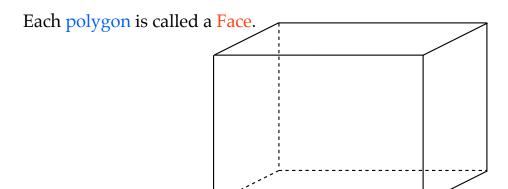
Polyhedron a three-dimensional figure whose surfaces are polygons.



Polyhedron

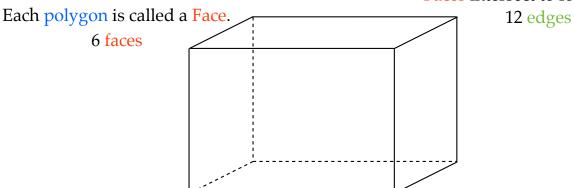
a three-dimensional figure whose surfaces are polygons.

Faces intersect to form Edges.

Each polygon is called	a Face.	
6 faces		

a three-dimensional figure whose surfaces are polygons.

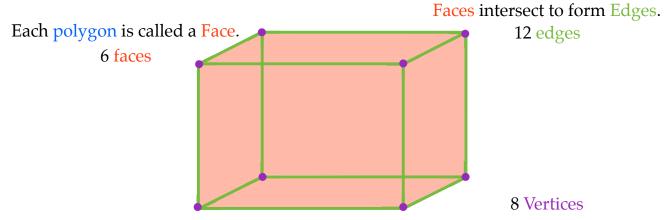
Faces intersect to form Edges.



A Vertex is a point where three or more edges intersect.

Polyhedron

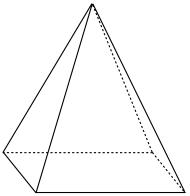
a three-dimensional figure whose surfaces are polygons.



A Vertex is a point where three or more edges intersect.

a three-dimensional figure whose surfaces are polygons.

Each polygon is called a Face.



Faces intersect to form Edges.

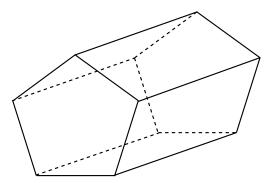
A Vertex is a point where three or more edges intersect.

Polyhedron

a three-dimensional figure whose surfaces are polygons.

Prism

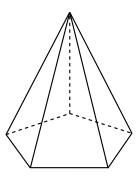
a polyhedron with exactly two congruent faces, called bases. The other sides are called lateral faces.



a three-dimensional figure whose surfaces are polygons.

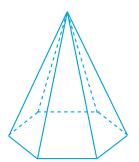
Pyramid

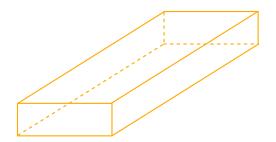
a polyhedron with one face, called the base and all other lateral faces intersect at one point.



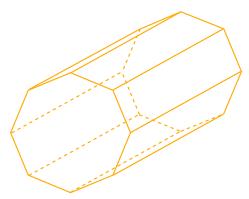
Polyhedron

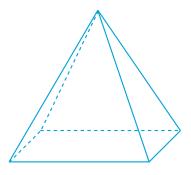
a three-dimensional figure whose surfaces are polygons. Label the following polyhedrons as a prism or a pyramid.





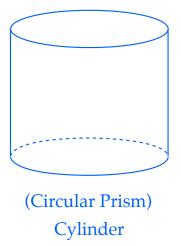
a three-dimensional figure whose surfaces are polygons. Label the following polyhedrons as a prism or a pyramid.

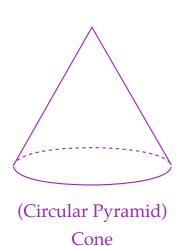


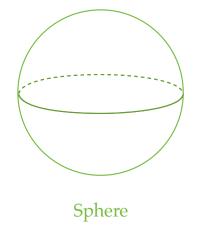


Non-Polyhedron

three-dimensional figures whose surfaces are not polygons.







Regular Polyhedron

a three-dimensional figure whose surfaces are congruent regular polygons.

4 faces

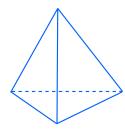
4 congruent triangles

6 faces

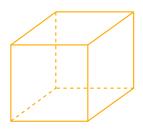
6 congruent squares

8 faces

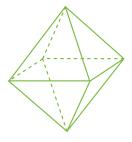
8 congruent triangles



tetrahedron



hexahedron cube



octahedron