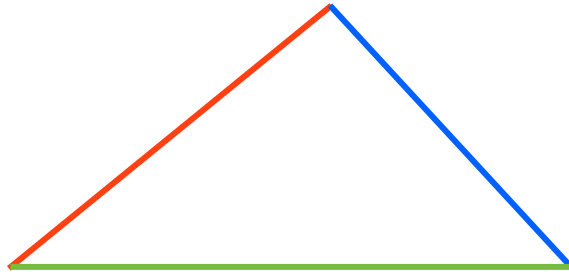


Exterior Angle Sum Theorem for Polygons

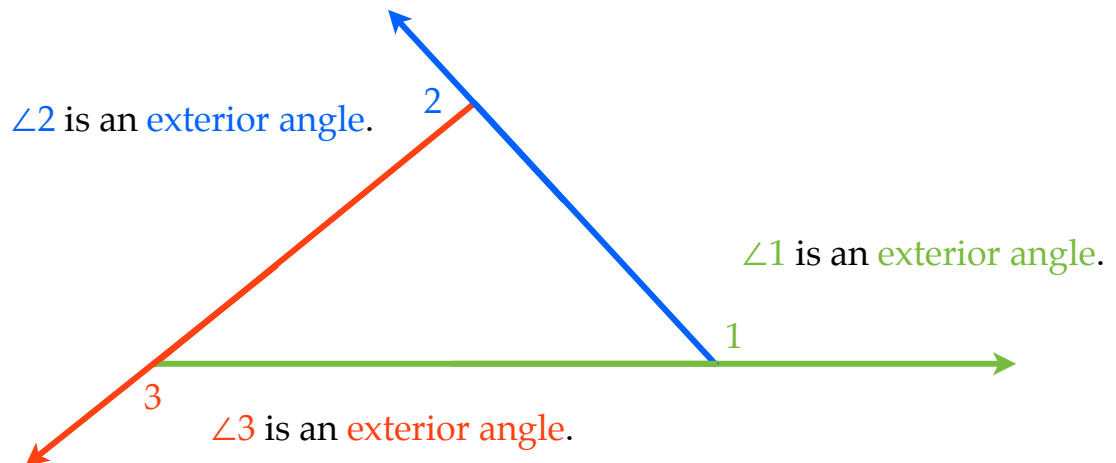
Exterior Angle

An **exterior angle** is formed by **one side** of a polygon and the **extension** of **another side**.



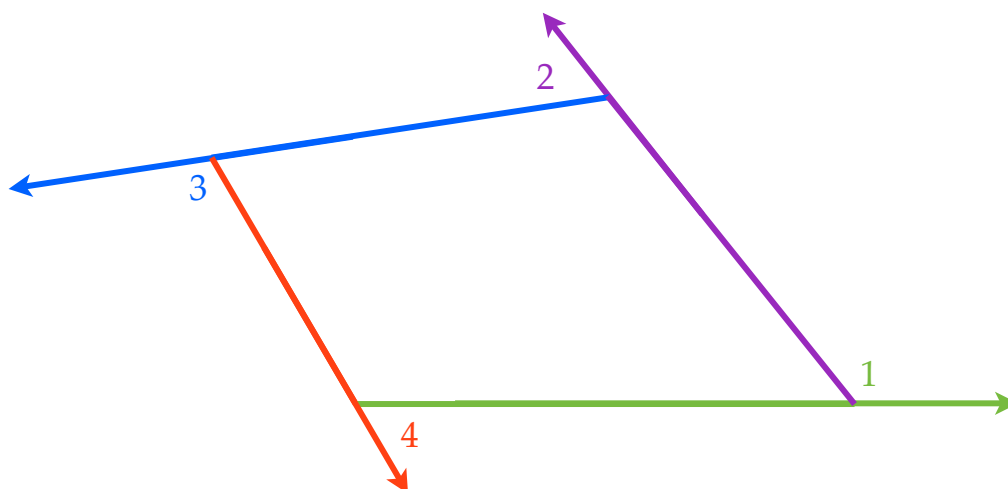
The sum of the measures of the **exterior angles** of a polygon is 360° .

$$m\angle 1 + m\angle 2 + m\angle 3 = 360^\circ$$

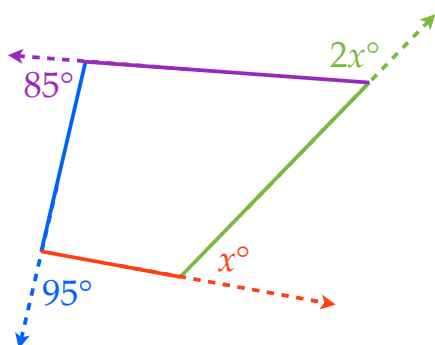


The sum of the measures of the exterior angles of a polygon is 360° .

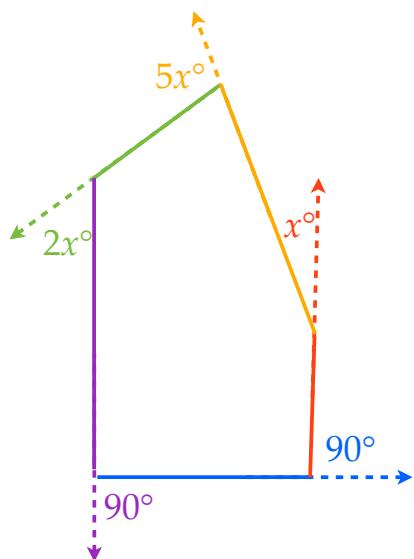
$$m\angle 1 + m\angle 2 + m\angle 3 + m\angle 4 = 360^\circ$$



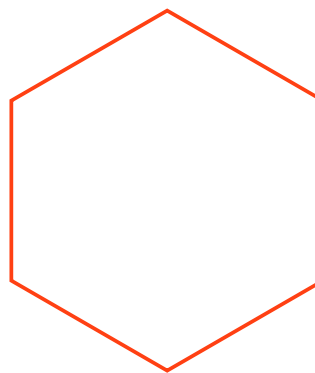
Solve for the value of x .



Solve for the value of x .



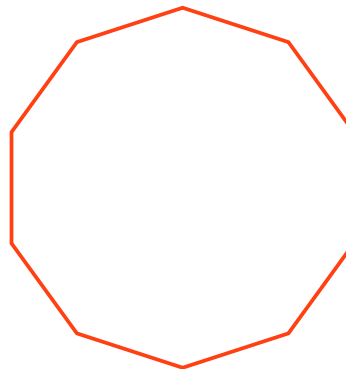
Given the number of **sides** of a **regular polygon**, find the measure of each **exterior angle**.



In a **regular polygon**, all **exterior angles** are congruent.

Given the number of **sides** of a **regular polygon**, find the measure of each **exterior angle**.

$$n = 10$$



In a **regular polygon**, all **exterior angles** are congruent.

Given the number of **sides** of a **regular polygon**, find the measure of each **exterior angle**.

$$n = 18$$

$$n = 45$$

In a **regular polygon**, all **exterior angles** are congruent.

The sum of the measures of the exterior angles of a polygon is 360° .

$$m\angle 1 + m\angle 2 + m\angle 3 + m\angle 4 = 360^\circ$$

