Cover Sheet

(Each school can adapt with their own school name, logo etc)

Grade 12 SQL Portfolio Test 2018

Time: 45 minutes

Total marks: 40

Examiner: Dr C Kader

Moderators: Mr T Phiri, Mrs T van

Jaarsveld

This question paper consists of 8 questions -printed on 6 pages (including the cover page)

SCENARIO

A database is kept maintained by the owners of an animal/game park in order to keep track of their animals and donors. The database contains information in several tables. You have been supplied with a database called **AnimalsDB.accdb/mdb**. The **tblCount** table (*Figure 1 & 2*) is used to store details and keep track of the numbers of each type of animal; this is done by making a count on different days. The **tblAnimal** table (*Figure 3 & 4*) contains information about each type of animal. This contains information in several tables on various animals in the animal/game park. The game park has a number of donors, the details of which are kept in table **tblDonor** (*Figure 5 & 6*). Each donor can make donations or donates for the upkeep of various animals. A description of each of the tables is shown in *Figure 1, Figure 3,* and *Figure 5. Figures 2, 4 & 6* show sample data.

As several of the queries you will have to create will make changes to this database, it is recommended that you make a backup copy of the original database.

TABLE STRUCTURE

The fields in the database are discussed below. Below each description is a screenshot of the first few rows of data for your convenience. NOTE: The tables do contain more data:

tblCount

	## ##	tblCount			×
Z	Field Name	Data Type	Description (Optional)		
T	CountDate	Date/Time	Date on which the count was done		L
8	AnID	Number	Foreign Key - refers to tblAnimal.AnID		
	Quantity	Short Text	Number counted on that day		
	Accuracy	Short Text	What is the accuracy of the count? (a percentage	≥).	

Figure 1

CountDate -	AnID →	Quantity -	Accuracy -
1/23/2016	5	4	50
1/23/2016	8	18	80
1/23/2016	11	100	85
1/23/2016	12	1	50
1/23/2016	15	6	80

Figure 2

tblAnimal

•		tblAni	mal — 🗆	×
y	Field Name	Data Type	Description (Optional)	Ţ.
8	AnID	AutoNumber		
	Animal	Short Text	Common name of animal.	***************************************
	ScientificName	Short Text	Scientific name of animal.	
	Protected	Yes/No	Is the animal protected or not?	
ConservationCategory		Short Text	General, Vulnerable, Endangered, Critically Endangered, Ext	inct
	Price	Currency	Cost price of Animal	

Figure 3

AnID +	Animal +	ScientificName +	Protected -	ConservationCatego -	Price +
1	Blesbok	Damaliscus pygargus phillipsi		General	R 1,000.00
2	Eland	Taurotragus oryx		General	R 9,000.00
3	Ostrich	Struthio camelus		General	R 400.00
4	Warthog	Phacochoerus africanus		Vulnerable	R 700.00
5	Gemsbok	Oryx gazella		General	R 5,100.00

Figure 4

tblDonor

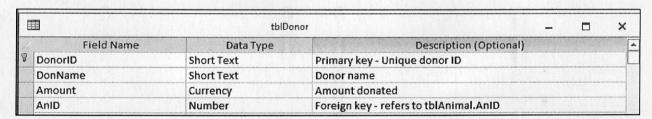


Figure 5

DonorID	- DonName -	Amount -	AnID -
CK63	Carl Kaine	\$1,000.00	2
LM20	Laurie Mann	\$500.00	5
LA12	Leah Ash	\$1,250.00	9
JG66	John Green	\$790.00	5

Figure 6

RELATIONSHIPS

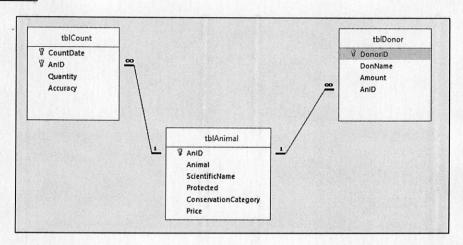


Figure 7

You have been supplied with the database named **AnimalsDB** and an electronic answer sheet named **SQL Answer Sheet 2018.** Open this file and paste your SQL queries in the space provided. Ensure that you save your work at regular intervals. Print **SQL2018Answers.docx** at the end of the session.

1.	Write a query that w					Oonor in descending	[4
	order of the amount	donated. Sam	iple output is	s shown in <i>Fig</i>	gure 8.		
		/ DonorID •	DonName •	Amount +	AnID	•	
		LA12	Leah Ash	\$1,250.00		9	
		CK63	Carl Kaine	\$1,000.00		2	
		SK74	Sbu Khoza	\$850.00		1	
		JG66	John Green	\$790.00		5	
		JS35	Jay Singh	\$650.00		8	
		LM20	Laurie Mann	\$500.00		5	
			Figure	. 8			
	Write a query that w						[4
	Sample output is sho						
		An	imal 🕶	Price	•		1000
		Blesb	ok	R 1,00	0.00		
		Wart	hoe				
				R 70	0.00		
		Rietb	acamatan managantan	R 70 R 2,30			
		Rietb Steer	ok J		0.00		
		······································	ok	R 2,30	0.00		
		Steer	ok nbok er	R 2,30 R 1,20	0.00 0.00 0.00		
		Steer Duike	ok nbok er pok	R 2,30 R 1,20 R 75 R 1,15	0.00 0.00 0.00		
		Steer Duike Rooib	ok nbok er pok	R 2,30 R 1,20 R 75 R 1,15 R 60	0.00 0.00 0.00		

3.	It has been found that t in tblCount that took pl		ace on 1/17/2018 i	s invalid. Delete all counts	[3]
4.	ConservationCategory f	Animal · ScientificName · Damaliscus pygargus phillipsi	Protected - ConservationCatego	• Price • R 1,000.00	[4]
	(B) 3 (O	land Taurotragus oryx strich Struthio camelus	General General	R 9,000.00 R 400.00	
	233339	Varthog Phacochoerus africatus emsbok Oryx gazella	✓ Vulneable General	R 700.00 R 5,100.00	
		Figu	ure 10		
5.	Write a query that will s 2017, under the column The first three lines of o	heading Average Qu	antity.	of all animals counted in	(7)
		AnID -	Average Quantity +		
		8	30		
		12	2		
		15	7		
		Figu	re 11		
6.	Write a query to display Quantity) which are cate output shown in <i>Figure</i> 2	egorised as Extinct, Co		ervationCategory and or Endangered. Sample	(6)
	AnID	- Animal	- ConservationCatego -	- Quantity -	
		20 Black Rhino	Endangered	1	
		22 Buffalo	Critically endangered	to a financial contract of the	
		22 Buffalo 26 Bubal Hartebeest	Critically endangered Extinct	0	
				10	
		Figu	re 12		

7.	A new donor with DonorID RK02 finds out that she has the same name as the
	donor with ID LA12. She therefore would like to make the same donation as
	the donor whose DonorID is LA12. Write a query to insert the new donor
	(RK02), with all other fields identical to the donor LA12. NOTE: You may only
	hardcode the DonorID. Figure 13 shows the new donor (RK02), with identical
	data as donor LA12, inserted into tblDonor.

2	DonorID -	DonName -	Amount -	AnID -	Click to Add -
	CK63	Carl Kaine	\$1,000.00	2	
	JG66	John Green	\$790.00	5	
	JS35	Jay Singh	\$650.00	8	
	12	Leah Ash	\$1,250.00	9	
	LM20	Laurie Mann	\$500.00	5	
7	RK02	Leah Ash	\$1,250.00	9	
	SK74	Sbu Khoza	\$850.00	1	***************************************

Figure 13

8. Write a query to create a code for each animal whose name ends in **bok** from **tblAnimal**. The code is made up of the first 2 characters of the Animal and the last three characters of the ScientificName fields, joined by an underscore(_) under a column named Animal Code. Display the animal name, the scientific name and the animal code created. Sample output is shown in *Figure 14*.

Animal	- ScientificName -	Animal Code +
Blesbok	Damaliscus pygargus phillipsi	Bl_psi
Gemsbok	Oryx gazella	Ge_lla
Rietbok	Redunca arundinum	Ri_num
Steenbok	Raphicerus campestris	St_ris
Waterbok	Kobus ellipsiprymnus)	Wa_us)
Rooibok	Aepyceros melampus	Ro_pus
Springbok	Antidorcas marsupialis	Sp_lis

Figure 14

Total:	[40]

(6)

(6)