Slope-Intercept form of a line

$$y = mx + b$$

$$y > mx + b \qquad \qquad y < mx + b$$

$$y \ge mx + b$$
 $y \le mx + b$

Linear Inequality

slope =
$$m$$
; y -intercept = $(0,b)$

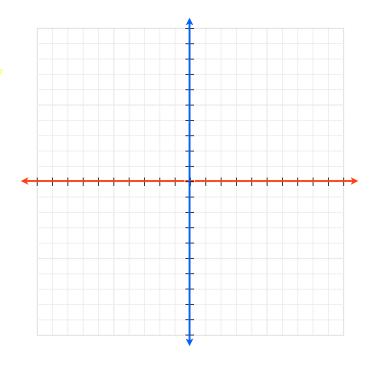
Rules for graphing linear inequalities in slope-intercept form Graph the boundary line y = mx + b

Solid line or dotted line Shade above or below line $y < or y > \Rightarrow$ dotted line $y > or y \ge \Rightarrow$ shade above line $y < or y \ge \Rightarrow$ solid line $y < or y \le \Rightarrow$ shade below line

The shaded region represents all (x,y) coordinates that will make the inequality a true statement.

Above or Below

$$y > 2x - 4$$

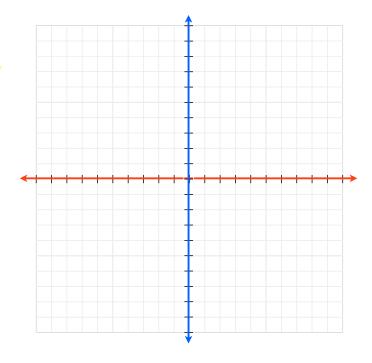


Graph the following linear inequalities

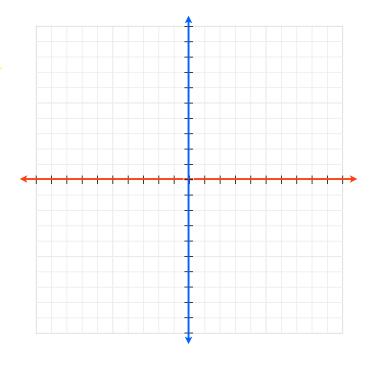
Solid or Dotted

Above or Below

$$y \le -x + 5$$



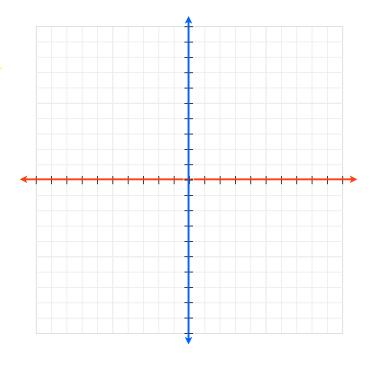
$$y < \frac{1}{4}x - 4$$



Graph the following linear inequalities

Above or Below

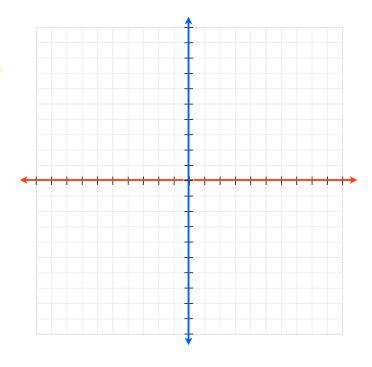
$$y \ge -\frac{2}{3}x + 5$$



Solid or Dotted

Above or Below

$$y > -5$$

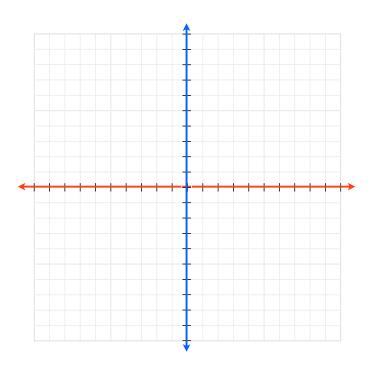


Graph the following linear inequalities

Solid or **Dotted**

Above or Below

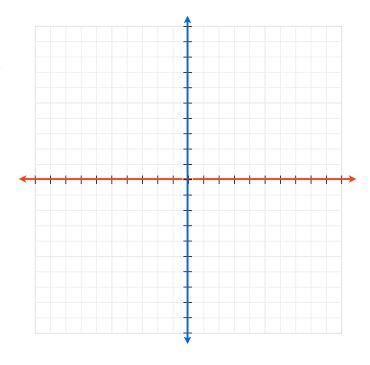
$$x \le 6$$



Solid or Dotted

Above or Below

$$4x - 2y > 8$$



Rules for graphing linear inequalities in slope-intercept form

$$y > mx + b$$
 $y < mx + b$
 $y \ge mx + b$ $y \le mx + b$

Graph the boundary line y = mx + b

Solid line or dotted line Shade above or below line
$$y < or y > \Rightarrow$$
 dotted line $y > or y \ge \Rightarrow$ shade above line $y < or y \ge \Rightarrow$ solid line $y < or y \le \Rightarrow$ shade below line

The shaded region represents all (x,y) coordinates that will make the inequality a true statement.