

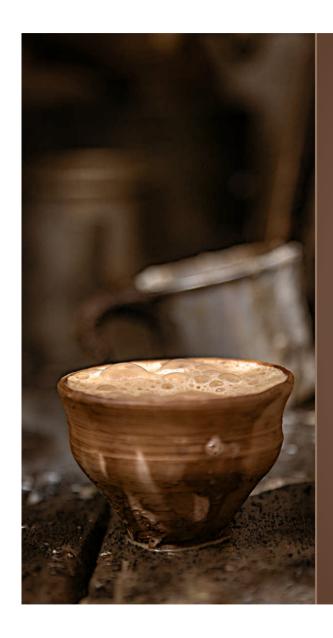
Of Tea, Bengali and Sugar

How ABP added a new recipe to the Tea menu of the Bengalis

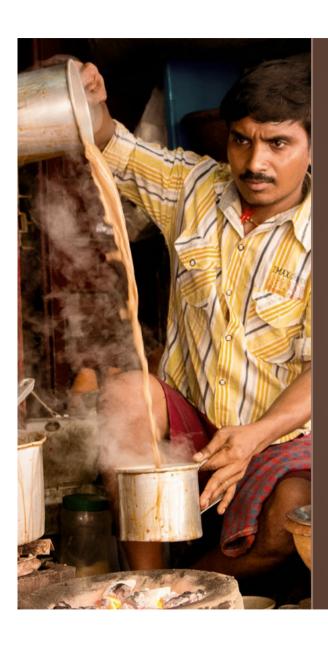


The Chinese may have discovered, the Englishmen made it a habit but a Bengali's\* passion about tea is unparalleled

\*an inhabitant of the eastern Indian state of West Bengal (henceforth referred to as Bengal) who speaks the Bengali language



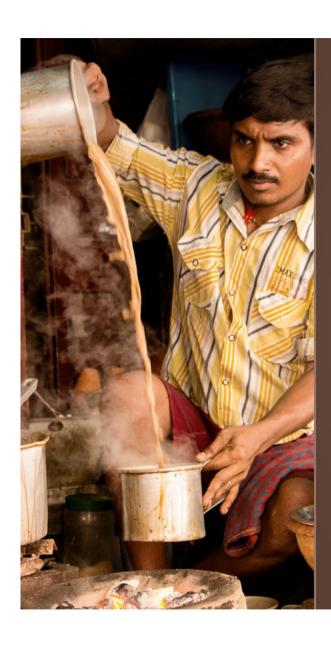
A Bengali's quintessential adda\* would be incomplete without a storm in the earthen tea cups served by the neighbourhood Tea stall



## 'Chaayer Dokaan'

Kolkata, the capital of the Indian state of West Bengal is dotted with numerous 'chaayer dokaan' or the nighbourhood tea stalls where the citizens deliberate over everything from rising prices, to the crisis in national politics

\*West Bengal is the eastern Indian state whose capital is Kolkata (erstwhile Calcutta)



### 'Chaayer Dokaan'

These stalls often range from modest shacks to slightly bigger permanent shops which offer steaming hot cups of tea to customers through out the day



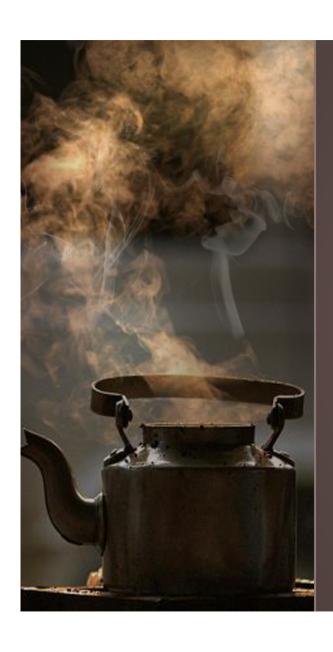
#### Tea is cooked not brewed

There are 3 types of Tea that a neighbourhood Tea stall serves

Tea with milk and sugar

Tea without milk and sugar

Tea with milk and no sugar



However, a change in the Tea consumption pattern is evident

# Sugar is the new Tobacco

Tea with milk Tea without milk and sugar

Tea with milk and no sugar



### Sugar is the new Tobacco

Thanks to the consistent promotion by WHO to reduce sugar intake among adults and children, Bengalis have now started to consciously avoid having sugar in their Tea

Bert the Rew Tobacco? Instelles from Lathorator



#### And that's a compromise!

The deliciously sweet tea laced with Indian spices suddenly lost its sheen. The numerous rendezvous of the Bengalis have suddenly became dull and gloomy!





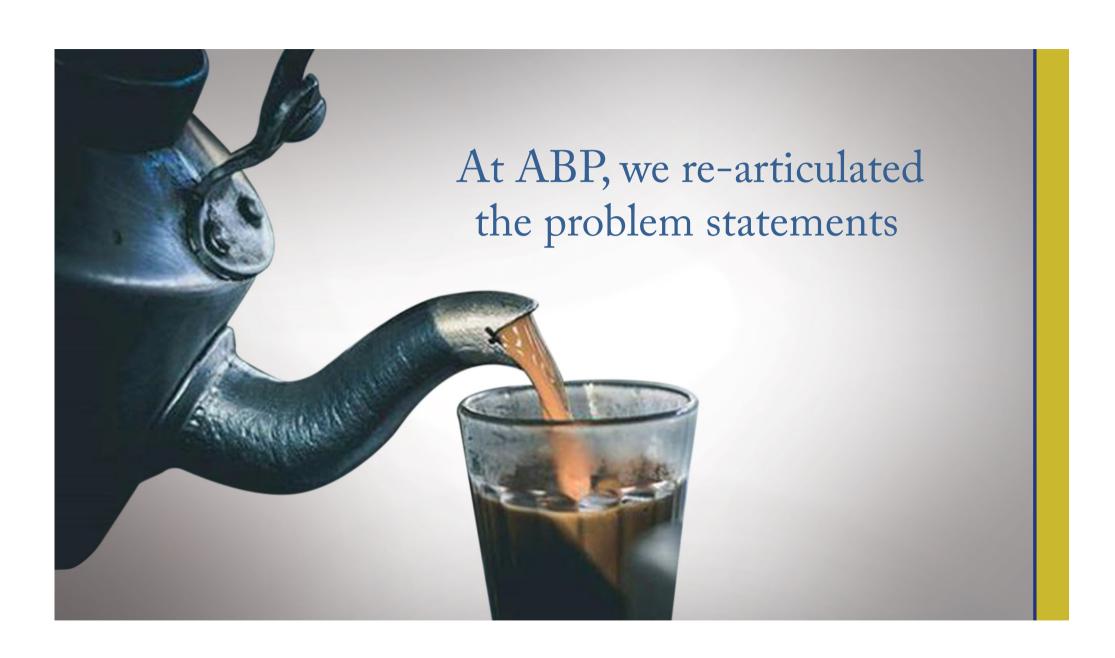






Sugarfree approached Anandabazar Patrika\* – the largest read Bengali daily

\*Anandabazar Patrika (henceforth referred to as ABP) is the largest Bengali newspaper with a total readership of more than 10 million



#### Problem statement - 1



The Bengali Tea consumers were opting to go sugarless rather than trying a sugar substitute

#### Problem statement - 2



The Bengali tea consumers were reluctantly trying develop a taste for tea that wasn't sweet

#### Problem statement - 3



Consumer acquisition for the brand was suffering since Sugarfree was viewed as a means of treatment for the Diabetics amongst the TG



# Our approach to the problems

At ABP we conducted a study that indicated Sugarfree as the highest recalled (close to 82%) brand amongst sugar substitutes

# Our approach to the problems



We realised that we needed to position Sugarfree as a preventive tool rather than a curative one; in short we needed to convert sugarless tea drinkers into sweet tea drinkers to acquire new consumers

# Drop the sugar; stay with the Tea



We designed a new campaign for Sugarfree. We called it 'cha chaluk chini noy' meaning 'drop the sugar, stay with the Tea'

# Drop the sugar; stay with the Tea



The new communication was aimed at driving trials for Sugarfree

#### A fresh item in the Menu Card

We added a 4th type of Tea to the neighbourhood Tea stall's Menu



Tea with milk and sugar

Tea without milk and sugar

Tea with milk and no sugar

Sugarfree Tea

### Suddenly the Tea stalls were abuzz





Over 150 Tea stalls across the nook and crannies of the city started selling Sugarfree Tea

#### Consumer education





We posted Sugarfree volunteers who spoke to the Tea drinkers and briefed them about the product

# We kept popularising the campaign through our medium



# We kept popularising the campaign through our medium







# We kept popularising the campaign through our medium



## Finally, Kolkata discovered 2 things





By the end of week 8, Tea drinkers across the city realised the following

That sugarless Tea could also be tasty

That Sugar = Sweetness but Sweetness ≠ Diabetes

A lot of the Tea drinkers took to liking the taste of Sugarfree Tea



Sugarfree's problem too was solved

# The quarterly sales numbers\* spoke

Growth vs same period LY	Q1'17	Q2'17	Q3'17	Q4'17	Q1'18	Q2'18	Q3'18
Primary	9%	-2%	9%	8%	3%	2%	8%
Secondary	7%	-4%	4%	8%	10%	5%	14%

The stagnating (single digit) secondary sales growth numbers jumped to 14%, the highest growth ever in the last 7 quarters.

Source: (a) Internal Sales Data Zydus India (b) Nielsen

#### And as they say...

"Because no matter how tough the world becomes, you must never run out of your sweetness"

Kathryn Bernardo



