Lake Chad Basin: Ongoing Food Security and Displacement Crisis

Boko Haram and ISIS-West Africa related conflict continues to restrict humanitarian access and drive internal displacement in the Lake Chad Basin region, where an estimated **10.7 million** people need assistance and **2.2 million** are displaced. The nine year conflict between the extremist groups and the governments of the Lake Chad Basin region continues to threaten civilians and their livelihoods.

Approximately **4.5 million** people are food insecure in the Lake Chad Basin region, a decline from a height of **7 million** last year. While the food security situation remains grave, over the last year Nigeria experienced a **29% decline** of those in need of urgent food assistance, the largest decrease among countries in the Lake Chad Basin region, due to improved security, access, and increased humanitarian assistance.

**Number of internally displaced persons by department or LGA as of January 2018**

- **No data**
- Fewer than 10,000
- 10,000 to 39,000
- 40,000 to 79,000
- 80,000 to 250,000
- 251,000 or more

**Integrated Food Security Phase Classification (IPC) in assessed areas**

FEWS NET food security projections for February–May 2018

- 1: Minimal
- 2: Stressed
- 3: Crisis
- 4: Emergency
- 5: Famine (not yet reached)
- Elevated risk of famine

**Boundaries**

- International
- Region or state (Source: USG)
- Department or local government area (LGA)

**NOTE:** Nigerian refugee numbers shown in country as of March 2018

Names and boundary representation are not necessarily authoritative

Sources: CCCM Cluster, FEWS NET, Government of Chad, Government of Niger, IOM, OCHA, REACH, Shelter Cluster, UNHCR, and WFP

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