Squares and Square Roots

Certain numbers can be arranged into squares, equal numbers of rows and columns.

1 square and each side measures 1 unit

4 squares and each side measures 2 units

9 squares and each side measures 3 units

16 squares and each side measures 4 units

The numbers 1, 4, 9, 16, etc. are named *square numbers* or *perfect squares*. We determine the size of the square because of its side length. So the "Square Root" is the length of the side of the square.

So,
$$\sqrt{1} = 1$$
, $\sqrt{4} = 2$, $\sqrt{9} = 3$, $\sqrt{16} = 4$