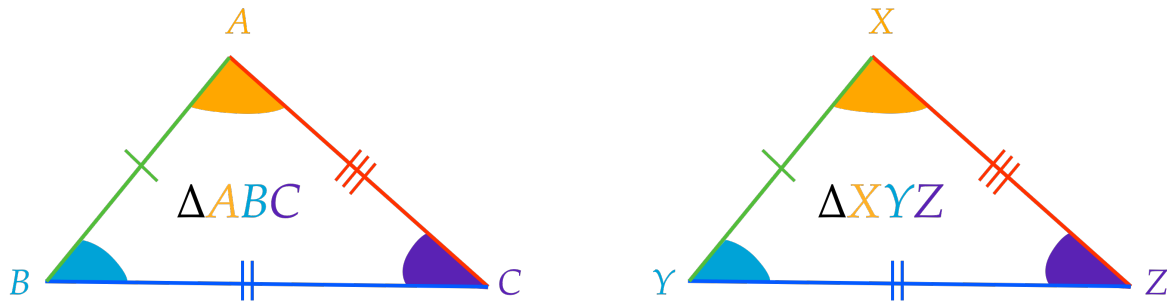


## Angle-Side-Angle (ASA) Postulate

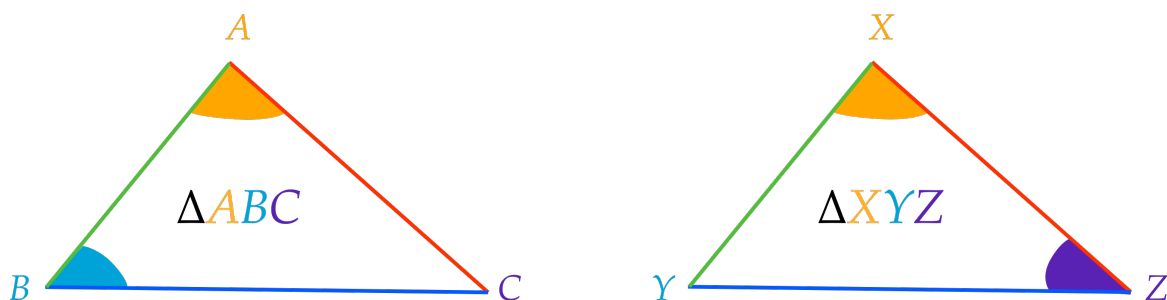
Two triangles are congruent if and only if their corresponding angles and sides are congruent.



$$\begin{array}{l} \angle A \cong \angle X \\ \text{If } \angle B \cong \angle Y \text{ and } \overline{BC} \cong \overline{YZ} \text{ then } \Delta ABC \cong \Delta XYZ \\ \angle C \cong \angle Z \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{l} \overline{AB} \cong \overline{XY} \\ \overline{BC} \cong \overline{YZ} \\ \overline{AC} \cong \overline{XZ} \end{array}$$

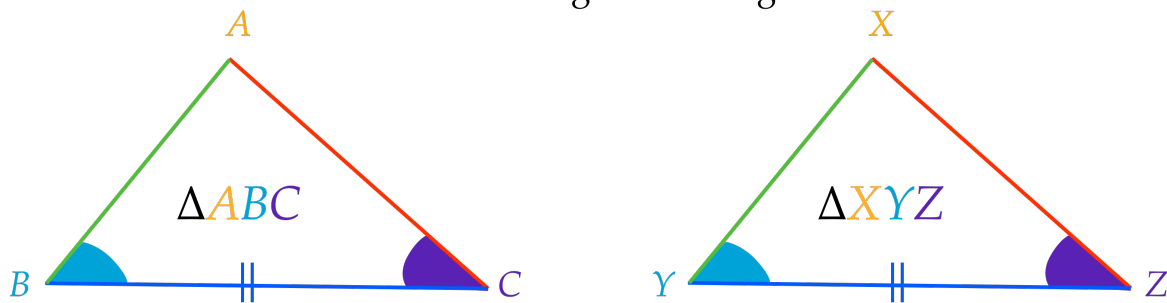
Included Side - The side of the triangle that is common to two angles.



$\overline{AB}$  is the included side  
of  $\angle A$  and  $\angle B$ .

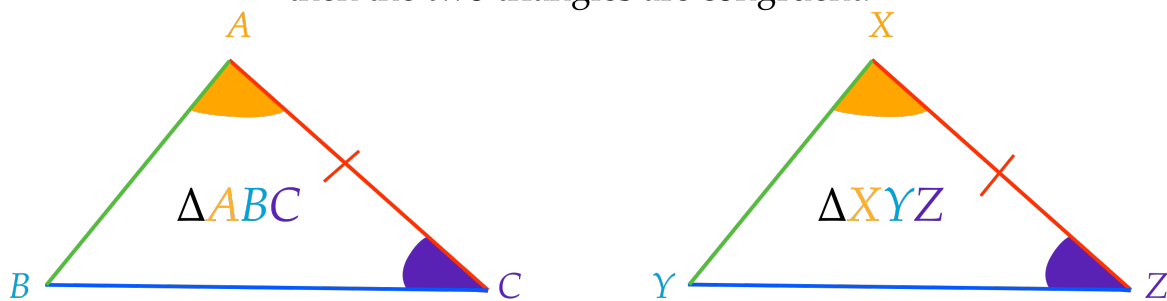
The included side of  $\angle X$  and  $\angle Z$   
is  $\overline{XZ}$ .

If two angles and the included side of one triangle are congruent to two angles and the included side of another triangle, then the two triangles are congruent.



If  $\angle B \cong \angle Y$ ,  $\angle C \cong \angle Z$ , and  $\overline{BC} \cong \overline{YZ}$ , then  $\Delta ABC \cong \Delta XYZ$

If two angles and the included side of one triangle are congruent to two angles and the included side of another triangle, then the two triangles are congruent.



If  $\angle C \cong \angle Z$ ,  $\angle A \cong \angle X$ , and  $\overline{AC} \cong \overline{XZ}$ , then  $\Delta ABC \cong \Delta XYZ$

Angle - Included Side - Angle

Statements

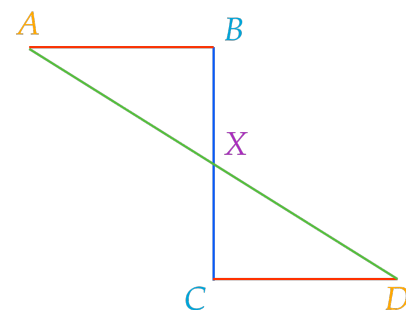
Reasons

Given:  $X$  is midpoint of  $\overline{BC}$

$\overline{BC} \perp \overline{AD}$

$\overline{BC} \perp \overline{CD}$

Prove:  $\triangle ABX \cong \triangle DCX$

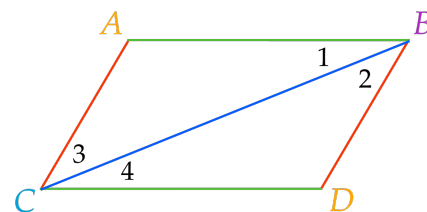


Statements

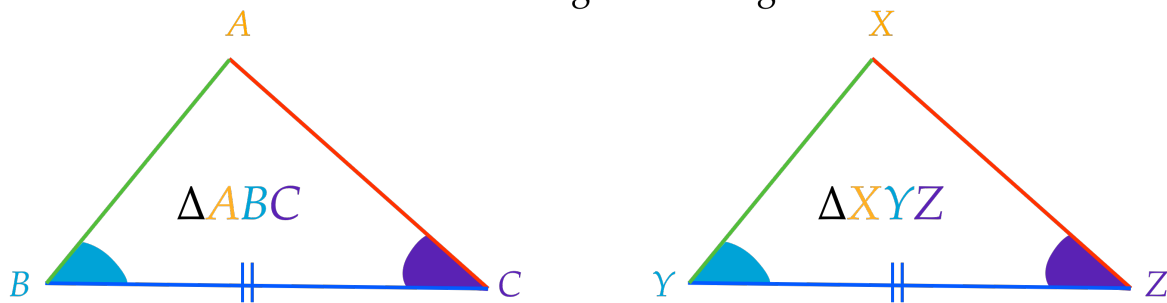
Reasons

Given:  $\overline{AB} \parallel \overline{CD}$   
 $\overline{AC} \parallel \overline{BD}$

Prove:  $\triangle ABC \cong \triangle DCB$



If two angles and the included side of one triangle are congruent to two angles and the included side of another triangle, then the two triangles are congruent.



If  $\angle B \cong \angle Y$ ,  $\angle C \cong \angle Z$ , and  $\overline{BC} \cong \overline{YZ}$ , then  $\triangle ABC \cong \triangle XYZ$