Factoring Trinomials in the form...

$$x^2 \pm bx + c$$

For this lesson a = 1 and c is always positive Factoring when b is positive and when b is negative c is positive; factors will have the same sign

$$x^2 + 6x + 8$$

Step 1: Find positive factors of *a*⋅*c*

Step 3: Split the Middle *b* term

Step 4: Factor by Grouping

$$x^2 + 8x + 15$$

Step 3: Split the Middle b term

Step 4: Factor by Grouping

Step 2: c is positive \Rightarrow same sign

$$x^2 + 13x + 12$$

Step 1: Find positive factors of $a \cdot c$

Step 3: Split the Middle b term

Step 4: Factor by Grouping

$$x^2 + 5x + 6$$

Step 3: Split the Middle *b* term

Step 4: Factor by Grouping

Step 2: c is positive \Rightarrow same sign

$$x^2 - 5x + 6$$

Step 1: Find positive factors of $a \cdot c$

Step 3: Split the Middle b term

Step 4: Factor by Grouping

$$x^2 - 7x + 12$$

Step 3: Split the Middle *b* term

Step 4: Factor by Grouping

Step 2: c is positive \Rightarrow same sign

$$x^2 - 11x + 18$$

Step 1: Find positive factors of $a \cdot c$

Step 3: Split the Middle b term

Step 4: Factor by Grouping

$$x^2 - 13x + 30$$

- Step 3: Split the Middle *b* term
- Step 4: Factor by Grouping

Step 2: c is positive \Rightarrow same sign

Factoring Trinomials of the form...

$$x^2 \pm bx + c$$

For this lesson a = 1 and c is alway positive c is positive; factors will have the same sign factors will have the same sign as b

- Step 1: Find positive factors of $a \cdot c$
- Step 3: Split the Middle *b* term
- Step 2: c is positive \Rightarrow same sign add to b
- Step 4: Factor by Grouping