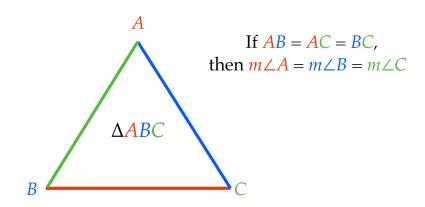
A triangle is equilateral if and only if it is equiangular.

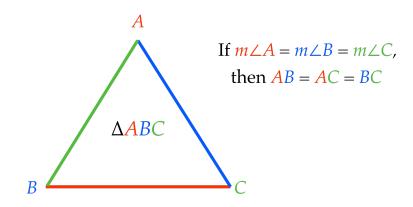
If a triangle is equilateral, then it is equiangular.



Statements	Reasons	
-		Given: ΔABC
		AB = AC = BC
		Prove: $m \angle A = m \angle B = m \angle C$
		$B \longrightarrow C$

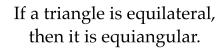
A triangle is equilateral if and only if it is equiangular.

If a triangle is equiangular, then it is equilateral.

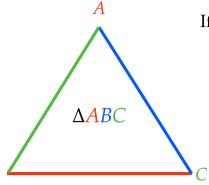


Statements	Reasons	
		Given: ΔABC
		$m \angle A = m \angle B = m \angle C$
		Prove: $AB = AC = BC$
		$B \longrightarrow C$

A triangle is equilateral if and only if it is equiangular.



If
$$AB = AC = BC$$
,
then $m \angle A = m \angle B = m \angle C$



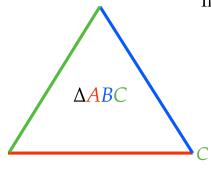
If a triangle is equiangular, then it is equilateral.

If
$$m \angle A = m \angle B = m \angle C$$
,
then $AB = AC = BC$

Each angle of an equilateral triangle measures 60°.

If a triangle is equilateral, then it is equiangular.

If
$$AB = AC = BC$$
,
then $m \angle A = m \angle B = m \angle C$



If a triangle is equiangular, then it is equilateral.

If
$$m \angle A = m \angle B = m \angle C$$
,
then $AB = AC = BC$

then
$$m \angle A = 60^{\circ}$$
, $m \angle B = 60^{\circ}$, $m \angle C = 60^{\circ}$

Statements	Reasons	—— Given: $\triangle ABC$ is equilateral
		Prove: $m \angle A = 60^{\circ}$
		$m \angle B = 60^{\circ}$
		$m \angle C = 60^{\circ}$
		A
		$B \subset C$

A triangle is equilateral if and only if it is equiangular. Each angle of an equilateral triangle measures 60°.

