Understanding PE Fee Reporting Standardization, Areas of Weakness and Potential for Abuse

PRESENTED BY: IMDDA

July 20, 2016





Our Cause

The Investment Management Due Diligence Association is the voice of the individual professionals of the investment management industry. Our goal is to advance the knowledge and skills of the due diligence community through continuing education and world-class information resources and the establishment of industry standards for conducting due diligence on potential and ongoing investments.

Our Promise

IMDDA provides exceptional experiences, a vibrant community, and essential tools that make you and your organization more successful.



Meet the Presenters



Meet the Presenters

Industry experts



Lorelei Graye

Consultant
Conifer Financial Services



David B. Parrish

Partner

Jackson Walker LLP

Lorelei Graye Consultant

Lorelei is the plan sponsor consultant for Conifer Financial Services and subject matter expert in public pension needs surrounding investment fee reporting. Prior to joining Conifer, she served the South Carolina Retirement System Investment Commission (RSIC) as a reporting officer where she spearheaded the development and implementation of the annual fee collection, validation, and reporting process which was featured in the CEM Benchmarking study, "The Time Has Come for Standardized Total Cost Disclosure for Private Equity"^[1].



A strong proponent of industry reporting standardization and especially focused on public pension needs, Ms. Graye supports and participates in all facets of the Institutional Limited Partners Association (ILPA) Fee Transparency Initiative^[2]. Lorelei holds dual business degrees: a bachelor of science majoring in finance and a bachelor of arts with a major in accounting *summa cum laude*.





[1] Dang, Andrea CFA; Dupont, David CFA; and Mike Heale. ""The Time Has Come for Standardized Total Cost Disclosure for Private Equity. " www.cembenchmarking.com. April 2015. CEM Benchmarking.

[2] ILPA Press Release dated January 29 2016 www.ilpa.org



David B. Parrish is a partner at Jackson Walker, a member of the firm's Corporate & Securities and Energy practice groups and is the head of the firm's Investment Funds group. Mr. Parrish focuses his practice on assisting institutional investors with investments in alternative assets. Mr. Parrish regularly represents domestic and foreign investors in reviewing and negotiating investment documentation (including limited partnership agreements, subscription agreements, and private placement memoranda) and in negotiating and preparing side letters. In addition, Mr. Parrish regularly advises investors in advisory board matters, fund dissolutions,

co-investments and secondary transactions. Mr. Parrish's experience in alternative investments includes private equity buy-out, venture capital funds, distressed debt and asset funds, energy funds, emerging manager funds, real estate and timber funds, infrastructure funds, hedge funds and funds of funds.

Mr. Parrish assisted the Institutional Limited Partners Association ("ILPA") with the development of the ILPA Ratings Tool, an application to qualitatively analyze private equity fund documentation against the ILPA 2.0 Principles. Mr. Parrish also teaches introductory and advanced classes on private equity on behalf of ILPA. Mr. Parrish is a member of the National Association of Public Pension Plan Attorneys ("NAPPA") and serves on the Negotiation Taskforce of NAPPA's Alternative Investments Working Group. In addition, Mr. Parrish is a member of the Institutional Investor committee of the Business Law section of the American Bar Association, a member of the Texas Association of Public Pension Attorneys and is a frequent speaker on reviewing and negotiating private equity limited partnership agreements, including at conferences sponsored by ILPA, the University of Texas McCombs School of Business and Harvard University.

Mr. Parrish received his B.A. degree, with honors, in Political Science from the University of Texas – El Paso, and received his J.D. degree, *summa cum laude*, from the University of Houston Law Center, where he was Chief Articles Editor for the Houston Law Review, a member of the Order of the Coif, and a member of the Order of the Barons. Mr. Parrish is licensed to practice law in the State of Texas.

Challenges in Fee Reporting

- Access to Information
 - Institutional Investors need robust reporting concerning the funds they invest in and their portfolio companies in order to properly manage, monitor and evaluate their investments.
 - Institutional Investors themselves are fiduciaries to their constituencies.
- Press and interested parties have been critical of transparency in the PE industry resulting in harm to the public perception of the long term value of the asset class.

Challenges in Fee Reporting

- Limited Partners have not been consistent on their requests for information.
 - Each LP has been trying to solve their reporting needs individually resulting in increasing demands on the back office of the GPs.
- General Partners have been reluctant to provide full information out of concerns concerning confidentiality.
- Without the GPs and LPs working together to provide appropriate information, the door opens to transparency being imposed by third parties.
 - This can create challenges to the long term success of the asset class for the various participants.
 - Through Dodd Frank, the SEC has become engaged in the discussion to ensure base level legally required transparency is provided.

The SEC and its Focus

- SEC through its implementation of Dodd Frank and applying the Investment Advisers Act to private equity has dedicated resources to ensuring the GPs are providing sufficient disclosures in order to comply with their legal obligations.
 - Note that legal obligations are not the entire universe of information LPs desire to appropriately monitor and evaluate their investments.

The SEC and its Focus

- Where has the SEC focused?
 - Consultants/Employees/Operating Partners
 - Allocation of Expenses re: Co-Investments
 - Failure to Fully Disclose certain expenses and GP beneficial revenues (fee discounts from service providers; group purchasing, etc.)
 - Expense Shifting
 - Accelerated Monitoring Fees
 - Valuation Issues re: fee calculations
 - Influence of GP on portfolio company level decisions (e.g., hiring, fees, etc.).

Why the Challenge in PE?

- Several reasons why we ended up where we are.
 - Fund LP Agreements are bare bones on required reporting
 - This leads to patchwork approaches to reporting with GPs discussing individually what each LP needs.
 - LPs have different systems and resources resulting in requests for bespoke reporting from GPs.
 - With bespoke approaches and a struggle to get what LPs need in the format they need, the GP responds by providing what is asked and no more.
 - Information asymmetry between GPs and LPs results in potential abuse, which while rare, when it occurs it provides for sensational stories that hurts the asset class.
 - GPs are reluctant to provide information beyond what is asked. This could be viewed as short sighted and the consequences result in long term challenges to the asset class as it gains a negative reputation and then third parties step in to mandate approaches that may be less than ideal.
- Challenges have lead to a strong push from the LP community for standardization (providing the participants the ability to fill the void and help shape the outcome for the betterment of the asset class).

Standardization

- South Carolina Reporting Project
- The Release of the White Paper on Fees and Transparency
- The ILPA and its role
- The ILPA Template and Release

Contrasting two quarterly statements

Example A

% of Capital Partner %

Total Capital Commitment Capital Contributed to Date (includes transfers) Remaining Commitment

Opening Capital Balance

Contributions during the period Contributions receivable Distributions during the period Transfer of Interest Syndication Costs

Investment Results

Interest Income
Management Fees
Management Fee Offset
Other Expenses
Realized Gain/(Loss)
Deemed Gain/(Loss)
Change in Unrealized Gain/Loss;

Net Investment Results
Unrealized loss on cash escrow
Equity interest in net operating income and
realized gain from investees
Equity interest in change in unrealized
depreciation from investees

Incentive Allocation

Closing Capital Balance

Example B

Statement of Changes in Capital Account from October 1, 2015 to December 31, 2015

Capital Commitment

Capital account balance at October 1, 2015, at cost

Net operating income (loss)

Partnership distributions

Capital account balance at December 31, 2015, at cost

Net unrealized appreciation of investments at October 1, 2015

Change in net unrealized appreciation/depreciation of investments

Andrea Dang, CFA, Senior Analyst David Dupont, CFA, Senior Analyst Mike Heale, Principal CEM Benchmarking Inc. 372 Bay Street, Suite 1000 Toronto, ON, MSH 2W9 www.cembenchmarking.com

April 2015

THE TIME HAS COME FOR STANDARDIZED TOTAL COST DISCLOSURE FOR PRIVATE EQUITY

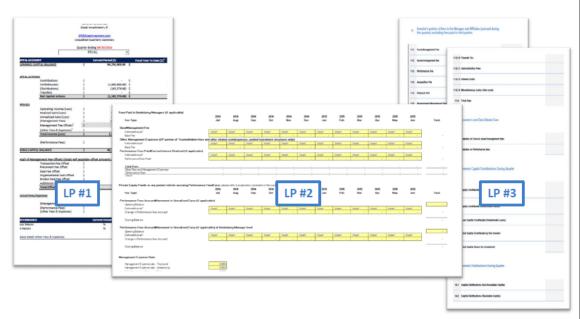


My hope was to draw more attention to the need for transparency and the limited partner's lack of access to standardized total investment costs in the asset class. I wanted the results to serve as a rousing call to action...

Inconsistent GP Reporting Led to Proliferating LP Templates

40% of LPs believe cost monitoring procedures are inadequate to identify material discrepancies within GP disclosures

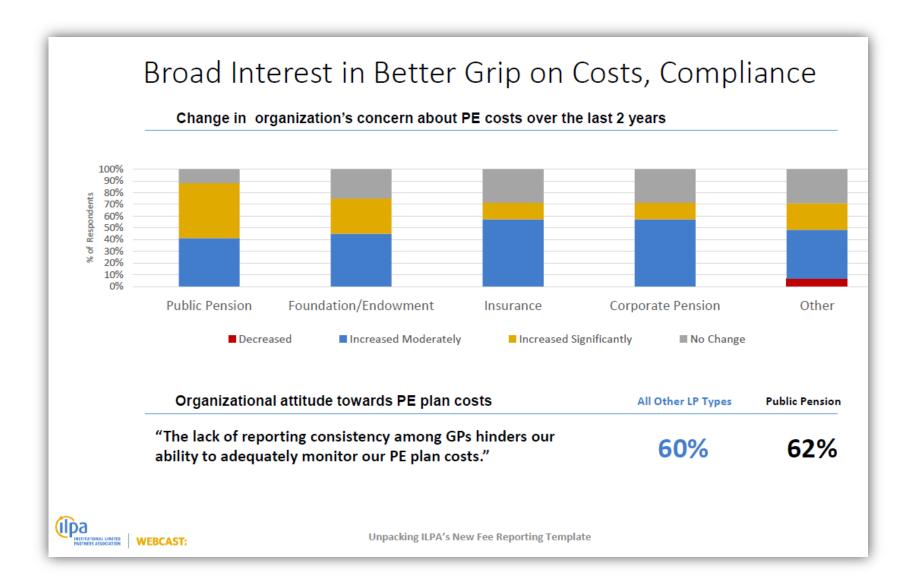
52%have requested additional data on a one-off basis, or have begun issuing customized templates.



LP requests varied significantly: from headline fees to waterfall validation to details of fees broken down by portfolio company



Unpacking ILPA's New Fee Reporting Template





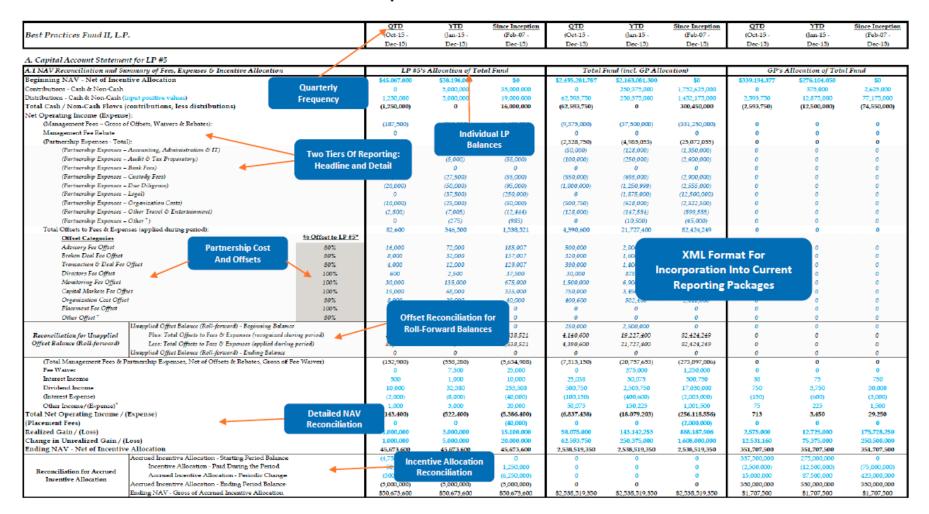
| | | QTD | YTD | Since Inception | QTD | YTD | Since Inception | QTD | YTD | Since Inception | |
|--|--|--|--------------|----------------------------------|---------------|-----------------|-------------------------|--------------------|---------------|-----------------|--------------|
| Best Practices Fund II, L.P. | | | (Oct-15 - | (Jan-15 - | (Feb-07 - | (Oct-15 - | (Jan-15 - | (Feb-07 - | (Oct-15 - | (Jan-15 - | (Feb-07 - |
| | | | Dec-15) | Dec-15) | Dec-15) | Dec-15) | Dec-15) | Dec-15) | Dec-15) | Dec-15) | Dec-15) |
| A. Capital Account Stateme | ent for LP #5 | | | | | | | | | | |
| A.1 NAV Reconciliation and Summary of Fees, Expenses & Incentive Allocation | | LP #5's Allocation of Total Fund | | Total Fund (incl. GP Allocation) | | | GP's | Allocation of Tota | ıl Fund | | |
| Beginning NAV - Net of Incer | ntive Allocation | | \$45,067,000 | \$38,196,000 | \$0 | \$2,495,281,787 | \$2,163,081,300 | \$0 | \$339,194,377 | \$276,104,050 | \$0 |
| Contributions - Cash & Non-Cash | | | 0 | 5,000,000 | 35,000,000 | 0 | 250,375,000 | 1,752,625,000 | 0 | 375,000 | 2,625,000 |
| Distributions - Cash & Non-Cash (| (input positive values) | | 1,250,000 | 5,000,000 | 19,000,000 | 62,593,750 | 250,375,000 | 1,452,175,000 | 2,593,750 | 12,875,000 | 77,175,000 |
| Total Cash / Non-Cash Flows | (contributions, less distributions) | | (1,250,000) | 0 | 16,000,000 | (62,593,750) | 0 | 300,450,000 | (2,593,750) | (12,500,000) | (74,550,000) |
| Net Operating Income (Expens | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | of Offsets, Waivers & Rebates): | | (187,500) | (750,000) | (6,625,000) | (9,375,000) | (37,500,000) | (331,250,000) | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Management Fee Rebate | | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| (Partnership Expenses - Tot | | | (48,000) | (154,780) | (548,429) | (2,328,750) | (4,985,053) | (25,072,055) | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| the state of the s | – Accounting, Administration & IT) | | (1,000) | (2,500) | (27,000) | (50,000) | (128,000) | (1,350,000) | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| (Partnership Expenses | – Audit & Tax Preparatory) | | (2,000) | (5,000) | (58,000) | (100,000) | (250,000) | (2,600,000) | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| (Partnership Expenses | | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| (Partnership Expenses | • | | (12,500) | (27,500) | (55,000) | (550,000) | (695,000) | (2,900,000) | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| (Partnership Expenses | | | (20,000) | (50,000) | (95,000) | (1,000,000) | (1,250,999) | (2,555,000) | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| (Partnership Expenses | • . | | 0 | (37,500) | (250,000) | 0 | (1,875,000) | (12,500,000) | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| (Partnership Expenses | | | (10,000) | (25,000) | (50,000) | (500,750) | (628,000) | (2,522,500) | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| The second secon | (Partnership Expenses - Other Travel & Entertainment) | | (2,500) | (7,005) | (12,444) | (128,000) | (147,554) | (599,555) | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| (Partnership Expenses - Other +) | | 0 | (275) | (985) | 0 | (10,500) | (45,000) | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| Total Offsets to Fees & Expenses (applied during period): | | 82,600 | 346,500 | 1,538,521 | 4,390,600 | 21,727,400 | 82,424,249 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| Offset Categories | | % Offset to LP #5* | | | | | | | | | |
| | Advisory Fee Offset 80% | | 16,000 | 72,000 | 185,007 | 500,000 | 2,000,000 | 9,062,500 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Broken Deal Fee Offset 80% | | 8,000 | 32,000 | 137,007 | 320,000 | 1,600,000 | 8,000,000 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| Transaction & Deal Fee Offset 80% | | 4,000 | 12,000 | 129,007 | 390,000 | 1,400,000 | 5,968,749 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| Directors Fee Offset 100% | | 600 | 2,500 | 37,500 | 30,000 | 875,000 | 6,875,000 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| | Monitoring Fee Offset 100% | | 30,000 | 135,000 | 675,000 | 1,500,000 | 6,900,000 | 34,000,000 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Capital Markets Fee Of | | 100% | 15,000 | 68,000 | 335,000 | 750,000 | 3,450,000 | 16,500,000 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Organization Cost Offs | et | 80% | 8,000 | 20,000 | 40,000 | 400,600 | 502, 1 00 | 2,018,000 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Placement Fee Offset | | 100% | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Other Offset * | Other Offset + 80% | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | Unapplied Offset Balance (Roll-forward) - Beginning Balance | | 1,000 | 5,000 | 0 | 250,000 | 2,500,000 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Reconciliation for Unapplied | Plus: Total Offsets to Fees & Expenses (recognized dur | | 81,600 | 341,500 | 1,538,521 | 4,140,600 | 19,227, 4 00 | 82,424,249 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Offset Balance (Roll-forward) | Less: Total Offsets to Fees & Expenses (applied during period) | | 82,600 | 346,500 | 1,538,521 | 4,390,600 | 21,727,400 | 82,424,249 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | | Unapplied Offset Balance (Roll-forward) - Ending Balance | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | Partnership Expenses, Net of Offsets & Rebates, Gross of F | ee Waiver) | (152,900) | (558,280) | (5,634,908) | (7,313,150) | (20,757,653) | (273,897,806) | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Fee Waiver | | | 0 | 7,500 | 25,000 | 0 | 375,000 | 1,250,000 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Interest Income | | 500 | 1,000 | 10,000 | 25,038 | 50,075 | 500,750 | 38 | 75 | 750 | |
| Dividend Income | | | 10,000 | 32,380 | 233,508 | 500,750 | 2,503,750 | 17,030,000 | 750 | 3,750 | 30,000 |
| (Interest Expense) | | | (2,000) | (8,000) | (40,000) | (100,150) | (400,600) | (2,003,000) | (150) | (600) | (3,000) |
| Other Income/(Expense) | | | 1,000 | 3,000 | 20,000 | 50,075 | 150,225 | 1,001,500 | 75 | 225 | 1,500 |
| Total Net Operating Income / | (Expense) | | (143,400) | (522,400) | (5,386,400) | (6,837,438) | (18,079,203) | (256,118,556) | 713 | 3,450 | 29,250 |
| (Placement Fees) | | | 0 | 0 | (40,000) | 0 | 0 | (2,000,000) | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Realized Gain / (Loss) | - | | 1,000,000 | 3,000,000 | 15,100,000 | 50,075,000 | 143,142,253 | 888,187,906 | 2,575,000 | 12,725,000 | 175,728,250 |
| Change in Unrealized Gain / | | | 1,000,000 | 5,000,000 | 20,000,000 | 62,593,750 | 250,375,000 | 1,608,000,000 | 12,531,160 | 75,375,000 | 250,500,000 |
| Ending NAV - Net of Incentive Allocation | | 45,673,600 | 45,673,600 | 45,673,600 | 2,538,519,350 | 2,538,519,350 | 2,538,519,350 | 351,707,500 | 351,707,500 | 351,707,500 | |
| l | Accrued Incentive Allocation - Starting Period Balance | | (4,750,000) | (3,750,000) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 337,500,000 | 275,000,000 | 0 |
| Reconciliation for Accrued | Incentive Allocation - Paid During the Period | | 50,000 | 250,000 | 1,250,000 | 0 | 0 | 0 | (2,500,000) | (12,500,000) | (75,000,000) |
| Incentive Allocation | Accried incentive Allocation - Periodic Change | | (300,000) | (1,500,000) | (6,250,000) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 15,000,000 | 87,500,000 | 425,000,000 |
| l | Accrued Incentive Allocation - Ending Period Balance | | (5,000,000) | (5,000,000) | (5,000,000) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 350,000,000 | 350,000,000 | 350,000,000 |
| I | Ending NAV - Gross of Accrued Incentive Allocation | | \$50,673,600 | \$50,673,600 | \$50,673,600 | \$2,538,519,350 | \$2,538,519,350 | \$2,538,519,350 | \$1,707,500 | \$1,707,500 | \$1,707,500 |

LPA Language on Reporting

- GP counsel incorporates LPA language limiting reporting to what is provided in the LPA.
- GPs carve out reporting from most favored nations provisions, limiting dissemination of more specific information LPs request.
- LPA language included allowing the GP not to provide information on sometimes dubious basis.



Template Features





Template Features

| | QTD | YTD | Since Inception | QTD | YTD | Since Inception | QTD | YTD | Since Inception | |
|---|----------------|----------------------------------|---|-----------------|----------------------------------|-----------------|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|-----------------|--|
| Best Practices Fund II, L.P. | (Oct-15 - | Jan-15 - | (Feb-07 - | (Oct-15 - | (Jan-15 - | (Feb-07 - | (Oct-15 - | (Jan15 - | (Feb-07 - | |
| | | Dec-15) | Dec-15) | Dec-15) | Dec-15) | Dec-15) | Dec-15) | Dec-15) | Dec-15) | |
| | | | | | | | | | | |
| A.2 Commitment Reconciliation: | LP #5's | LP #5's Allocation of Total Fund | | | Total Fund (incl. GP Allocation) | | | GP's Allocation of Total Fund | | |
| Total Commitment | \$50,000,000 | \$50,000,000 | \$50,000,000 | \$2,503,750,000 | \$2,503,750,000 | \$2,503,750,000 | \$3,750,000 | \$3,750,000 | \$3,750,000 | |
| Beginning Unfunded Commitments | Commitment | 23,500,000 | \$50,000,000 | \$926,387,500 | \$1.176.762.500 | \$2,503,750,000 | 1.387,500 | 1.762,500 | 3,750,000 | |
| (Less Contributions) | Commitment | 5,000,000) | (35,000,000) | 0 | (250,375,000) | (1,752,625,000) | 0 | (375,000) | (2,625,000) | |
| Plus Recallable Distributions | Reconciliation | 0 | 4,000,000 | 0 | 0 | 200,300,000 | 0 | 0 | 300,000 | |
| (Less Expired/Released Commitments) | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| +/- Other Unfunded Adjustment | | 0 | (500,000) | 0 | 0 | (25,037,500) | 0 | 0 | (37,500) | |
| Ending Unfunded Commitment | | \$18,500,000 | \$18,500,000 | \$926.387,500 | \$926,387,500 | \$926,387,500 | \$1,387,500 | \$1,387,500 | \$1,387,500 | |
| | | | | | | | | | | |
| A.3 Miscellaneous** (input positive values): | LP #5's | Allocation of To | catton of Total Fund Total Fund (incl. GP Allocation) | | | eation) | GP's Allocation of Total Fund | | | |
| Incentive Allocation - Earned (period-end balance)**** | \$1,250,000 | \$1,250,000 | \$1,250,000 | 50 | 50 | \$0 | \$75,000,000 | \$75,000,000 | \$75,000,000 | |
| Incentive Allocation - Amount Held in Escrow (period-end balance)**** | \$250,000 | \$250,000 | \$250,000 | 50 | 50 | \$0 | \$15,000,000 | \$15,000,000 | \$15,000,000 | |
| Returned Clawback*** | | | 50 | 50 | 50 | \$0 | \$0 | 50 | 50 | |
| Capitalized Transaction Fees & Exp Paid to Non-Related Parties**** | | Of Funds | \$1,000,000 | \$2,503,750 | \$10,015,000 | \$50,075,000 | | | | |
| Distributions Relating to Fees & Expenses**** | | | \$58,000 | \$125,188 | \$500,750 | \$2,904,350 | | | | |
| Fund of Funds: Gross Fees, Exp. & Incentive Allocation paid to the Underlying Funds**** | | e Overlay | \$24,626 | \$97,720 | \$390,879 | \$1,233,161 | | | | |

| B.1 Source Allocation: | | LP #5's Allocation of Total Fund | | Cumulative LPs' Allocation of Total Fund | | | Affiliated Positions*** | | |
|---|--|----------------------------------|--------------------------|--|---------------|---------------|-------------------------|-------------|--------------|
| With Respect to the Fund's LPs | Management Fees - Net of Rebates, Gross of Offsets and Waivers | 187,500 | 750,000 6,625,000 | 9,375,000 | 37,500,000 | 331,250,000 | | | |
| | Partnership Expenses - Paid to GP & Related Parties - Gross of Offsets | 1,000 | 7 | 50,075 | 200,300 | 1,502,250 | | | |
| | (Less Total Offsets to Fees & Expenses - applied during period) | (82,600) | Parrame (2000) | (4,390,600) | (21,727,400) | (82,424,249) | | | |
| the Pulle 5 EF 5 | Capitalized Transaction Fees & Exp Paid to GP & Related Parties**** | 0 | Revenue Sourced | 0 | | 0 | | | |
| | Accrued Incentive Allocation - Periodic Change | 300,000 | From LPs 00 | 15,000,000 | Sources of GP | 425,000,000 | | | |
| | Total Fees with Respect to Portfolio Companies/Investments: | 80,600 | 77 | 3,792,500 | Revenue | 86,164,062 | \$947,225 | \$4,342,500 | \$21,334,765 |
| l | Advisory Foes**** | 20,000 | 90,000 231,259 | 625,000 | | 11,328,125 | 156,250 | 625,000 | 2,832,031 |
| | Broken Deal Foos**** | 10,000 | 40.000 177.300 | 400,000 | 2,000,000 | 10,000,000 | 100,000 | 500,000 | 2,500,000 |
| | Transaction & Deal Fees**** | 5,000 | | 487,500 | 1,750,000 | 7,460,937 | 121,875 | 437,500 | 1,865,234 |
| With Respect to the Fund's Portfolio Companies/Invs. | Directors Fees**** | 600 | Revenue Sourced From | 30,000 | 875,000 | 6,875,000 | 6,600 | 192,500 | 1,512,500 |
| Portrotto Companies invs. | Monitoring Focs**** | 30,000 | Portfolio Companies | 1,500,000 | 6,900,000 | 34,000,000 | 375,000 | 1,725,000 | 8,500,000 |
| | Capital Markets Fees**** | 15,000 | | 750,000 | 3,450,000 | 16,500,000 | 187,500 | 862,500 | 4,125,000 |
| | Other Fees**** + | 0 | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | Total Reimbursements for Travel & Administrative Expenses**** | | 15,000 62,200 | 200,000 | 600,000 | 248,800 | 8,000 | 19,500 | 88,500 |
| Total Received by the GP & R | elated Parties | \$491,500 | \$2,273,000 \$13,039,956 | \$24,026,975 | \$121,547,900 | \$761,740,863 | \$955,225 | \$4.362.000 | \$21.423,265 |

^{*}Current offset percentages for the specific LP; As offset calculations may change over the life of the Fund, the current offset percentages may not be applicable for calculating the non-QTD offset balances

Shaded/Italicized/Grouped Content Represents Level-2 Data

Footnotes for any YTD. Total Funds expenses, fees & offsets linelading any "other" balances)

Partmership Expenses - Other (\$10,500) = Insurance (\$8,000) + Partmership-Level Taxes (\$2,500)

Additional Detail

^{**}Content in A.3 aims to provide users with additional context on the balances provided in other sections; Some of the balances in A.3 represent a sub-total for an amount provided in another section; Balances in this section should be entered as a positive amount; To prevent double-counting, or other miscalculations, users should avoid neiting balances in A.3 with amounts in other sections

^{****}Balances in this section represent fees & reimbursements received by the GP/Manager/Related Parties with respect to the Fund's investments that are not allocable to ownership interests of LP co-investors & other vehicles managed-by/affiliated-with the GP/Manager/Related Party; To avoid double-counting, LP # 55 Allocation of Total Fund should not reflect any pro-rate share of these positions; Balances in this section, plus the balances in the "Cumulative LPs' Allocation of Total Fund' section, should equal the total fees/neimbursements received by the GP/Manager/Related Parties With Respect to the Fund's Portfolio Companies/Ims.

^{****}Allocation for individual LPs, the Total Fund and all remaining positions may need to be estimated on a pro-rata basis

^{*}A description should be provided in the footnote section for any amount(s) listed in this row for the year-to-date period

LPA Language on Reporting

- LP Agreement provisions are sparse on transparency
 - Unlike several other provisions which go into significant detail, reporting provisions are bare bones.
 - Annual Reports
 - Quarterly Reports
 - Tax Information
 - Focus is more on timelines than content.

LPA Language on Reporting

- GP counsel incorporates LPA language limiting reporting to what is provided in the LPA.
- GPs carve out reporting from most favored nations provisions, limiting dissemination of more specific information LPs request.
- LPA language included allowing the GP not to provide information on sometimes dubious basis.

Impact of the ILPA Template

 How does the template help the LP community and the asset class as a whole?

How do we ensure success?

- How is the template being received?
- What challenges are being faced in implementation?

Impact of the ILPA Template

- What is happening outside of the participants of the asset class?
 - Proposed legislation
 - California
 - Illinois
 - Educational Initiatives

Impact for Due Diligence

- ILPA template allows for a road map for due diligence professionals to fully vet how the GP approaches value creation and value extraction from portfolio companies.
- Information available as to GP management of investments allows greater understanding as to risk in the asset class and to how the industry is operating. More information results in a more informed risk analysis and investment.
- Information requests as part of DDQ and overall diligence process can be more customized.

Q & A







Organizations referenced



www.ilpa.org

Networking . Research . Education . Advocacy . Influence .



www.cembenchmarking.com



www.publicfundsurvey.org

Materials referenced

| Title | Details |
|--|--|
| The Time Has Come For Standardized Total Cost Disclosure For Private Equity | CEM Benchmarking Andrea Dang, David Dupont, Mike Heale, CEM Benchmarking, April 2015. www.cembenchmarking.com |
| The ILPA Fee Template | Institutional Limited Partners Association (ILPA) January 2016. www.ilpa.org |
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