

Rational Expression

a fraction of **polynomials**

$$\frac{\text{polynomial}}{\text{polynomial}}$$

$$\frac{3}{2x}$$

$$\frac{4x + 1}{x^2 - 9}$$

$$\frac{2x^2 + 3x - 2}{x^2 - 4x + 6}$$

Anything you do with fraction you can do with **rational expression**, but with **rational expressions** there are more rules to consider.

Adding and Subtracting Rational Expressions

Rational expressions with **like denominators** can be added or subtracted by adding or subtracting the numerators and putting the result over the **like denominator**.

$$\frac{2}{5} + \frac{1}{5} = \frac{2+1}{5} = \frac{3}{5}$$

like denominator

$$\frac{a}{b} + \frac{c}{b} = \frac{a+c}{b}$$

like denominator

After adding or subtracting **rational expressions** always put in simplified form.

Add or subtract the following rational expression

$$\frac{3}{2x} + \frac{5}{2x}$$

Add or subtract the following rational expression

$$\frac{x+3}{x+2} + \frac{x+1}{x+2}$$

Add or subtract the following rational expression

$$\frac{2x + 3}{x + 2} - \frac{x + 1}{x + 2}$$

Add or subtract the following rational expression

$$\frac{x^2 - 3x}{x^2 - 4} + \frac{5x - 8}{x^2 - 4}$$

Add or subtract the following rational expression

$$\frac{4x + 7}{x + 3} - \frac{x - 2}{x + 3}$$

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