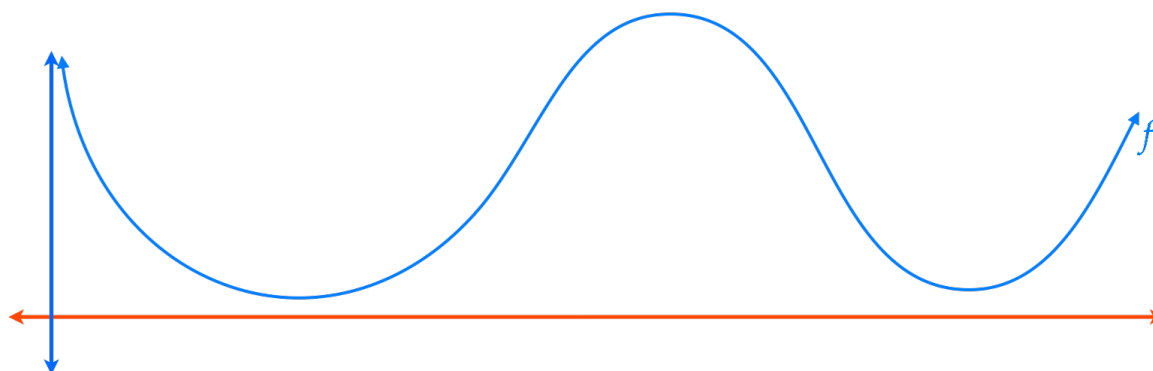


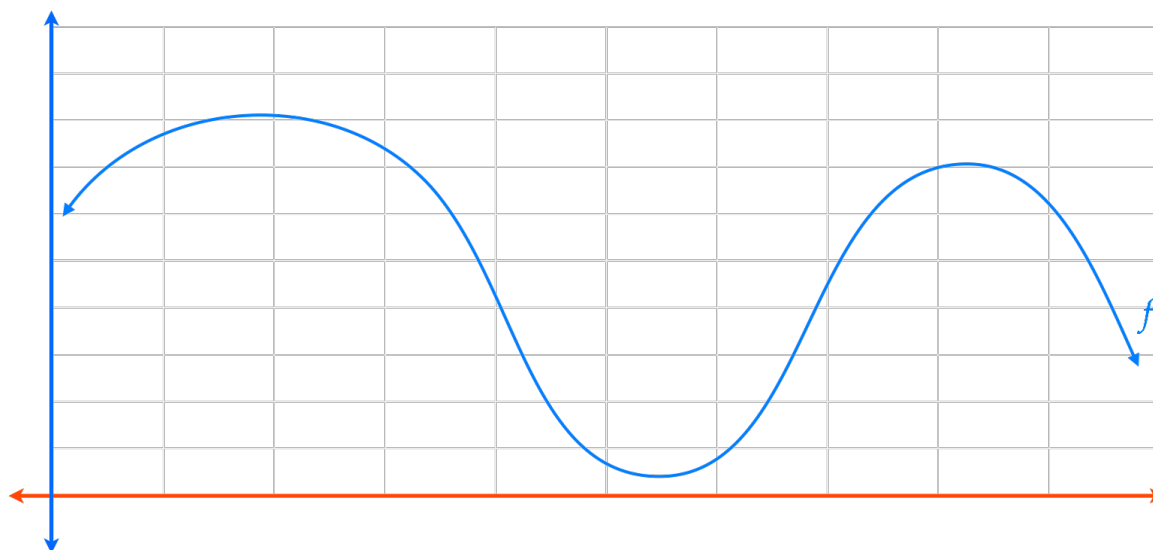
Concavity

Let function f be differentiable on an open interval I . The graph of f is...

1. Concave upward on I if f' is increasing
2. Concave downward on I if f' is decreasing



Find the intervals of concavity for the following function



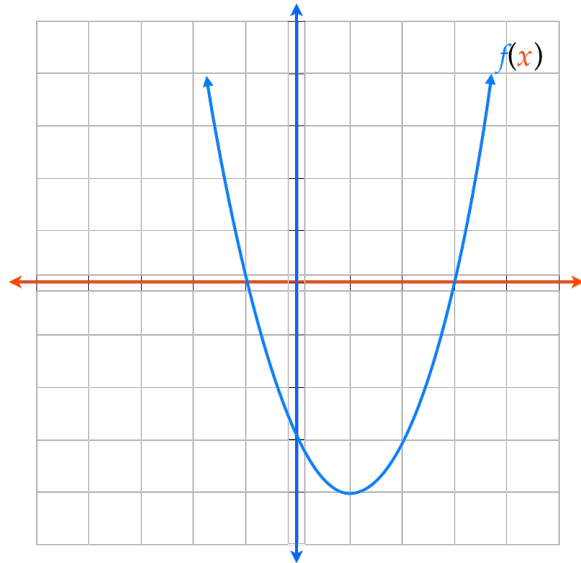
Test for the Concavity for Function f

Let f be a function whose second derivative exists on an open interval I .

1. If $f''(x) > 0$, then f is concave upward on I .
2. If $f''(x) < 0$, then f is concave downward on I .

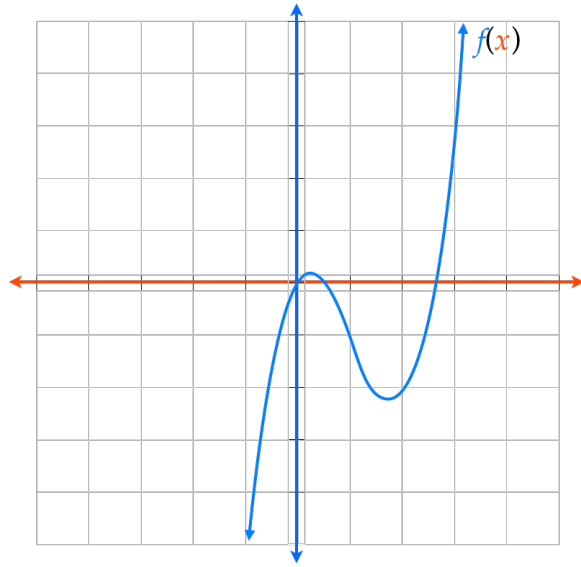
Find the intervals of concavity for the following.

$$f(x) = x^2 + 2x - 3$$



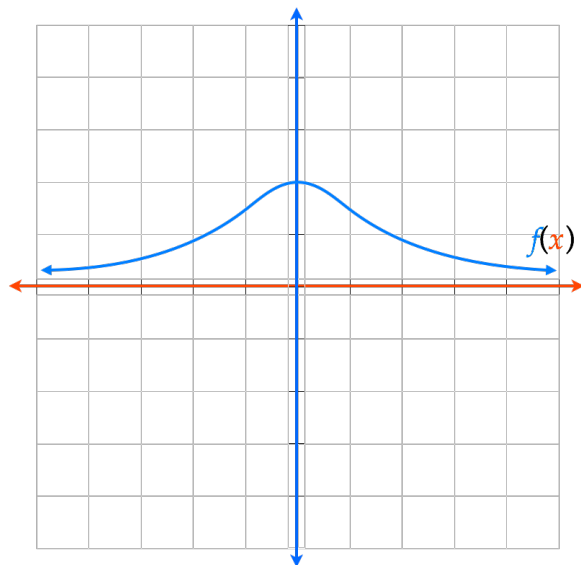
Find the intervals of concavity for the following.

$$f(x) = x^3 - 3x^2 + x$$



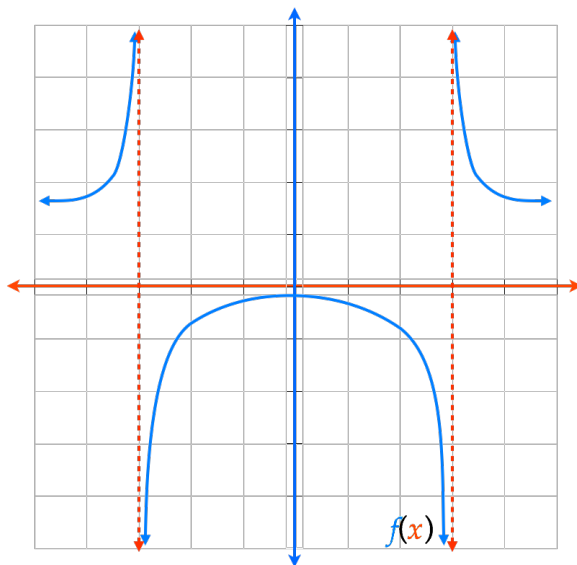
Find the intervals of concavity for the following.

$$f(x) = \frac{6}{x^2 + 3}$$



Find the intervals of concavity for the following.

$$f(x) = \frac{x^2 + 1}{x^2 - 9}$$



Test for the Concavity for Function f

Let f be a function whose second derivative exists on an open interval I .

1. If $f''(x) > 0$, then f is concave upward on I .
2. If $f''(x) < 0$, then f is concave downward on I .