

# WORKSHEET: Intercept Method Graphing of a Line

Name Solutionis



Graph the following equations using the Intercept Method.

a)  $y = 2x + 10$

y-int, let  $x=0$

$$y = 2(0) + 10$$

$$y = 10$$

$\therefore (0, 10)$  is y-int

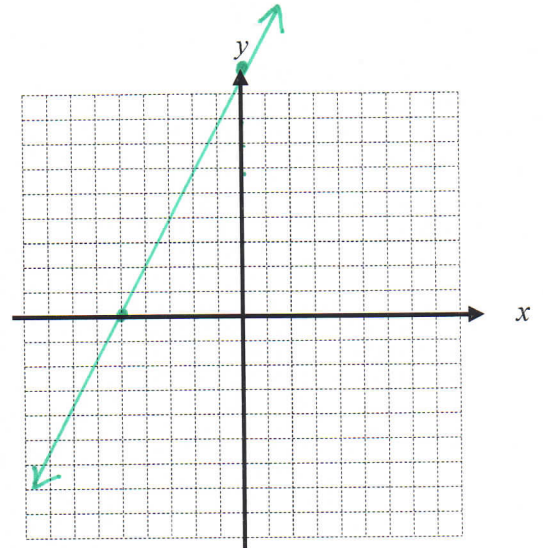
x-int, let  $y=0$

$$0 = 2x + 10$$

$$\frac{-10}{2} = \frac{2x}{2}$$

$$-5 = x$$

$\therefore (-5, 0)$  is x-int.



b)  $y = -x - 1$

y-int, let  $x=0$

$$y = -(0) - 1$$

$$y = -1$$

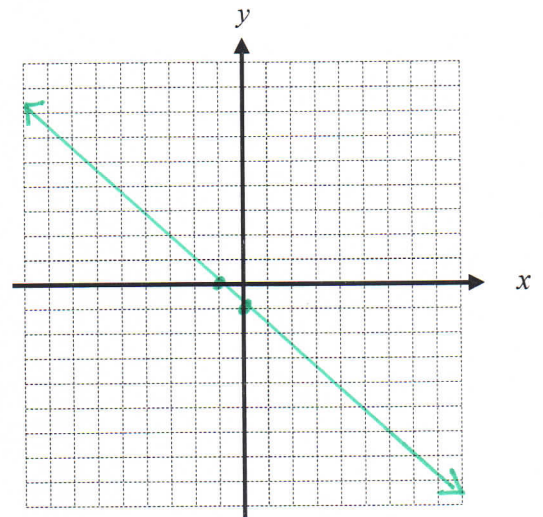
$\therefore (0, -1)$  is y-int.

x-int, let  $y=0$

$$0 = -x - 1$$

$$x = -1$$

$\therefore (-1, 0)$  is x-int.



c)  $y = \frac{1}{4}x - 2$

y-int

$$y = \frac{1}{4}(0) - 2$$

$$y = -2$$

$\therefore (0, -2)$  is y-int.

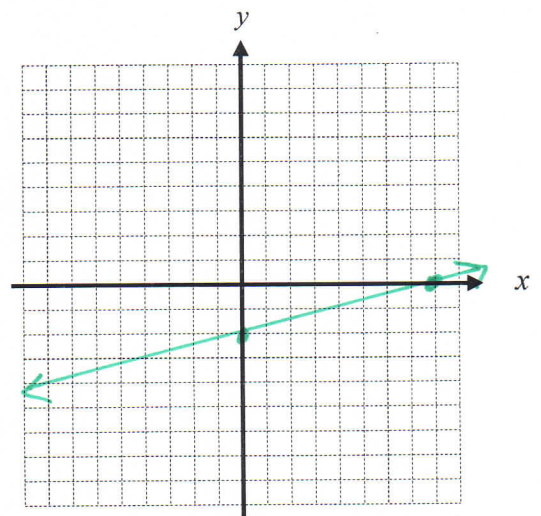
x-int

$$0 = \frac{1}{4}x - 2$$

$$2 = \frac{1}{4}x$$

$$8 = x$$

$\therefore (8, 0)$  is x-int.



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d)  $y = \frac{2}{3}x + 4$

y-int

$$y = \frac{2}{3}(0) + 4$$

$$y = 4$$

$\therefore (0, 4)$  is y-int.

x-int

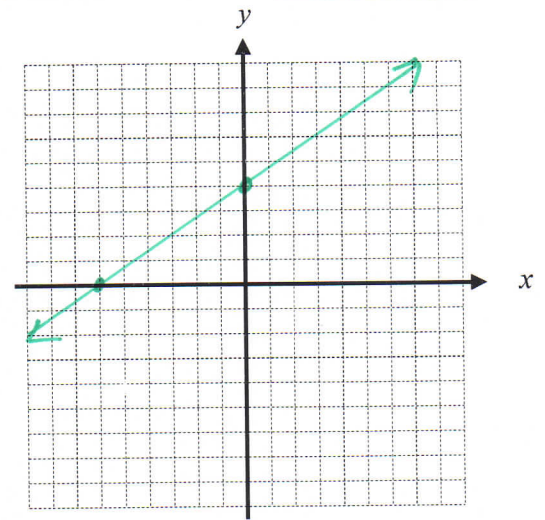
$$0 = \frac{2}{3}x + 4$$

$$-4 = \frac{2}{3}x$$

$$\frac{-12}{2} = \frac{2x}{2}$$

$$-6 = x$$

$\therefore (-6, 0)$  is x-int.



e)  $y = -4x + 12$

y-int

$$y = -4(0) + 12$$

$$y = 12$$

$\therefore (0, 12)$  is y-int.

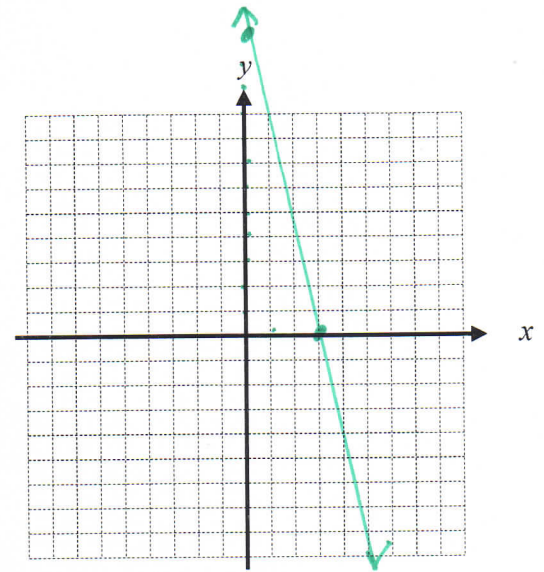
x-int

$$0 = -4x + 12$$

$$\frac{4x}{4} = \frac{12}{4}$$

$$x = 3$$

$\therefore (3, 0)$  is x-int.



f)  $y = 5x + 15$

y-int

$$y = 5(0) + 15$$

$$y = 15$$

$\therefore (0, 15)$  is y-int.

x-int

$$0 = 5x + 15$$

$$\frac{-15}{5} = \frac{5x}{5}$$

$$-3 = x$$

$\therefore (-3, 0)$  is x-int.

