

$$\text{set } A = \{a, b, c, d, e\}$$

$$\text{set } B = \{1, 2, 3\}$$

$$\text{if set } C = \{A, B, C, D, E, F, G\}$$

The empty set,  $\emptyset$ , has no elements...

The set of integer values,  $\mathbb{Z}$ .

We can count the number of elements in each set.

If a Set has  $n$  elements, then that Set has  $2^n$  subsets.

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If a Set has  $n$  elements, then that Set has  $2^n$  subsets.

set  $S = \{a, b, c, d\}$  Find the subsets of set  $S$

set  $S$  has  $2^4$  subsets or 16 subsets

0 elements

1 element

2 elements

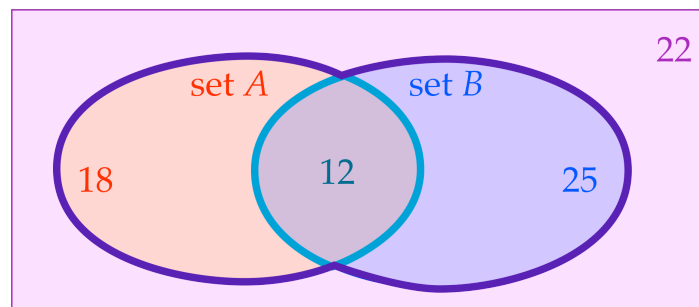
3 elements

4 elements

set  $S$  has 16 Total Subsets

$$n(U) = 18 + 12 + 25 + 22 = 77$$

$$n(A) = 18 + 12 = 30 \quad n(B) = 25 + 12 = 37$$

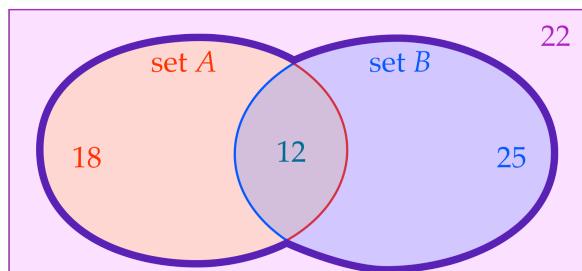


$$n(A \cap B) =$$

$$n(A \cup B) =$$

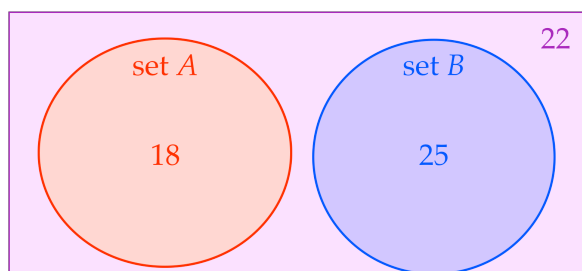
If a Set  $A$  and Set  $B$  are finite sets...

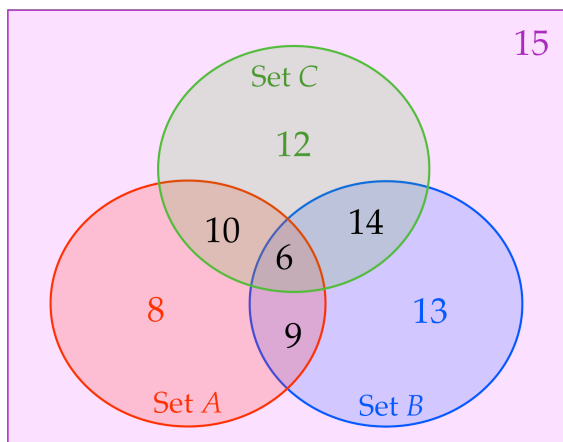
$$n(A \cup B) = n(A) + n(B) - n(A \cap B)$$



If a Set  $A$  and Set  $B$  have no elements in common...

$$n(A \cup B) = n(A) + n(B)$$





$$n(A)$$

$$n(B) - n(C)$$

$$n(A \cap B)$$

$$n(A \cup C)$$