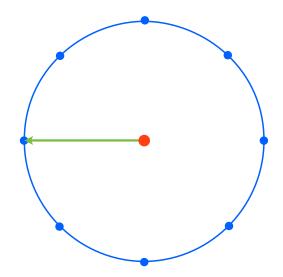
Circle - the set of all points that are the same distance from a given point.

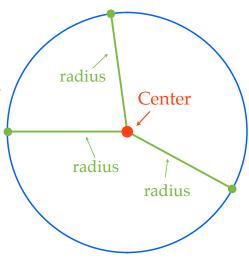


What is a Circle?

Circle - the set of all points that are the same distance from a given point.

The given point is called the center of the circle.

The radius of a circle is the segment with one endpoint at the center and the other point on the circle.



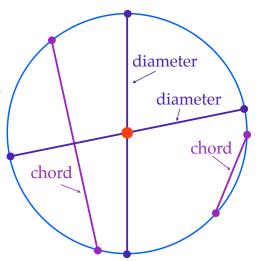
Circle - the set of all points that are the same distance from a given point.

The given point is called the center of the circle.

The radius of a circle is the segment with one endpoint at the center and the other point on the circle.

A chord of a circle is a segment whose endpoints are on the circle.

A diameter of a circle is a chord that goes through the center of the circle.



What is a Circle?

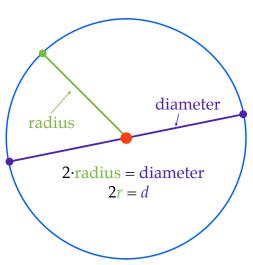
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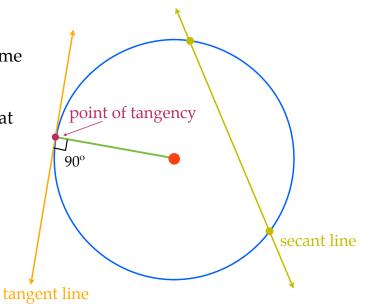


Circle - the set of all points that are the same distance from a given point.

A secant is a line that intersects the circle at two points.

A tangent line is a line that intersects the circle at one point.

The point of intersection between a circle and the tangent line is called the point of tangency.



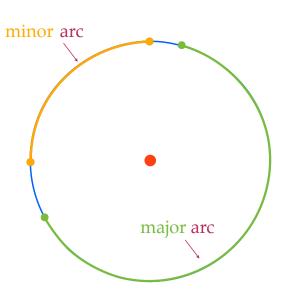
What is a Circle?

Circle - the set of all points that are the same distance from a given point.

An arc is an unbroken piece of a circle.

A minor arc is an arc that is <u>less</u> than a semicircle.

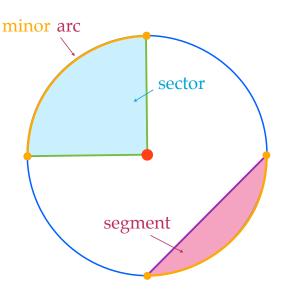
A major arc is an arc that is greater than a semicircle.



Circle - the set of all points that are the same distance from a given point.

A sector of a circle is the area bounded by an arc and two radii to the arc's endpoints.

A segment of a circle is the area bounded by an arc and the chord joining the arc's endpoints.

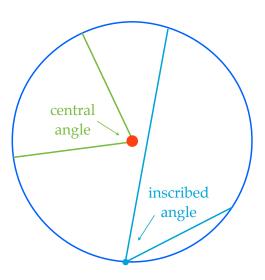


What is a Circle?

Circle - the set of all points that are the same distance from a given point.

A central angle is an angle whose vertex is at the center of the circle.

An inscribed angle is an angle whose vertex is on the circle.



Circle - the set of all points that are the same distance from a given point.

Inscribed - a circle is "inscribed" in a polygon if the sides of the polygon are tangent to the circle.

Circumscribed - a circle is "circumscribed" about a polygon if the vertices of the polygon are on the circle.

