

Measurement: Surface Area of Prisms & Pyramids

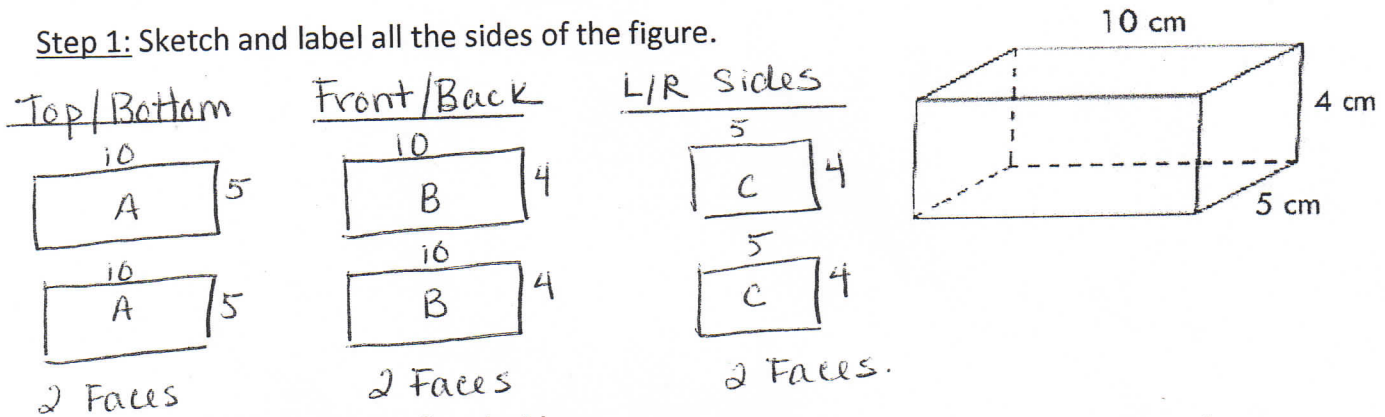
Date: Note

SURFACE AREA: The total area of the surface of an object. It's measured in square units.

EXAMPLE 1: Surface Area of Rectangular Prism

Calculate the least amount of wrapping paper needed to wrap this box.

Step 1: Sketch and label all the sides of the figure.



Step 2: Calculate the area of each side.

$$\begin{aligned}
 A_A &= (l \times w) (2) \\
 &= (5 \times 10) (2) \\
 &= 50 (2) \\
 &= \boxed{100 \text{ cm}^2}
 \end{aligned}$$

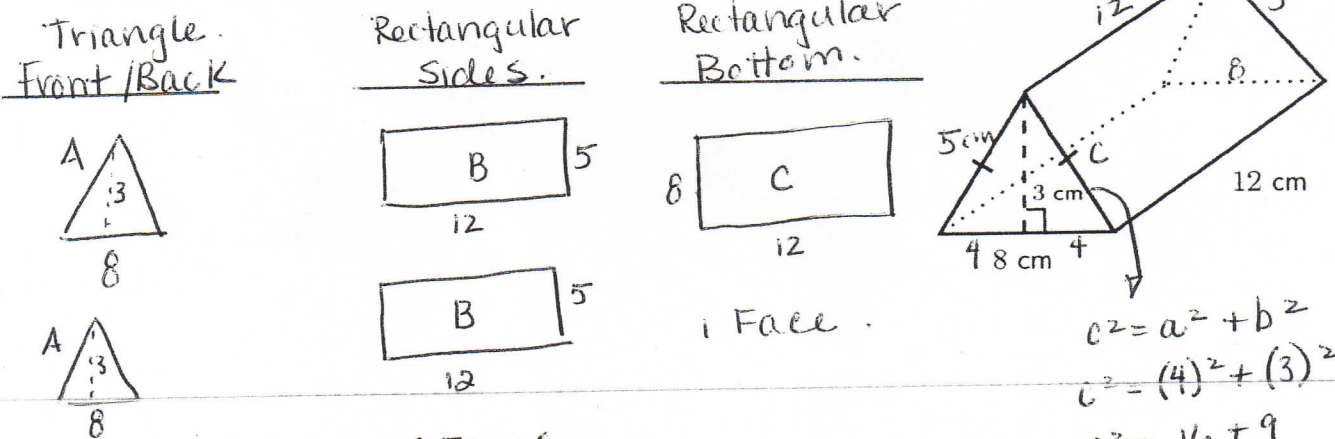
$$\begin{aligned}
 A_B &= (l \times w) (2) \\
 &= (10 \times 4) (2) \\
 &= (40) (2) \\
 &= \boxed{80 \text{ cm}^2}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 A_C &= (l \times w) (2) \\
 &= (5 \times 4) (2) \\
 &= 20 (2) \\
 &= \boxed{40 \text{ cm}^2}
 \end{aligned}$$

Step 3: Add up the areas of each side for the TOTAL SURFACE AREA

$$\begin{aligned}
 A_{\text{TOTAL}} &= A_A + A_B + A_C \\
 &= 100 + 80 + 40 \\
 &= \boxed{220 \text{ cm}^2}
 \end{aligned}$$

EXAMPLE 2: Surface Area of Triangular Prism



2 Faces

$$\begin{aligned}
 A_A &= \left(\frac{1}{2} b h\right) (2) \\
 &= \left(\frac{1}{2} 8 \times 3\right) (2) \\
 &= 12 (2) \\
 &= \boxed{24 \text{ cm}^2}
 \end{aligned}$$

2 Faces.

$$\begin{aligned}
 A_B &= (l \times w) (2) \\
 &= (5 \times 12) (2) \\
 &= (60) (2) \\
 &= \boxed{120 \text{ cm}^2}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 A_C &= l \times w \\
 &= 12 \times 8 \\
 &= \boxed{96 \text{ cm}^2}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 A_{\text{TOTAL}} &= A_A + A_B + A_C \\
 &= 24 + 120 + 96 = \boxed{240 \text{ cm}^2}
 \end{aligned}$$

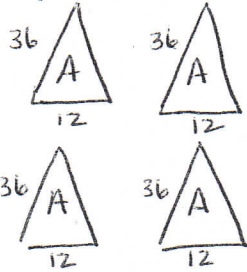
$$\begin{aligned}
 c^2 &= a^2 + b^2 \\
 c^2 &= (4)^2 + (3)^2 \\
 c^2 &= 16 + 9 \\
 \sqrt{c^2} &= \sqrt{25} \\
 c &= 5 \text{ cm}
 \end{aligned}$$

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EXAMPLE 3: Surface Area of Square-Based Pyramid

Triangular Sides



4 Faces.

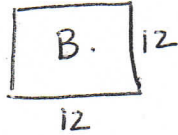
$$A_A = \left(\frac{1}{2}bh\right)(4)$$

$$A_A = \left(\frac{1}{2}(12)(35.5)\right)(4)$$

$$A_A = (213)(4)$$

$$A_A = \boxed{852 \text{ ft}^2}$$

Rectangular Bottom



1 Face.

$$A_B = l \times w (1)$$

$$A_B = 12 \times 12$$

$$A_B = \boxed{144 \text{ ft}^2}$$

$$A_{\text{TOTAL}} = A_A + A_B$$

$$= 852 + 144$$

$$= \boxed{996 \text{ ft}^2}$$

Height of triangle

Pythagorean

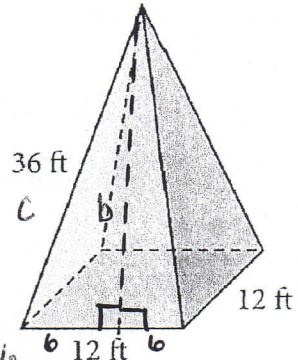
$$c^2 = a^2 + b^2$$

$$36^2 = 6^2 + b^2$$

$$1296 = 36 + b^2$$

$$1260 = b^2$$

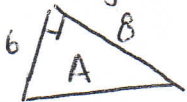
$$\boxed{35.5 = b}$$



\therefore total SA is 996 ft^2

EXAMPLE 4: Surface Area of a Rectangular Pyramid

Triangle Front/Back



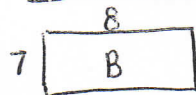
2 Faces

$$A_A = \left(\frac{1}{2}bh\right)(2)$$

$$A_A = \left(\frac{1}{2}6 \times 8\right)(2)$$

$$A_A = \boxed{48 \text{ cm}^2}$$

R Side

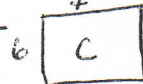


$$A_B = l \times w$$

$$= 8 \times 7$$

$$= \boxed{56 \text{ cm}^2}$$

L Side

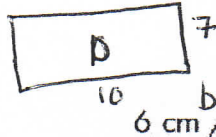


$$A_B = (l \times w)$$

$$A_B = (6 \times 7)$$

$$A_B = \boxed{42 \text{ cm}^2}$$

Bottom

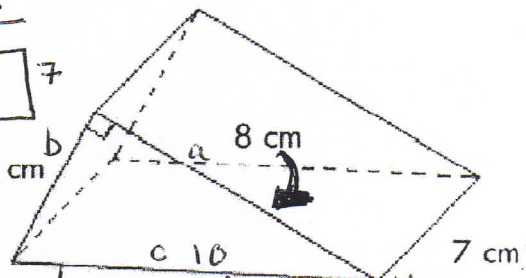


1 Face.

$$A_B = l \times w$$

$$= 7 \times 10$$

$$= \boxed{70 \text{ cm}^2}$$



Need to find length

$$c^2 = a^2 + b^2$$

$$c^2 = 8^2 + 6^2$$

$$c^2 = 64 + 36$$

$$\sqrt{c^2} = \sqrt{100}$$

$$\boxed{c = 10}$$

$$A_{\text{TOTAL}} = A_A + A_B + A_C + A_D$$

$$= 48 + 56 + 42 + 70$$

$$= \boxed{216 \text{ cm}^2}$$

\therefore total surface area is 216 cm^2 .