System of Equations

A system of equations is a group of equations with the same variables.

$$3 + 2 = 5$$
 $x + y = 5$ $2a + b = 3$ $2(2) + -1 = 3$ $3 - 5(2) = -7$ $x - 5y = -7$ $3a - 2b = 8$ $3(2) - 2(-1) = 8$

$$x + y = 5$$

$$2a + b = 3$$

$$2(2) + -1 = 3$$

$$3 - 5(2) = -7$$

$$x - 5y = -7$$

$$3a - 2b = 8$$

$$3(2) - 2(-1) = 8$$

(3,2)
$$a = 2; b = -1$$

$$\checkmark$$

The solution to a system of equations is the ordered pair (x,y) that satisfies both equations

We can solve a system of equations by using the method of substitution.

Three outcomes when solving a system by substitution

$$x = 2$$

$$3 = 3$$

$$5 \neq 19$$

$$y = -3$$

One Solution

Infinitely Many Solutions

No Solutions

$$y = -x + 2 \qquad y = x - 4$$

Solve the system of equations by substitution

$$y = -x + 5 \qquad y = 2x - 1$$

$$y = 6x - 4 \qquad y = -2x + 28$$

Solve the system of equations by substitution

$$y = x - 2 \qquad 4x + 4y = 8$$

$$y = 3x + 1 \qquad 2x + 3y = 36$$

Solve the system of equations by substitution

$$y = -3x + 1 \qquad 6x + 2y = 14$$

$$y = -x + 2 \qquad 2x + 2y = 4$$

Three outcomes when solving a system by substitution

$$x = 2$$

$$y = -3$$

$$3 = 3$$

$$5 \neq 19$$

One Solution

Infinitely Many Solutions

No Solutions