#FactsMatter: Immigration Explained

No human being is illegal.

Phrases such as “illegal immigrant” and “illegal alien” replace complex legal circumstances with an assumption of guilt. They effectively criminalize the personhood of migrants, instead of describing the legality of their actions.

It is not a crime for an undocumented person to remain in the United States. “As a general rule, it is not a crime for a movable alien to remain in the United States.”


It is a violation of federal immigration law to remain in the country without legal authorization, but this violation is punishable by civil penalties, not criminal.


Immigration is not one size fits all.

Most undocumented immigrants cannot simply “get legal” and “be a citizen” by filling out paperwork or paying a fee.

The right way to immigrate was at one time to simply show up. Processing at Ellis Island involved health inspections and naturalization.

• Many of our ancestors would not have qualified under today’s immigration laws.
• Many European immigrants benefited from “amnesty,” such as the 1929 Registry Act.

Source: American Immigration Council

A border wall would be an ineffective immigration restriction.

An estimated 40% of all undocumented immigrants were visa holders, which means they entered the country legally.

Source: Pew Hispanic Research Center

Immigrants start businesses and grow the economy.

• Immigrants are more likely to start businesses than native-born Americans.
Source: Kauffman Foundation

• Immigration has an overall positive impact on long-run economic growth in the U.S.
Source: National Academies of Sciences, Engineering, and Medicine

• If mass deportation were enacted, US GDP would drop by $1.6 trillion.
Source: American Action Forum

## Public Engagement

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Tax Paid by Immigrants</th>
<th>State and Local Taxes</th>
<th>Social Security</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>$11.64B</td>
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<td>$13B</td>
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Immigrants pay an estimated $11.64 billion in state and local taxes, and pay $13 billion to Social Security.

Higher immigration is associated with lower crime rates

• Between 1990 and 2013, the foreign-born share of the U.S. population increased from 7.9 percent to 13.1 percent and the number of unauthorized immigrants increased from 3.5 million to 11.2 million.
• During the same period, the violent crime rate declined 48 percent—which included falling rates of aggravated assault, robbery, rape, and murder. The property crime rate fell 41 percent, including declining rates of motor vehicle theft, larceny/robbery, and burglary.

Source: U.S. Census and American Community Survey

Immigrants commit less crime than the native-born population.

Immigrants are less likely than the native-born to be behind bars.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>% of Male Incarcerated Between 18-39</th>
<th>IMMIGRANTS</th>
<th>NATIVE-BORN</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1.6%</td>
<td>3.3%</td>
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Source: Institute on Taxation and Economic Policy

Social Security Administration

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• Many European immigrants benefited from “amnesty,” such as the 1929 Registry Act.

Source: American Immigration Council

Asians are the fastest growing population of undocumented immigrants.

Source: Migration Policy Institute

GDP

If mass deportation were enacted, US GDP would drop by $1.6 trillion.

Source: American Action Forum
DACA Fact Sheet

What is DACA?
Deferred Action for Childhood Arrivals, or DACA, is a Department of Homeland Security policy that allows for certain undocumented Americans to have their deportations delayed and obtain a temporary work permit.

To be eligible, a person must have been age 30 or younger as of 2012, enrolled in or graduated from school, and not have a felony conviction. For additional qualifications, visit the official USCIS website. Individuals must submit to a biometrics and background check, and pay $495 in fees as part of their application. DACA lasts for two years, and each renewal (which costs an additional $495) is not guaranteed.

DACA Recipients CANNOT

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>DACA recipients cannot receive amnesty, a path to citizenship, or legalization.</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>DACA recipients cannot vote.</td>
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<tr>
<td>DACA recipients cannot receive any federal benefits, like Social Security, college financial aid, or food stamps.</td>
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<th>DACA recipients can get a temporary stay against their deportation for two years at a time.</th>
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<tr>
<td>DACA recipients can apply for driver’s licenses in some states. The licenses are marked that they cannot be used for federal purposes, like voting.</td>
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<tr>
<td>DACA recipients are required to pay federal income taxes.</td>
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What are the results of DACA?

Because of DACA, 886,814 of the potentially eligible 1,932,000 undocumented Americans had their applications accepted.

A survey of 1,308 DACA recipients showed:

- 95% are currently working or in school
- 63% got a better paying job
- 54% bought their first car
- 48% got a job with better working conditions
- 12% bought their first home

DACA recipients contribute $1.2 billion annually in federal, state, and local tax revenue. That revenue would disappear if DACA were repealed.

$1.2B in new tax revenue

DACA in Danger

73% of Donald Trump voters want young people who are undocumented, “DREAMers,” to stay in the US legally.

Congress and government officials are publicly debating the continuation of DACA. Ten state attorneys general threatened to file a lawsuit over the program, while 19 state attorneys general and Washington, D.C.’s Attorney General have urged President Trump to keep the program in place.

Visit our story platform at DefineAmerican.com/stories for real perspectives from people with DACA.
To contact Define American about editorial use of these stories, email us at hello@defineamerican.com

Source: Migration Policy Institute
Source: Professor Tom Wong of the University of California, the National Immigration Law Center, and the Center for American Progress
Source: Institute on Taxation and Economic Policy
Source: Morning Consult/Politico National Tracking Poll

46% of eligible immigrants have received DACA

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