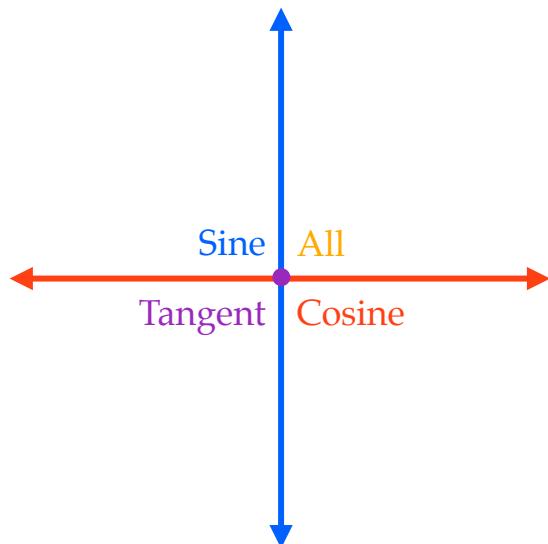
Let θ be an angle in standard position and $P(x,y)$ lie on the terminal side of θ and on the circle $x^2 + y^2 = r^2$, then...



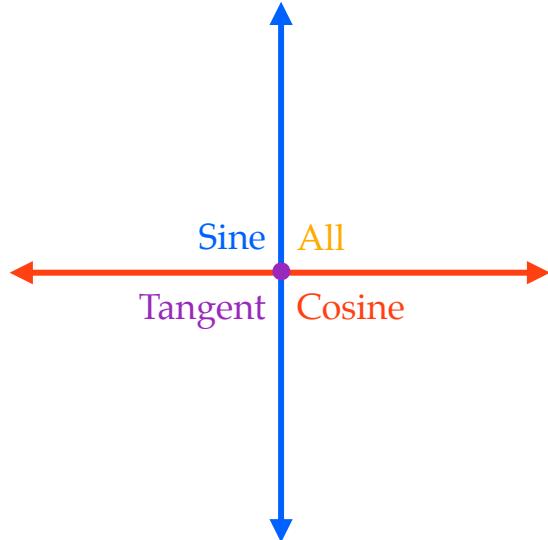
Given $\sin \theta > 0$ and $\cos \theta < 0$, in which quadrant does θ lie?



Given $\tan \theta > 0$ and $\sin \theta < 0$, in which quadrant does θ lie?



Given $\csc \theta < 0$ and $\sec \theta > 0$, in which quadrant does θ lie?



Given $\sec \theta < 0$ and $\cot \theta < 0$, in which quadrant does θ lie?

