Worksheet 3.9, page 1

Intro to Music Theory gracemusic.us/theory

Name

A. Fill in the blanks with "major" or "minor" and the scale degree number.

Ionian is a _____ scale.

Dorian is a _____ scale with a raised _____.

Phrygian is a ______ scale with a lowered _____.

Lydian is a _____ scale with a raised _____.

Mixolydian is a ______ scale with a lowered _____.

Aeolian is a _____ scale.

Fill in the blanks with the correct alterations for each mode: letter name and accidental

C lydian has a ___ F sharp ____.

E phrygian has a ______.

F mixolydian has a ______.

G dorian has a ______.

A dorian has a ______.

F lydian has a _____.

G phrygian has a ______.

D dorian has a ______.

B. Identify the following modes. Pay attention to the solfege syllables for the altered notes!



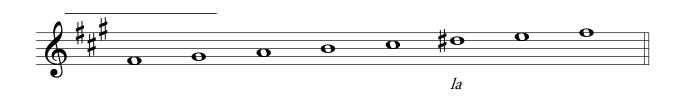




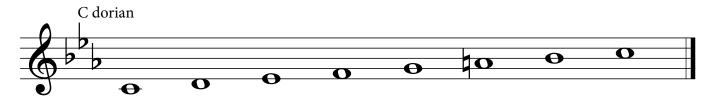


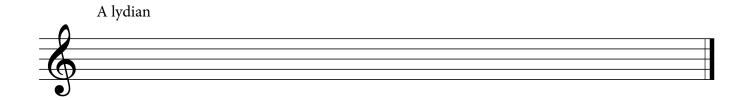


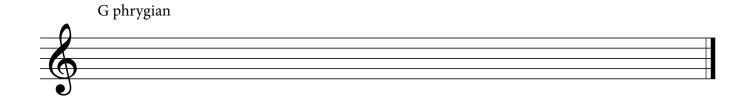


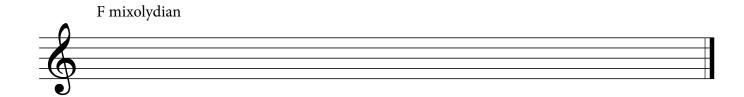


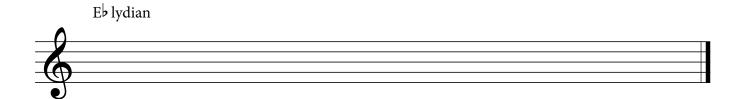
C. Write the key signature and a one-octave scale for each mode. Remember that some modes are essentially major, and others are essentially minor.













D. Identify the mode for each example.



