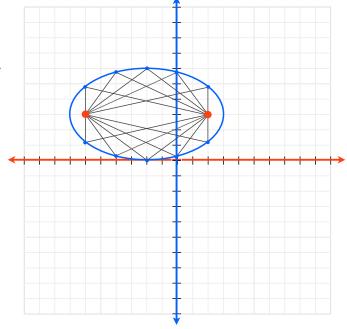
What is an Ellipse?

Ellipse - the set of points such that the sum of the distances from two given points stays the same.

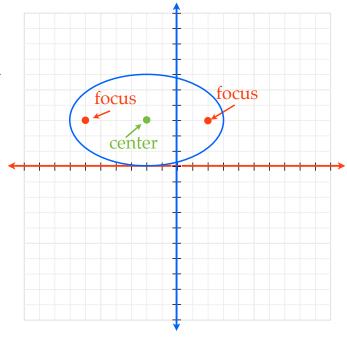


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The given points are focus points. The plural of focus is foci.

The midpoint of the segment joining the two foci is the center of the ellipse.



What is an Ellipse?

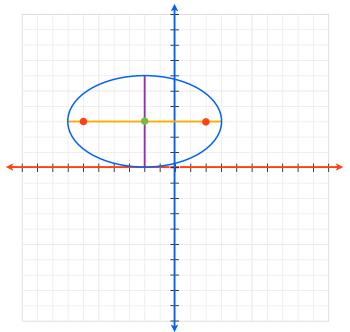
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Major Axis - The axis of symmetry that is the longest.

Minor Axis - The axis of symmetry that is the shortest.



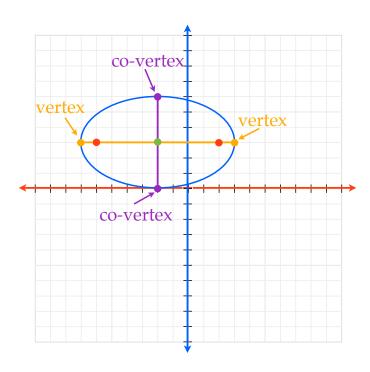
What is an Ellipse?

Vertices - The endpoints of the major axis on the ellipse.

Co-Vertices - The endpoints of the minor axis on the ellipse.

Major Axis - The axis of symmetry that is the longest.

Minor Axis - The axis of symmetry that is the shortest.



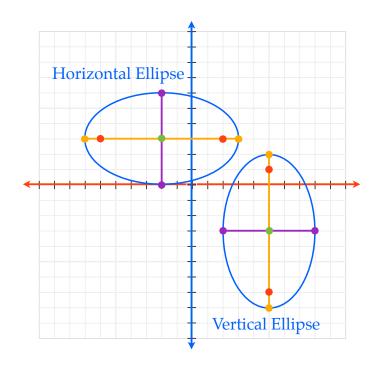
What is an Ellipse?

Horizontal Ellipse

if the major axis runs horizontally.

Vertical Ellipse

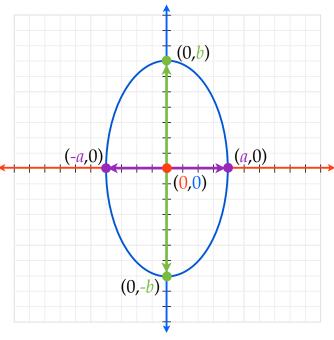
if the major axis runs vertically.



Equation of an Ellipse with center (0,0)

$$\frac{x^2}{a^2} + \frac{y^2}{b^2} = 1$$

a is the distance you travel in the x-direction. b is the distance you travel in the y-direction.



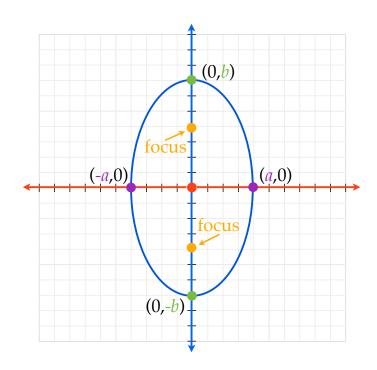
Equation of an Ellipse with center (0,0)

$$\frac{x^2}{a^2} + \frac{y^2}{b^2} = 1$$

Foci:
$$a^2 - b^2 = c^2$$

 $b^2 - a^2 = c^2$ Solve for *c*

Travel *c* units from center along major axis to find foci



Equation of an Ellipse with center (0,0)

$$a = ?$$
 $\frac{x^2}{a^2} + \frac{y^2}{h^2} = 1$ $b = ?$

Center

Horizontal/Vertical

Major Axis Length

Minor Axis Length

Vertices

Co-Vertices

Domain

Foci
$$a^2 - b^2 = c^2$$
 $b^2 - a^2 = c^2$ Range

