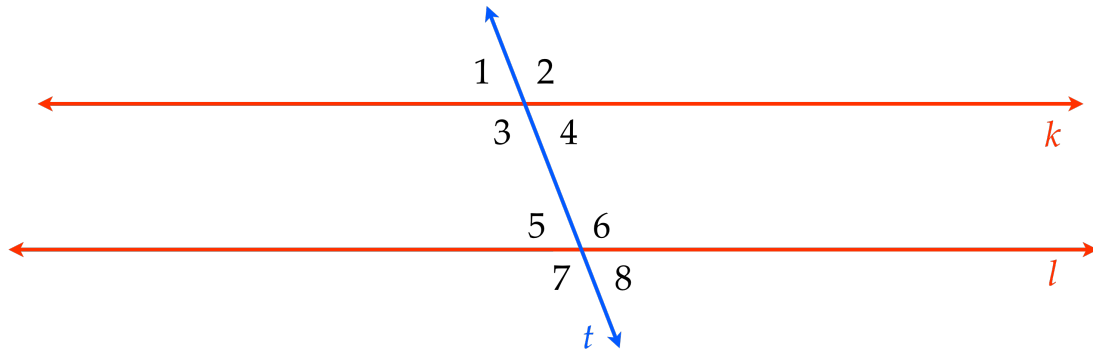
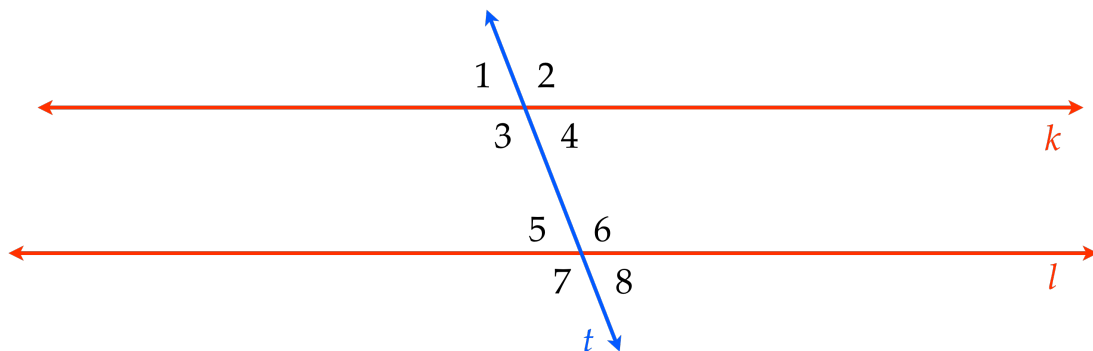


Given **two lines**... with an intersecting **transversal**, line t
eight angles are created



Given **two lines**... with an intersecting **transversal**, line t
eight angles are created

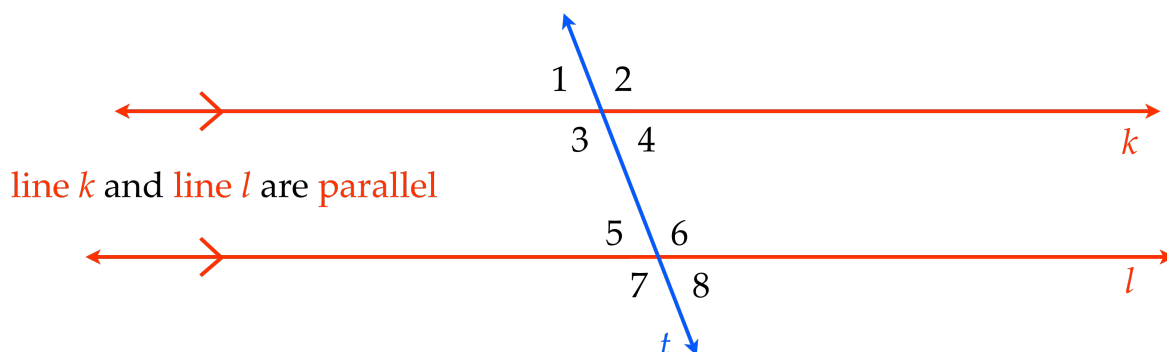


Corresponding Angles are angles at the same location at each intersection

$\angle 2$ and $\angle 6$ are corresponding angles	$\angle 1$ and $\angle 5$ are corresponding angles
$\angle 3$ and $\angle 7$ are corresponding angles	$\angle 4$ and $\angle 8$ are corresponding angles

Converse of Corresponding Angles Postulate

If two lines are cut by a transversal so that the **corresponding angles** are congruent, then the **two lines** are **parallel**.



Corresponding Angles are angles at the same location at each intersection

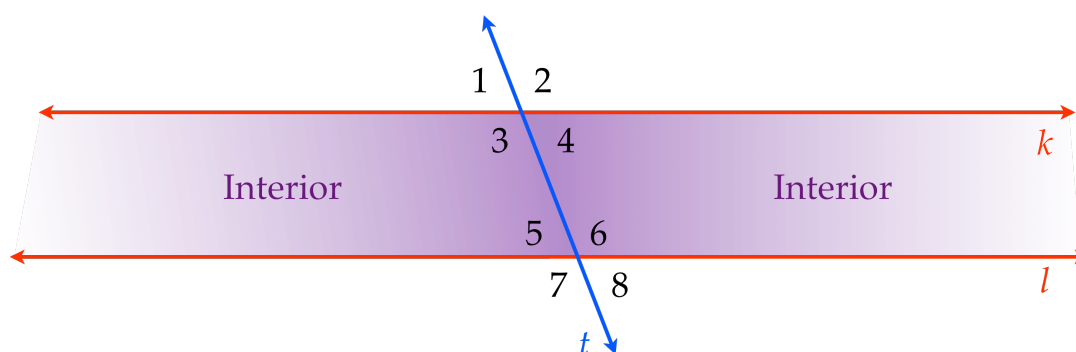
$$\angle 2 \cong \angle 6$$

$$\angle 1 \cong \angle 5$$

$$\angle 3 \cong \angle 7$$

$$\angle 4 \cong \angle 8$$

Given **two lines**... with an intersecting **transversal**, line t
eight angles are created



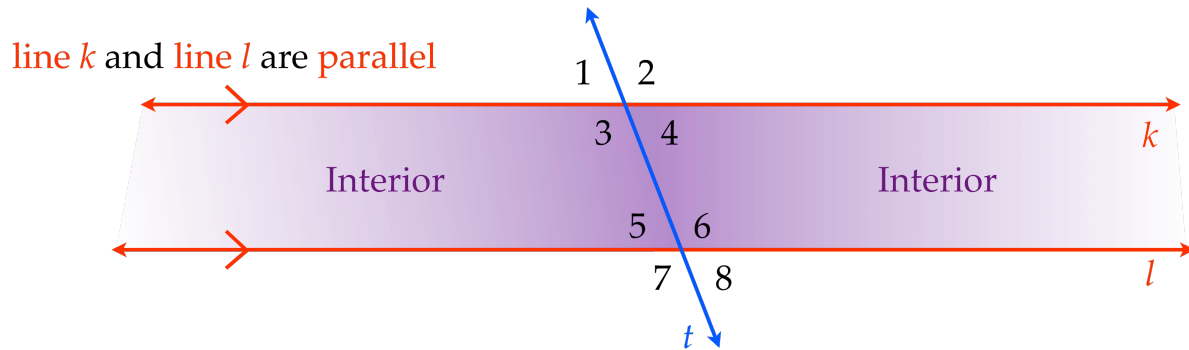
Alternate Interior Angles are **interior angles** on alternate sides of the transversal.

$\angle 3$ and $\angle 6$ are **alternate interior angles**

$\angle 4$ and $\angle 5$ are **alternate interior angles**

Converse of Alternate Interior Angles Theorem

If two lines are cut by a transversal such that the **alternate interior angles** are congruent, then the **two lines** are **parallel**.

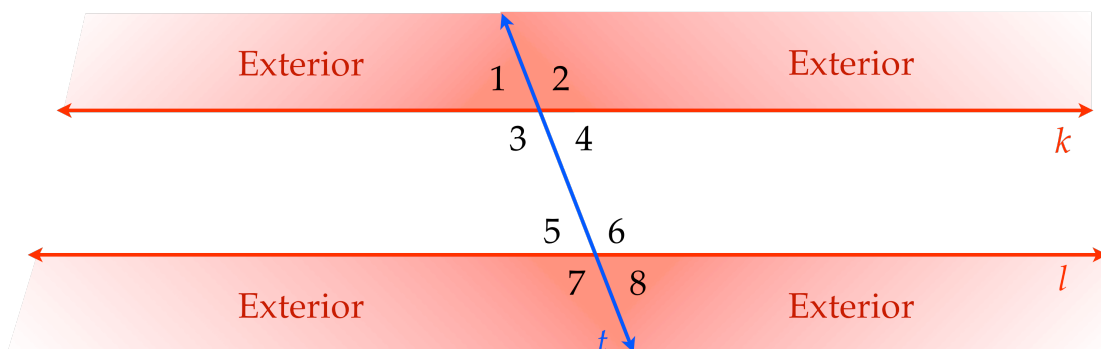


Alternate Interior Angles are **interior angles** on alternate sides of the transversal.

$$\angle 3 \cong \angle 6$$

$$\angle 4 \cong \angle 5$$

Given **two lines**... with an intersecting **transversal**, line **t**
eight angles are created



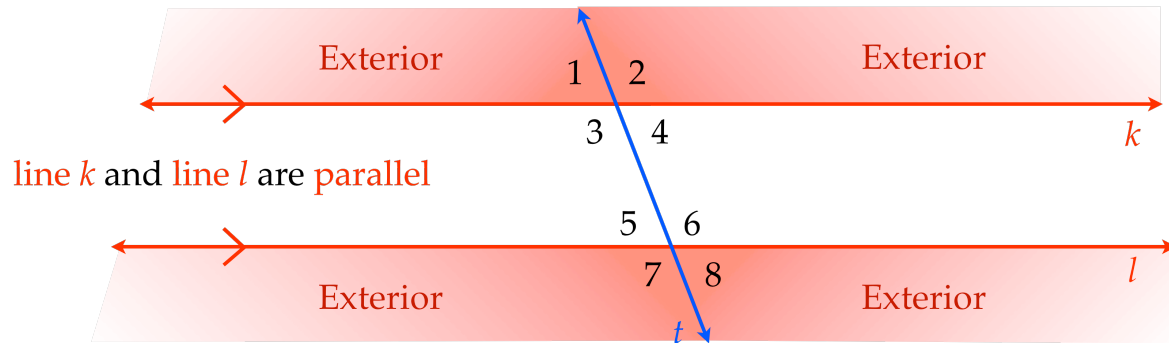
Alternate Exterior Angles are **exterior angles** on alternate sides of the transversal.

$\angle 2$ and $\angle 7$ are **alternate exterior angles**

$\angle 1$ and $\angle 8$ are **alternate exterior angles**

Converse of Alternate Exterior Angles Theorem

If two lines are cut by a transversal such that **alternate exterior angles** are congruent, then the **two lines** are **parallel**.

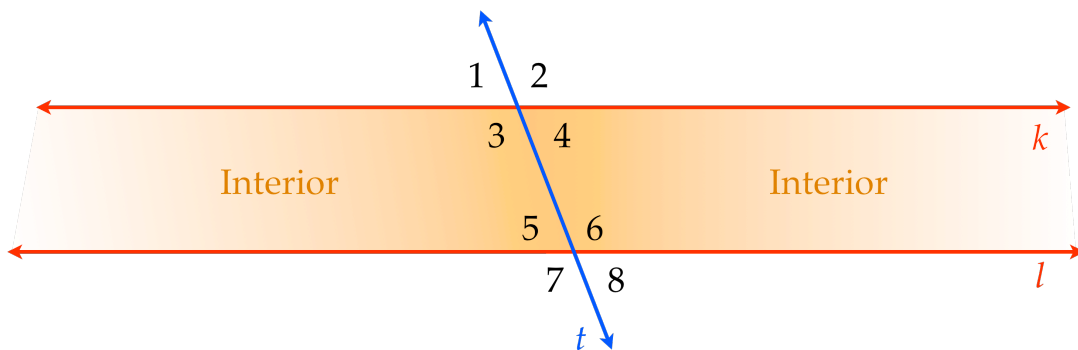


Alternate Exterior Angles are **exterior angles** on alternate sides of the transversal.

$$\angle 2 \cong \angle 7$$

$$\angle 1 \cong \angle 8$$

Given **two lines**...with an intersecting **transversal**, line **t**
eight angles are created

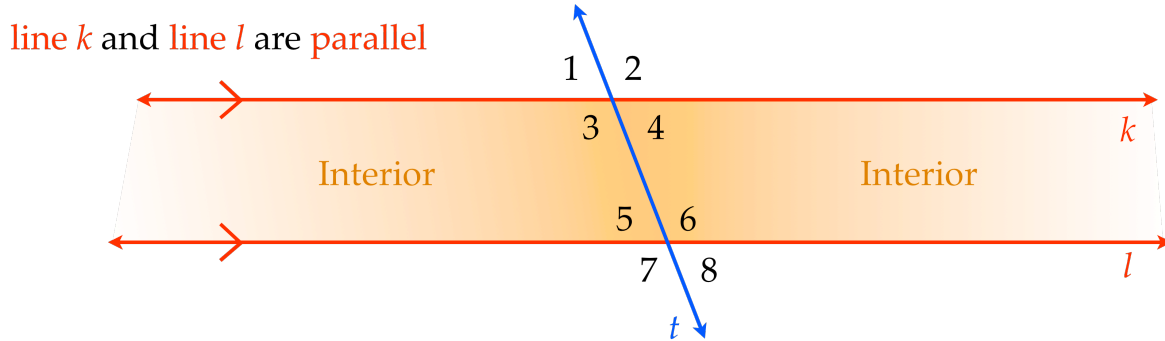


Same Side Interior angles are **interior angles** on the same side of the transversal.

$\angle 4$ and $\angle 6$ are **same side interior angles** $\angle 3$ and $\angle 5$ are **same side interior angles**

Converse of Same Side Interior Angles Theorem

If two lines are cut by a transversal such that **same-side interior angles** are supplementary, then the **two lines** are **parallel**.



Same Side Interior angles are interior angles on the same side of the transversal.

$\angle 4$ and $\angle 6$ are supplementary

$\angle 3$ and $\angle 5$ are supplementary

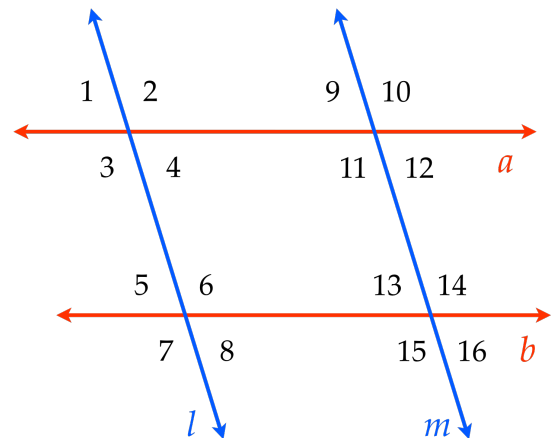
What conclusions can be made from the following?
Give your reason.

$$\angle 9 \cong \angle 13$$

$$\angle 6 \cong \angle 15$$

$$\angle 2 \cong \angle 7$$

$\angle 4$ and $\angle 11$ are supplementary.



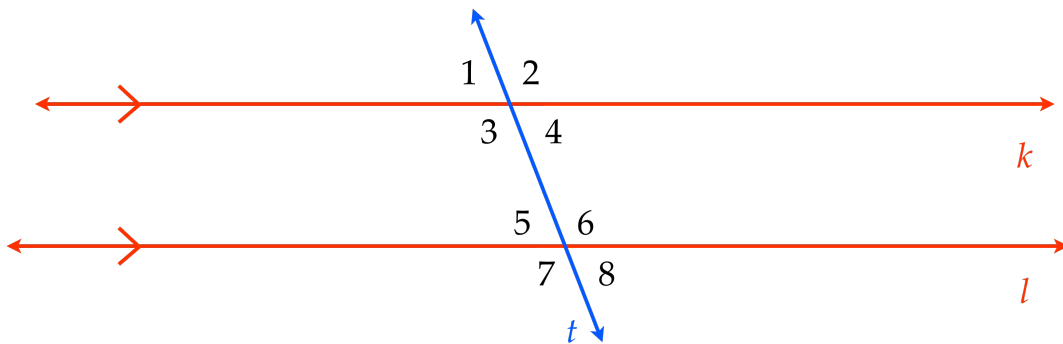
Given **two lines...** with an intersecting **transversal, line t**

if **Corresponding Angles** are congruent

if **Alternate Exterior Angles** are congruent

if **Alternate Interior Angles** are congruent

if **Same Side Interior Angles** are supplementary



then **line k and line l are parallel**