GeoVision inc
The Vision of Security

GV-PoE Switch

User's Manual

- GV-APOE0811 / 0811-V2
- GV-APOE1611 / 1611-V2
- GV-APOE2411 / 2411-V2

Before attempting to connect or operate this product,
please read these instructions carefully and save this manual for future use.

APOE0811-1611-2411-G

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May 2024

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Preface

Welcome to the *GV-PoE Switch User's Manual*.

This Manual applies to the following GV-PoE Switch:

Product
GV-APOE0811
GV-APOE0811-V2
GV-APOE1611
GV-APOE1611-V2
GV-APOE2411
GV-APOE2411-V2

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1. Getting Started

This section provides an introduction to the web-based configuration utility, and covers the following topics:

- Powering on the device
- Connecting to the network
- Starting the web-based configuration utility

1.1. Power

1.1.1. Connecting to Power

Power down and disconnect the power cord before servicing or wiring a switch.

Do not disconnect modules or cabling unless the power is first switched off. The device only supports the voltage outlined in the type plate. Do not use any other power components except those specifically designated for the switch.

Disconnect the power cord before installation or cable wiring.

The switch is powered by the AC 100-240 V 50/60Hz internal high-performance power supply. It is recommended to connect the switch with a single-phase three-wire power source with a neutral outlet, or a multifunctional computer professional source.

Connect the AC power connector on the back panel of the switch to the external power source with the included power cord, and check the power LED is on.

Figure 1 - Rear View AC Power Socket

1.1.2. Connecting to the Network

To connect the switch to the network:

1. Connect an Ethernet cable to the Ethernet port of a computer
2. Connect the other end of the Ethernet cable to one of the numbered Ethernet ports of the switch. The LED of the port lights if the device connected is active.
3. Repeat Step 1 and Step 2 for each device to connect to the switch.

We strongly recommend using CAT-5E or better cable to connect network devices. When connecting network devices, do not exceed the maximum cabling distance of 100 meters (328 feet). It can take up to one minute for attached devices or the LAN to be operational after it is connected. This is normal behavior.

Connect the switch to end nodes using a standard Cat 5/5e Ethernet cable (UTP/STP) to connect the switch to end nodes as shown in the illustration below.

Switch ports will automatically adjust to the characteristics (MDI/MDI-X, speed, duplex) of the device to which the switch is connected.

1.1.3. Starting the Web-based Configuration Utility

This section describes how to navigate the web-based switch configuration utility. Be sure to disable any pop-up blocker.

Browser Restrictions

- If you are using older versions of Internet Explorer, you cannot directly use an IPv6 address to access the device. You can, however, use the DNS (Domain Name System) server to create a domain name that contains the IPv6 address, and then use that domain name in the address bar in place of the IPv6 address.
- If you have multiple IPv6 interfaces on your management station, use the IPv6 global address instead of the IPv6 link local address to access the device from your browser.

Launching the Configuration Utility

To open the web-based configuration utility:

1. Open a Web browser.
2. Enter the factory default IP address of 192.168.0.250 in the address bar on the browser and then press Enter.

When the device is using the factory default IP address, its power LED flashes continuously. When the device is using a DHCP assigned IP address or an administrator-configured static IP address, the power LED is lit a solid color. Your computer's IP address must be in the same subnet as the switch. For example, if the switch is using the factory default IP address, your computer's IP address can be in the following range: 192.168.0.x (whereas x is a number from 2 to 254).

After a successful connection, the login window displays.

Figure 2 - Login Window

1.1.4. Logging In

The default username is admin and the default password is admin. The first time that you log in with the default username and password, you are required to enter a new password.

To log in to the device configuration utility:

1. Enter the default user ID (admin) and the default password (admin).
2. If this is the first time that you logged on with the default user ID (admin) and the default password (admin) it is recommended that you change your password immediately.
3. When the login attempt is successful, the System Information window displays.

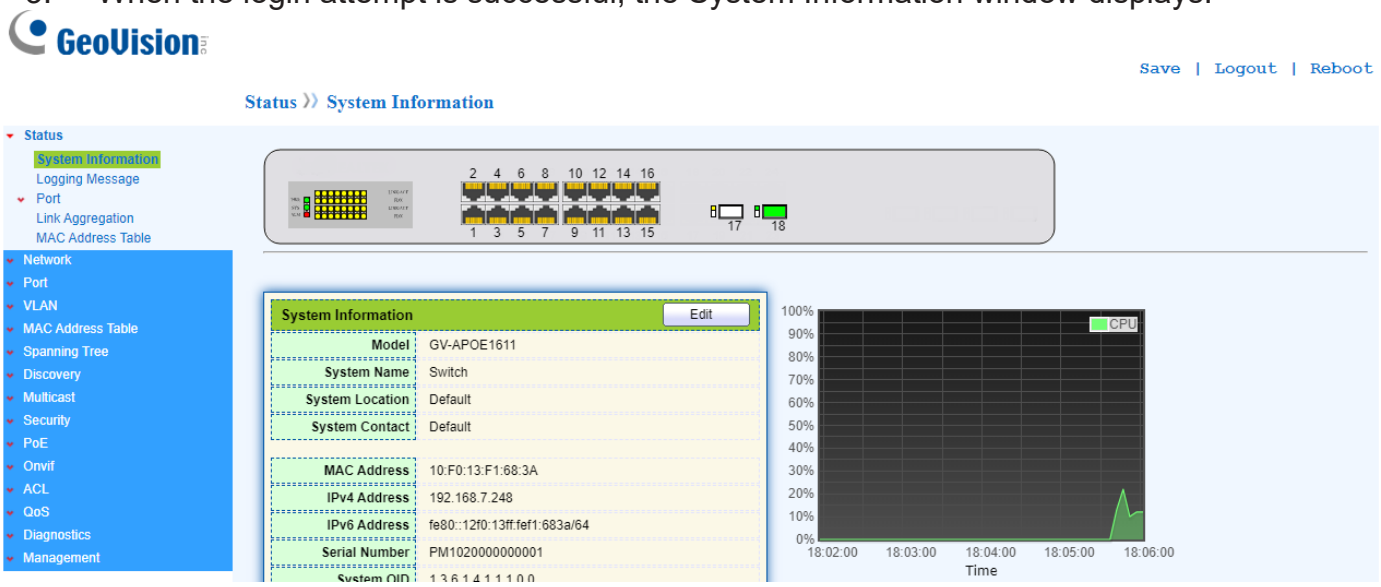


Figure 3 - System Information

If you entered an incorrect username or password, an error message appears and the Login page remains displayed on the window. If you are having problems logging in, please see the Launching the Configuration Utility section in the Administration Guide for additional information.

Logging Out

By default, the application logs out after ten minutes of inactivity.

To logout, click Logout in the top right corner of any page. The system logs out of the device.

When a timeout occurs or you intentionally log out of the system, a message appears and the Login page appears, with a message indicating the logged-out state. After you log in, the application returns to the initial page.

2. Web-based Switch Configuration

The PoE smart switch software provides rich Layer 2 functionality for switches in your networks. This chapter describes how to use the web-based management interface (Web UI) to configure the switch's features.

For the purposes of this manual, the user interface is separated into four sections, as shown in the following figure:

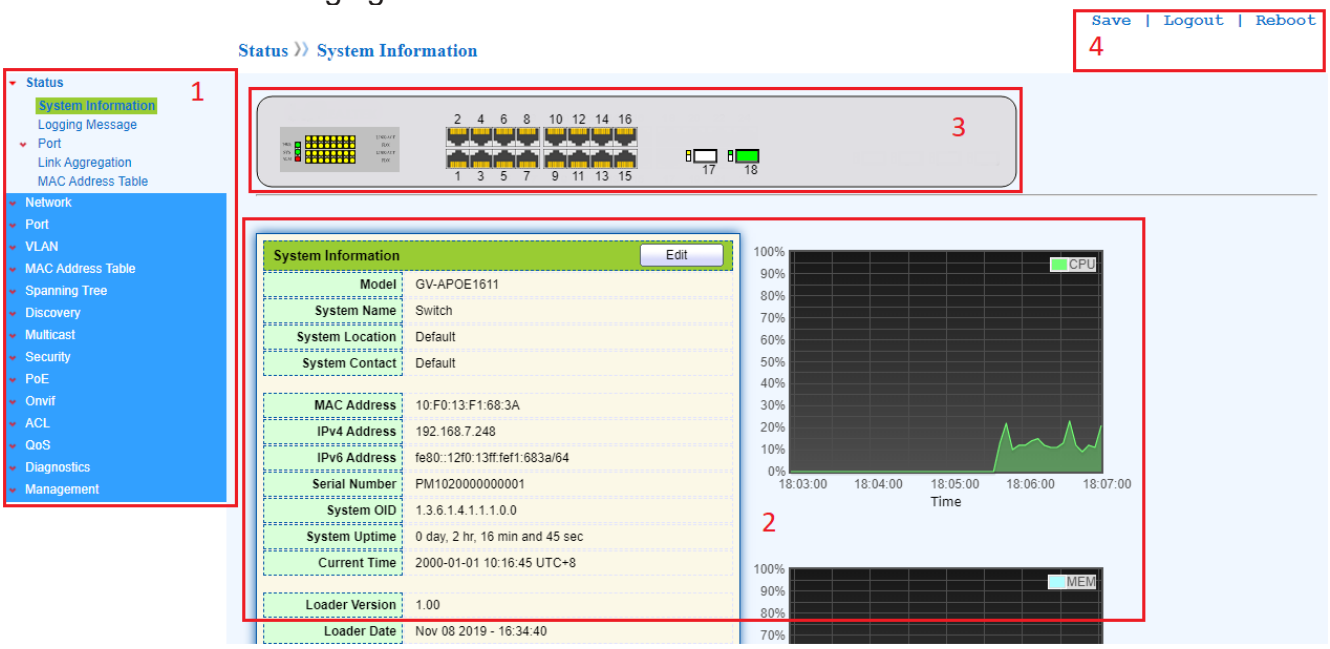


Figure 4 - User Interface

No.	Name	Description
1	Configuration menu	Navigate to locate specific switch functions.
2	Configuration settings	Edit specific function settings.
3	Switch's current link status	Green squares indicate the port link is up, while black squares indicate the port link is down.
4	Common toolbar	Provides access to frequently used settings.

2.1. Status

Use the Status pages to view system information and status.

2.1.1. System Information

This page shows switch panel, CPU utilization, Memory utilization and other system current information. It also allows user to edit some system information.

To display the Device Information web page, click Status > System Information.

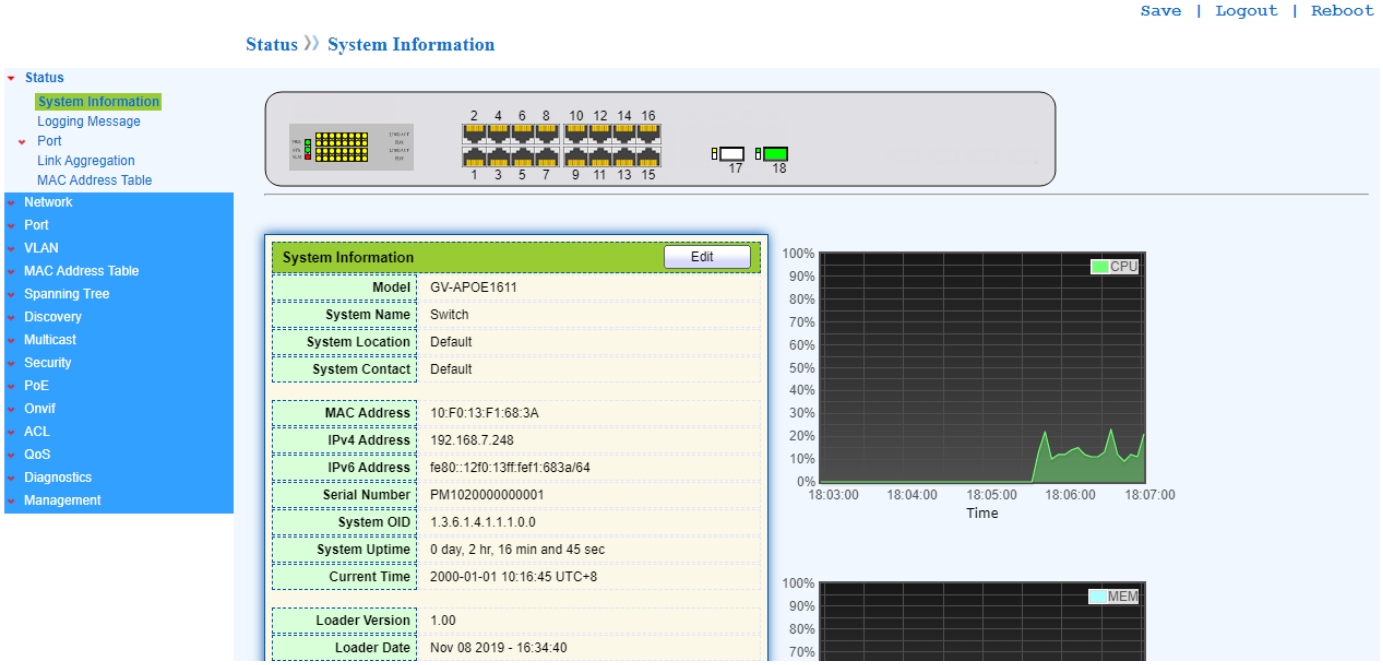


Figure 5 - Status > System Information

Item	Description
Model	Model name of the switch.
System Name	System name of the switch. This name will also use as CLI prefix of each line. (“Switch>” or “Switch#”).
System Location	Location information of the switch.
System Contact	Contact information of the switch.
MAC Address	Base MAC address of the switch.
IPv4 Address	Current system IPv4 address.
IPv6 Address	Current system IPv6 address.
System OID	SNMP system object ID.
System Uptime	Total elapsed time from booting.
Current Time	Current system time.
Loader Version	Boot loader image version.
Loader Date	Boot loader image build date.

Firmware Version	Current running firmware image version.
Firmware Date	Current running firmware image build date.
Telnet	Current Telnet service enable/disable state.
SSH	Current SSH service enable/disable state.
HTTP	Current HTTP service enable/disable state.
HTTPS	Current HTTPS service enable/disable state.
SNMP	Current SNMP service enable/disable state.

Click “Edit” button on the table title to edit following system information.

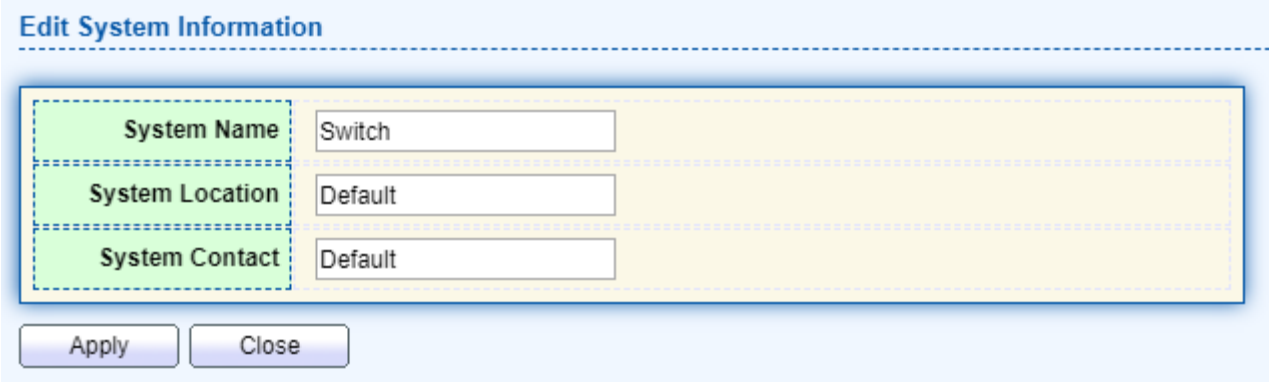
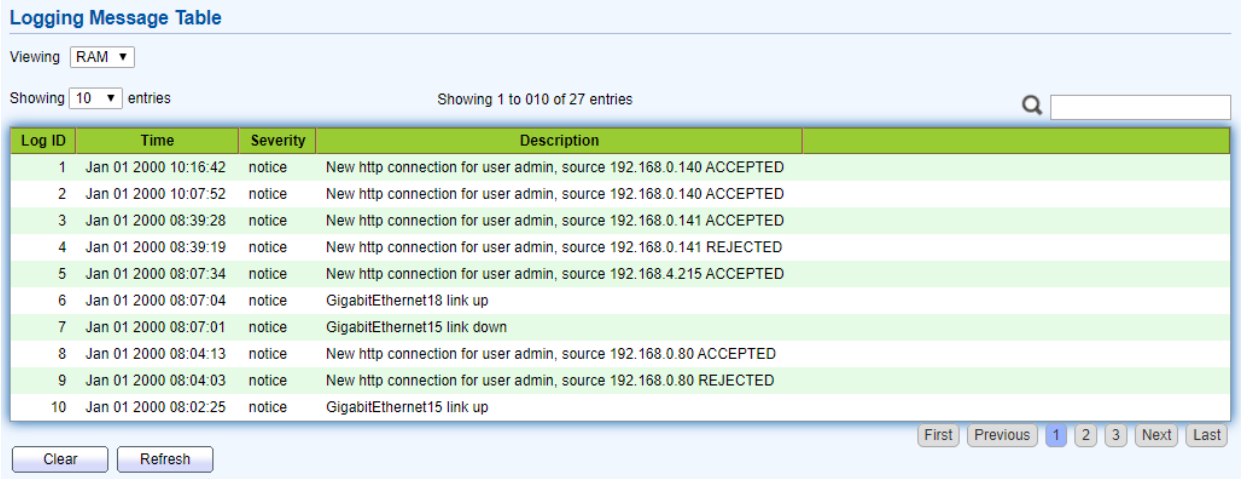


Figure 6 - Status > System Information > Edit System Information

Item	Description
System Name	System name of the switch. This name will also use as CLI prefix of each line. (“Switch>” or “Switch#”).
System Location	Location information of the switch.
System Contact	Contact information of the switch.

2.1.2. Logging Message

To view the logging messages stored on the RAM and Flash, click Status > Logging Message.



Log ID	Time	Severity	Description
1	Jan 01 2000 10:16:42	notice	New http connection for user admin, source 192.168.0.140 ACCEPTED
2	Jan 01 2000 10:07:52	notice	New http connection for user admin, source 192.168.0.140 ACCEPTED
3	Jan 01 2000 08:39:28	notice	New http connection for user admin, source 192.168.0.141 ACCEPTED
4	Jan 01 2000 08:39:19	notice	New http connection for user admin, source 192.168.0.141 REJECTED
5	Jan 01 2000 08:07:34	notice	New http connection for user admin, source 192.168.4.215 ACCEPTED
6	Jan 01 2000 08:07:04	notice	GigabitEthernet18 link up
7	Jan 01 2000 08:07:01	notice	GigabitEthernet15 link down
8	Jan 01 2000 08:04:13	notice	New http connection for user admin, source 192.168.0.80 ACCEPTED
9	Jan 01 2000 08:04:03	notice	New http connection for user admin, source 192.168.0.80 REJECTED
10	Jan 01 2000 08:02:25	notice	GigabitEthernet15 link up

Figure 7 - Status > Logging Message

Item	Description
Log ID	The log identifier.
Time	The time stamp for the logging message.
Severity	The severity for the logging message.
Description	The description of logging message.
Viewing	The logging view including: ● RAM: Show the logging messages stored on the RAM. ● Flash: Show the logging messages stored on the Flash.
Clear	Clear the logging messages.
Refresh	Refresh the logging messages.

2.1.3. Port

The Port configuration page displays port summary and status information.

2.1.3.1. Statistics

This page displays standard counters on network traffic form the Interfaces, Ethernet -like and RMONMIB. Interfaces and Ethernet-like counters display errors on the traffic passing through each port. RMON counters provide a total count of different frame types and sizes passing through each port. The “Clear” button will clear MIB counter of current selected port.

To display the Port Flow Chart webpage, click Status > Port > Statistics.

Port	GE1
MIB Counter	All Interface Etherlike RMON
Refresh Rate	None 5 sec 10 sec 30 sec

Clear

Interface

ifInOctets	0
ifInUcastPkts	0
ifInNUcastPkts	0
ifInDiscards	0
ifOutOctets	0
ifOutUcastPkts	0
ifOutNUcastPkts	0
ifOutDiscards	0
ifInMulticastPkts	0
ifInBroadcastPkts	0
ifOutMulticastPkts	0
ifOutBroadcastPkts	0

Etherlike

dot3StatsAlignmentErrors	0
dot3StatsFCSErrors	0
dot3StatsSingleCollisionFrames	0
dot3StatsMultipleCollisionFrames	0
dot3StatsDeferredTransmissions	0
dot3StatsLateCollisions	0
dot3StatsExcessiveCollisions	0
dot3StatsFrameTooLongs	0
dot3StatsSymbolErrors	0
dot3ControlInUnknownOpcodes	0
dot3InPauseFrames	0
dot3OutPauseFrames	0

RMON

etherStatsDropEvents	0
etherStatsOctets	0
etherStatsPkts	0
etherStatsBroadcastPkts	0
etherStatsMulticastPkts	0
etherStatsCRCAlignErrors	0
etherStatsUnderSizePkts	0
etherStatsOverSizePkts	0
etherStatsFragments	0
etherStatsJabbers	0
etherStatsCollisions	0
etherStatsPkts64Octets	0
etherStatsPkts65to127Octets	0
etherStatsPkts128to255Octets	0
etherStatsPkts256to511Octets	0
etherStatsPkts512to1023Octets	0
etherStatsPkts1024to1518Octets	0

Figure 8 - Status > Port > Statistics

Item	Description
Port	Select one port to show counter statistics.
MIB Counter	Select the MIB counter to show different counter type • All: All counters. • Interface: Interface related MIB counters. • Etherlike: Ethernet-like related MIB counters. • RMON: RMON related MIB counters.
Refresh Rate	Refresh the web page every period of seconds to get new counter of specified port.

2.1.3.2. Error Disabled

To display the Error Disabled webpage, click Status > Port > Error Disabled.

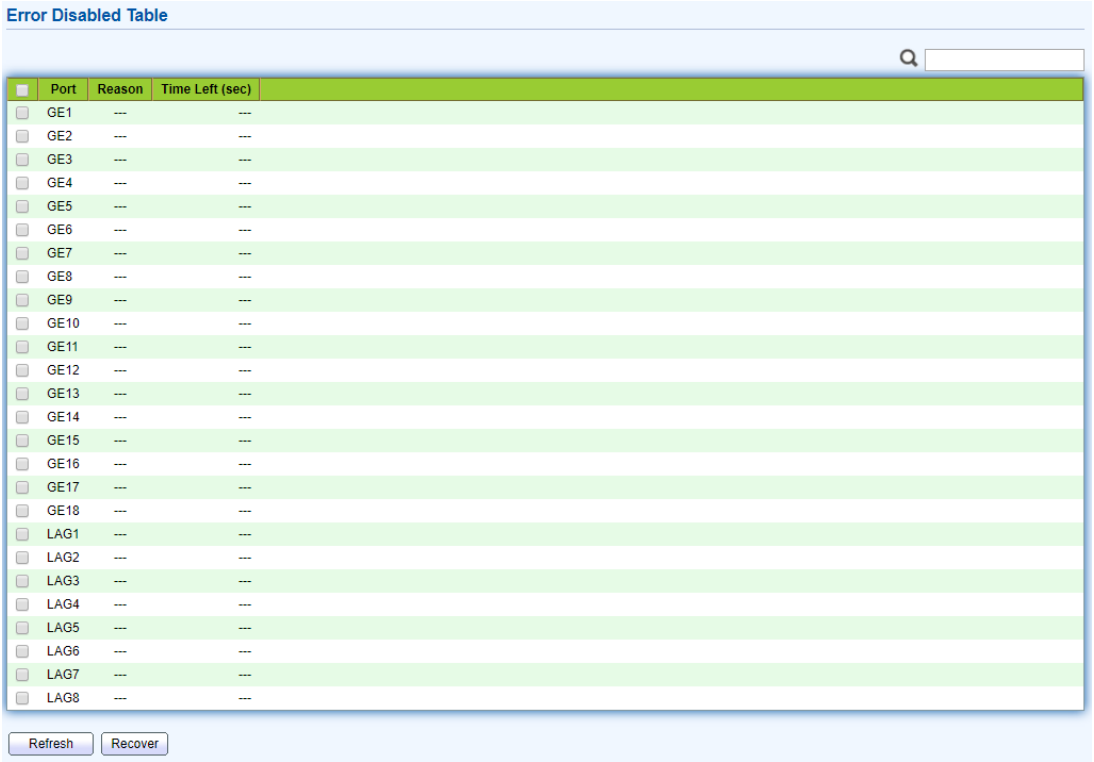


Figure 9 - Status > Port > Error Disabled

Item	Description
□	Select one or more port to operate.
Port	Interface or port number.
Reason	Port will be disabled by one of the following error reasons: • BPDU Guard • UDLD • Self Loop • Broadcast Flood • Unknown Multicast Flood • Unicast Flood • ACL • Port Security Violation • DHCP rate limit • ARP rate limit
Time Left (sec)	The time left in second for the error recovery.
Refresh	Refresh the current page.
Recover	Recover the selected port status.

2.1.3.3. Bandwidth Utilization

This page allows users to browse ports' bandwidth utilization in real time. This page will refresh automatically in every refresh period.

To display Bandwidth Utilization webpage, click Status > Port > Bandwidth Utilization.

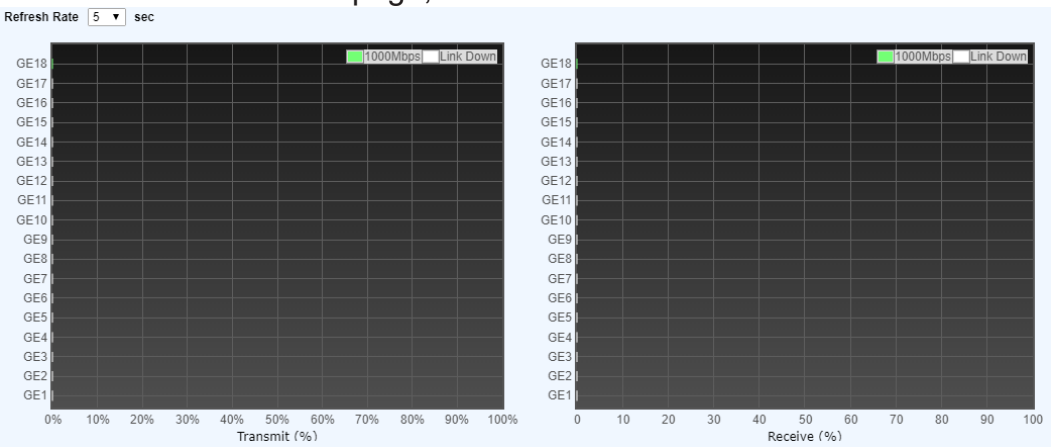


Figure 10 - Status > Port > Bandwidth Utilization

Item	Description
Refresh Rate	Refresh the web page every period of seconds to get new bandwidth utilization data.

2.1.4. Link Aggregation

To display the Link Aggregation web page, click Status > Link Aggregation.

LAG	Name	Type	Link Status	Active Member	Inactive Member
LAG 1		---	---		
LAG 2		---	---		
LAG 3		---	---		
LAG 4		---	---		
LAG 5		---	---		
LAG 6		---	---		
LAG 7		---	---		
LAG 8		---	---		

Figure 11 - Status > Link Aggregation

Item	Description
LAG	LAG Name.
Name	LAG port description.
Type	• The type of the LAG. • Static: The group of ports assigned to a static LAG are always active members. • LACP: The group of ports assigned to dynamic LAG are candidate ports. LACP determines which candidate ports are active member ports.
Link Status	LAG port link status.

Active Member	Active member ports of the LAG.
Inactive Member	Inactive member ports of the LAG.

2.1.5. MAC Address Table

The MAC address table page displays all MAC address entries on the switch including static MAC address created by administrator or auto learned from hardware. The “Clear” button will clear all dynamic entries and “Refresh” button will retrieve latest MAC address entries and show them on page.

To display the MAC Address Table web page, click Status > MAC Address Table.

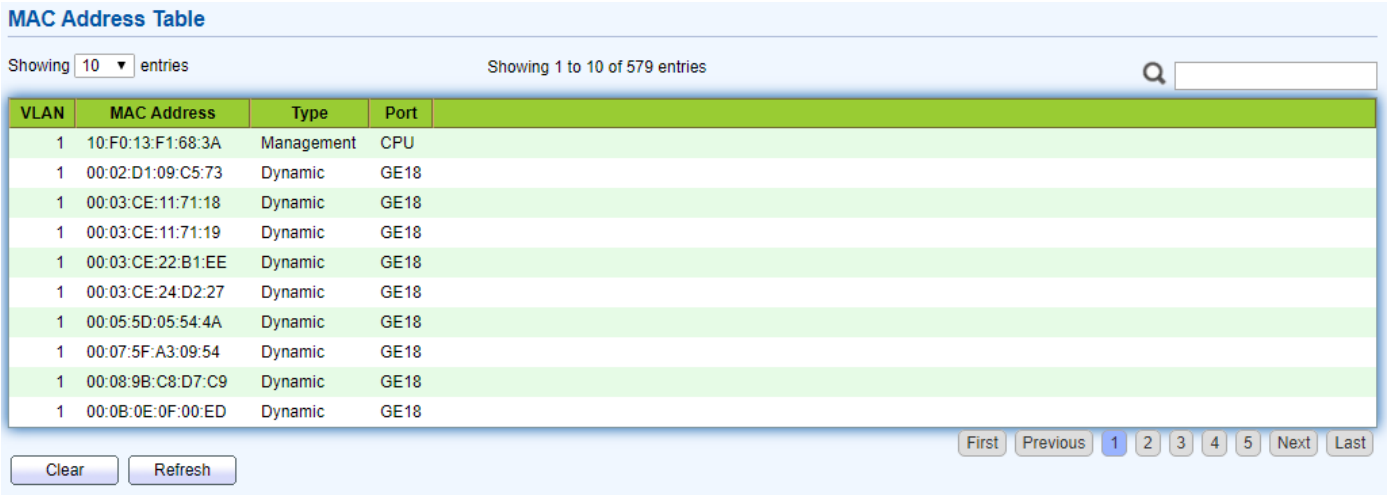


Figure 12 - Status > MAC Address Table

Item	Description
VLAN	VLAN ID of the mac address.
MAC Address	MAC address.
Type	The type of MAC address • Management: DUT’s base mac address for management Purpose. • Static: Manually configured by administrator • Dynamic: Auto learned by hardware.
Port	The type of Port • CPU: DUT’s CPU port for management purpose. • Other: Normal switch port.

2.2. Network

Use the Network pages to configure settings for the switch network interface and how the switch connects to a remote server to get services.

2.2.1. IP Address

This section allows you to edit the IP address, Netmask, Gateway and DNS server of the switch.

To view the IP Address menu, navigate to Network > IP Address.

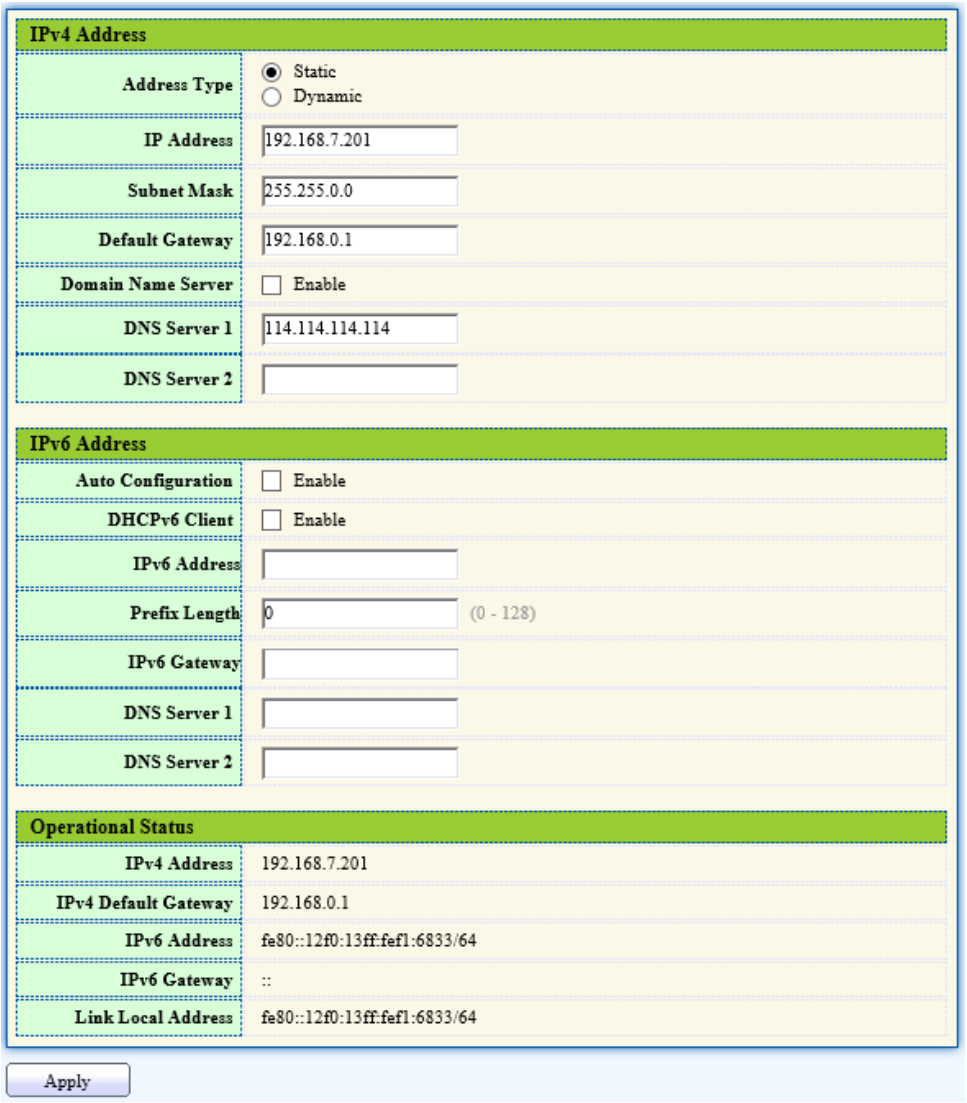


Figure 13 - Network > IP Address

Item	Description
Address Type	The address type of switch IP configuration including • Static: Static IP configured by users will be used. • Dynamic: Enable the DHCP to obtain the IP address from a DHCP server.
IP Address	Specify the switch static IP address on the static configuration.
Subnet Mask	Specify the switch subnet mask on the static configuration.
Default Gateway	Specify the default gateway on the static configuration. The default gateway must be in the same subnet with switch IP address configuration.
Domain Name Server	Enable the domain name service. To specify a hostname pointing to a dynamic IP address, see *2.14.3 Ping* and *2.14.4 Traceroute*.
DNS Server 1	Specify the primary user-defined IPv4 DNS server configuration.
DNS Server 2	Specify the secondary user-defined IPv4 DNS server configuration.
Ibid, IPv6 Address fields	
IPv4 Address	The operational IPv4 address of the switch.
IPv4 Gateway	The operational IPv4 gateway of the switch.
IPv6 Address v6	The operational IPv6 address of the switch.
IPv6 Gateway	The operational IPv6 gateway of the switch.
Link Local Address	The IPv6 link local address for the switch.

2.2.2. System Time

This page allows users to set time source, static time, time zone and daylight-saving settings. Time zone and daylight saving takes effect both static time or time from SNTP server.

To display System Time page, click Network > System Time

Figure 14 - Network > System Time

Item	Description
Source	Select the time source. • SNTP: Time sync from NTP server. • From Computer: Time set from browser host. • Manual Time: Time set by manually configure.
Time Zone	Select a time zone difference from listing district.
SNTP	
Address Type	Select the address type of NTP server. This is enabled when time source is SNTP.
Server Address	Input IPv4 address or hostname for NTP server. This is enabled when time source is SNTP.
Server Port	Input NTP port for NTP server. Default is 123. This is enabled when time source is SNTP.
Manual Time	
Date	Input manual date. This is enabled when time source is manual.
Time	Input manual time. This is enabled when time source is manual.
Daylight Saving Time	
Type	Select the mode of daylight saving time. • None: Disable daylight saving time. • Recurring: Using recurring mode of daylight saving time. • Non-Recurring: Using non-recurring mode of daylight saving time. • USA: Using daylight saving time in the United States that starts on the second Sunday of March and ends on the first Sunday of November. • European: Using daylight saving time in the Europe that starts on the last Sunday in March and ending on the last Sunday in October.
Offset	Specify the adjust offset of daylight saving time.
Recurring From	Specify the starting time of recurring daylight saving time. This field available when selecting “Recurring” mode.
Recurring To	Specify the ending time of recurring daylight saving time. This field available when selecting “Recurring” mode.
Non-recurring From	Specify the starting time of non-recurring daylight saving time. This field available when selecting “Non-Recurring” mode.
Non-recurring To	Specify the ending time of recurring daylight saving time. This field available when selecting “Non-Recurring”
Operational Status	
Current Time	Display current time

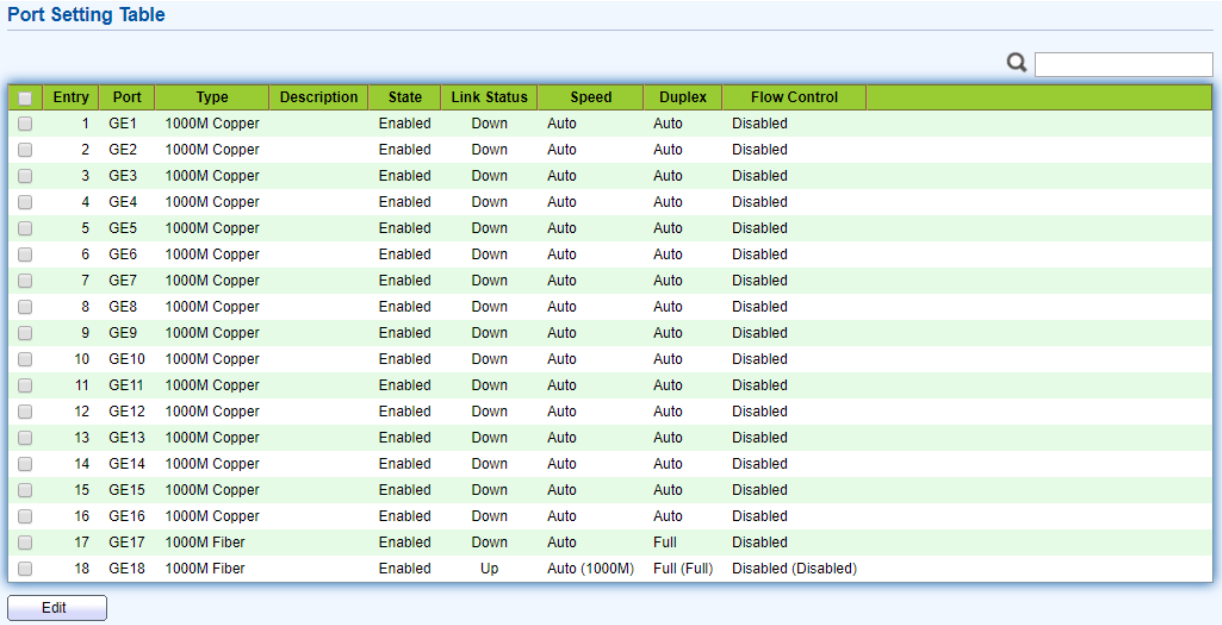
2.3. Port

Use the Port pages to configure settings for switch port related features.

2.3.1. Port Setting

This page shows port current status and allow users to edit port configurations. Select port entry and click “Edit” button to edit port configurations.

To display Port Setting web page, click Port > Port Setting



Port Setting Table

Entry	Port	Type	Description	State	Link Status	Speed	Duplex	Flow Control
1	GE1	1000M Copper		Enabled	Down	Auto	Auto	Disabled
2	GE2	1000M Copper		Enabled	Down	Auto	Auto	Disabled
3	GE3	1000M Copper		Enabled	Down	Auto	Auto	Disabled
4	GE4	1000M Copper		Enabled	Down	Auto	Auto	Disabled
5	GE5	1000M Copper		Enabled	Down	Auto	Auto	Disabled
6	GE6	1000M Copper		Enabled	Down	Auto	Auto	Disabled
7	GE7	1000M Copper		Enabled	Down	Auto	Auto	Disabled
8	GE8	1000M Copper		Enabled	Down	Auto	Auto	Disabled
9	GE9	1000M Copper		Enabled	Down	Auto	Auto	Disabled
10	GE10	1000M Copper		Enabled	Down	Auto	Auto	Disabled
11	GE11	1000M Copper		Enabled	Down	Auto	Auto	Disabled
12	GE12	1000M Copper		Enabled	Down	Auto	Auto	Disabled
13	GE13	1000M Copper		Enabled	Down	Auto	Auto	Disabled
14	GE14	1000M Copper		Enabled	Down	Auto	Auto	Disabled
15	GE15	1000M Copper		Enabled	Down	Auto	Auto	Disabled
16	GE16	1000M Copper		Enabled	Down	Auto	Auto	Disabled
17	GE17	1000M Fiber		Enabled	Down	Auto	Full	Disabled
18	GE18	1000M Fiber		Enabled	Up	Auto (1000M)	Full (Full)	Disabled (Disabled)

Edit

Figure 15 - Port > Port Setting

Item	Description
Port	Port Name.
Type	Port media type.
Description	Port Description.
State	Port admin state • Enabled: Enable the port. • Disabled: Disable the port.
Link Status	Current port link status • Up: Port is link up. • Down: Port is link down.
Speed	Current port speed configuration and link speed status.
Duplex	Current port duplex configuration and link duplex status.
Flow Control	Current port flow control configuration and link flow control status.

Click “Edit” button to edit Port Setting menu.

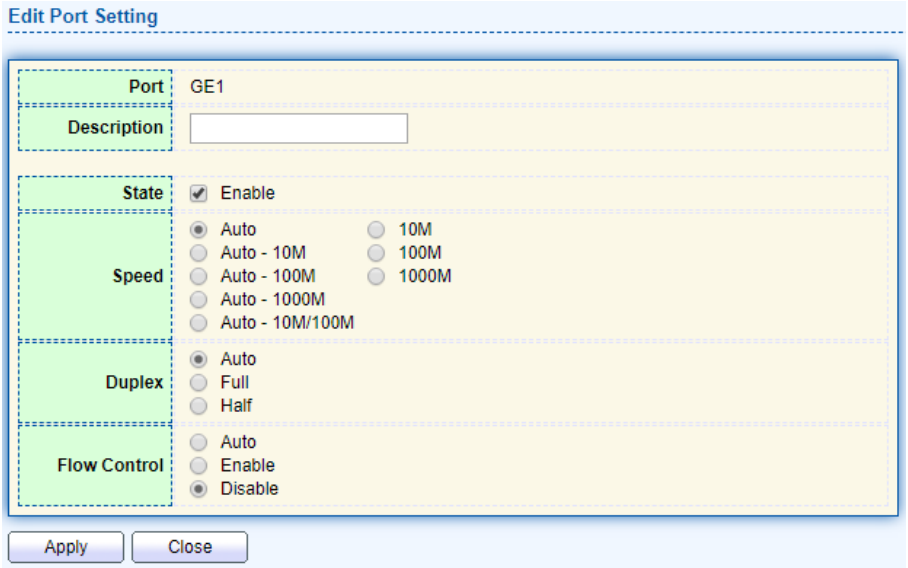


Figure 16 - Port > Port Setting > Edit Port Setting

Item	Description
Port	Selected Port list.
Description	Port media type.
State	Port admin state. • Enabled: Enable the port. • Disabled: Disable the port.
Speed	Port speed capabilities. • Auto: Auto speed with all capabilities. • Auto-10M: Auto speed with 10M ability only. Power supply is supported up to 250 m (820 ft) over network cables. • Auto-100M: Auto speed with 100M ability only. • Auto-1000M: Auto speed with 1000M ability only. • Auto-10M/100M: Auto speed with 10M/100M abilities. • 10M: Force speed with 10M ability. Power supply is supported up to 250 m (820 ft) over network cables. • 100M: Force speed with 100M ability. • 1000M: Force speed with 1000M ability.
Duplex	Port duplex capabilities. • Auto: Auto duplex with all capabilities. • Half: Auto speed with 10M and 100M ability only. • Full: Auto speed with 10M/100M/1000M ability only.
Flow Control	Port flow control. • Auto: Auto flow control by negotiation. • Enabled: Enable flow control ability. • Disabled: Disable flow control ability.

Note: The maximum cable length for Gigabit RJ-45 (Cat.5e, 6) can achieve 250 m (820 ft) by selecting **Auto-10M** or **10M** for Speed.

2.3.2. Error Disable

To display Error Disabled web page, click Port > Error Disabled

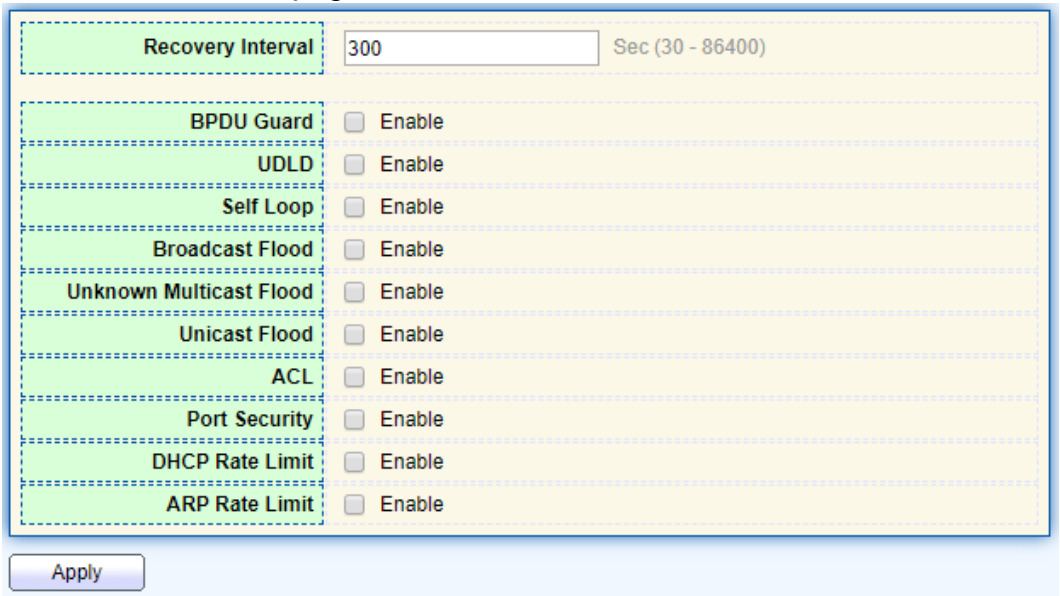


Figure 17 - Port > Error disable

Item	Description
Recover Interval	Auto recovery after this interval for error disabled port.
BPDU Guard	Enabled to auto shutdown port when BPDU Guard reason occur. This reason caused by STP BPDU Guard mechanism.
UDLD	Enabled to auto shutdown port when UDLD violation occur.
Self Loop	Enabled to auto shutdown port when Self Loop reason occur.
Broadcast Flood	Enabled to auto shutdown port when Broadcast Flood reason occur. This reason caused by broadcast rate exceed broadcast storm control rate.
Unknown Multicast Flood	Enabled to auto shutdown port when Unknown Multicast Flood reason occur. This reason caused by unknown multicast rate exceed unknown multicast storm control rate.
Unicast Flood	Enabled to auto shutdown port when Unicast Flood reason occur. This reason caused by unicast rate exceed unicast storm control rate.
ACL	Enabled to auto shutdown port when ACL shutdown port reason occur. This reason caused packet match the ACL shutdown port action.
Port Security	Enabled to auto shutdown port when Port Security Violation reason occur. This reason caused by violation port security rules.
DHCP rate limit	Enabled to auto shutdown port when DHCP rate limit reason occur. This reason caused by DHCP packet rate exceed DHCP rate limit.
ARP rate limit	Enabled to auto shutdown port when ARP rate limit reason occur. This reason caused by DHCP packet rate exceed ARP rate limit.

2.3.3. Link Aggregation

2.3.3.1. Group

This page allows users to configure link aggregation group load balance algorithm and group member.

To view the Group menu, navigate to Port > Link Aggregation > Group.

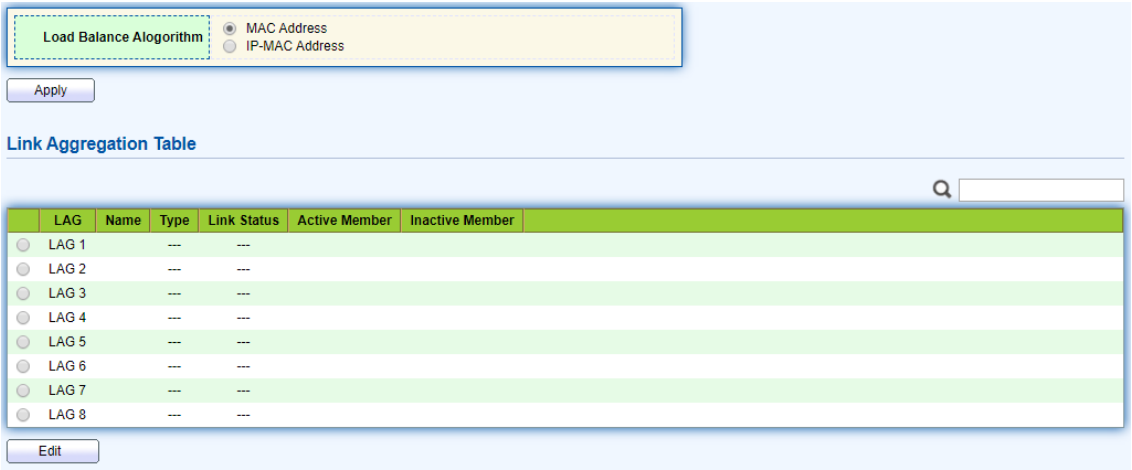


Figure 18 - Port > Link Aggregation > Group

Item	Description
Load Balance Algorithm	LAG load balance distribution algorithm • src-dst-mac: Based on MAC address. • src-dst-mac-ip: Based on MAC address and IP address.
LAG	LAG Name.
Name	LAG port description.
Type	The type of the LAG • Static: The group of ports assigned to a static LAG are always active members. • LACP: The group of ports assigned to dynamic LAG are candidate ports. LACP determines which candidate ports are active member ports.
Link Status	LAG port link status
Active Member	Active member ports of the LAG.
Inactive Member	Inactive member ports of the LAG.

Click “Edit” to edit Link Aggregation Group menu.

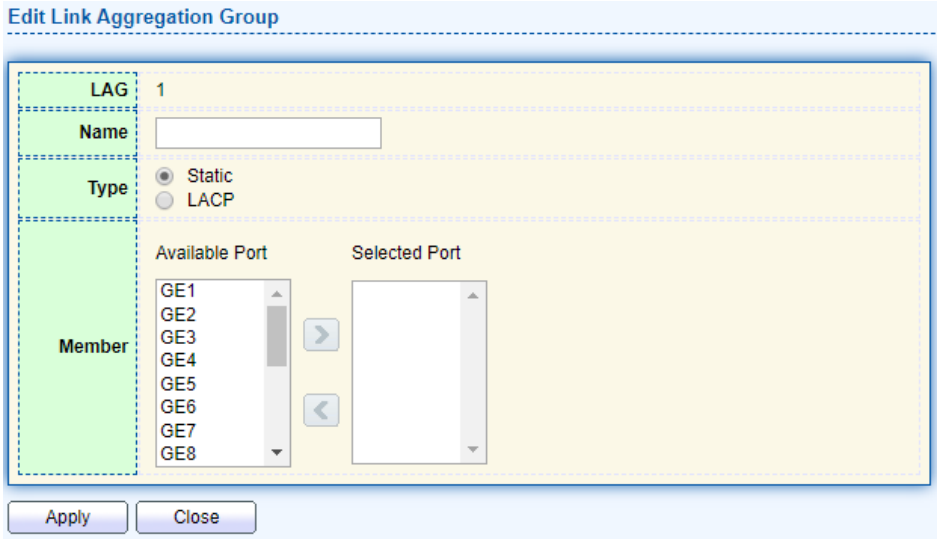


Figure 19 - Port > Link Aggregation > Group > Edit Link Aggregation Group

Item	Description
LAG	Selected LAG group ID.
Name	LAG port description.
Type	The type of the LAG • Static: The group of ports assigned to a static LAG are always active members. • LACP: The group of ports assigned to dynamic LAG are candidate ports. LACP determines which candidate ports are active member ports.
Member	Select available port to be LAG group member port.

2.3.3.2. Port Setting

This page shows LAG port current status and allow users to edit LAG port configurations. Select LAG entry and click “Edit” button to edit LAG port configurations.

To display LAG Port Setting webpage, click Port > Link Aggregation > Port Setting.

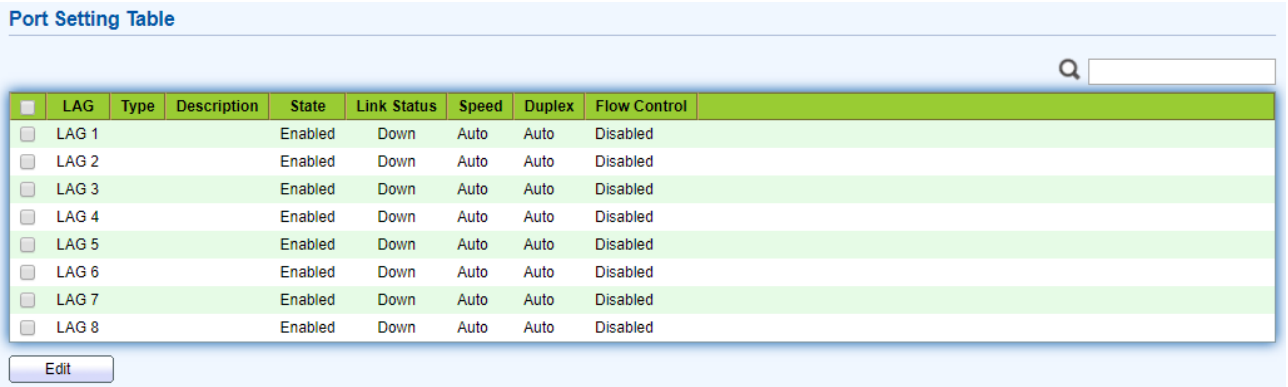


Figure 20 - Port > Link Aggregation > Port Setting

Item	Description
LAG	LAG Port Name.
Type	LAG Port media type.
Description	LAG Port description.
State	LAG Port admin state • Enabled: Enable the port. • Disabled: Disable the port.
Link Status	Current LAG port link status • Up: Port is link up. • Down: Port is link down.
Speed	Current LAG port speed configuration and link speed status.
Duplex	Current LAG port duplex configuration and link duplex status.
Flow Control	Current LAG port flow control configuration and link flow control status.

Click “Edit” to view Edit Port Setting menu.

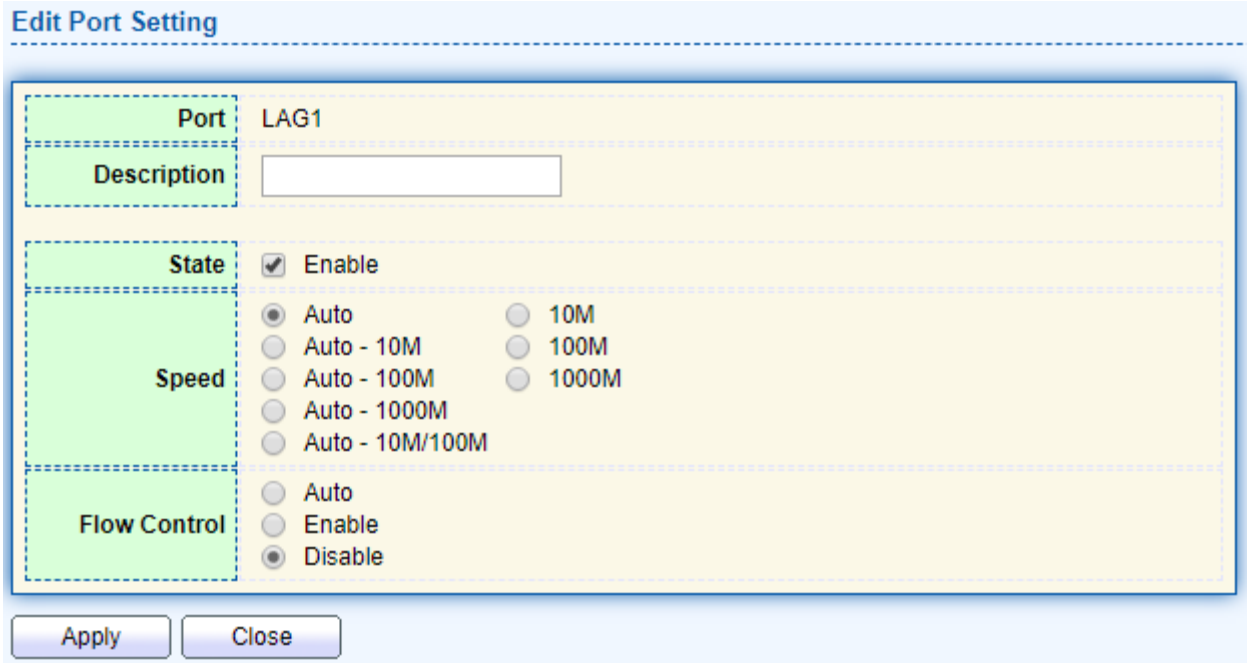


Figure 21 - Port > Link Aggregation > Port Setting > Edit Port Setting

Item	Description
Port	Selected Port list.
Description	Port description.
State	Port admin state • Enabled: Enable the port. • Disabled: Disable the port.
Speed	Port speed capabilities • Auto: Auto speed with all capabilities. • Auto-10M: Auto speed with 10M ability only. • Auto-100M: Auto speed with 100M ability only. • Auto-1000M: Auto speed with 1000M ability only. • Auto-10M/100M: Auto speed with 10M/100M abilities. • 10M: Force speed with 10M ability. • 100M: Force speed with 100M ability. • 1000M: Force speed with 1000M ability.
Flow Control	Port flow control • Auto: Auto flow control by negotiation. • Enabled: Enable flow control ability. • Disabled: Disable flow control ability.

2.3.3.3. LACP

This page allows users to configure LACP global and port configurations. Enable the LACP Status, select ports, and click “Edit” button to edit port configuration.

To display the LACP Setting webpage, click Port > Link Aggregation > LACP.

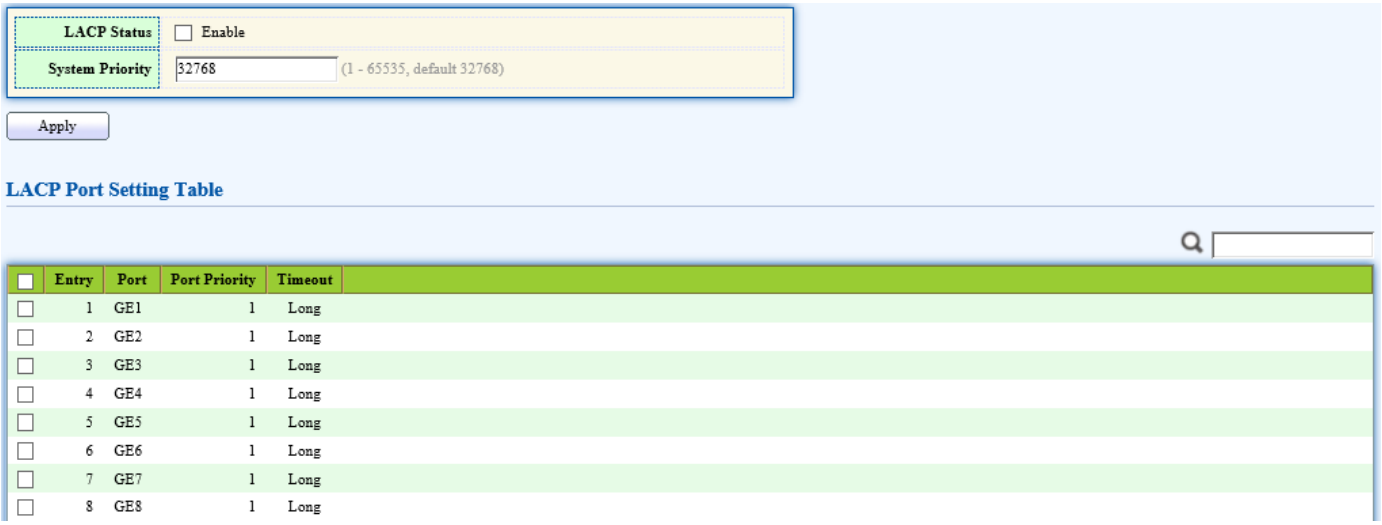


Figure 22 - Port > Link Aggregation > LACP

Item	Description
System Priority	Configure the system priority of LACP. This decides the system priority field in LACP PDU.
Port	Port Name.
Port Priority	LACP priority value of the port.
Timeout	The periodic transmissions type of LACP PDUs. • Long: Transmit LACP PDU with slow periodic (30s). • Short: Transmit LACP PDU with fast periodic (1s).

Click "Edit" button to view Edit LACP Port Setting menu.

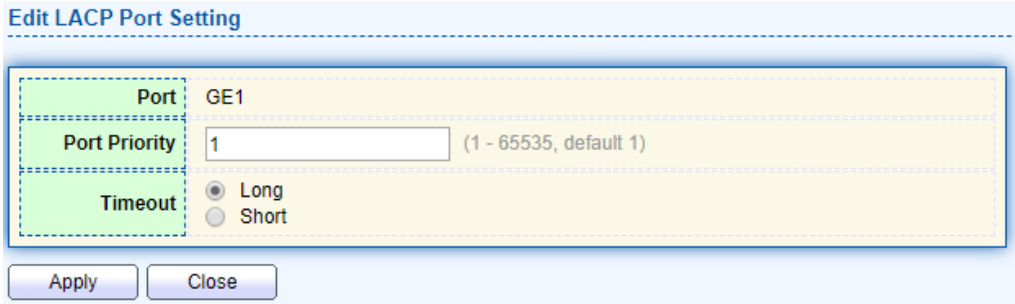


Figure 23 - Port > Link Aggregation > LACP > Edit LACP Port Setting

Item	Description
Port	Selected port list.
Port Priority	Enter the LACP priority value of the port
Timeout	The periodic transmissions type of LACP PDUs. • Long: Transmit LACP PDU with slow periodic (30s). • Short: Transmit LACP PDU with fast periodic (1s).

2.3.4. EEE

This page allows users to configure Energy Efficient Ethernet settings. To display the EEE web page, click Port > EEE.

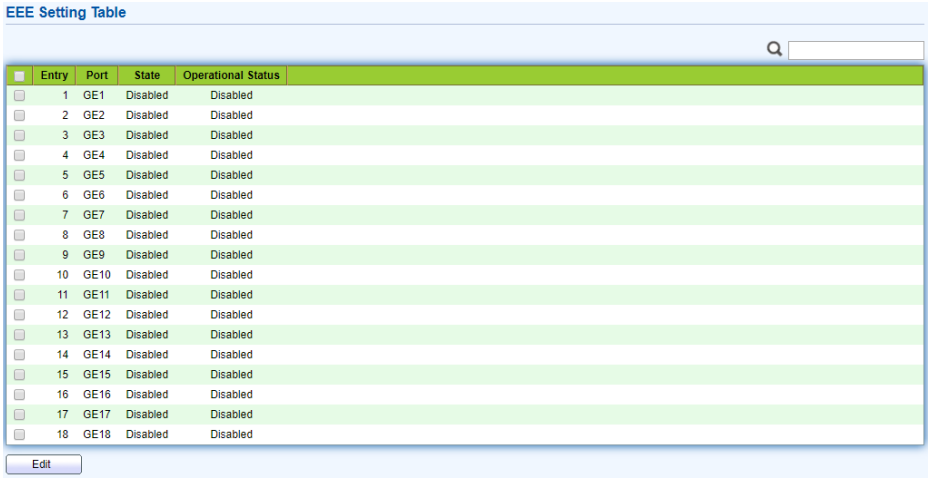


Figure 24 - Port > EEE

Item	Description
Port	Port Name.
State	Port EEE admin state • Enabled: EEE is enabled. • Disabled: EEE is disabled.
Operational Status	Port EEE operational status • Enabled: EEE is operating. • Disabled: EEE is no operating.

Click “Edit” to edit the EEE menu.

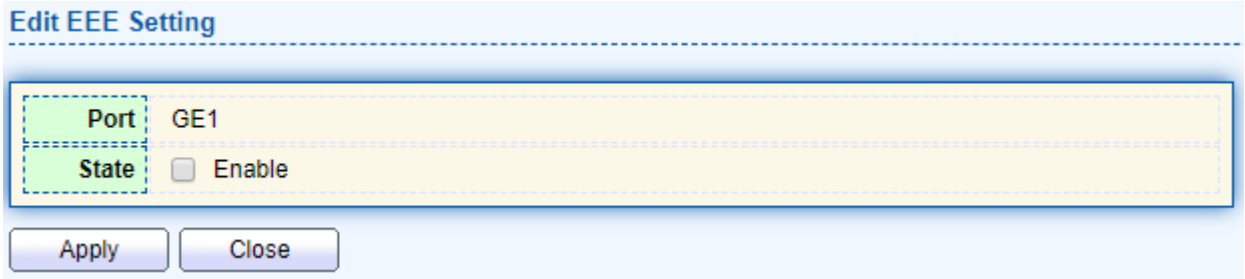


Figure 25 - Port > EEE > Edit EEE Setting

Item	Description
Port	Port Name
State	Port EEE admin state • Enabled: EEE is enabled. • Disabled: EEE is disabled.

2.3.5. Jumbo Frame

This page allows users to configure switch jumbo frame size.
To display Jumbo Frame web page, click Port > Jumbo Frame

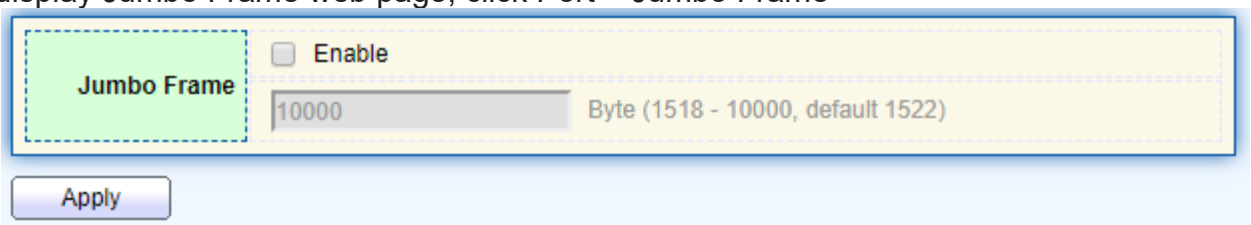


Figure 26 - Port > Jumbo Frame

Item	Description
Jumbo Frame	Enable or disable jumbo frame. When jumbo frame is enabled, switch max frame size is allowed to configure. When jumbo frame is disabled, default frame size 1522 will be used.

2.4. VLAN

A virtual local area network, virtual LAN or VLAN, is a group of hosts with a common set of requirements that communicate as if they were attached to the same broadcast domain, regardless of their physical location. A VLAN has the same attributes as a physical local area network (LAN), but it allows for end stations to be grouped together even if they are not located on the same network switch. VLAN membership can be configured through software instead of physically relocating devices or connections.

2.4.1. VLAN

Use the VLAN pages to configure settings of VLAN.

2.4.1.1. Create VLAN

This page allows users to add or delete VLAN ID entries and browser all VLAN entries that add statically or dynamic learned by GVRP. Each VLAN entry has a unique name; users can edit VLAN name in edit page.

To display Create VLAN page, click VLAN > VLAN > Create VLAN

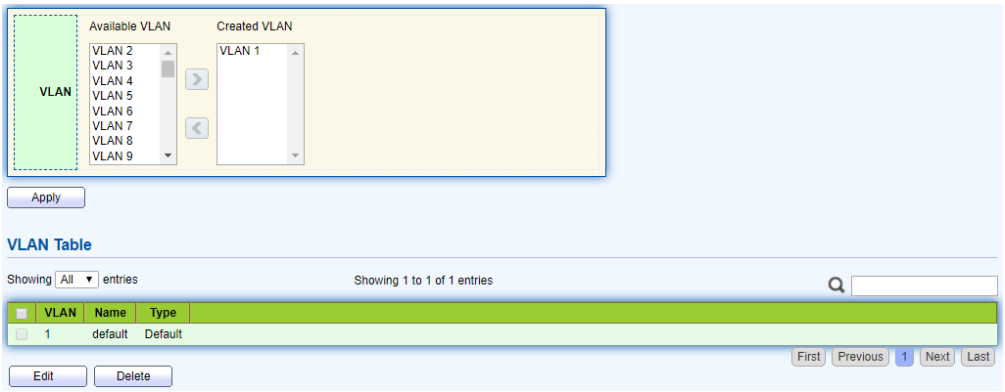


Figure 27 - VLAN > VLAN > Create VLAN

Item	Description
Available VLAN	VLAN has not created yet. Select available VLANs from left box then move to right box to add.
Created VLAN	VLAN had been created. Select created VLANs from right box then move to left box to delete.
VLAN	The VLAN ID.
Name	The VLAN Name.
Type	The VLAN Type. Static: Port base VLAN. Dynamic: 802.1q VLAN.

Click “Edit” button to view Edit VLAN Name menu.

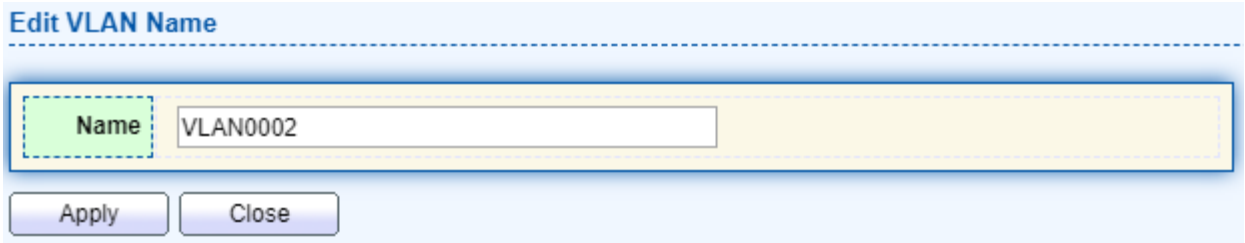


Figure 28 - VLAN > VLAN > Create VLAN > Edit VLAN Name

Item	Description
Name	Input VLAN name.

2.4.1.2. VLAN Configuration

This page allows users to configure the membership for each port of selected VLAN. To display VLAN Configuration page, click VLAN > VLAN > VLAN Configuration.

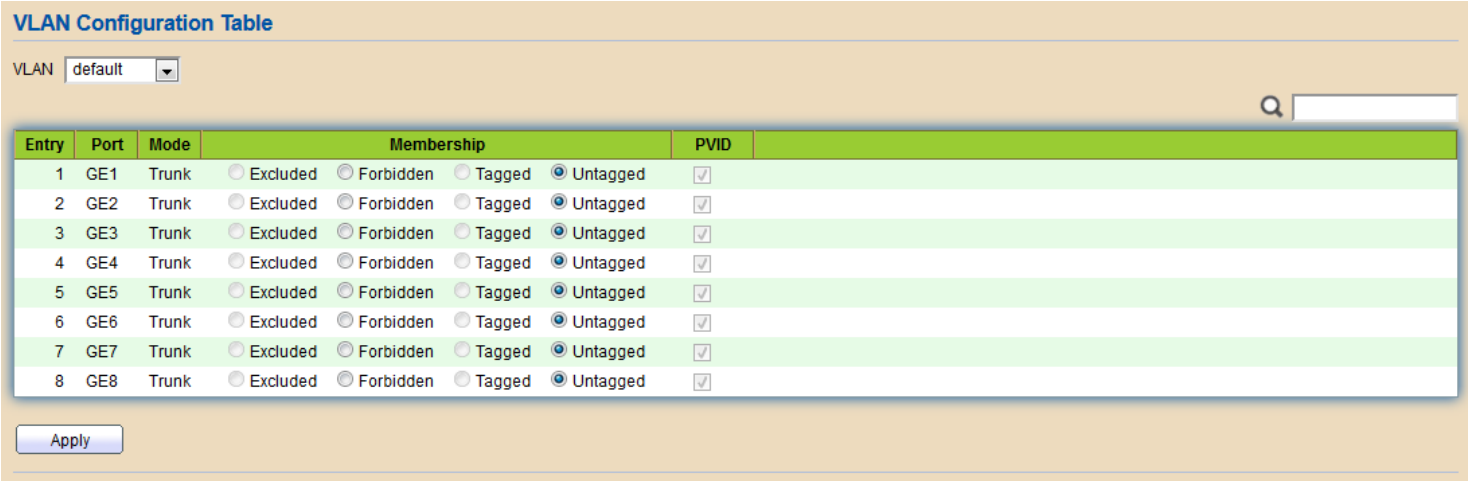


Figure 29 - VLAN > VLAN > VLAN Configuration

Item	Description
VLAN	Select specified VLAN ID to configure VLAN configuration.
Port	Display the interface of port entry.
Mode	Display the interface VLAN mode of port.
Membership	Select the membership for this port of the specified VLAN ID. • Forbidden: Specify the port is forbidden in the VLAN. • Excluded: Specify the port is excluded in the VLAN. • Tagged: Specify the port is tagged member in the VLAN. • Untagged: Specify the port is untagged member in the VLAN.
PVID	Display if it is PVID of interface.

2.4.1.3. Membership

This page allows users to view membership information for each port and edit membership for specified interface.

To display Membership page, click VLAN > VLAN > Membership

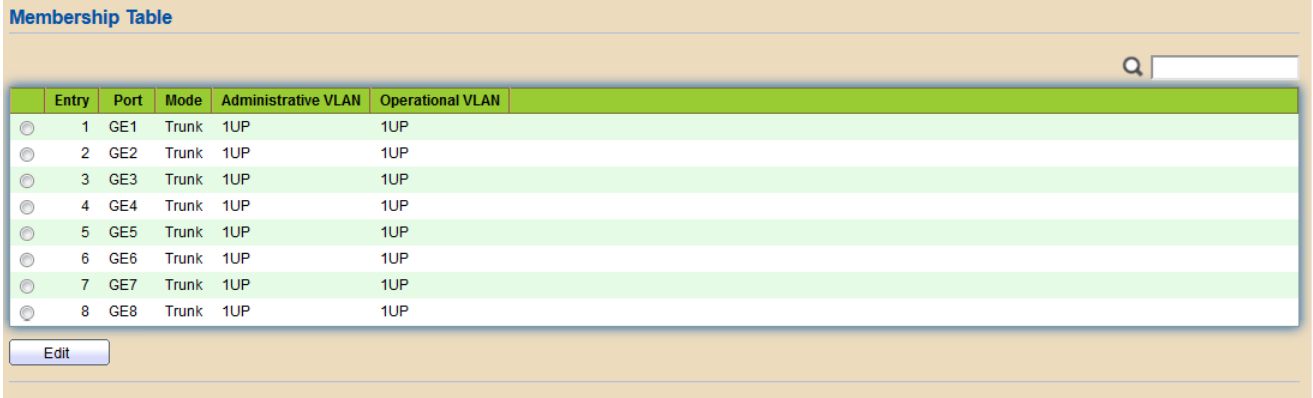


Figure 30 - VLAN > VLAN > Membership

Item	Description
Port	Display the interface of port entry.
Mode	Display the interface VLAN mode of port.
Administrative VLAN	Display the administrative VLAN list of this port.
Operational VLAN	Display the operational VLAN list of this port. Operational VLAN means the VLAN status that really runs in device. It may different to administrative VLAN.

Click "Edit" button to view the Edit Port Setting menu

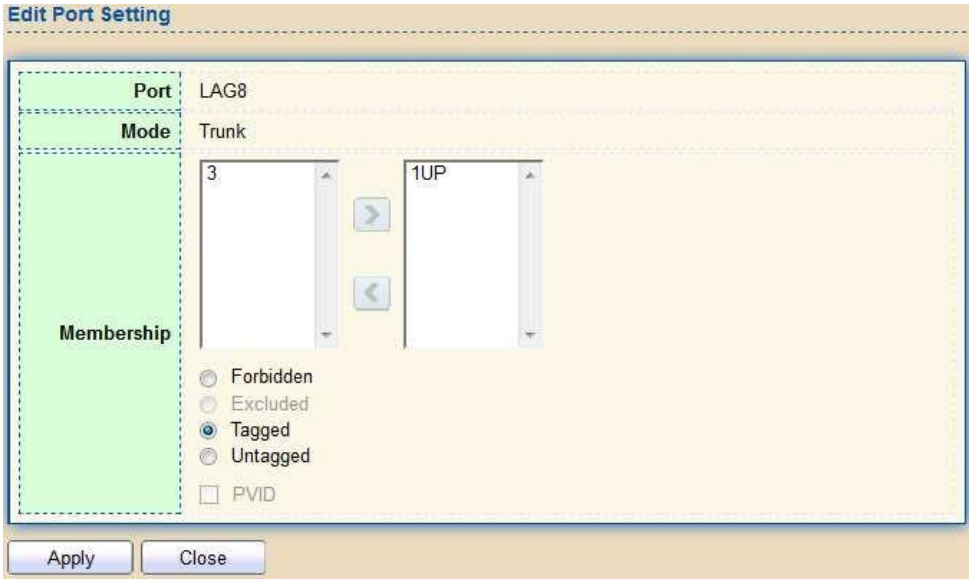


Figure 31 - VLAN > VLAN > Membership > Edit Port Setting

Item	Description
Port	Display the interface.
Mode	Display the VLAN mode of interface.
Membership	Select VLANs of left box and select one of following membership then move to right box to add membership. Select VLANs of right box then move to left box to remove membership. Tagging membership may not choose in differ VLAN port mode. Select the time source. • Forbidden: Set VLAN as forbidden VLAN. • Excluded: This option is always disabled. • Tagged: Set VLAN as tagged VLAN. • Untagged: Set VLAN as untagged VLAN. • PVID: Check this checkbox to select the VLAN ID to be the port-based VLAN ID for this port. PVID may auto select or can't select in differ settings.

2.4.1.4. Port Setting

This page allows users to configure ports VLAN settings such as VLAN port mode, PVID etc. The attributes depend on different VLAN port mode.

To display Port Setting page, click VLAN > VLAN > Port Setting

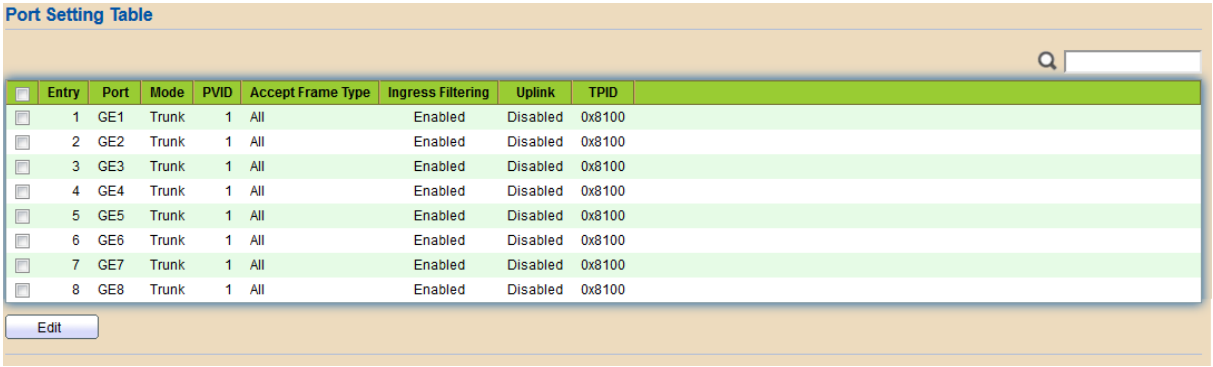


Figure 32 - VLAN > VLAN > Port Setting

Item	Description
Port	Display the interface.
Mode	Display the VLAN mode of interface.
PVID	Display the Port-based VLAN ID of port.
Accept Frame Type	Display accept frame type of port.
Ingress Filtering	Display ingress filter status of port.
Uplink	Display uplink status.
TPID	Display TPID used of interface.

Click “Edit” button to Edit Port Setting menu.

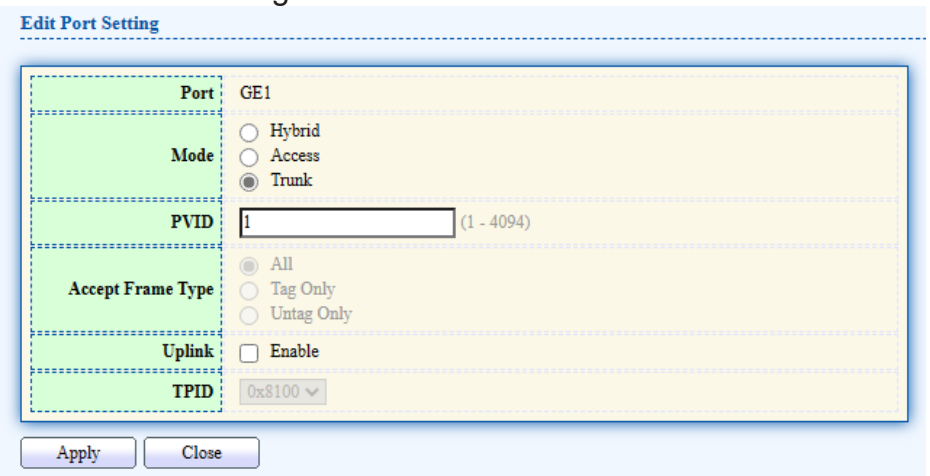


Figure 33 - VLAN > VLAN > Port Setting > Edit Port Setting

Item	Description
Port	Display selected port to be edited.
Mode	Select the VLAN mode of the interface. • Hybrid: Support all functions as defined in IEEE 802.1Q specification. • Access: Accepts only untagged frames and join an untagged VLAN. • Trunk: An untagged member of one VLAN at most, and is a tagged member of zero or more VLANs.
PVID	Specify the port-based VLAN ID (1-4094). It’s only available with Hybrid and Trunk mode.
Accepted Type	Specify the acceptable-frame-type of the specified interfaces. It’s only available with Hybrid mode.
Ingress Filtering	Set checkbox to enable/disable ingress filtering. It’s only available with Hybrid mode.
Uplink	Set checkbox to enable/disable uplink mode. It’s only available with trunk mode.
TPID	Select TPID used of interface. It’s only available with trunk mode.

2.4.2. Voice VLAN

Use the Voice VLAN pages to configure settings of Voice VLAN.

2.4.2.1. Property

This page allows users to configure global and per interface settings of voice VLAN.

To display Property Web page, click VLAN> Voice VLAN> Property

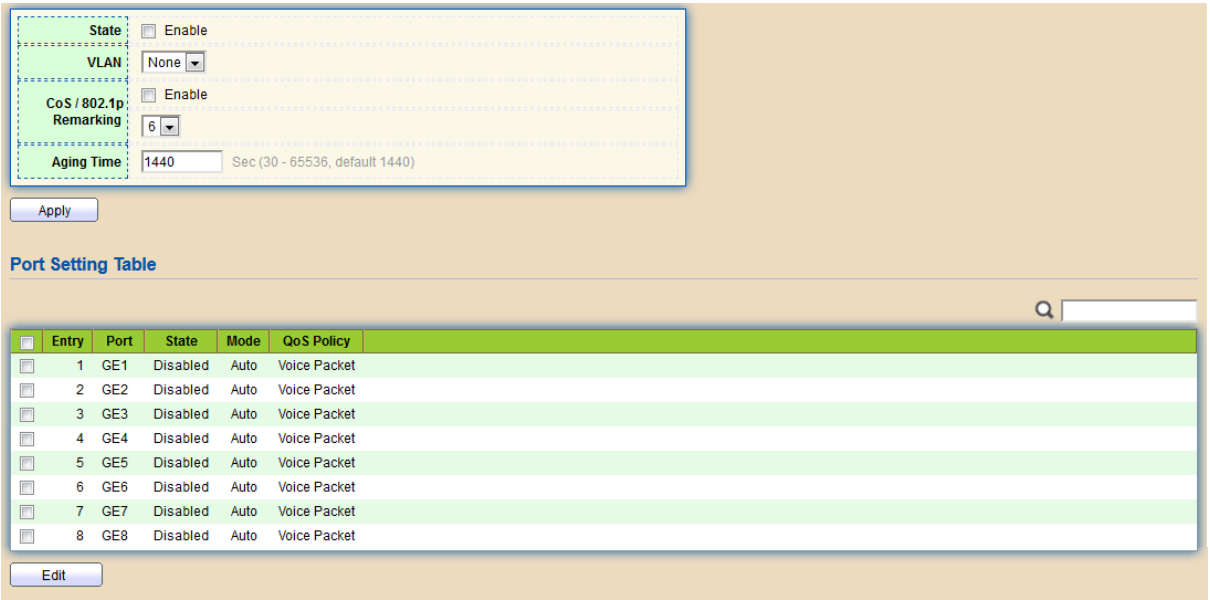


Figure 34 - VLAN > Voice VLAN > Property

Item	Description
State	Set checkbox to enable or disable voice VLAN function.
VLAN	Select Voice VLAN ID. Voice VLAN ID cannot be default VLAN.
Cos/802.1p	Select a value of VPT. Qualified packets will use this VPT value as inner priority.
Remarking	Set checkbox to enable or disable 1p remarking. If enabled, qualified packets will be remark by this value.
Aging Time	Input value of aging time. Default is 1440 minutes. A voice VLAN entry will be age out after this time if without any packet pass through.
Port Setting Table	
Port	Display port entry.
State	Display enable/disabled status of interface.
Mode	Display voice VLAN mode.
QoS Policy	Display voice VLAN remark will affect which kind of packet.

Click “Edit” button to view Edit Port Setting menu.

Figure 35 - VLAN > Voice VLAN > Property > Edit Port Setting

Item	Description
Port	Display selected port to be edited.
State	Set checkbox to enable/disabled voice VLAN function of interface.
Mode	Select port voice VLAN mode • Auto: Voice VLAN auto detect packets that match OUI table and add received port into voice VLAN ID tagged member. • Manual: Users need add interface to VLAN ID tagged member manually.
QoS Policy	Select port QoS Policy mode • Voice Packet: QoS attributes are applied to packets with OUIs in the source MAC address. • All: QoS attributes are applied to packets that are classified to the Voice VLAN.

2.4.2.2. Voice OUI

This page allows users to add, edit or delete OUI MAC addresses. Default has 8 pre- defined OUI MAC.

To display the Voice OUI Web page, click VLAN > Voice VLAN > Voice OUI.

Figure 36 - VLAN > Voice VLAN > Voice OUI

Item	Description
OUI	Display OUI MAC address.
Description	Display description of OUI entry.

Click “Add” or “Edit” button to Add/Edit Voice OUI menu.

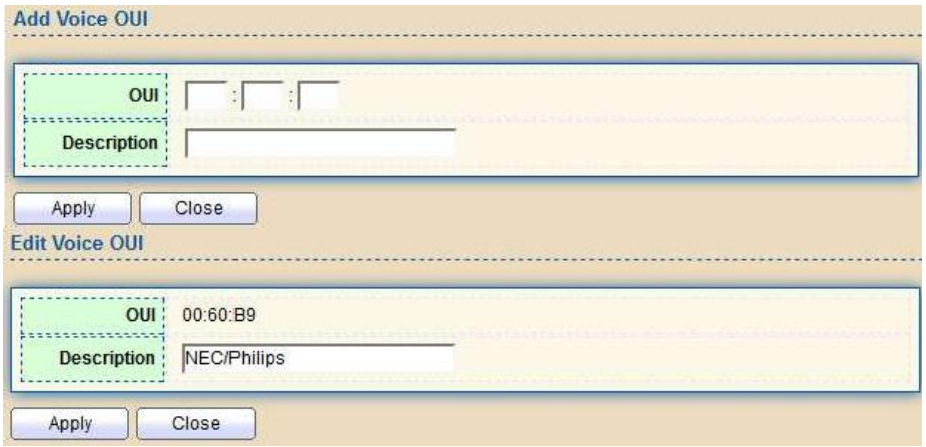


Figure 37 - VLAN > Voice VLAN > Voice OUI > Add/Edit Voice OUI

Item	Description
OUI	Input OUI MAC address. Can’t be edited in edit dialog.
Description	Input description of the specified MAC address to the voice VLAN OUI table.

2.4.3. Protocol VLAN

Use the Protocol VLAN pages to configure settings of Protocol VLAN.

2.4.3.1. Protocol Group

To display Protocol Group page, click VLAN > Protocol VLAN > Protocol Group. This page allows users to add or edit groups settings of protocol VLAN.

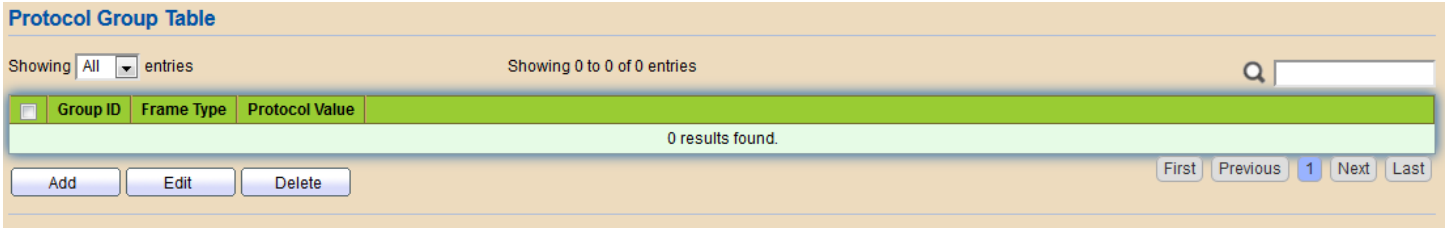


Figure 38 - VLAN > Protocol VLAN > Protocol Group

Item	Description
Group ID	Display group ID of entry.
Frame Type	Display frame type of entry.
Protocol Value	Display protocol value of entry.

Click “Add” or “Edit” button to Add/Edit Protocol Group menu.

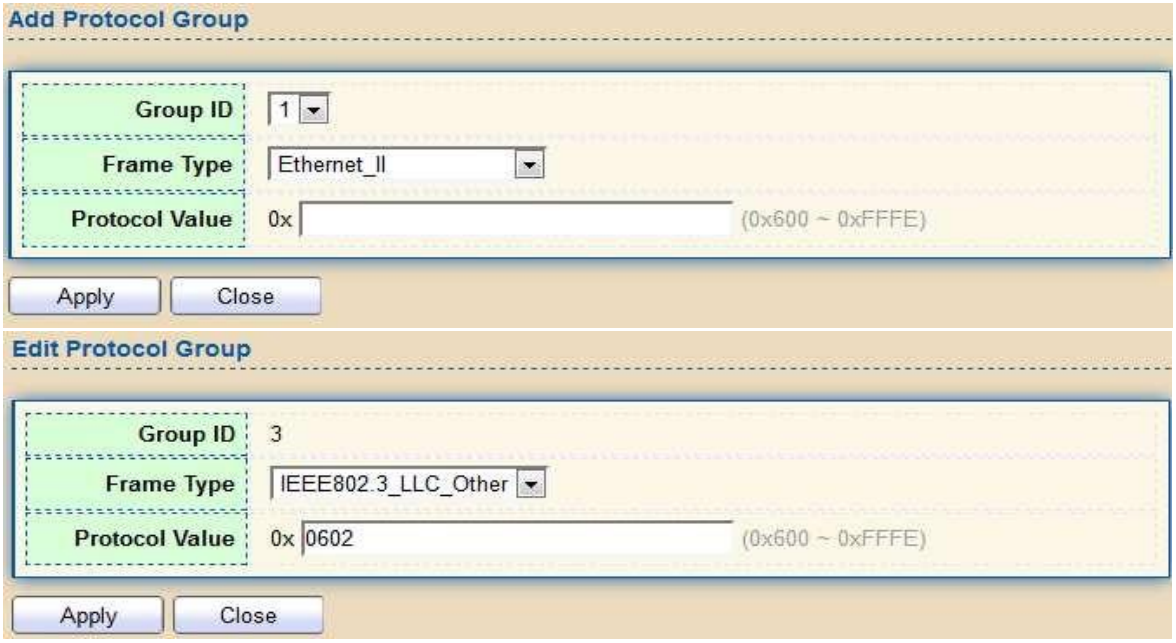


Figure 39 - VLAN > Protocol VLAN > Add/Edit Protocol Group

Item	Description
Group ID	Select group ID of list. The range from 1 to 8.
Frame Type	Select frame type of list that maps packets to protocol- defined VLANs by examining the type octet within the packet header to discover the type of protocol associated with it. • Ethernet_II: packet type is Ethernet version 2. • IEEE802.3_LLC_Other: packet type is 802.3 packet with LLC other header. • RFC_1042: packet type is rfc 1042 packet
Protocol Value	Input protocol value of the target protocol. Packets match this protocol value classified to specified VLAN ID.

2.4.3.2. Group Binding

This page allows users to bind protocol VLAN group to each port with VLAN ID.
To display Group Binding page, click VLAN> Protocol VLAN > Group Binding

Figure 40 - VLAN > Protocol VLAN > Group Binding

Item	Description
Port	Display port ID that binding with protocol group entry
Group ID	Display group ID that port binding with
VLAN	Display VLAN ID that assign to packets which match protocol group

Click “Add” or “Edit” button to Add/Edit Group Binding menu.

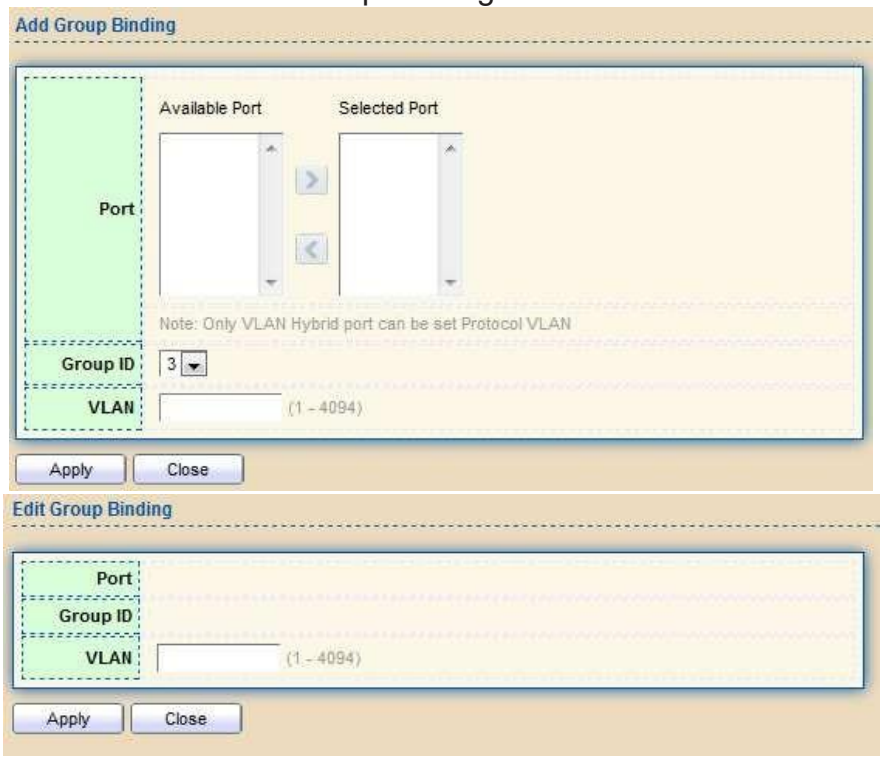


Figure 41 - VLAN > Protocol VLAN > Add/Edit Group Binding

Item	Description
Port	Select ports in left box then move to right to binding with protocol group. Or select ports in right box then move to left to unbind with protocol group. Only interface has hybrid VLAN mode can be selected and bound with protocol group. Only available on Add dialog.
Group ID	Select a Group ID to associate with port. Only available on Add dialog.
VLAN	Input VLAN ID that will assign to packets which match protocol group

2.4.4. MAC VLAN

Use the MAC VLAN pages to configure settings of MAC VLAN.

2.4.4.1. MAC Group

This page allows users to add or edit groups settings of MAC VLAN.

To display the MAC page, click VLAN > MAC VLAN > MAC Group.

Figure 42 - VLAN > MAC VLAN > MAC Group

Item	Description
Group ID	Display group ID of entry.
MAC Address	Display mac address of entry.
Mask	Display mask of mac address for classified packet.

Click “Add” button or "Edit" button to view Add/Edit MAC menu.

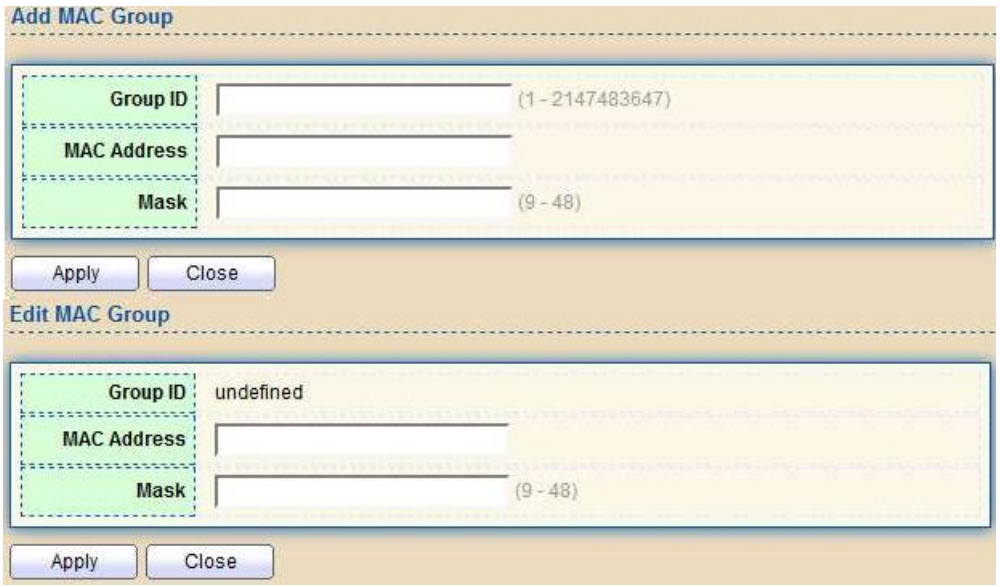


Figure 43 - VLAN > MAC VLAN > MAC Group > Add/Edit MAC

Item	Description
Group ID	Input group ID that is a unique ID of mac group entry. The range from 1 to 2147483647. Only available on Add Dialog.
MAC Address	Input mac address for classifying packets.
Mask	Input mask of mac address.

2.4.4.2. Group Binding

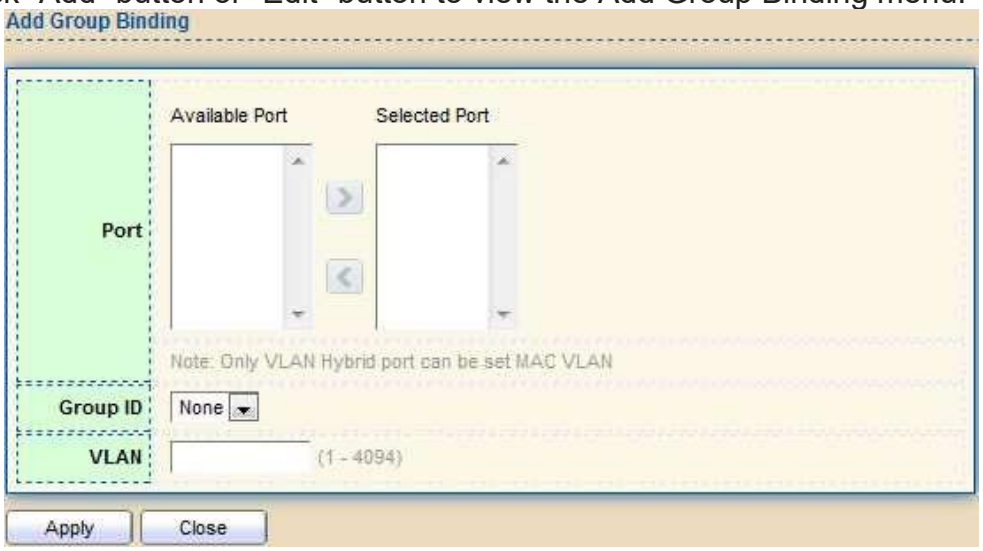
This page allows users to bind MAC VLAN group to each port with VLAN ID.

To display Group Binding page, click VLAN> MAC VLAN > Group Binding

Figure 44 - VLAN > MAC VLAN > Group Binding

Item	Description
Port	Display port ID that binding with MAC group entry.
Group ID	Display group ID that port binding with.
VLAN	Display VLAN ID that assign to packets which match MAC group.

Click “Add” button or "Edit" button to view the Add Group Binding menu.



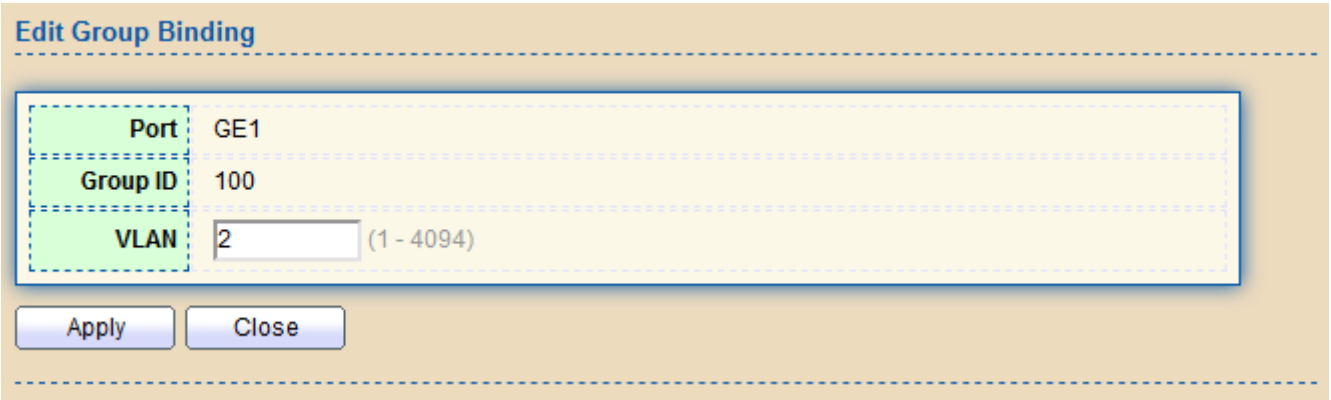


Figure 45 - VLAN > MAC VLAN > Group Binding

Item	Description
Port	Select ports in left box then move to right to binding with MAC group. Or select ports in right box then move to left to unbind with MAC group. Only interface has hybrid VLAN mode can be selected and bound with protocol group. Only available on Add dialog.
Group ID	Select a Group ID to associate with port. Only available on Add dialog.
VLAN	Input VLAN ID that will assign to packets which match MAC group.

2.4.5. Surveillance VLAN

Use the Surveillance VLAN pages to configure settings of Surveillance VLAN.

2.4.5.1. Property

To display Property page, click VLAN> Surveillance VLAN> Property

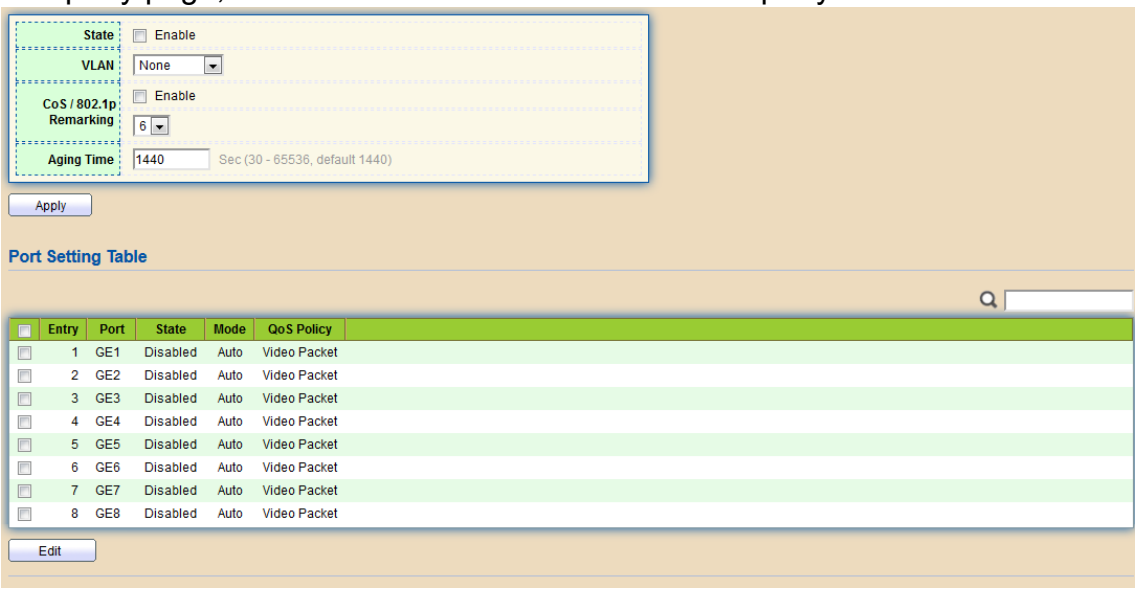


Figure 46 - VLAN > Surveillance VLAN > Property

Item	Description
State	Set checkbox to enable or disable Surveillance VLAN function.
VLAN	Select Surveillance VLAN ID. Surveillance VLAN ID cannot be default VLAN.
COS/802.1P	Select a value of VPT. Qualified packets will use this VPT value as inner priority.
Remarking	Set checkbox to enable or disable 1p remarking. If enabled, qualified packets will be remark by this value.
Aging Time	Input value of aging time. Default is 1440 minutes. A video VLAN entry will be age out after this time if without any packet pass through.
Port Setting Table	
Port	Display port entry.
State	Display enable/disabled status of interface.
Mode	Display Surveillance VLAN mode.
Qos Policy	Display Surveillance VLAN remark will affect which kind of packet.

Click “Add” button or "Edit" button to view the Add Group Binding menu.

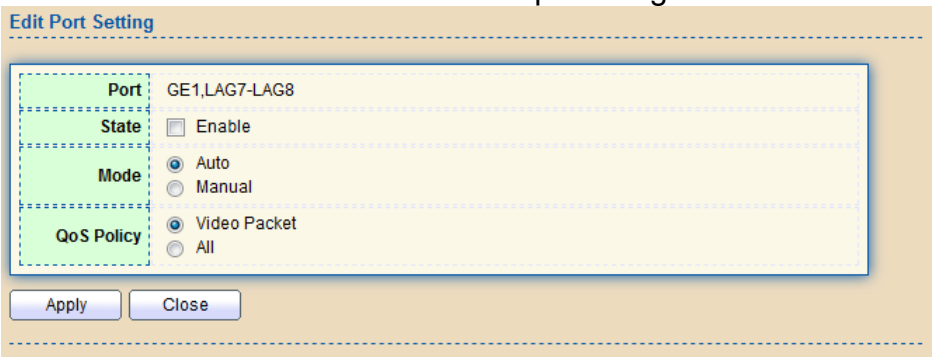


Figure 47 - VLAN > Surveillance VLAN > Property

Item	Description
Port	Display selected port to be edited.
State	Set checkbox to enable/disabled Surveillance VLAN function of interface.
Mode	Select port voice VLAN mode • Auto: Surveillance VLAN auto detect packets that match OUI table and add received port into Surveillance VLAN ID tagged member. • Manual: Users need add interface to Surveillance VLAN ID tagged member manually.
QoS Policy	Select port QoS Policy mode • Video Packet: QoS attributes are applied to packets with OUIs in the source MAC address. • All: QoS attributes are applied to packets that are classified to the Surveillance VLAN.

2.4.5.2. Surveillance OUI

This page allows users to add, edit or delete OUI MAC addresses.

To display Surveillance OUI web page, click VLAN> Surveillance VLAN> Surveillance OUI.

Figure 48 - VLAN > Surveillance VLAN > Surveillance OUI

Item	Description
OUI	Display OUI MAC address.
Description	Display description of OUI entry.

Click “Add” or “Edit” button to view the Add/Edit Surveillance OUI menu.

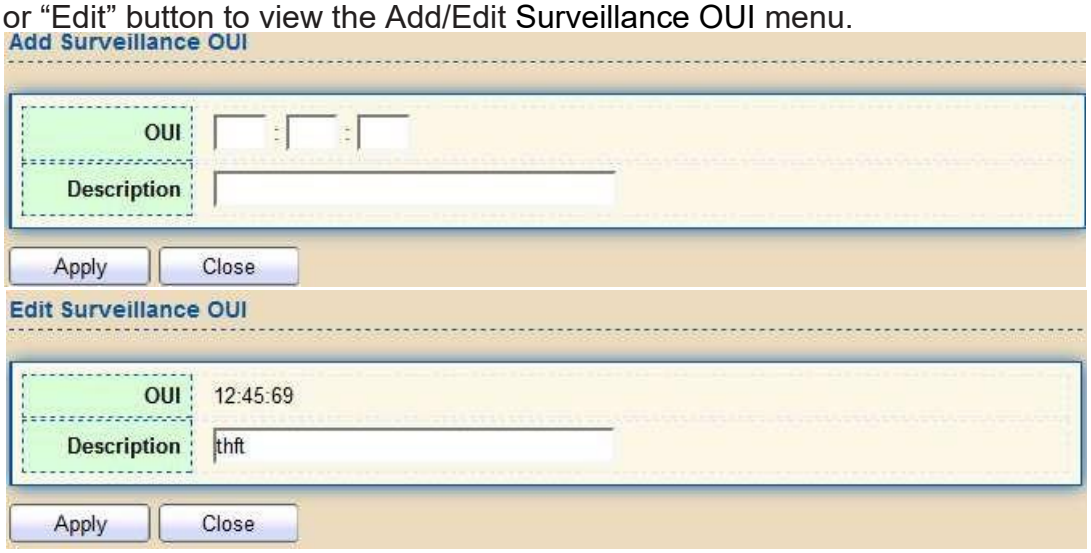


Figure 49 - VLAN >Surveillance VLAN >Surveillance OUI

Item	Description
OUI	Input OUI MAC address. Can’t be edited in edit dialog.
Descripiton	Input description of the specified MAC address to the Surveillance VLAN OUI table.

2.4.6. GVRP

2.4.6.1. Property

This page allows users to enable or disable GVRP function and GVRP port setting.
To display GVRP Global and Port Setting web page, click VLAN> GVRP > Property.

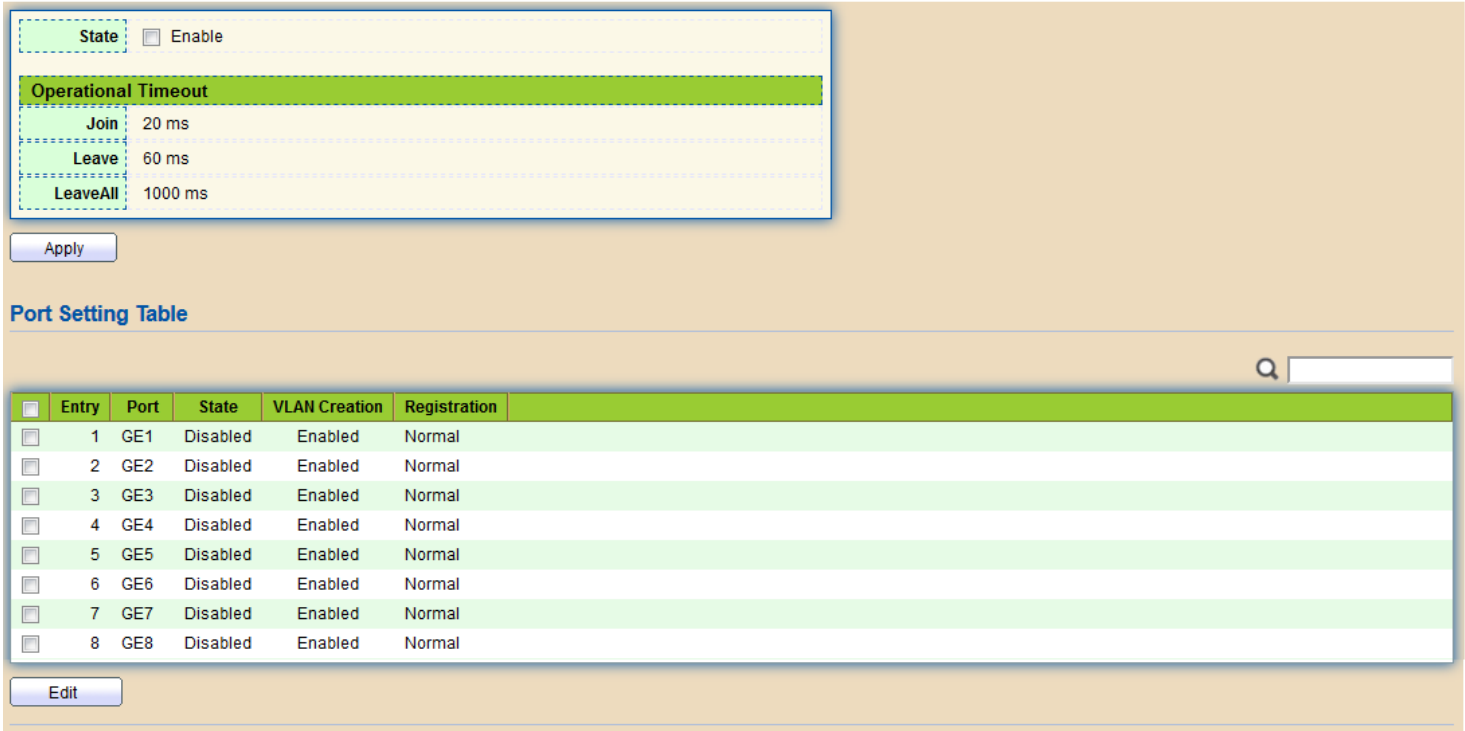


Figure 50 - VLAN > GVRP > Property

Item	Description
State	Set the enabling status of GVRP functionality.
Operational Timeout	
Join	GVRP Join time out.
Leave	GVRP leave time out.
Leave All	GVRP leave all time out.
Port Setting Table	
Entry	Entry Entry of number
Port	Port Name
State	Display port GVRP state
VLAN Creation	Display port GVRP creation vlan state
Registration	Display port GVRP registration mode

Click “Edit” button to view the Edit Port Setting menu.

Figure 51 - VLAN > GVRP > Property> Edit Port Setting

Item	Description
Port	Port Display the selected port list
State	Set the enabling status of GVRP port ● Enable: Enable/Disable port of GVRP state
VLAN Creation	Set the enabling status of GVRP port create VLAN ● Enable: Enable/Disable port create dynamic VLAN.
Register Mode	Set the register mode of GVRP port ● Normal: Normal mode. ● Fixed: The port will not learn any dynamic VLAN. Only send static VLAN information to neighbor and allow static VLAN packet pass. ● Forbidden: The port will not learn any dynamic VLAN and only allow default VLAN packet pass.

2.4.6.2. Membership

This page allows users to browser all VLAN member settings that are learned by GVRP protocol or configured by users.

To display GVRP VLAN database web page, click VLAN> GVRP> Membership

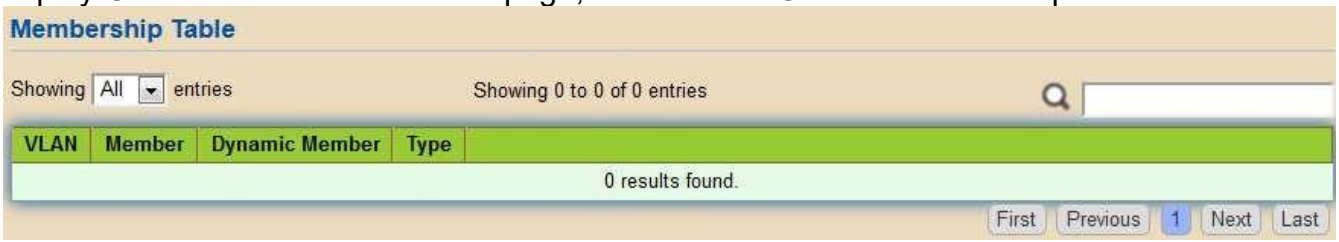


Figure 52 - VLAN > GVRP > Membership

Item	Description
VLAN	VLAN ID
Member	VLAN port members include static and dynamic member
Dynamic Member	GVRP learned dynamic ports
Type	The type of VLAN is static or dynamic.

2.4.6.3. Statistics

This page allows users to display GVRP port statics by type and clear GVRP port statistics by port.

To display GVRP port statistics web page, click VLAN > GVRP > Statistics

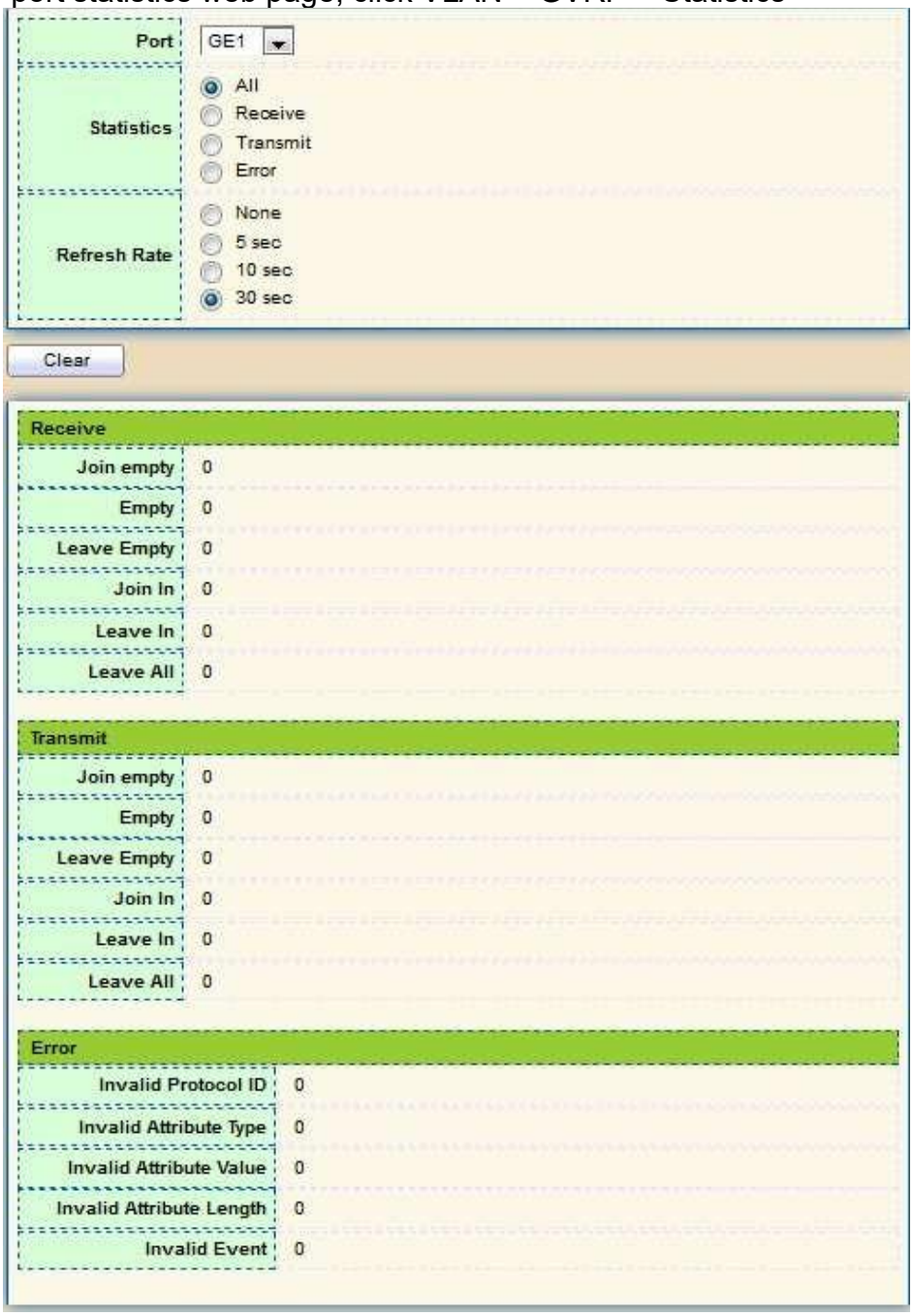


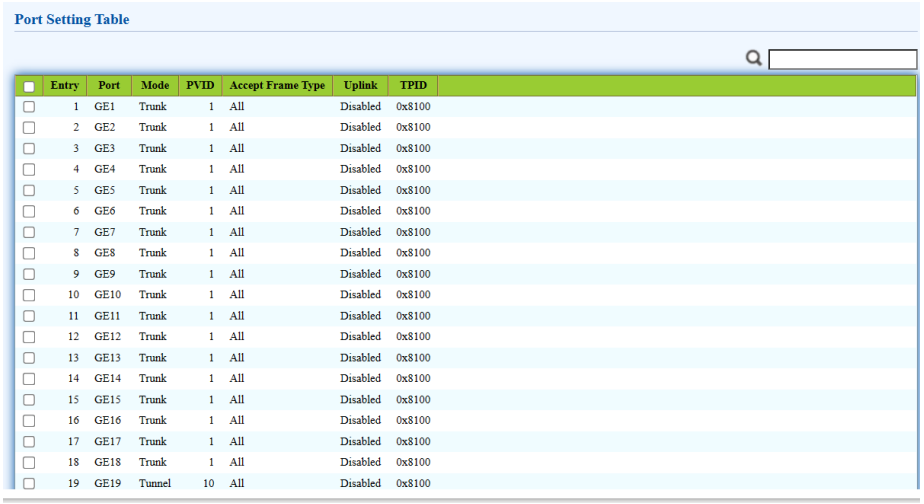
Figure 53 - VLAN > GVRP > Statistics

Item	Description
Port	Port ID
Statistics	Type of statistics ● All: Display Receiver, Transmit and Error port statistics ● Receive: Display Receive port statistics ● Transmit: Display Transmit port statistics ● Error: Display Error port statistics

Refresh Rate	Web refresh rate • None: Not auto refresh display port statistics • 5 sec: Refresh display port statistics per 5 seconds • 10 sec: Refresh display port statistics per 10 seconds • 30 sec: Refresh display port statistics per 30 seconds
Receive and Transmit	
Join empty	The number of Receive or Transmit Join empty attribute value.
Empty	Empty The number of Receive or Transmit Empty attribute value.
Leave Empty	Leave Empty The number of Receive or Transmit Leave Empty attribute value.
Join in	Join In The number of Receive or Transmit Join In attribute value.
Leave in	The number of Receive or Transmit Leave In empty attribute value.
Leave All	Leave All The number of Receive or Transmit Leave All attribute value.
Error	
Invalid Protocol ID	The number of Receive Invalid Protocol ID
Invalid Attribute Type	The number of Receive Invalid Attribute Type
Invalid Attribute Value	The number of Receive Invalid Attribute value
Invalid Attribute Length	The number of Receive Invalid Attribute Length.
Invalid Event	The number of Receive Invalid Event.

2.4.7. QinQ

This page allows users to configure Tunnel Mode port settings.
To display QinQ web page, click Port > VLAN > QinQ.



Port Setting Table

Entry	Port	Mode	PVID	Accept Frame Type	Uplink	TPID
1	GE1	Trunk	1	All	Disabled	0x8100
2	GE2	Trunk	1	All	Disabled	0x8100
3	GE3	Trunk	1	All	Disabled	0x8100
4	GE4	Trunk	1	All	Disabled	0x8100
5	GE5	Trunk	1	All	Disabled	0x8100
6	GE6	Trunk	1	All	Disabled	0x8100
7	GE7	Trunk	1	All	Disabled	0x8100
8	GE8	Trunk	1	All	Disabled	0x8100
9	GE9	Trunk	1	All	Disabled	0x8100
10	GE10	Trunk	1	All	Disabled	0x8100
11	GE11	Trunk	1	All	Disabled	0x8100
12	GE12	Trunk	1	All	Disabled	0x8100
13	GE13	Trunk	1	All	Disabled	0x8100
14	GE14	Trunk	1	All	Disabled	0x8100
15	GE15	Trunk	1	All	Disabled	0x8100
16	GE16	Trunk	1	All	Disabled	0x8100
17	GE17	Trunk	1	All	Disabled	0x8100
18	GE18	Trunk	1	All	Disabled	0x8100
19	GE19	Tunnel	10	All	Disabled	0x8100

Figure 54 – Port > VLAN > QinQ

Item	Description
Port	Display the interface.
Mode	Display the VLAN mode of interface.
PVID	Display the Port-based VLAN ID of port.
Accept Frame Type	Display accept frame type of port.
Uplink	Display uplink status.
TPID	Display TPID used of interface.

Click “Edit” button to Edit Port Setting menu.

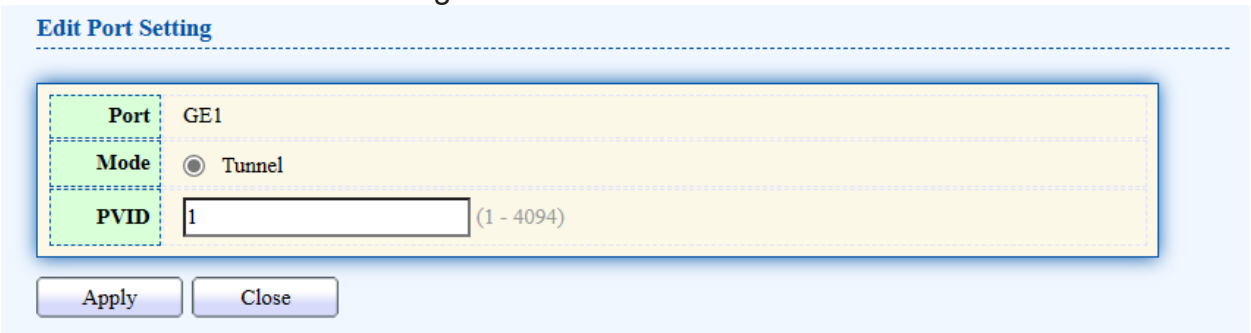


Figure 56 – Port > VLAN > QinQ > Edit Port Setting

Item	Description
Port	Display selected port to be edited.
Mode	Tunnel Mode is a technique often used by Metro Ethernet providers as a layer 2 VPN for customers.
PVID	Specify the port-based VLAN ID (1-4094).

2.4 MAC Address Table

Use the MAC Address Table pages to show dynamic MAC table and configure settings for static MAC entries.

2.4.8. Dynamic Address

To display the Dynamic Address web page, click MAC Address Table > Dynamic Address.

Figure 54 - MAC Address Table > Dynamic Address

Item	Description
Aging Time	The time in seconds that an entry remains in the MAC address table. Its valid range is from 10 to 630 seconds, and the default value is 300 seconds.
Dynamic Address Table	
VLAN	Specify the VLAN to show or clear MAC entries.
MAC Address	The MAC address to which packets will be statically forwarded.
Port	Interface or port number.

2.4.9. Static Address

To display the Static Address web page, click MAC Address Table > Static Address.

Figure 55 - MAC Address Table > Static Address.

Item	Description
VLAN	Specify the VLAN to show or clear MAC entries.
MAC Address	The MAC address to which packets will be statically forwarded.
Port	Interface or port number.

Click “Add” or “Edit” button to view the Add/Edit Static Address menu.

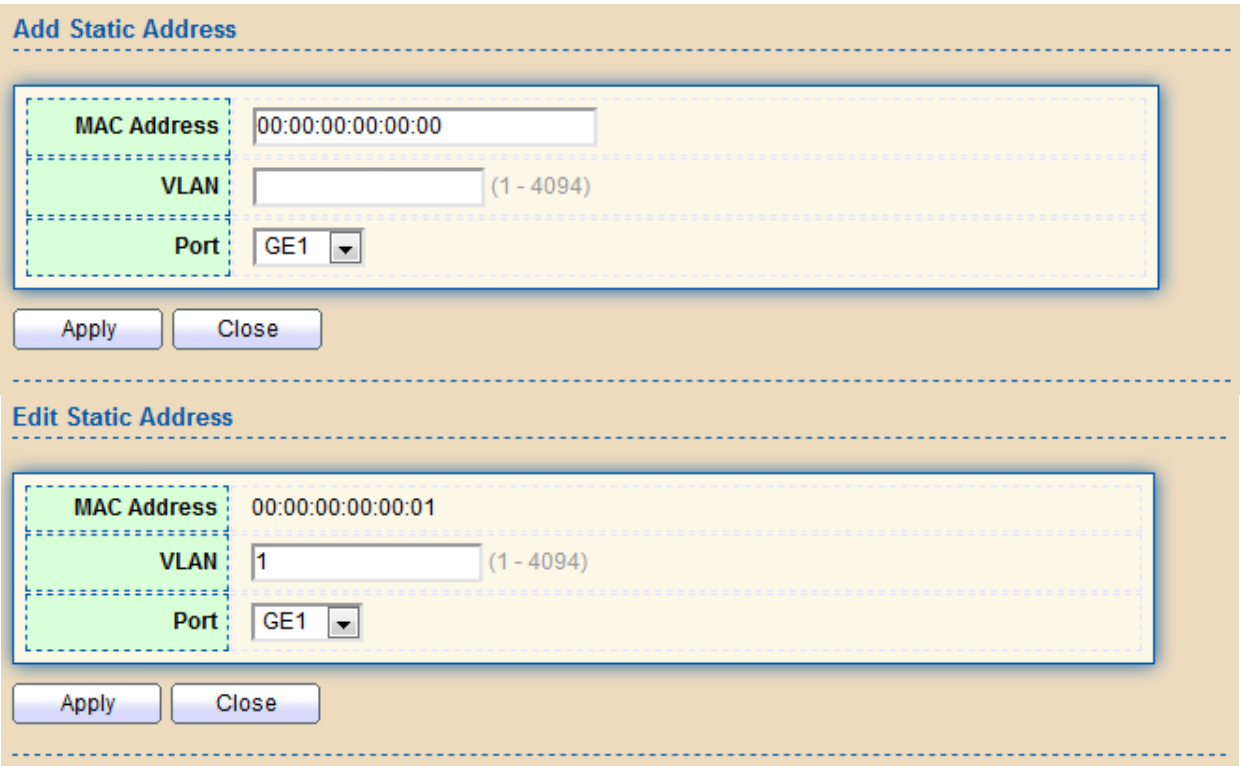


Figure 56 - MAC Address Table > Static Address > Add/Edit Static Address.

Item	Description
MAC Address	The MAC address to which packets will be statically forwarded.
VLAN	Specify the VLAN to edit MAC entries.
Port	Interface or port number.

2.4.10. Filtering Address

To display the Filtering Address web page, click MAC Address Table > Filtering Address.

Figure 57 - MAC Address Table > Filtering Address.

Item	Description
MAC Address	Specify unicast MAC address in the packets to be dropped.
VLAN	Specify the VLAN to show or clear MAC entries.

Click “Add” or “Edit” button to view the Add/Edit Filtering Address menu.

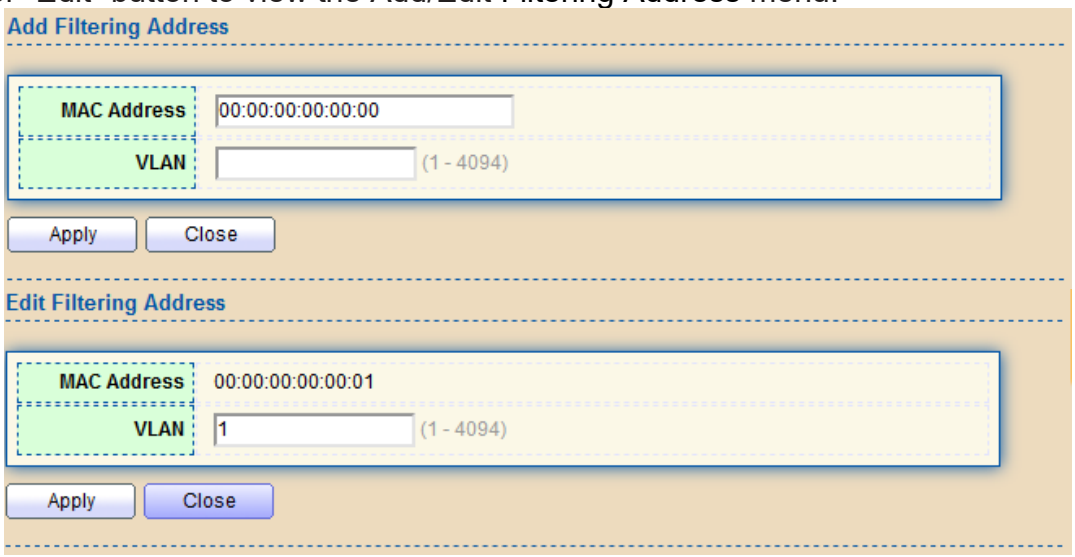


Figure 58 - MAC Address Table > Filtering Address > Add/Edit Filtering Address.

2.5. Spanning Tree

The Spanning Tree Protocol (STP) is a network protocol that ensures a loop-free topology for any bridged Ethernet local area network.

2.5.1. Property

To display the Property web page, click Spanning Tree > Property.

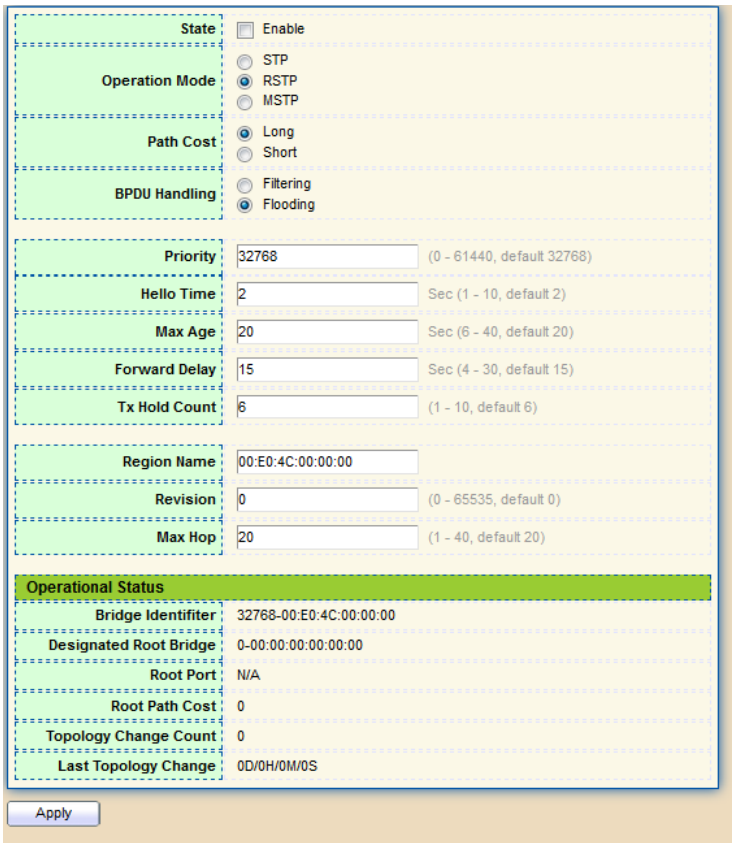


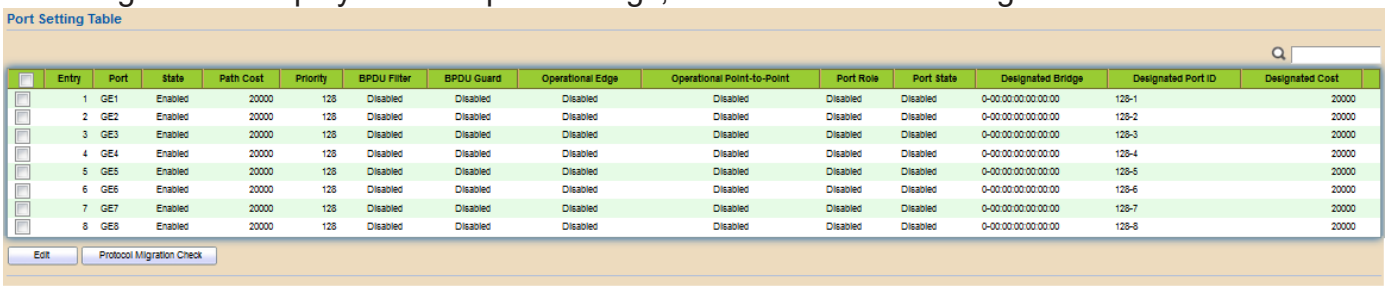
Figure 59 - Spanning Tree > Property

Item	Description
State	Enable/disable the STP on the switch.
Operation Mode	Specify the STP operation mode. • STP: Enable the Spanning Tree (STP) operation. • RSTP: Enable the Rapid Spanning Tree (RSTP) operation. • MSTP: Enable the Multiple Spanning Tree (MSTP) operation.
Path Cost	Specify the path cost method. • Long: Specifies that the default port path costs are within the range:1-200,000,000. • Short: Specifies that the default port path costs are within the range:1-65,535.

BPDU Handling	Specify the BPDU forward method when the STP is disabled. • Filtering: Filter the BPDU when STP is disabled. • Flooding: Flood the BPDU when STP is disabled.
Priority	Specify the bridge priority. The valid range is from 0 to 61440, and the value should be the multiple of 4096. It ensures the probability that the switch is selected as the root bridge, and the lower value has the higher priority for the switch to be selected as the root bridge of the topology.
Hello Time	Specify the STP hello time in second to broadcast its hello message to other bridges by Designated Ports. Its valid range is from 1 to 10 seconds.
Max Age	Specify the time interval in seconds for a switch to wait the configuration messages, without attempting to redefine its own configuration.
Forward Delay	Specify the STP forward delay time, which is the amount of time that a port remains in the Listening and Learning states before it enters the Forwarding state. Its valid range is from 4 to 10 seconds.
TX Hold Count	Specify the tx-hold-count used to limit the maximum numbers of packets transmission per second. The valid range is from 1 to 10.
Region Name	The MSTP instance name. Its maximum length is 32 characters. The default value is the MAC address of the switch.
Revision	The MSTP revision number. Its valid rage is from 0 to 65535.
Max Hop	Specify the number of hops in an MSTP region before the BPDU is discarded. The valid range is 1 to 40.
Operational Status	
Bridge Identifier	Bridge identifier of the switch.
Designated Root	Bridge identifier of the designated root bridge.
Root Port	Operational root port of the switch.
Root Path Cost	Operational root path cost.
Topology Change	Numbers of the topology changes.
Last Topology	The last time for the topology change.

2.5.2. Port Setting

To configure and display the STP port settings, click STP > Port Setting.



Port Setting Table

Entry	Port	State	Path Cost	Priority	BPDU Filter	BPDU Guard	Operational Edge	Operational Point-to-Point	Port Role	Port State	Designated Bridge	Designated Port ID	Designated Cost
1	GE1	Enabled	20000	128	Disabled	Disabled	Disabled	Disabled	Disabled	Disabled	0-00:00:00:00:00:00	128-1	20000
2	GE2	Enabled	20000	128	Disabled	Disabled	Disabled	Disabled	Disabled	Disabled	0-00:00:00:00:00:00	128-2	20000
3	GE3	Enabled	20000	128	Disabled	Disabled	Disabled	Disabled	Disabled	Disabled	0-00:00:00:00:00:00	128-3	20000
4	GE4	Enabled	20000	128	Disabled	Disabled	Disabled	Disabled	Disabled	Disabled	0-00:00:00:00:00:00	128-4	20000
5	GE5	Enabled	20000	128	Disabled	Disabled	Disabled	Disabled	Disabled	Disabled	0-00:00:00:00:00:00	128-5	20000
6	GE6	Enabled	20000	128	Disabled	Disabled	Disabled	Disabled	Disabled	Disabled	0-00:00:00:00:00:00	128-6	20000
7	GE7	Enabled	20000	128	Disabled	Disabled	Disabled	Disabled	Disabled	Disabled	0-00:00:00:00:00:00	128-7	20000
8	GE8	Enabled	20000	128	Disabled	Disabled	Disabled	Disabled	Disabled	Disabled	0-00:00:00:00:00:00	128-8	20000

Edit | Protocol Migration Check

Figure 60 - Spanning Tree > Port Setting

Item	Description
Port	Specify the interface ID or the list of interface IDs.
State	The operational state on the specified port.
Path Cost	STP path cost on the specified port.
Priority	STP priority on the specified port.
BPDU Filter	The states of BPDU filter on the specified port.
BPDU Guard	The states of BPDU guard on the specified port.
Operational Edge	The operational edge port status on the specified port.
Operational Point-to-Point	The operational point-to-point status on the specified port.
Port Role	The current port role on the specified port. The possible values are: “Disabled”, “Master”, “Root”, “Designated”, “Alternative”, and “Backup”.
Port State	The current port state on the specified port. The possible values are: “Disabled”, “Discarding”, “Learning”, and “Forwarding”.
Designated Bridge	The bridge ID of the designated bridge.
Designated Port ID	The designated port ID on the switch.
Designated Cost	The path cost of the designated port on the switch.
Protocol Migration Check	Restart the Spanning Tree Protocol (STP) migration process (re-negotiate with its neighborhood) on the specific interface.

Click "Edit" button to view Edit Port Setting menu.

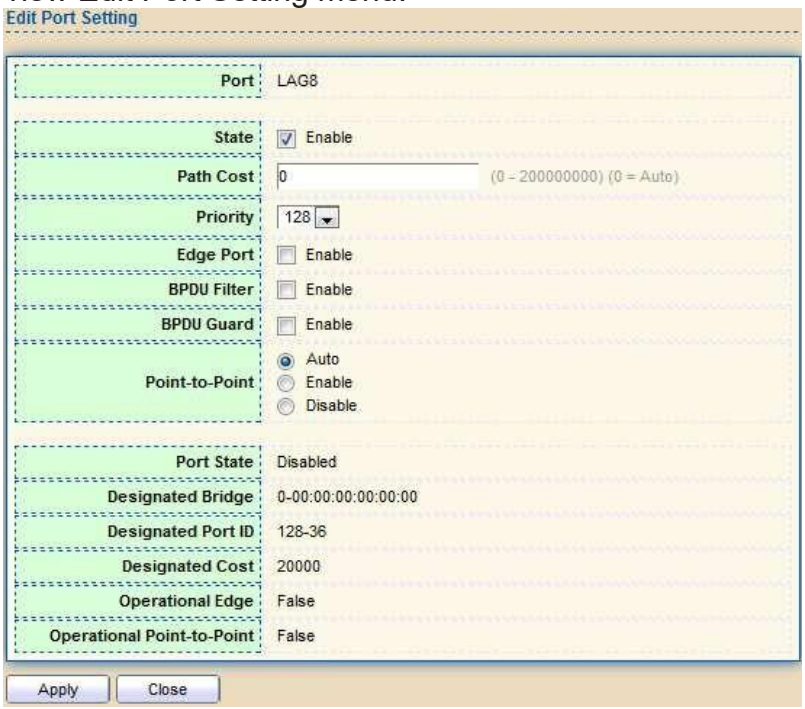


Figure 61 - Spanning Tree > Port Setting > Edit Port Setting

Item	Description
Port	Selected port ID.
State	Enable/Disable the STP on the specified port.
Path Cost	Specify the STP path cost on the specified port.
Priority	Specify the STP path cost on the specified port.
Edge Port	Specify the edge mode. • Enable: Force to true state (as link to a host). • Disable: Force to false state (as link to a bridge). In the edge mode, the interface would be put into the Forwarding state immediately upon link up. If the edge mode is enabled for the interface and there are BPDUs received on the interface, the loop might be occurred in the short time before the STP state change.
BPDU Filter	The BPDU Filter configuration avoids receiving / transmitting BPDU from the specified ports. • Enable: Enable BPDU filter function. • Disable: Disable BPDU filter function.
BPDU Guard	The BPDU Guard configuration to drop the received BPDU directly. • Enable: Enable BPDU guard function. • Disable: Disable BPDU guard function.

Point-to-Point	Specify the Point-to-Point port configuration: • Auto: The state is depended on the duplex setting of the port • Enable: Force to true state. • Disable: Force to false state

2.5.3. MST Instance

To configure MST instance setting, click STP > MST Instance.

MST Instance Table

MSTI	Priority	Bridge Identifiter	Designated Root Bridge	Root Port	Root Path Cost	Remaining Hop	VLAN
0	32768	32768-00:E0:4C:00:00:00	0-00:00:00:00:00:00	N/A	0	0	1-4094
1	32768	32768-00:E0:4C:00:00:00	0-00:00:00:00:00:00	N/A	0	0	
2	32768	32768-00:E0:4C:00:00:00	0-00:00:00:00:00:00	N/A	0	0	
3	32768	32768-00:E0:4C:00:00:00	0-00:00:00:00:00:00	N/A	0	0	
4	32768	32768-00:E0:4C:00:00:00	0-00:00:00:00:00:00	N/A	0	0	
5	32768	32768-00:E0:4C:00:00:00	0-00:00:00:00:00:00	N/A	0	0	
6	32768	32768-00:E0:4C:00:00:00	0-00:00:00:00:00:00	N/A	0	0	
7	32768	32768-00:E0:4C:00:00:00	0-00:00:00:00:00:00	N/A	0	0	
8	32768	32768-00:E0:4C:00:00:00	0-00:00:00:00:00:00	N/A	0	0	
9	32768	32768-00:E0:4C:00:00:00	0-00:00:00:00:00:00	N/A	0	0	
10	32768	32768-00:E0:4C:00:00:00	0-00:00:00:00:00:00	N/A	0	0	
11	32768	32768-00:E0:4C:00:00:00	0-00:00:00:00:00:00	N/A	0	0	
12	32768	32768-00:E0:4C:00:00:00	0-00:00:00:00:00:00	N/A	0	0	
13	32768	32768-00:E0:4C:00:00:00	0-00:00:00:00:00:00	N/A	0	0	
14	32768	32768-00:E0:4C:00:00:00	0-00:00:00:00:00:00	N/A	0	0	
15	32768	32768-00:E0:4C:00:00:00	0-00:00:00:00:00:00	N/A	0	0	

Edit

Figure 62 - Spanning Tree > MST Instance

Item	Description
MSTI	Designated port number.
Priority	The bridge priority on the specified MSTI.
Bridge Identifier	The bridge identifier on the specified MSTI.
Designated Root Bridge	The designated root bridge identifier on the specified MSTI.
Root Port	The designated root port on the specified MSTI.
Root Path Cost	The designated root path cost on the specified MSTI.
Remaining Hop	The configuration of remaining hop on the specified MSTI.
VLAN	The VLAN configuration on the specified MSTI.

Click "Edit" button to view Edit MST Instance menu.

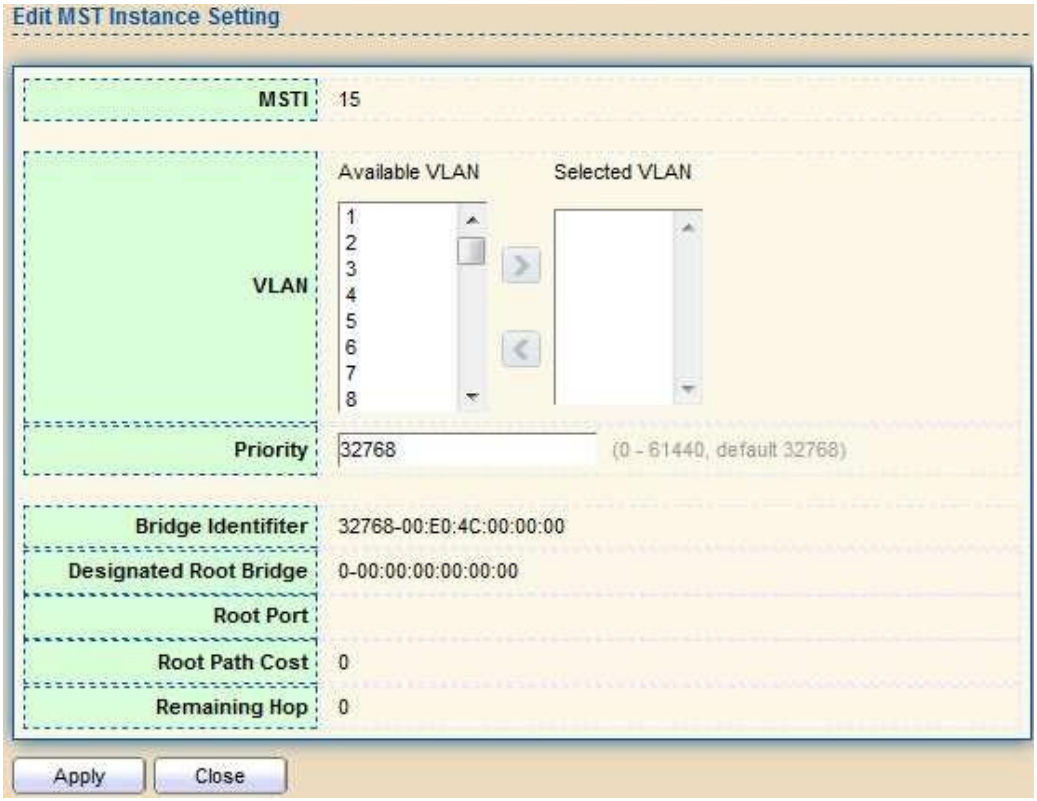
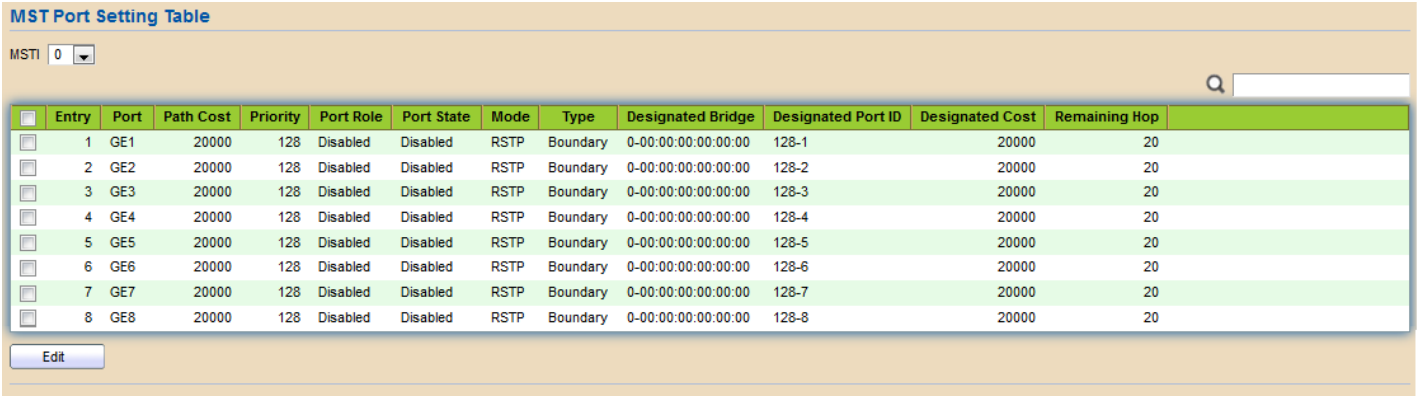


Figure 63 - Spanning Tree > MST Instance > Edit MST Instance Setting

Item	Description
VLAN	Select the VLAN list for the specified MSTI.
Priority	Specify the bridge priority on the specified MSTI. The valid range is from 0 to 61440, and the value must be the multiple of 4096. It ensures the probability that the switch is selected as the root bridge, and the lower values has the higher priority for the switch to be selected as the root bridge of the STP topology.

2.5.4. MST Port Setting

To configure and display MST port setting, click STP > MST Port Setting.



Entry	Port	Path Cost	Priority	Port Role	Port State	Mode	Type	Designated Bridge	Designated Port ID	Designated Cost	Remaining Hop
1	GE1	20000	128	Disabled	Disabled	RSTP	Boundary	0-00:00:00:00:00:00	128-1	20000	20
2	GE2	20000	128	Disabled	Disabled	RSTP	Boundary	0-00:00:00:00:00:00	128-2	20000	20
3	GE3	20000	128	Disabled	Disabled	RSTP	Boundary	0-00:00:00:00:00:00	128-3	20000	20
4	GE4	20000	128	Disabled	Disabled	RSTP	Boundary	0-00:00:00:00:00:00	128-4	20000	20
5	GE5	20000	128	Disabled	Disabled	RSTP	Boundary	0-00:00:00:00:00:00	128-5	20000	20
6	GE6	20000	128	Disabled	Disabled	RSTP	Boundary	0-00:00:00:00:00:00	128-6	20000	20
7	GE7	20000	128	Disabled	Disabled	RSTP	Boundary	0-00:00:00:00:00:00	128-7	20000	20
8	GE8	20000	128	Disabled	Disabled	RSTP	Boundary	0-00:00:00:00:00:00	128-8	20000	20

Figure 64 - Spanning Tree > MST Port Setting

Item	Description
MSTI	Specify the port setting on the specified MSTI.
Port	Specify the interface ID or the list of interface IDs.
Path Cost	The port path cost on the specified MSTI.
Priority	The port priority on the specified MSTI.
Port Role	The current port role on the specified port. The possible values are: “Disabled”, “Master”, “Root”, “Designated”, “Alternative”, and “Backup”.
Port State	The current port state on the specified port. The possible values are: “Disabled”, “Discarding”, “Learning”, and “Forwarding”.
Mode	The operational STP mode on the specified port.
Type	The possible value for the port type are: • Boundary: The port attaching an MST Bridge to a LAN that is not in the same region. • Internal: The port attaching an MST Bridge to a LAN that is not in the same region.
Designated Bridge	The bridge ID of the designated bridge.
Designated Port ID	The designated port ID on the switch.
Designated Cost	The path cost of the designated port on the switch.
Remaining Hop	The remaining hops count on the specified port.

Click "Edit" button to view Edit MST Port Setting menu.

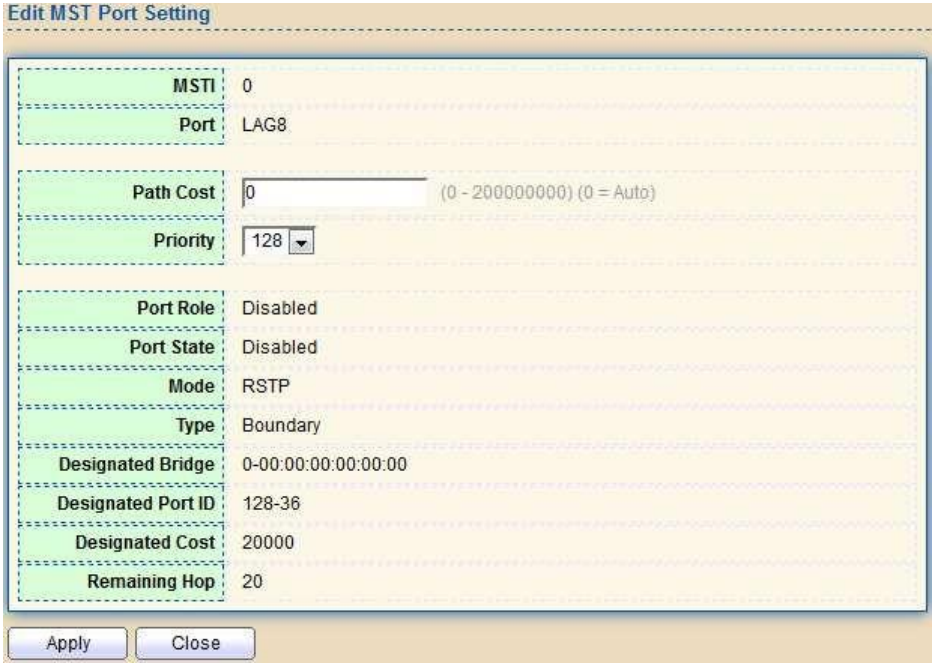


Figure 65 - Spanning Tree > MST Port Setting > Edit MST Port Setting

Item	Description
Path Cost	Specify the STP port path cost on the specified MSTI.
Priority	Specify the STP port priority on the specified MSTI.

2.5.5. Statistics

To display the STP statistics, click STP > Statistics.

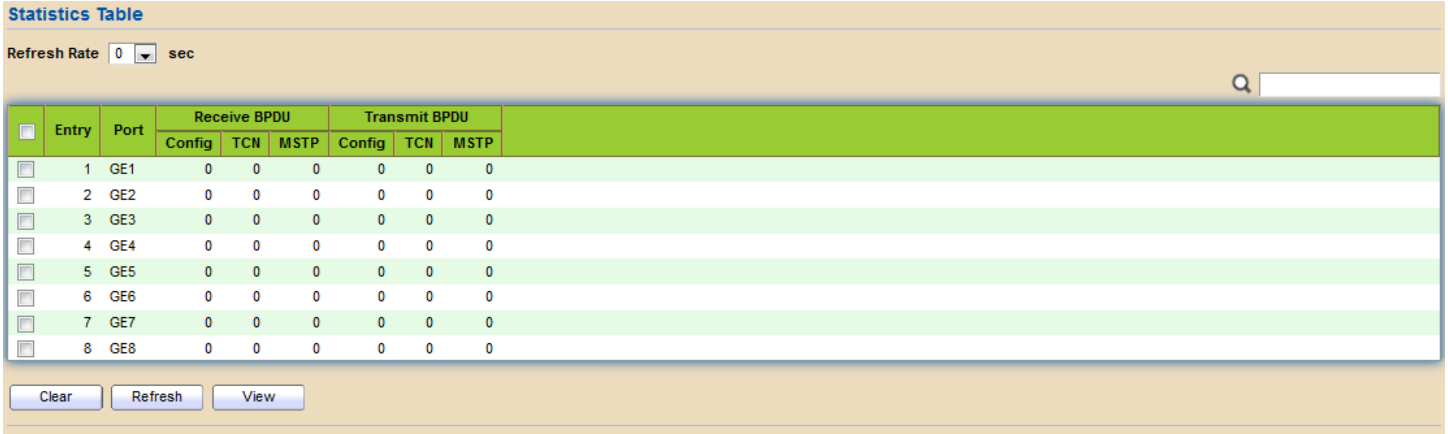


Figure 66 - Spanning Tree > Statistics

Item	Description
Refresh Rate	The option to refresh the statistics automatically.
Receive BPDU (Config)	The counts of the received CONFIG BPDU.
Receive BPDU (TCN)	The counts of the received TCN BPDU.
Receive BPDU (MSTP)	The counts of the received MSTP BPDU.
Transmit BPDU (Config)	The counts of the transmitted CONFIG BPDU.
Transmit BPDU (TCN)	The counts of the transmitted TCN BPDU.
Transmit BPDU (MSTP)	The counts of the transmitted MSTP BPDU.
Clear	Clear the statistics for the selected interfaces
View	View the statistics for the interface.

Click "View" button to view the STP Port Statistic menu.

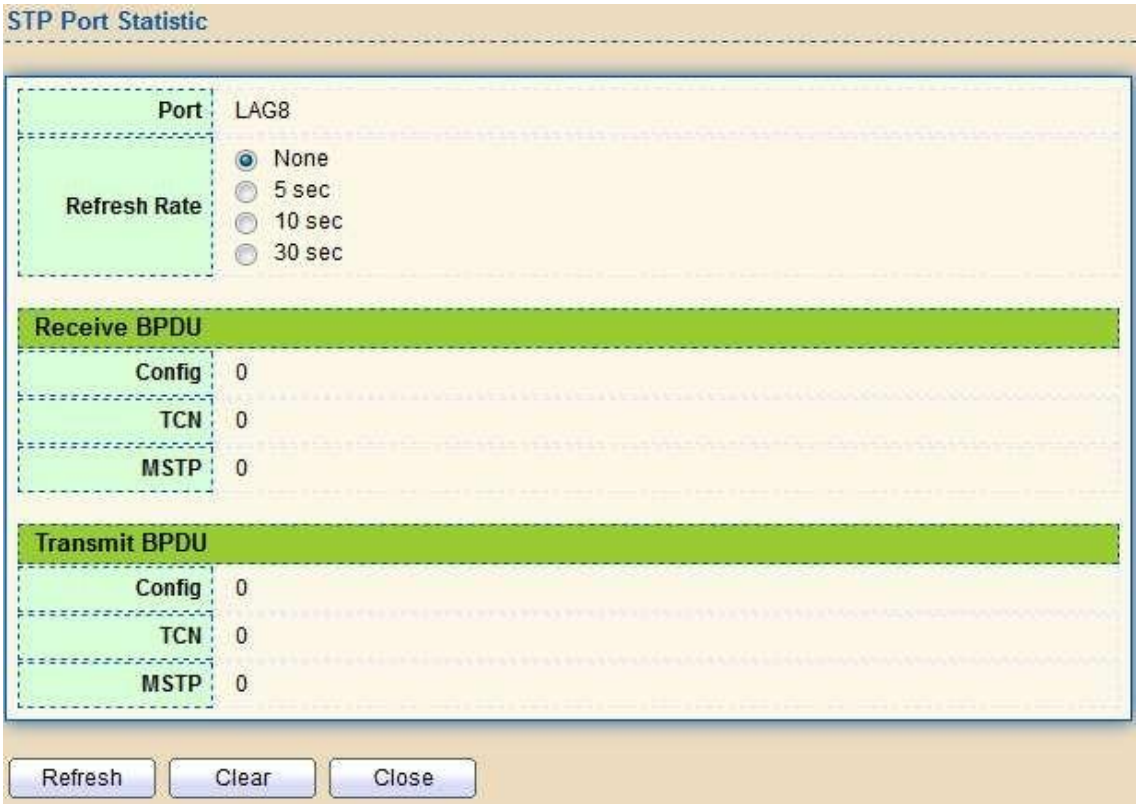


Figure 67 - Spanning Tree > Statistics > STP Port Statistic

Item	Description
Refresh Rate	The option to refresh the statistics automatically.
Clear	Clear the statistics for the selected interfaces.

2.6. Discovery

Use this section to configure LLDP.

2.6.1. LLDP

LLDP is a one-way protocol; there are no request/response sequences. Information is advertised by stations implementing the transmit function, and is received and processed by stations implementing the receive function. The LLDP category contains LLDP and LLDP-MED pages.

2.6.1.1. Property

To display LLDP Property Setting web page, click Discovery > LLDP > Property.

Figure 68 - Discovery > LLDP > Property

Item	Description
State	Enable/ Disable LLDP protocol on this switch.
LLDP Handling	Select LLDP PDU handling action to be filtered, bridging or flooded when LLDP is globally disabled. Filtering: Deletes the packet. Bridging: (VLAN-aware flooding) Forwards the packet to all VLAN members Flooding: Forwards the packet to all ports
TLV Advertise Interval	Select the interval at which frames are transmitted. The default is 30 seconds, and the valid range is 5–32767 seconds.
Hold Multiplier	Select the multiplier on the transmit interval to assign to TTL (range 2–10, default = 4).
Reinitializing Delay	Select the delay before a re-initialization (range 1–10 seconds, default = 2).
Transmit Delay	Select the delay after an LLDP frame is sent (range 1– 8191 seconds, default = 3).
Fast Start Repeat Count	Select fast start repeat count when port link up (range 1–10, default = 3).

2.6.1.2. Port Setting

To display LLDP Port Setting, click Discovery > LLDP > Port Setting.

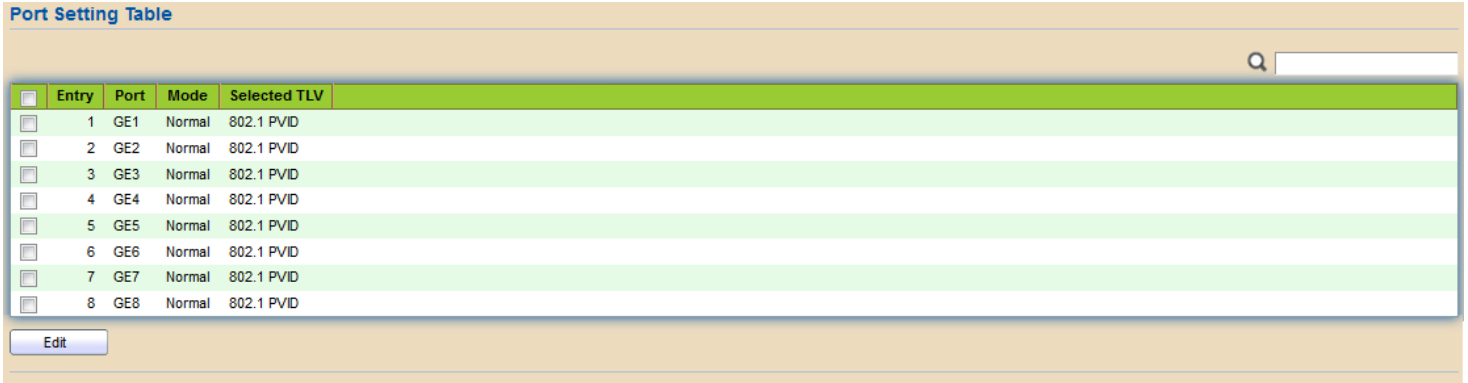


Figure 69 - Discovery > LLDP > Port Setting

Item	Description
Port	Port Name.
Mode	The port LLDP mode.
Selected TLV	The Selected LLDP TLV.

Click "Edit" button to view Edit Port Setting menu.

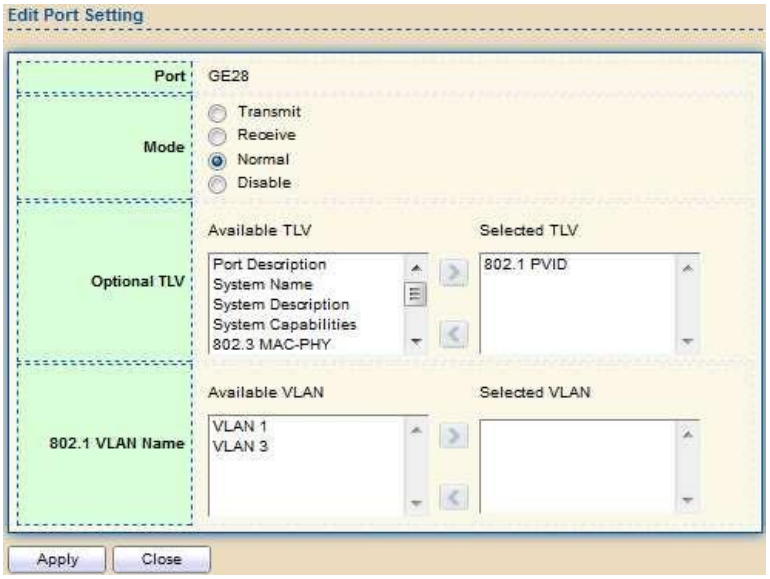


Figure 70 - Discovery > LLDP > Port Setting > Edit Port Setting

Item	Description
Port	Select specified port or all ports to configure LLDP state.
Mode	Select the transmission state of LLDP port interface. • Disable: Disable the transmission of LLDP PDUs. • Receive: RX Only LLDP PDUs only. • Transmit: Transmit and receive LLDP PDUs only. • Normal: Transmit and receive LLDP PDUs both.
Optional TLV	Select the LLDP optional TLVs to be carried (multiple selection is allowed). • System Name • Port Description • System Description • System Capability • 802.3 MAC-PHY • 802.3 Link Aggregation • 802.3 Maximum Frame Size • Management Address • 802.1 PVID.
802.1 VLAN Name	Select the VLAN Name ID to be carried (multiple selection is allowed).

2.6.1.3. MED Network Policy

To display LLDP MED Network Policy Setting, click Discovery > LLDP > MED Network Policy.

Figure 71 - Discovery > LLDP > MED Network Policy

Click "Add" button or “Edit” button to view Edit Add MED Network Policy menu.

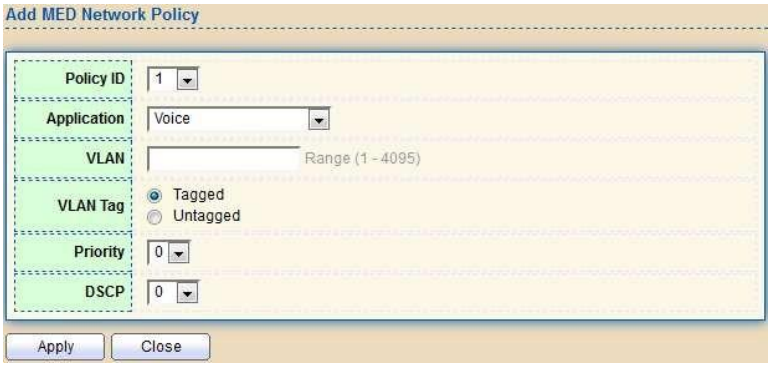


Figure 72 - Discovery > LLDP > MED Network Policy

Item	Description
Policy ID	Select specified network policy ID to configure.
Application	Select the network policy application type. ● Voice ● Voice Signaling ● Guest Voice ● Guest Voice Signaling ● Softphone Voice ● Video Conferencing ● Streaming Video ● Video Signaling
VLAN	Set the VLAN ID, range from 1 to 4094.
VLAN Tag	Set the VLAN tag status. ● Tagged: Traffic is tagged. ● Untagged: Traffic is untagged
Priority	Set the L2 priority, range from 0 to 7.
DSCP	Set the DSCP value, range from 0 to 63.

2.6.1.4. MED Port Setting

To display LLDP MED Port Setting, click Discovery > LLDP > MED Port Setting.

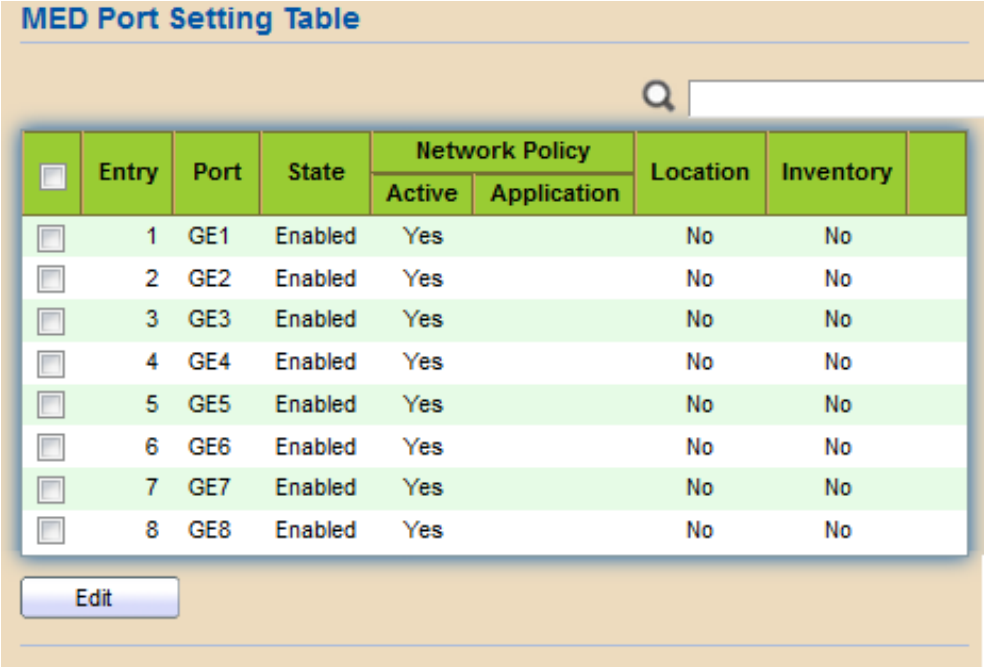


Figure 73 - Discovery > LLDP > MED Port Setting

Click "Edit" button to view Edit Add MED Port Setting menu.

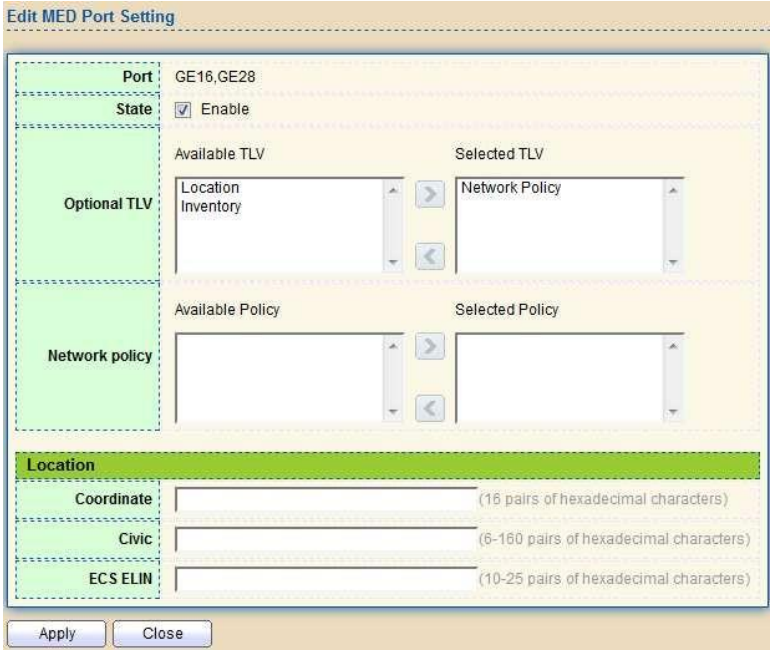


Figure 74 - Discovery > LLDP > Add MED Port Setting

Item	Description
Port	Select specified port or all ports to configure LLDP MED.
State	Select LLDP MED enable status.
Optional TLV	Select LLDP MED optional TLVs (multiple selection is allowed) • Network Policy • Location • Inventory
Network Policy	Select the network policy IDs to be bound to ports. The network policy should be created in MED Network Policy page at first.
Coordinate	Set Coordinate
Civic	Set Civic
ECS ELIN	Set ECS ELIN

2.6.1.5. Packet View

To display LLDP Overloading, click Discovery > LLDP > Packet View.

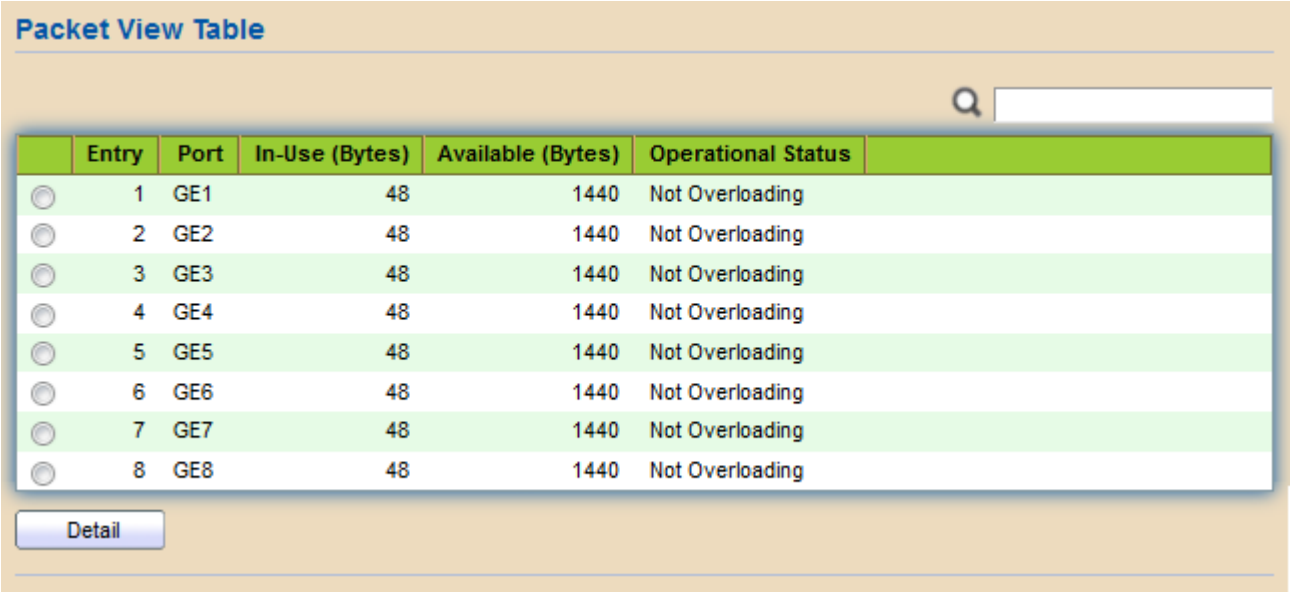


Figure 75 - Discovery > LLDP > Packet View

Item	Description
Port	Port Name.
In-Use (Bytes)	Total number of bytes of LLDP information in each packet.
Available (Bytes)	Total number of available bytes left for additional LLDP information in each packet.
Operational Status	Overloading or not.

Click "Detail" button to view Packet View Detail menu.

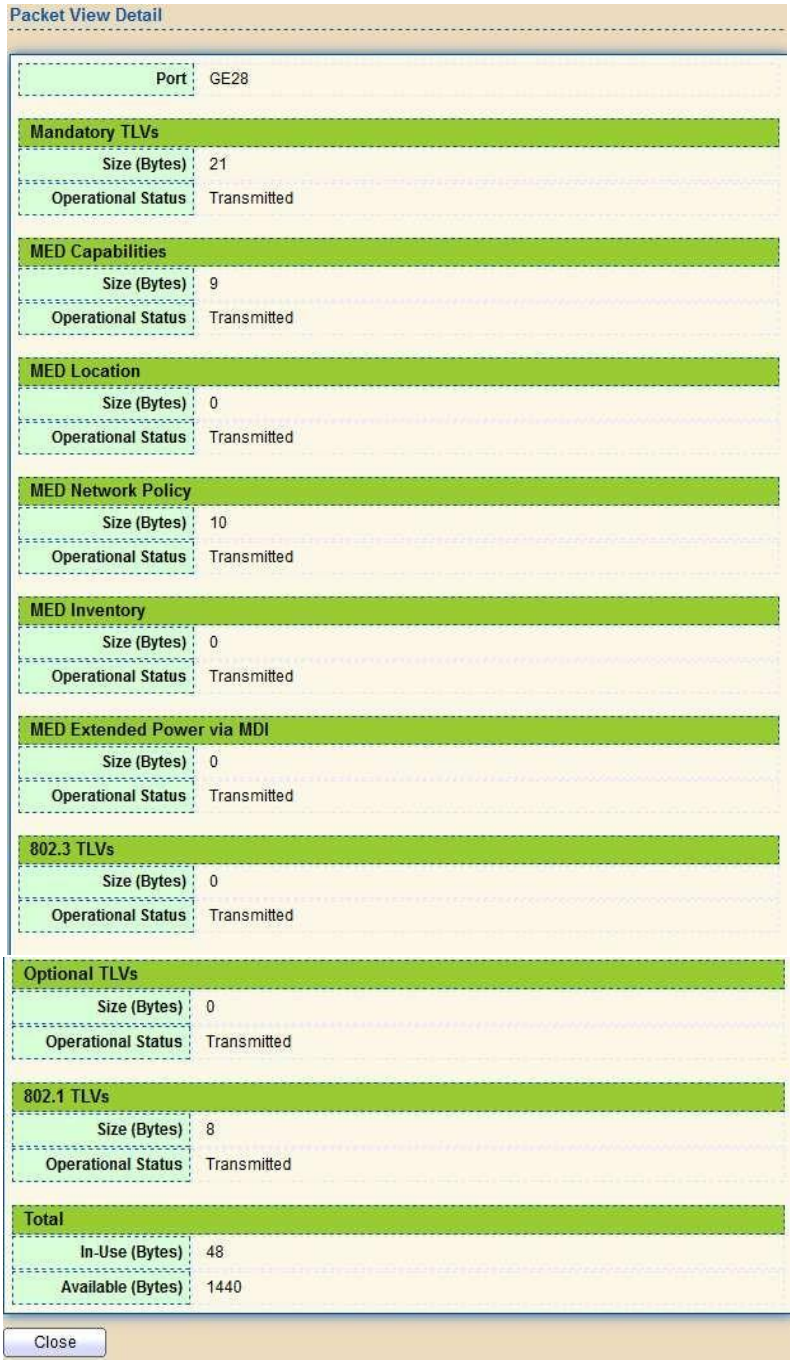


Figure 76 - Discovery > LLDP > Packet View > Packet View Detail

Item	Description
Port	Port Name
Mandatory TLVs	Total mandatory TLV byte size. Status is sent or overloading.
MED Capabilities	Total MED Capabilities TLV byte size. Status is sent or overloading.
MED Location	Total MED Location byte size. Status is sent or overloading.
MED Network Policy	Total MED Network Policy byte size. Status is sent or overloading.
MED Inventory	Total MED Inventory byte size. Status is sent or overloading

MED Extended Power via MDI	Total MED Extended Power via MDI byte size. Status is sent or overloading.
802.3 TLVs	Total 802.3 TLVs byte size. Status is sent or overloading.
Optional TLVs	Total Optional TLV byte size. Status is sent or overloading.
802.1 TLVs	Total 802.1 TLVs byte size. Status is sent or overloading.
Total	Total number of bytes of LLDP information in each packet.

2.6.1.6. Local Information

Use the LLDP Local Information to view LLDP local device information.

To display LLDP Local Device, click Discovery > LLDP > Local Information.

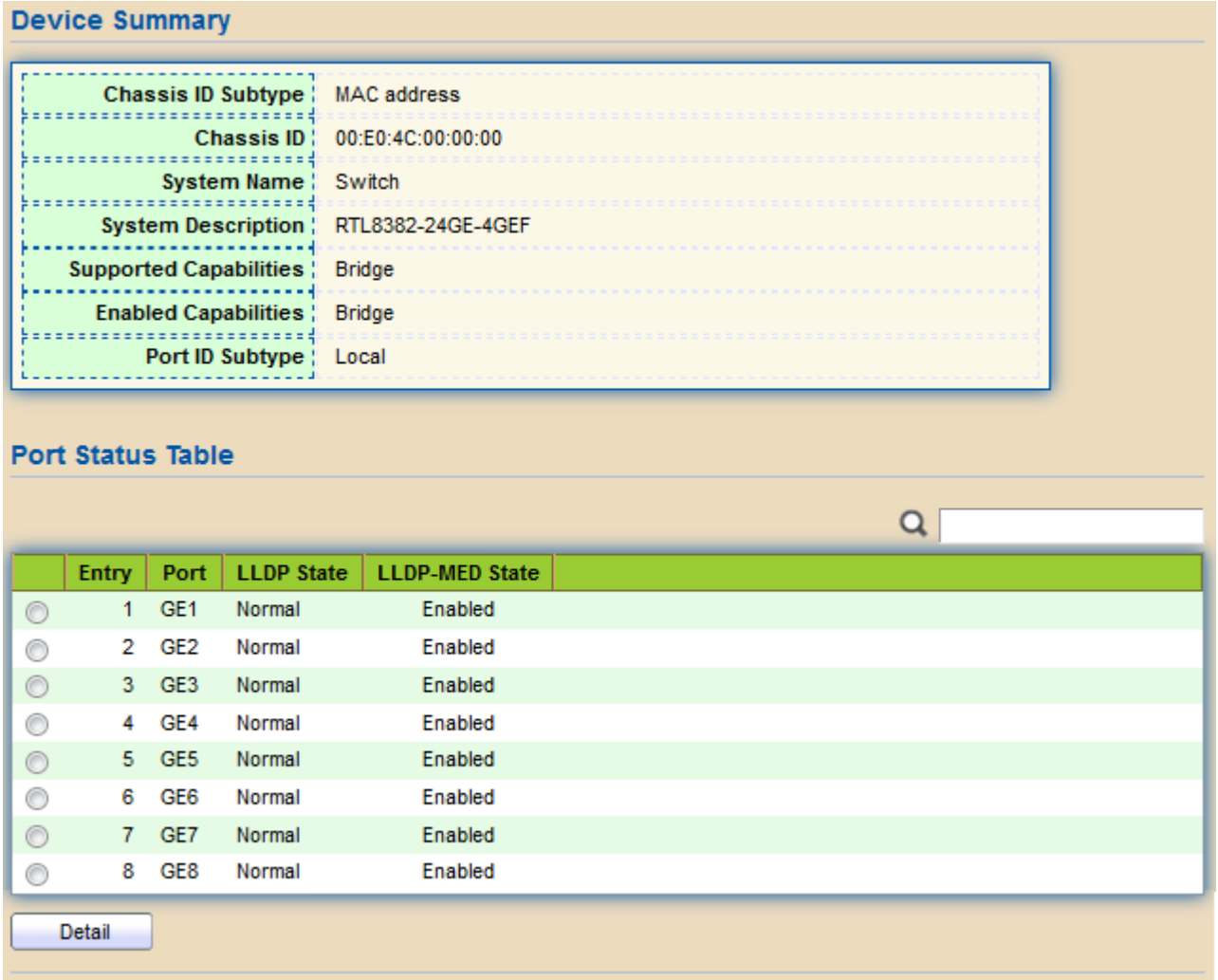
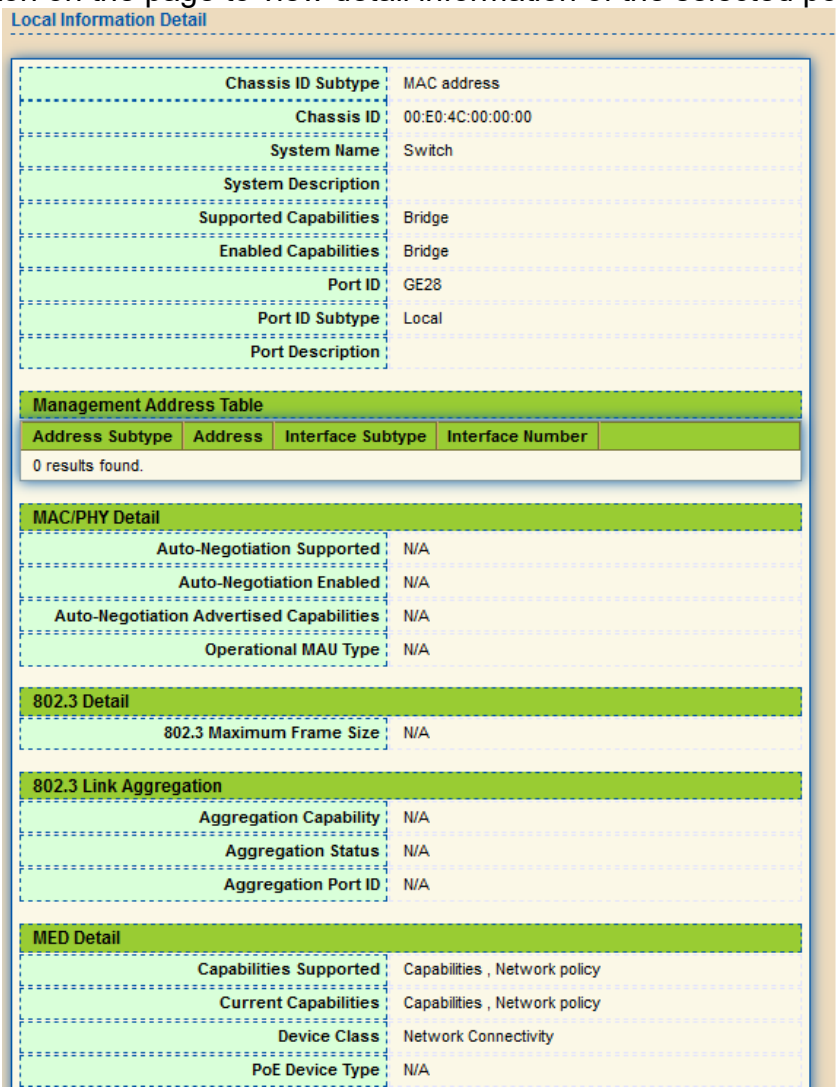


Figure 77 - Discovery > LLDP > Local Information

Item	Description
Chassis ID Subtype	Type of chassis ID, such as the MAC address.
Chassis ID	Identifier of chassis. Where the chassis ID subtype is a MAC address, the MAC address of the switch is displayed.
System Name	Name of switch.
System Description	Description of the switch.
Capabilities Supported	Primary functions of the device, such as Bridge, WLAN AP, or Router.
Capabilities Enabled	Primary enabled functions of the device.
Port ID Subtype	Type of the port identifier that is shown.
LLDP Status	LLDP Tx and Rx abilities.
LLDP Med Status	LLDP MED enable state.

Click “Detail” button on the page to view detail information of the selected port.



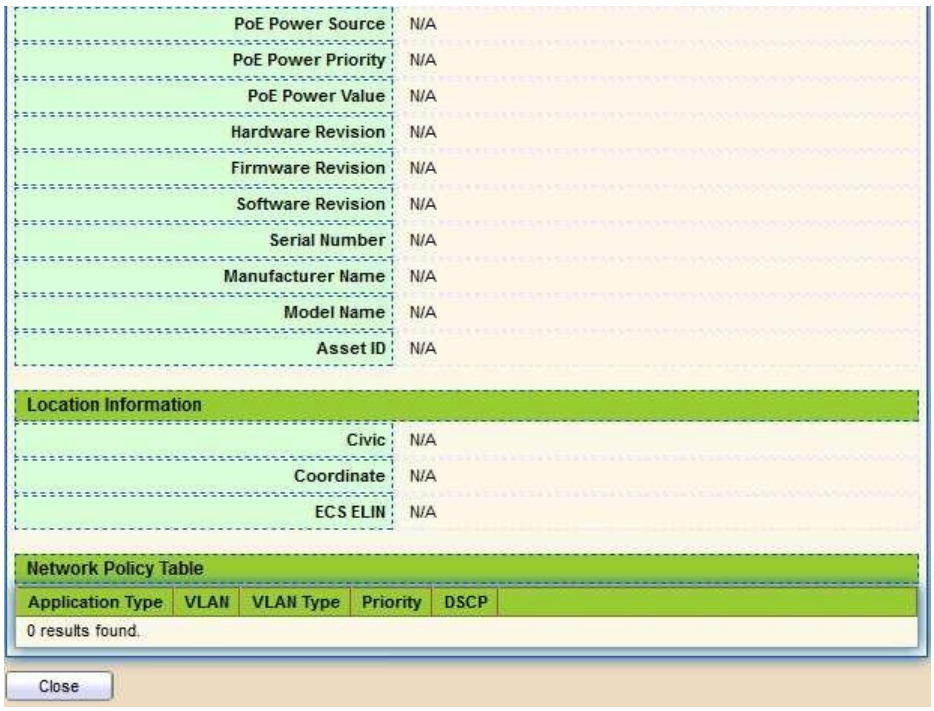


Figure 78 - Discovery > LLDP > Local Information > Detail

2.6.1.7. Neighbor

Use the LLDP Neighbor page to view LLDP neighbors information.

To display LLDP Remote Device, click Discovery > LLDP > Neighbor.

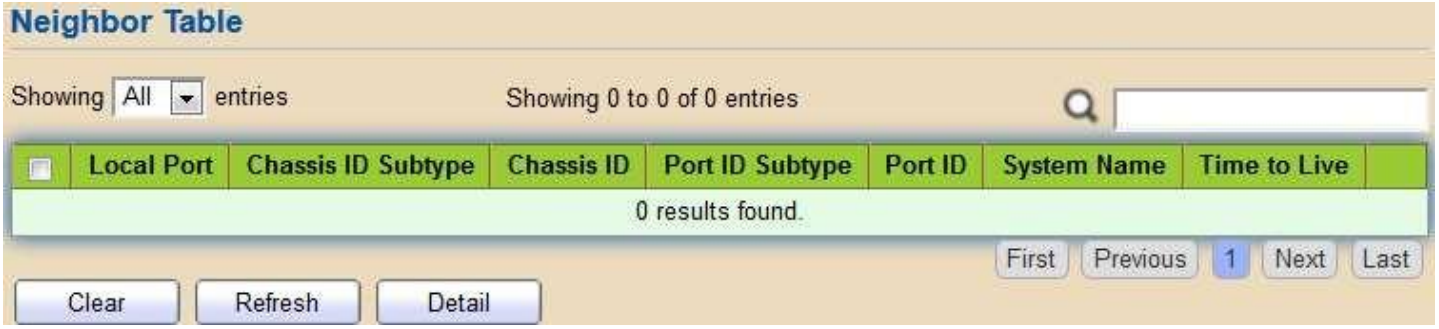


Figure 79 - Discovery > LLDP > Neighbor

Item	Description
Local Port	Number of the local port to which the neighbor is connected.
Chassis ID Subtype	Type of chassis ID (for example, MAC address).
Chassis ID	chassis ID.
Port ID Subtype	Type of the port identifier that is shown.
Port ID	Identifier of port.
System Name	Published name of the switch.
Time to Live	Time interval in seconds after which the information for this neighbor is deleted.

Click “detail” to view selected neighbor detail information

Neighbor Information Detail

Local Port	GE4

Basic Detail

Chassis ID Subtype	MAC address
Chassis ID	00:E0:4C:00:00:00
Port ID Subtype	Local
Port ID	gi18
Port Description	
System Name	
System Description	
Supported Capabilities	N/A
Enabled Capabilities	N/A

Management Address Table

Address Subtype	Address	Interface Subtype	Interface Number
0 results found.			

MAC/PHY Detail

Auto-Negotiation Supported	N/A
Auto-Negotiation Enabled	N/A
Auto-Negotiation Advertised Capabilities	N/A
Operational MAU Type	N/A

802.3 Power via MDI

MDI Power Support Port Class	N/A
PSE MDI Power Support	N/A
PSE MDI Power State	N/A
PSE Power Pair Control Ability	N/A
PSE Power Pair	N/A
PSE Power Class	N/A
Power Type	N/A
Power Source	N/A
Power Priority	N/A
PD Request Power Value	N/A
PSE Allocated Power Value	N/A

802.3 Detail

802.3 Maximum Frame Size	N/A

802.3 Link Aggregation

Aggregation Capability	N/A
Aggregation Status	N/A
Aggregation Port ID	N/A

802.1 VLAN and Protocol

PVID	1
VLAN Name	N/A

Close

Figure 80 LLDP Neighbor Detail Page

2.6.1.8. Statistics

The Link Layer Discovery Protocol (LLDP) Statistics page displays summary and per-port information for LLDP frames transmitted and received on the switch.

To display LLDP Statistics status, click Discovery > LLDP > Statistics.

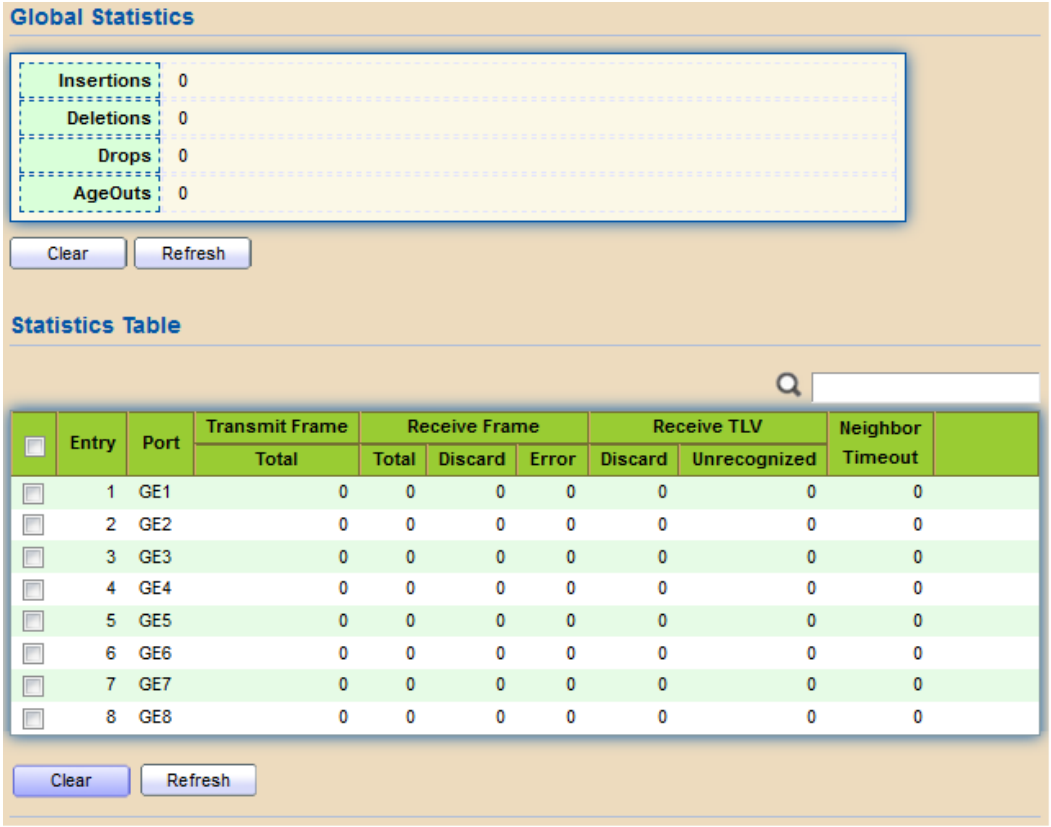


Figure 81 - Discovery > LLDP > Statistics

Item	Description
Insertions	The number of times the complete set of information advertised by a particular MAC Service Access Point (MSAP) has been inserted into tables associated with the remote systems.
Deletions	The number of times the complete set of information advertised by MSAP has been deleted from tables associated with the remote systems.
Drops	The number of times the complete set of information advertised by MSAP could not be entered into tables associated with the remote systems because of insufficient resources.
Age Outs	The number of times the complete set of information advertised by MSAP has been deleted from tables associated with the remote systems because the information timeliness interval has expired.

Statistics Table	
Port	Interface or port number.
Transmit Frame Total	Number of LLDP frames transmitted on the corresponding port.
Receive Frame Total	Number of LLDP frames received by this LLDP agent on the corresponding port, while the LLDP agent is enabled.
Receive Frame Discard	Number of LLDP frames discarded for any reason by the LLDP agent on the corresponding port.
Receive Frame Error	Number of invalid LLDP frames received by the LLDP agent on the corresponding port, while the LLDP agent is enabled.
Receive TLV Discard	Number of TLVs of LLDP frames discarded for any reason by the LLDP agent on the corresponding port.
Receive TLV Unrecognized	Number of TLVs of LLDP frames that are unrecognized while the LLDP agent is enabled.
Neighbor Timeout	Number of age out LLDP frames.

2.7. Multicast

Use this section to configure Multicast.

2.7.1. General

Use the General pages to configure settings of IGMP and MLD common function.

2.7.1.1. Property

To display multicast general property Setting web page, click Multicast> General> Property

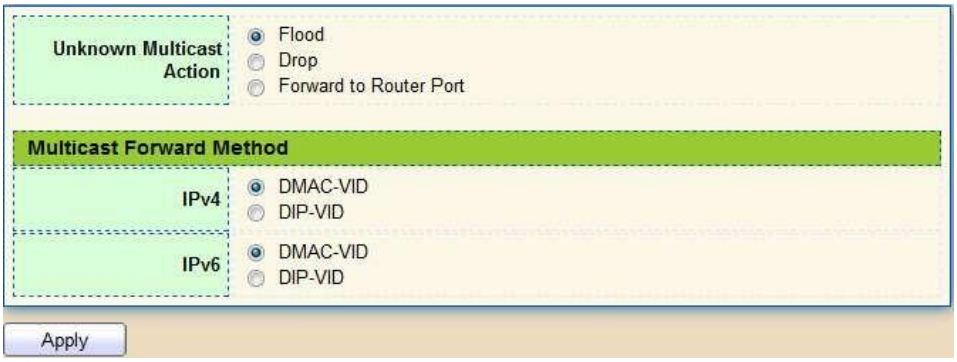


Figure 82 - Multicast > General > Property

Item	Description
Unknown Multicast Action	Set the unknown multicast action • Flood: flood the unknown multicast data. • Drop: drop the unknown multicast data. • Router port: forward the unknown multicast data to router port.
IPv4	Set the ipv4 multicast forward method. • MAC-VID: forward method dmac+vid. • DIP-VID: forward method dip+vid.
IPv6	Set the ipv6 multicast forward method. • MAC-VID: forward method dmac+vid. • DIP-VID: forward method dip+vid(dip is ipv6 low 32 bit).

2.7.1.2. Group Address

This page allows users to browse all multicast groups that dynamic learned or statically added.

To display Multicast General Group web page, click Multicast> General> Group Address

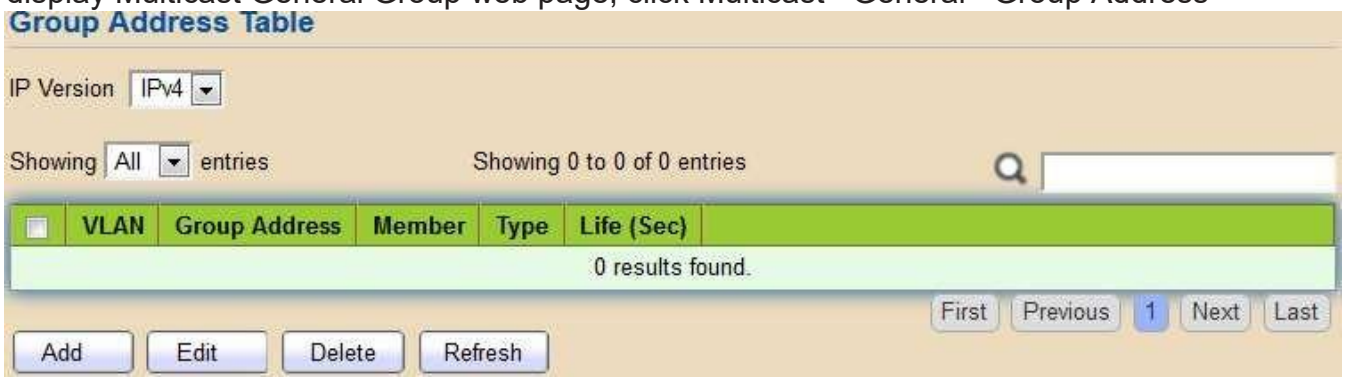


Figure 83 - Multicast > General > Group Address

Item	Description
IP Version	IP Version • IPv4: ipv4 multicast group • IPv6: ipv6 multicast group
VLAN	The VLAN ID of group.
Group Address	The group IP address.
Member	The member ports of group.
Type	The type of group. Static or Dynamic.
Life(Sec)	The life time of this dynamic group.

Click “Add” or “Edit” button to view Add or Edit Group Address menu.

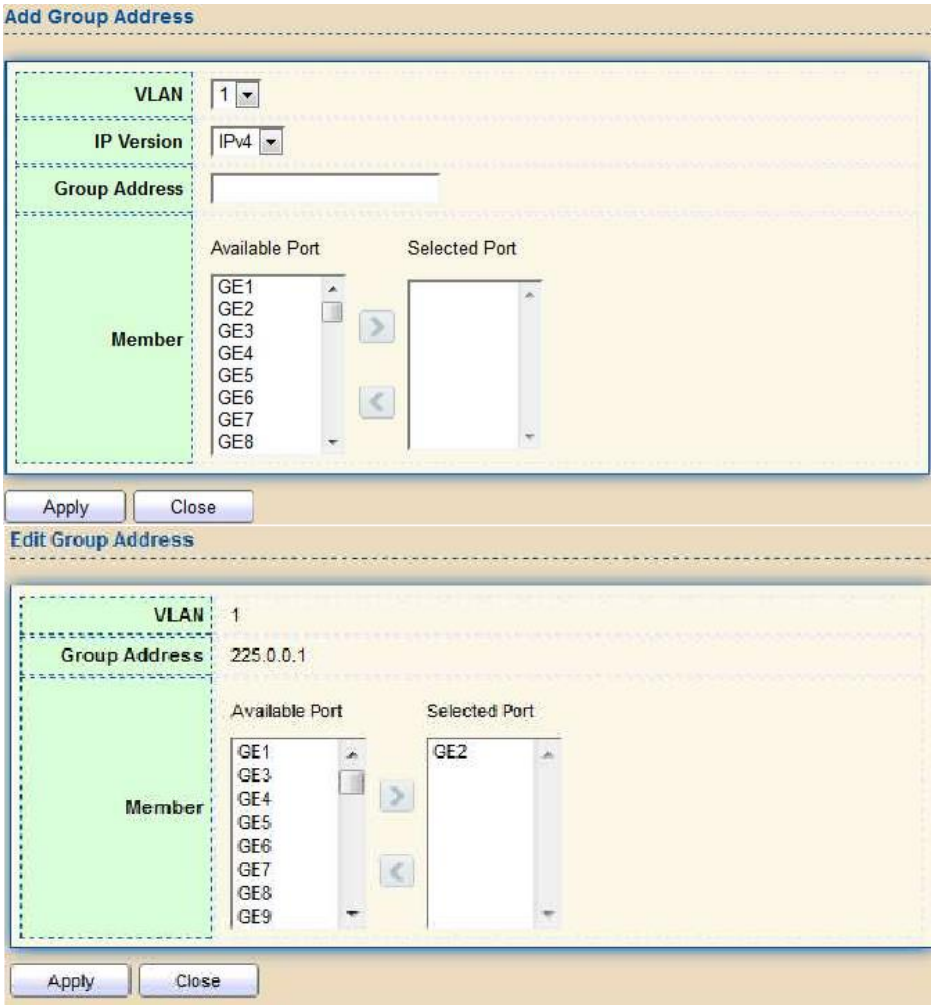


Figure 84 - Multicast > General > Group Address > Add/Edit Group Address

Item	Description
VLAN	The VLAN ID of group.
IP Version	IP Version • IPv4: ipv4 multicast group • IPv6: ipv6 multicast group
Group Address	The group IP address.
Member	The member ports of group. • Available Port: Optional port member • Selected Port: Selected port member

2.7.1.3. Router Port

This page allows users to browse all router port information. The static and forbidden router port can be set by users.

To display multicast router port table web page, click Multicast> General> Router Port.

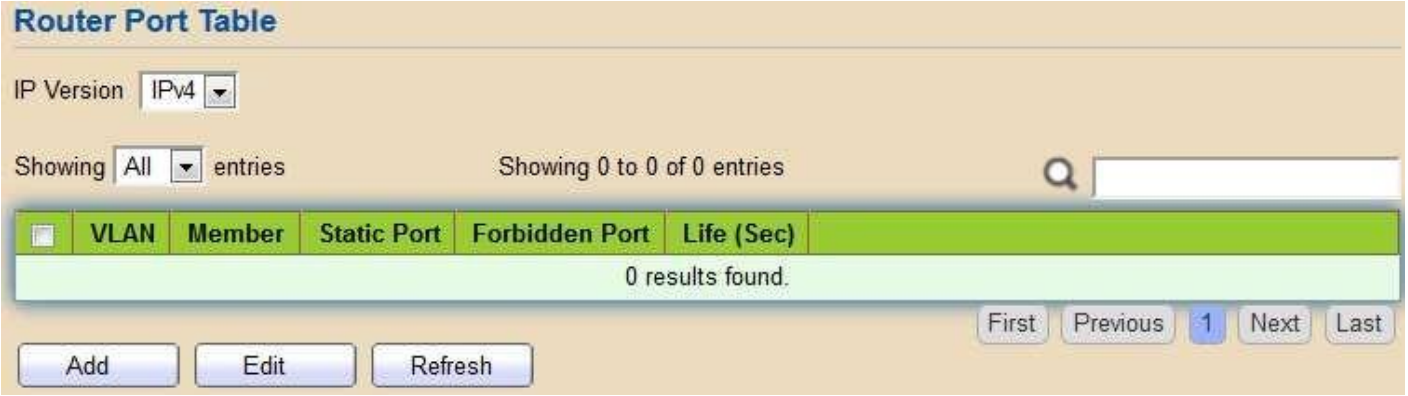


Figure 85 - Multicast > General > Router Port

Item	Description
IP Version	IP Version • IPv4: ipv4 multicast router • IPv6: ipv6 multicast router
VLAN	The VLAN ID router entry.
Member	Router Port member (include static and learned port member).
Static Port	Static router port member.
Forbidden Port	Forbidden router port member.
Life (Sec)	The expiry time of the router entry.

Click "Add" or “Edit” button to view Add/Edit Router Port menu.

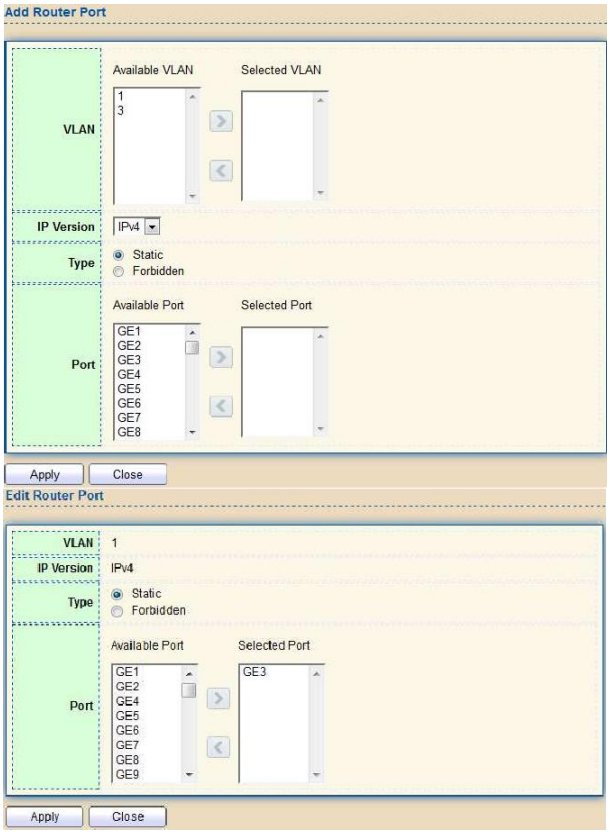


Figure 86 - Multicast > General > Router Port > Add/Edit Router Port

Item	Description
VLAN	The VLAN ID for router entry • Available VLAN: Optional VLAN member • Selected VLAN: Selected VLAN member.
IP Version	IP Version • IPv4: ipv4 multicast router • IPv6: ipv6 multicast router
Type	The router port type • Static: static router port • Forbidden: forbidden router port, can't learn dynamic router port member
Port	The member ports of router entry. • Available Port: Optional router port member • Selected Port: Selected router port member

2.7.1.4. Forward All

This page allows users to add and edit forward all entry.

To display multicast Forward All web page, click Multicast> General> Forward All

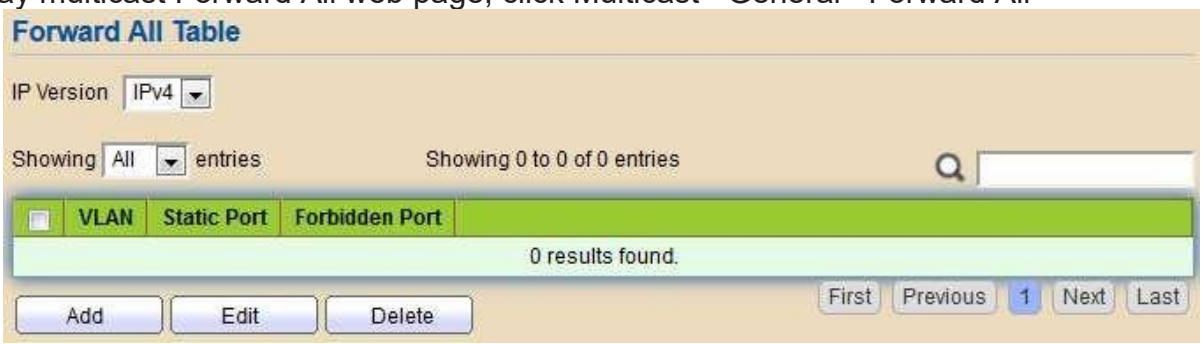
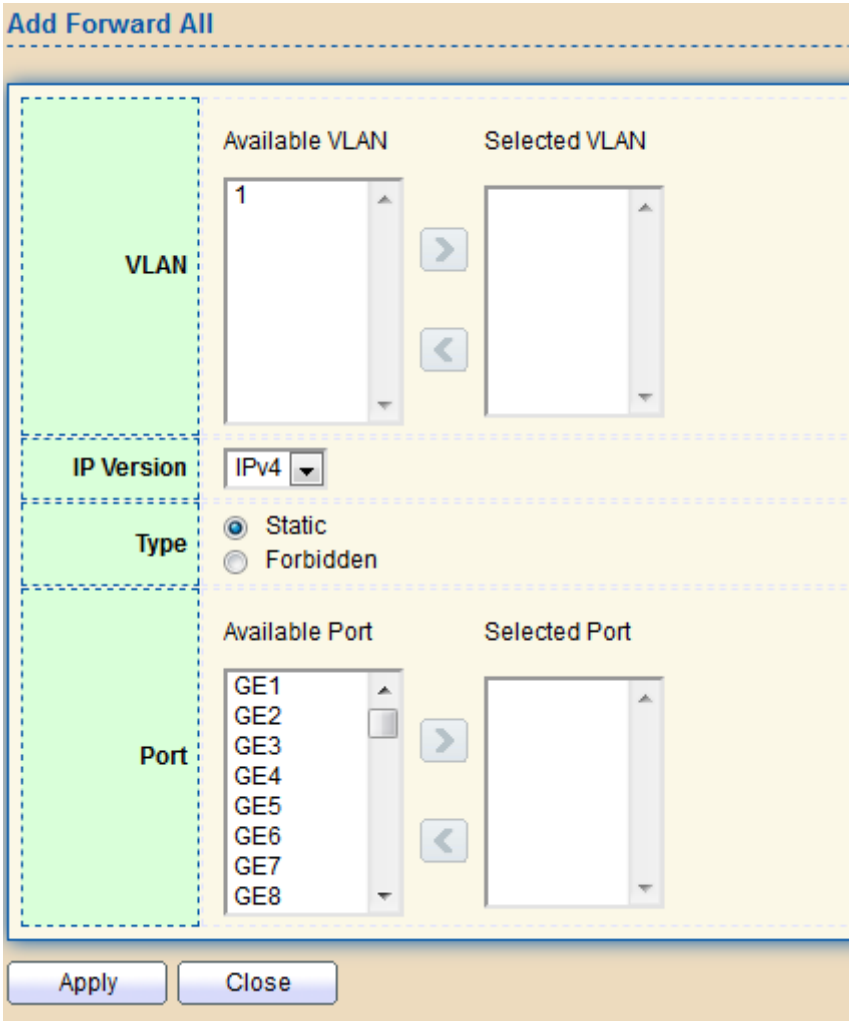


Figure 87 - Multicast > General > Forward All

Item	Description
IP Version	• IPv4: ipv4 multicast forward all • IPv6: ipv6 multicast forward all
VLAN	VLAN ID of forward all entry
Static Port	Known multicast group always forward port member
Forbidden Port	Known multicast group always not forward port member

Click "Add" or “Edit” button to view Add/Edit Forward All menu.



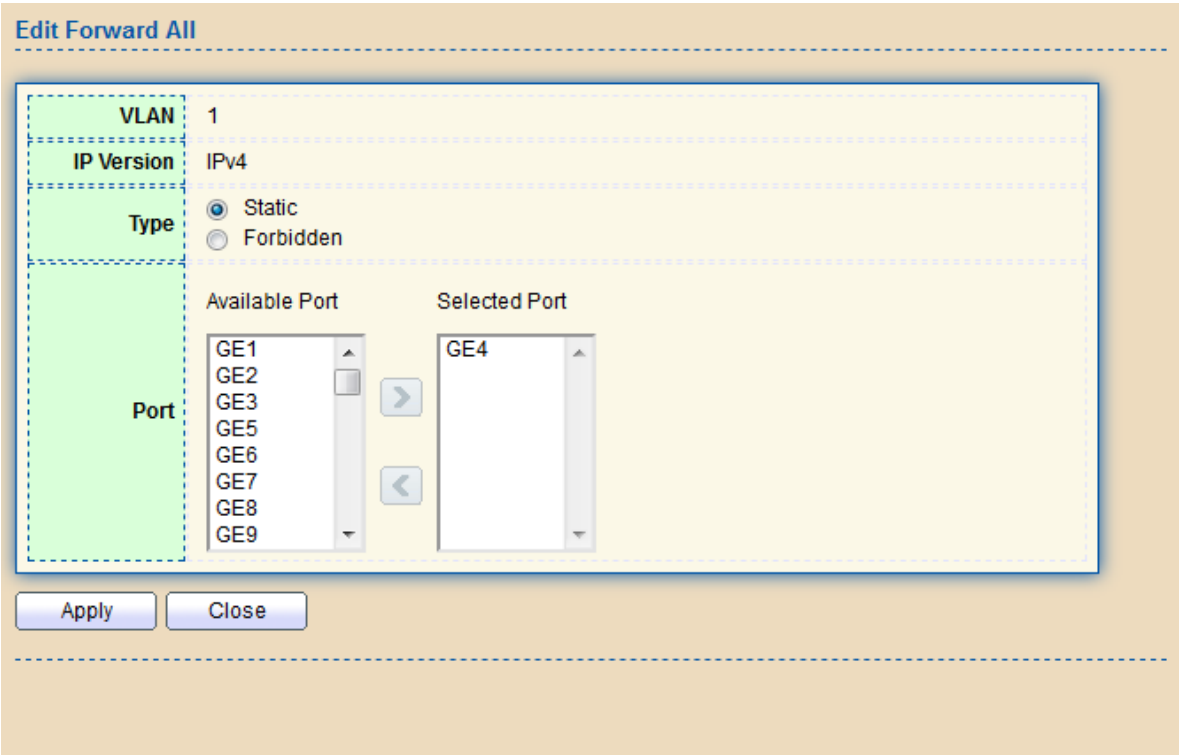


Figure 88 - Multicast > General > Add/Edit Forward All

Item	Description
VLAN	The VLAN ID for forward all entry ● Available VLAN: Optional VLAN member ● Selected VLAN: Selected VLAN member
IP Version	● IPv4: ipv4 multicast forward all ● IPv6: ipv6 multicast forward all
Type	The forward all port type ● Static: static forward all port ● Forbidden: forbidden forward all port
Port	The member ports of router entry ● Available Port: Optional router port member ● Selected Port: Selected router port member

2.7.1.5. Throttling

This page allows users to configure port can learned max group number and if port group number arrived max group number action.

To display multicast max-group number and action setting web page, click Multicast> General> Throttling

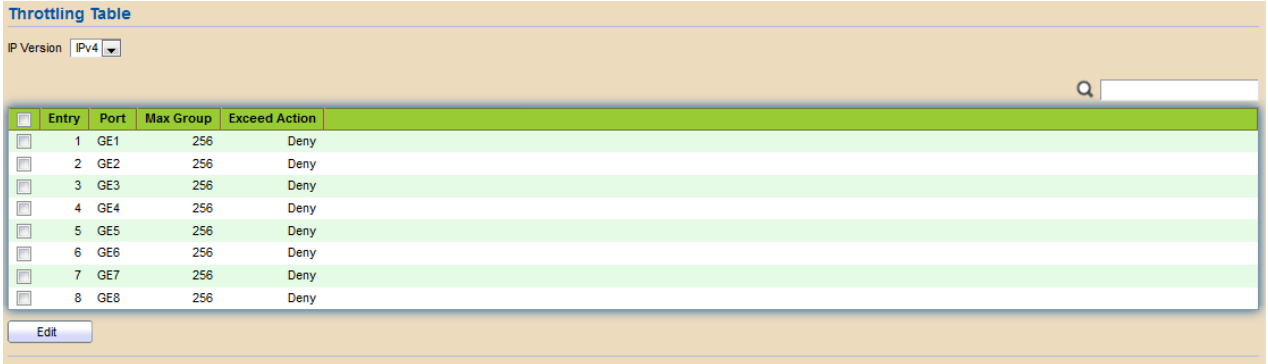


Figure 89 - Multicast > General > Throttling

Item	Description
IP Version	• IPv4: ipv4 for igmp snooping throttling • IPv6: ipv6 for mld snooping throttling
Entry	Entry of number
Port	Port Name
Max Group	Max number of group for port
Exceed Action	Display the port exceed max number group learning group action

Click “Edit” button to view Edit Throttling menu.

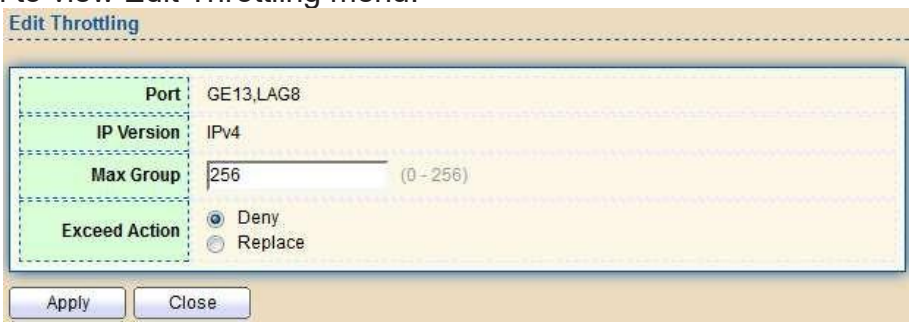


Figure 90 - Multicast > General > Edit Throttling

Item	Description
Port	Display the selected port list
IP Version	Display the selected IP version
Max Group	Max number of group for port
Exceed Action	Excess Max number of port learning group action • Deny: do not learning group. • Replace: random replace one exist group

2.7.1.6. Filtering Profile

This page allows users to add, edit or delete profile for IGMP or MLD snooping.
To display Multicast Profile Setting web page, click Multicast> General> Filtering Profile

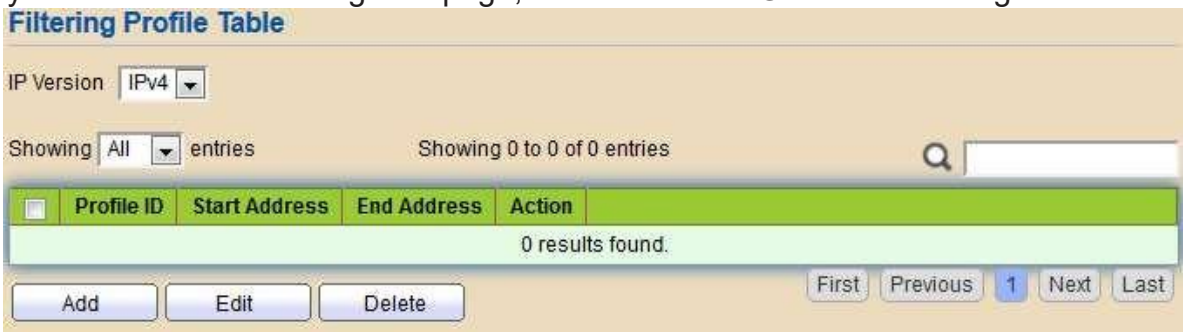


Figure 91 - Multicast > General > Filtering Profile

Item	Description
IP Version	IP version: ● IPv4: IGMP snooping profile ● IPv6: MLD snooping profile
Profile ID	Profile ID
Start Address	The start group address of profile Display
End Address	The end group address of profile
Action	Display profile action

Click "Add" or “Edit” button to view Add/Edit profile menu.

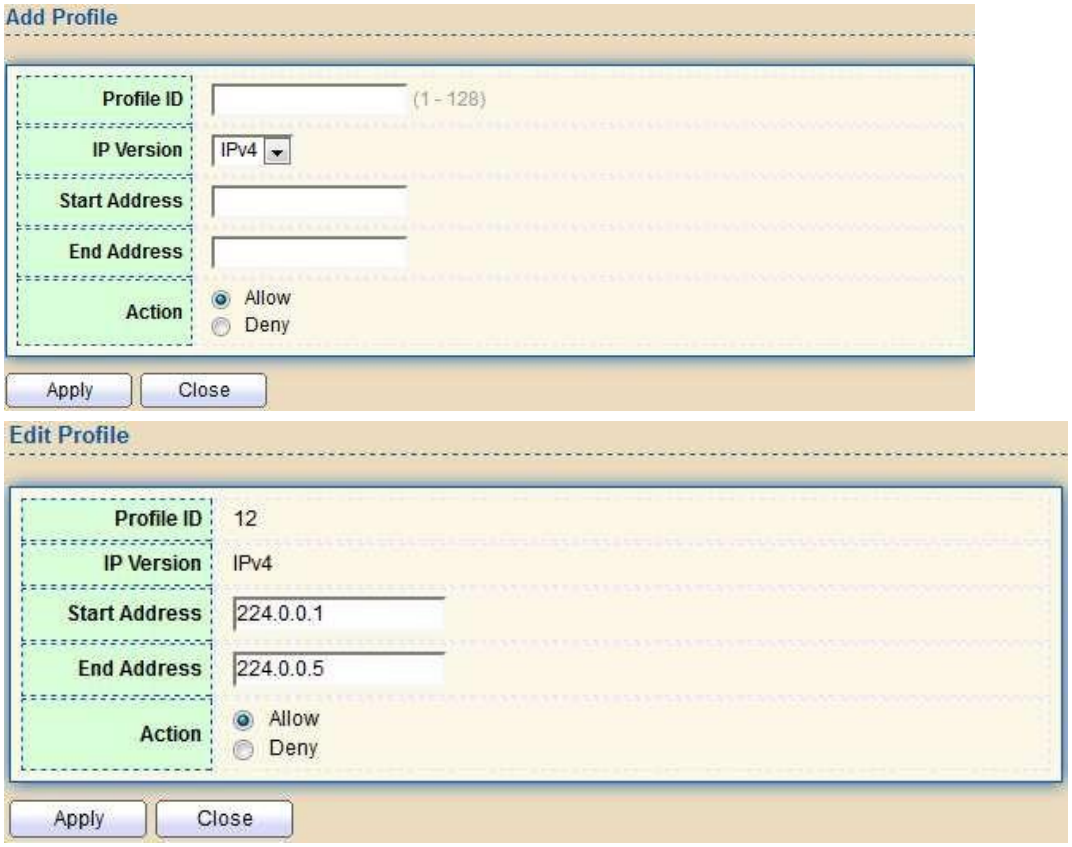


Figure 92 - Multicast > General > Add/Edit Filtering Profile

Item	Description
Profile ID	Profile ID
IP Version	• IPv4: IGMP snooping profile • IPv6: MLD snooping profile
Start Address	The start group address of profile Display
End Address	The end group address of profile
Action	• Allow: permit all packets that match the profile. • Deny: deny all packets that match the profile.

2.7.1.7. Filtering Binding

This page allows users to bind/remove profile for each port.

To display Multicast port filter binding profile web page, click Multicast> General> Filtering Binding

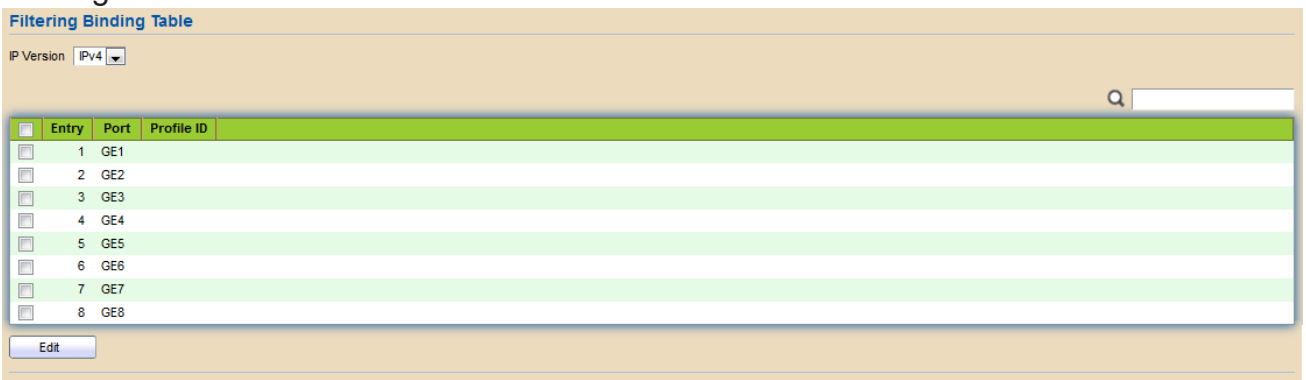


Figure 93 - Multicast > General > Filtering Profile Binding

Item	Description
IP Version	• IPv4: IGMP snooping profile • IPv6: MLD snooping profile
Entry	Entry of number
Port	Port Name
Profile ID	Port binding Profile ID

Click “Edit” button to view Edit profile Binding menu.

Figure 94 - Multicast > General > Edit Filtering Profile Binding

Item	Description
Port	Selected Port List
IP Version	Display Selected Port filtering IP version
Profile ID	If check Enable, can select or change profile ID, Else it will delete port filter profile binding

2.7.2. IGMP Snooping

Use the IGMP Snooping pages to configure settings of IGMP snooping function.

2.7.2.1. Property

This page allows users to configure global settings of IGMP snooping and configure specific VLAN settings of IGMP Snooping.

To display IGMP Snooping global setting and VLAN Setting web page, click Multicast> IGMP Snooping> Property

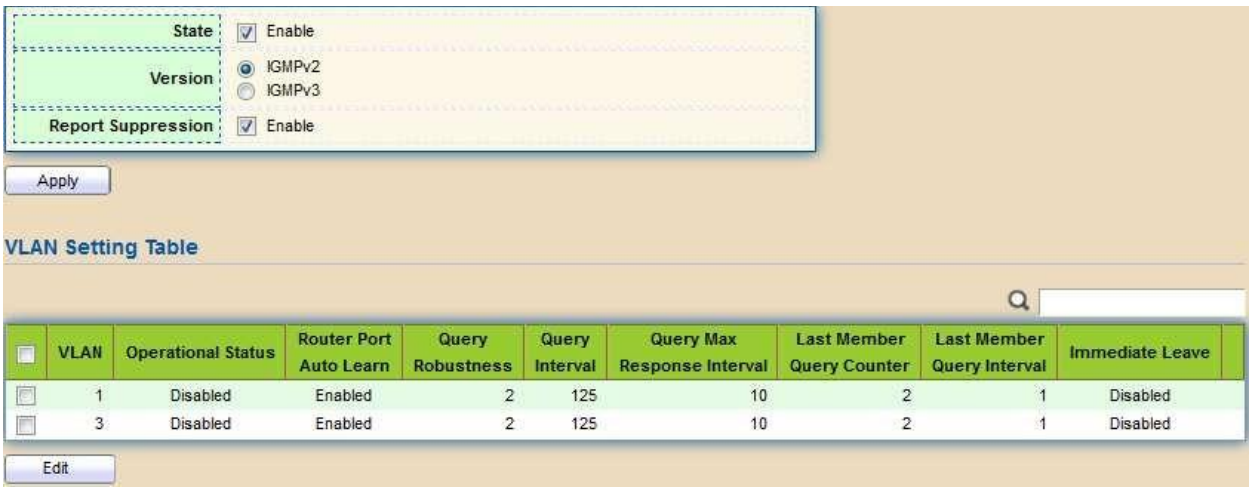


Figure 95 - Multicast > IGMP Snooping > Property

Item	Description
State	Set the enabling status of IGMP Snooping functionality • Enable: If Checked Enable IGMP Snooping, else is Disabled IGMP Snooping.
Version	Set the igmp snooping version • IGMPv2: Only support process igmp v2 packet. • IGMPv3: Support v3 basic and v2.
Report Suppression	Set the enabling status of IGMP v2 report suppression • Enable: If Checked Enable IGMP Snooping v2 report suppression, else Disable the report suppression function.
VLAN	The IGMP entry VLAN ID.
Operation Status	The enable status of IGMP snooping VLAN functionality.
Router Port Auto Learn	The enabling status of IGMP snooping router port auto learning.
Query Robustness	The Query Robustness allows tuning for the expected packet loss on a subnet.
Query Interval	The interval of querier to send general query.
Query Max Response Interval	In Membership Query Messages, it specifies the maximum allowed time before sending a responding report in units of 1/10 second.
Last Member Query count	The count that Querier-switch sends Group-Specific Queries when it receives a Leave Group message for a group.
Last Member Query Interval	The interval that Querier-switch sends Group-Specific Queries when it receives a Leave Group message for a group.
Immediate leave	The immediate leave status of the group will immediate leave when receive IGMP Leave message.

Click "Edit" button to Edit VLAN Setting menu.

Figure 96 - Multicast > IGMP Snooping > Property >Edit VLAN Setting

Item	Description
VLAN	The selected VLAN List.
State	Set the enabling status of IGMP Snooping VLAN functionality • Enable: If Checked Enable IGMP Snooping VLAN, else is Disabled IGMP Snooping VLAN.
Router Port Auto Learn	Set the enabling status of IGMP Snooping router port learning • Enable: If checked Enable learning router port by query and PIM, DVRMP, else Disable the learning router port.
Immediate leave	Immediate Leave the group when receive IGMP Leave message. • Enable: If checked Enable immediate leave, else disable immediate leave.
Query Robustness	The Admin Query Robustness allows tuning for the expected packet loss on a subnet.
Query Interval	The Admin interval of querier to send general query.

Query Max Response Interval	The Admin query max response interval， In Membership Query Messages, it specifies the maximum allowed time before sending a responding report in units of 1/10 second.
Last Member Query Counter	The Admin last member query count that Querier-switch sends Group-Specific Queries when it receives a Leave Group message for a group.
Last Member Query Interval	The Admin last member query interval that Querier-switch sends Group-Specific Queries when it receives a Leave Group message for a group.
Operational Status	
Status	Operational IGMP snooping status must both IGMP snooping global and IGMP snooping enable the status will be enable.
Query Robustness	Operational Query Robustness.
Query Interval	Operational Query Interval.
Query Max Response Interval	Operational Query Max Response Interval
Last Member Query Counter	Operational Last Member Query Count.
Last Member Query Interval	Operational Last Member Query Interval

2.7.2.2. Querier

This page allows users to configure querier settings on specific VLAN of IGMP Snooping.

To display IGMP Snooping Querier Setting web page, click Multicast> IGMP Snooping > Querier

Figure 97 - Multicast > IGMP Snooping > Querier

Item	Description
VLAN	IGMP Snooping querier entry VLAN ID.
State	The IGMP Snooping querier Admin State.
Operational Status	The IGMP Snooping querier operational status.
Version	The IGMP Snooping querier operational version.
Querier IP	The operational Querier IP address on the VLAN.

Click "Edit" button to view Edit Querier menu.

Figure 98 - Multicast > IGMP Snooping > Querier > Edit Querier

Item	Description
VLAN	The Selected Edit IGMP Snooping querier VLAN List.
State	Set the enabling status of IGMP Querier Election on the chose VLANs • Enabled: if checked Enable IGMP Querier else Disable IGMP Querier.
Version	Set the query version of IGMP Querier Election on the chose VLANs • IGMPv2: Querier version 2. • IGMPv3: Querier version 3. (IGMP Snooping version should be IGMPv3)

2.7.2.3. Statistics

This page allows users to clear IGMP snooping statics.

To display IGMP Snooping Statistics, click Multicast> IGMP Snooping> Statistic

Figure 99 - Multicast > IGMP Snooping > Statistics

Item	Description
Receive Packet	
Total	Total RX igmp packet, include ipv4 multicast data to CPU.
Valid	The valid igmp snooping process packet.
InValid	The invalid igmp snooping process packet.
Other	The ICMP protocol is not 2, and is not ipv4
Leave	IGMP leave packet.
Report	IGMP join and report packet.
General Query	IGMP General Query packet.
Special Group Query	IGMP Special Group General Query packet.
Source-specific Group Query	IGMP Special Source and Group General Query packet.
Transmit Packet	
Leave	IGMP leave packet
Report	IGMP join and report packet
General Query	IGMP general query packet include querier transmit general query packet.
Special Group Query	IGMP special group query packet include querier transmit special group query packet.
Source-specific Group Query	IGMP Special Source and Group General Query packet.

2.7.3. MLD Snooping

Use the MLD Snooping pages to configure settings of MLD snooping function.

2.7.3.1. Property

This page allows users to configure global settings of MLD snooping and configure specific VLAN settings of MLD Snooping.

To display MLD Snooping global setting and VLAN Setting webpage, click Multicast > MLD Snooping > Property

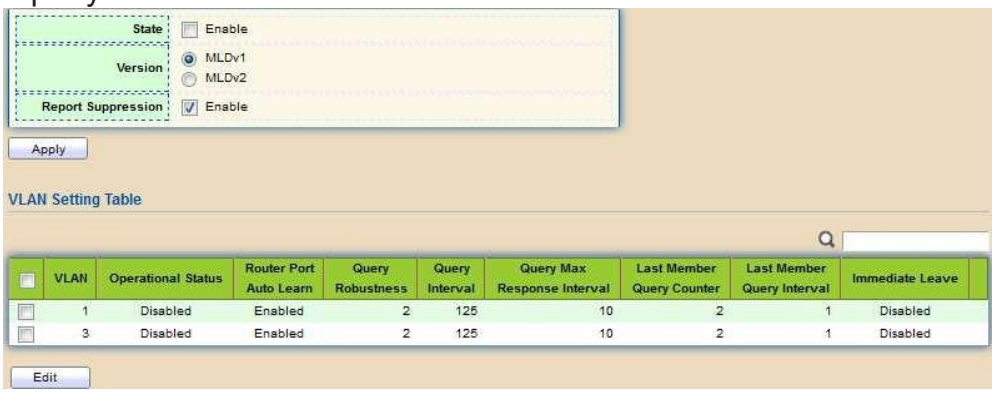


Figure 100 - Multicast > MLD snooping > Property

Item	Description
State	• Enable: If Checked Enable IGMP Snooping, else is Disabled IGMP Snooping.
Version	• MLDv1: Only support process MLD v1 packet. • MLDv2: Support v2 basic and v1
Report Suppression	Set the enabling status of MLD v1 report suppression • Enable: If Checked Enable MLD Snooping v1 report suppression, else Disable the report suppression function
VLAN	The MLD entry VLAN ID
Operation Status	The enable status of MLD snooping VLAN functionality
Router Port Auto Learn	The enabling status of MLD snooping router port auto learning.
Query Robustness	The Query Robustness allows tuning for the expected packet loss on a subnet.
Query Interval	The interval of querier to send general query.
Query Max Response Interval	In Membership Query Messages, it specifies the maximum allowed time before sending a responding report in units of 1/10 second.
Last Member Query count	The count that Querier-switch sends Group-Specific Queries when it receives a Leave Group message for a group.
Last Member Query Interval	The interval that Querier-switch sends Group-Specific Queries when it receives a Leave Group message for a group.
Immediate leave	The immediate leave status of the group will immediately leave when receive MLD Leave message.

Click "Edit" button to view Edit VLAN Setting menu.

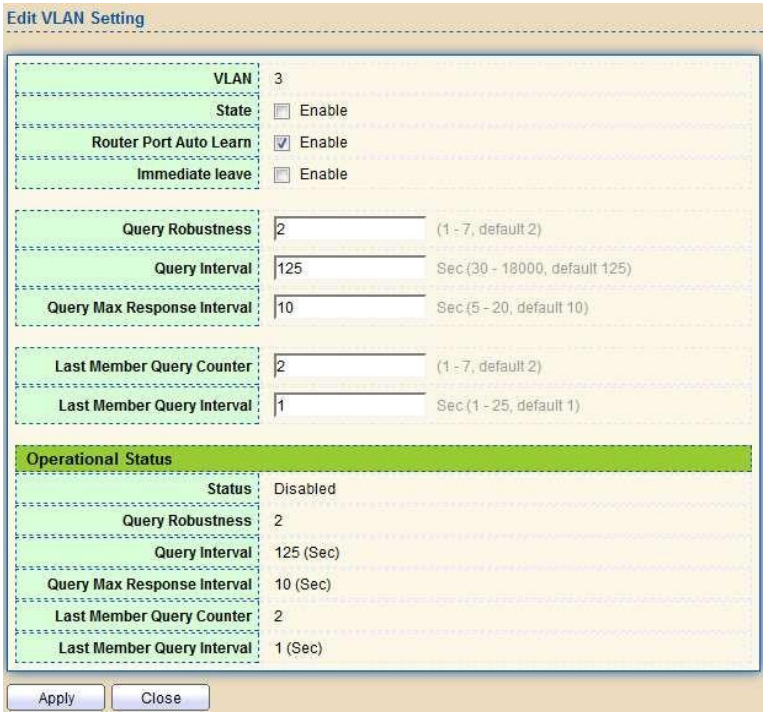


Figure 101 - Multicast > MLD snooping > Edit VLAN Setting

Item	Description
VLAN	The selected VLAN List
State	Set the enabling status of MLD Snooping VLAN functionality ● Enable: If Checked Enable MLD Snooping VLAN, else is Disabled MLD Snooping VLAN.
Router Port Auto Learn	Set the enabling status of MLD Snooping router port learning ● Enable: If checked Enable learning router port by query and PIM, DVRMP, else Disable the learning router port.
Immediate leave	Immediate Leave the group when receive MLD Leave message. Enable: If checked Enable immediate leave, else disable immediate leave Immediate leave.
Query Robustness	The Admin Query Robustness allows tuning for the expected packet loss on a subnet.
Query Interval	The Admin interval of querier to send general query.
Query Max Response Interval	The Admin query max response interval， In Membership Query Messages, it specifies the maximum allowed time before sending a responding report in units of 1/10 second.
Last Member Query Counter	The Admin last member query count that Querier-switch sends Group-Specific Queries when it receives a Leave Group message for a group.

Last Member Query Interval	The Admin last member query interval that Querier-switch sends Group-Specific Queries when it receives a Leave Group message for a group.
Operational Status	
Status	Operational MLD snooping status,must both MLD snooping global and MLD snooping enable the status will be enable.
Query Robustness	Operational Query Robustness.
Query Interval	Operational Query Interval.
Query Max Response Interval	Operational Query Max Response Interval.
Last Member Query Counter	Operational Last Member Query Count.
Last Member Query Interval	Operational Last Member Query Interval.

2.7.3.2. Statistics

This page allows users to clear MLD snooping statics.

To display MLD Snooping Statistics, click Multicast> MLD Snooping> Statistics

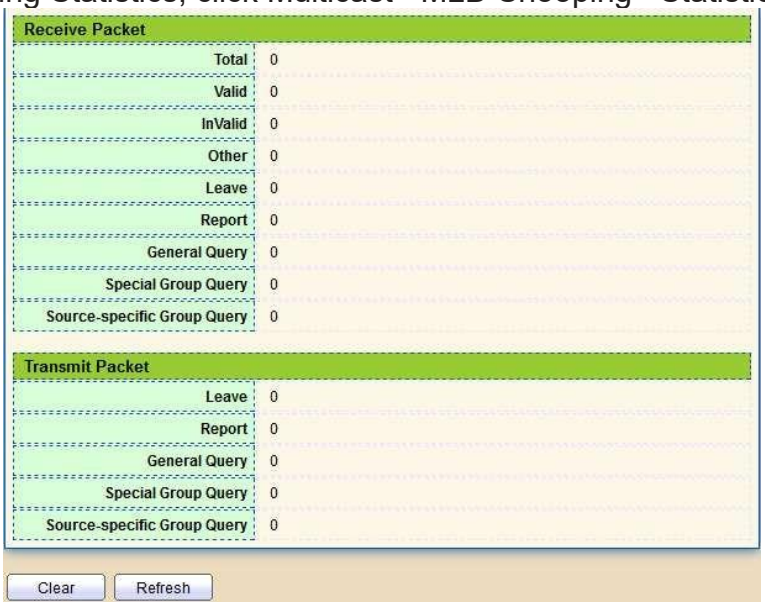


Figure 102 - Multicast > MLD snooping > Statistics

Item	Description
Receive Packet	
Total	Total RX MLD packet, include ipv4 multicast data to CPU.
Valid	The valid MLD snooping process packet.
In Valid	The invalid MLD snooping process packet.
Other	The ICMPV6 type is not MLD, and is not ipv6 multicast data packet, and is not IPV6 router protocol.
Leave	MLD leave packet.
Report	MLD join and report packet.
General Query	MLD General Query packet.
Special Group Query	MLD Special Group General Query packet
Source-specific Group Query	MLD Special Source and Group General Query packet
Transmit Packet	
Leave	MLD leave packet.
Report	MLD join and report packet.
General Query	MLD general query packet.
Special Group Query	MLD special group query packet.
Source-specific Group Query	MLD Special Source and Group General Query packet.

2.7.4. MVR

Use the MVR pages to configure settings of MVR function.

2.7.4.1. Property

To display multicast MVR property Setting web page, click Multicast> MVR> Property

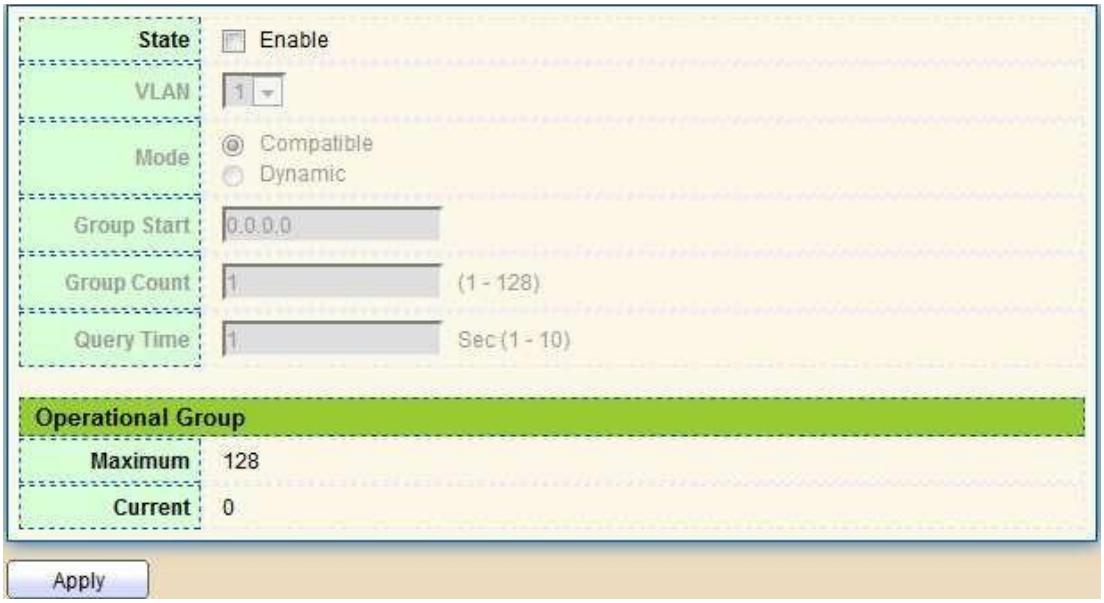


Figure 103 - Multicast > MVR > Property

Item	Description
State	• Enable: if checked enable the MVR state, else disable the MVR state.
VLAN	The MVR VLAN ID.
Mode	Set the MVR mode • Compatible: compatible mode. • Dynamic: dynamic mode, will learn group member on source port.
Group Start	MVR group range start.
Group Count	MVR group continue count.
Query Time	MVR query time when receive MVR leave MVR group packet.
Maximum	The max number of MVR group database.
Current	The learned MVR group current time

2.7.4.2. Port Setting

This page allows users to configure port role and port immediate leave.

To display MVR port role and immediate leave state setting web page, click Multicast> MVR> Port Setting

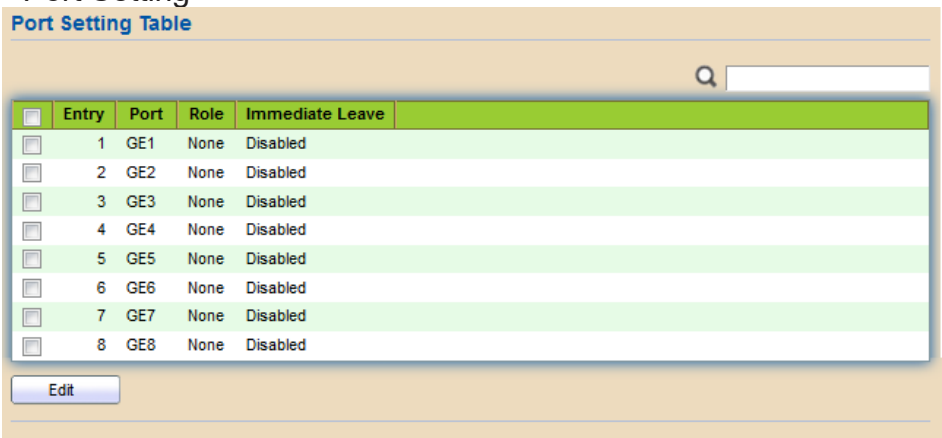


Figure 104 - Multicast > MVR > Port Setting

Item	Description
Entry	Entry of number.
Port	Port Name.
Role	Port Role for MVR, the type is None/Receiver/Source.
Immediate Leave	Status of immediate leave.

Click "Edit" button to view Edit Port Setting menu.

Figure 105 - Multicast > MVR > Port Setting > Edit Port Setting

Item	Description
Port	Display the selected port list.
Role	MVR port role • None: port role is none. • Receiver: port role is receiver. • Source: port role is source.
Immediate Leave	MVR Port immediate leave • Enable: if checked is enable immediate leave, else disable immediate leave.

2.7.4.3. Group Address

This page allows users to browse all multicast MVR groups that dynamic learned or statically added.

To display Multicast MVR Group web page, click Multicast> MVR> Group Address

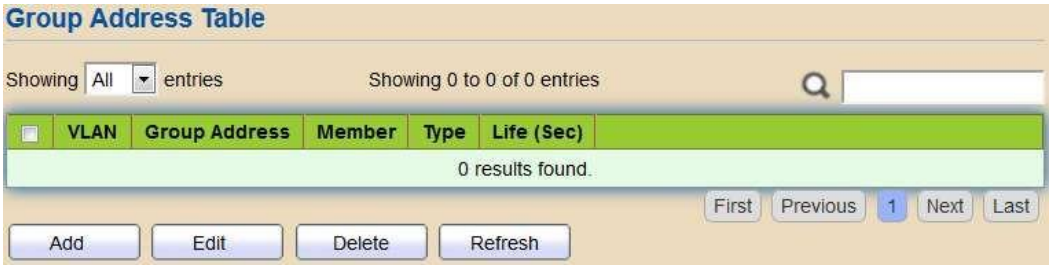


Figure 106 - Multicast > MVR > Group Address

Item	Description
VLAN	The VLAN ID of MVR group.
Group Address	The MVR group IP address.
Member	The member ports of MVR group.
Type	The type of MVR group. Static or Dynamic.
Life(Sec)	The life time of this dynamic MVR group.

Click "Add" button or “Edit” to view Add/Edit Group Address Table menu.

Figure 107 - Multicast > MVR > Group Address > Add Group Address

Item	Description
VLAN	The VLAN ID of MVR group.
Group Address	The MVR group IP address.
Member	The member ports of MVR group. • Available Port: Optional port member, it is only receiver port when MVR mode is compatible, it includes source port when mode is dynamic. • Selected Port: Selected port member

2.8. Security

Use the Security pages to configure settings for the switch security features.

2.8.1. RADIUS

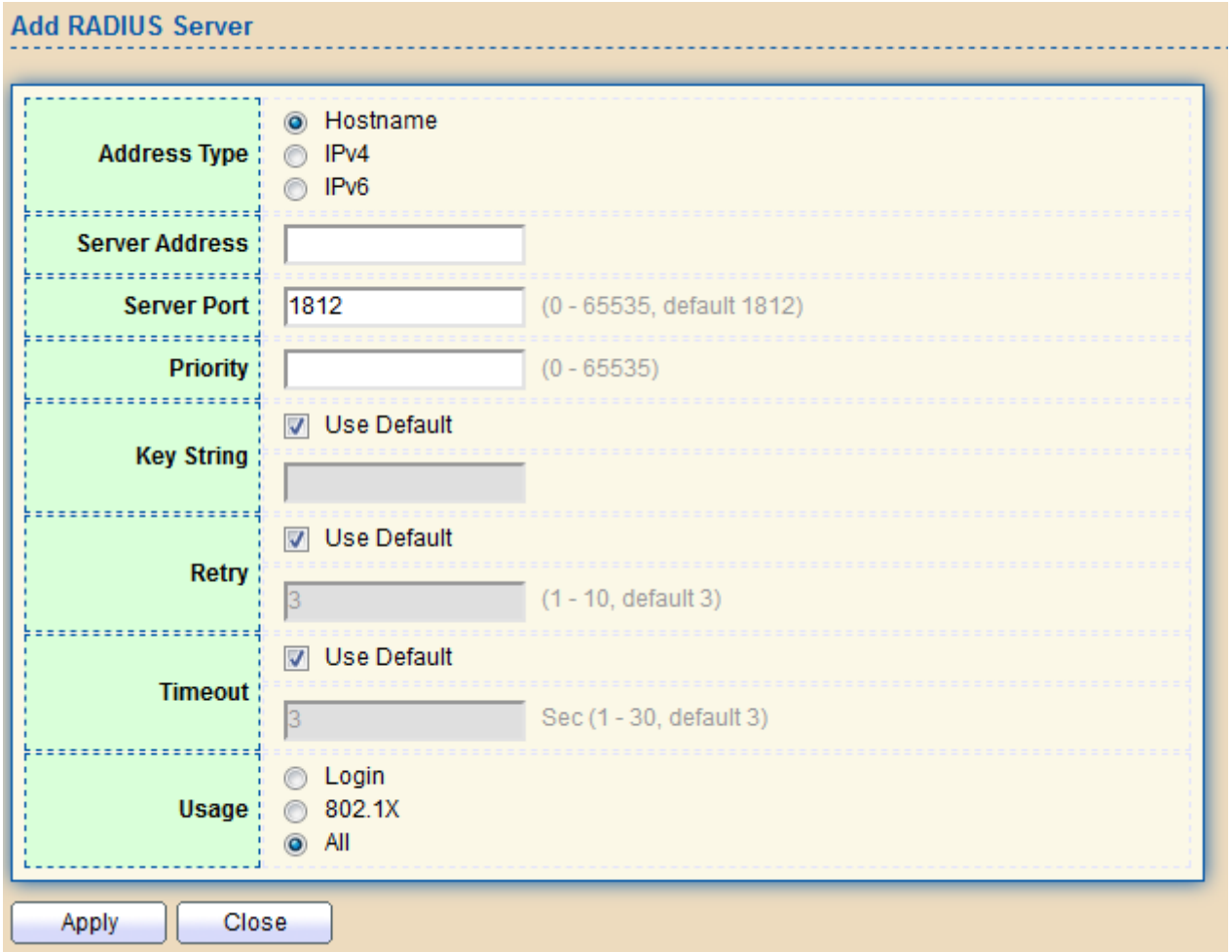
This page allows users to add, edit or delete RADIUS server settings and modify default parameter of RADIUS server.

To display RADIUS web page, click Security > RADIUS

Figure 108 - Security > RADIUS

Item	Description
Retry	Set default retry number.
Timeout	Set default timeout value.
Key String	Set default RADIUS key string
RADIUS Table	
Server Address	RADIUS server address.
Server Port	RADIUS server port.
Priority	RADIUS server priority (smaller value has higher priority). RADIUS session will try to establish with the server setting which has highest priority. If failed, it will try to connect to the server with next higher priority.
Retry	RADIUS server retry value. If it fails to connect to the server, it will keep trying until timeout with retry times.
Timeout	RADIUS server timeout value. If it fails to connect to the server, it will keep trying until timeout.
Usage	RADIUS server usage type • Login: For login authentication. • 802.1x: For 802.1x authentication. • All: For all types.

Click "Add" or “Edit” button to view Add/Edit RADIUS Server menu.



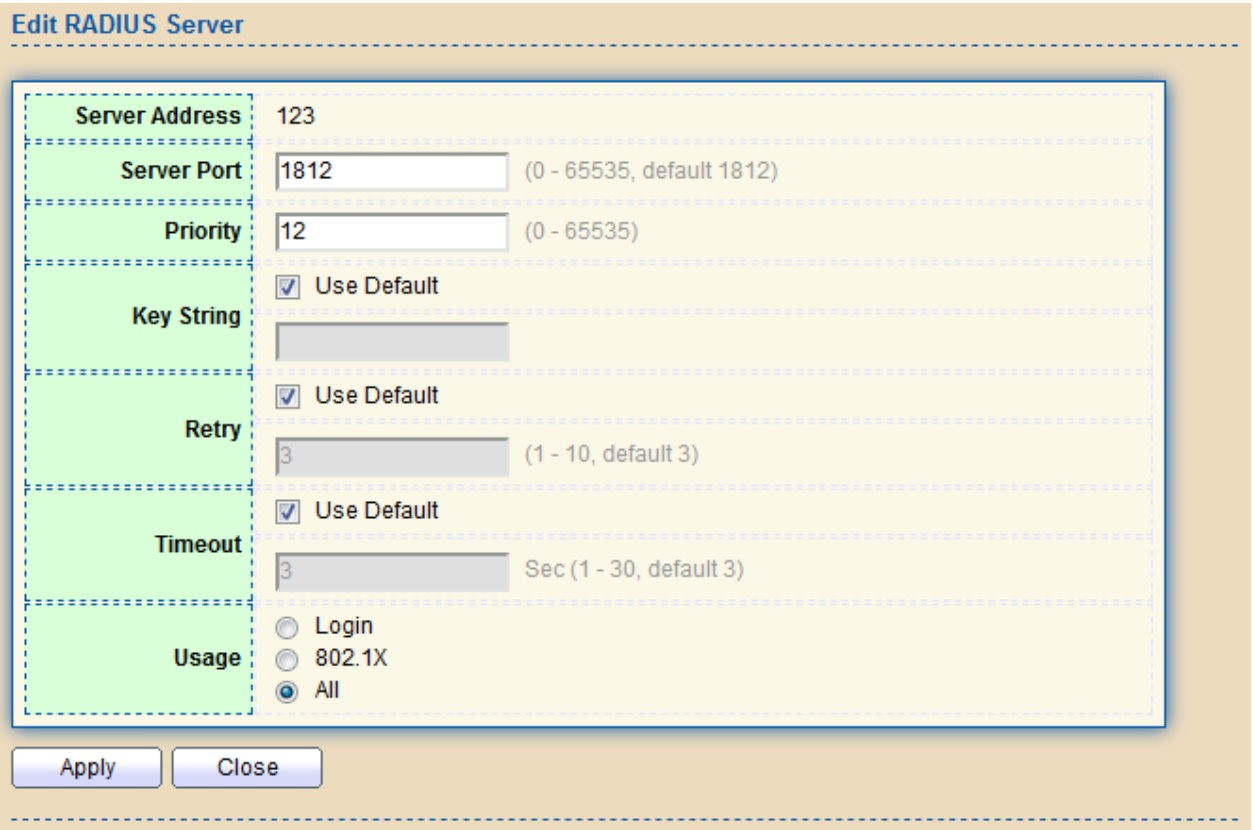


Figure 109 - Security > RADIUS > Add/Edit RADIUS Server

Item	Description
Address Type	In add dialog, users need to specify server Address Type • Hostname: Use a domain name as server address. • IPv4: Use IPv4 as server address. • IPv6: Use IPv6 as server address.
Server Address	In add dialog, users need to input server address based on address type. In edit dialog, it shows current edit server address.
Server Port	Set RADIUS server port.
Key String	Set RADIUS key string
Priority	Set RADIUS server priority (smaller value has higher priority). RADIUS session will try to establish with the server setting which has highest priority. If failed, it will try to connect to the server with next higher priority.
Retry	Set RADIUS server retry value. If it fails to connect to the server, it will keep trying until timeout with retry times.
Timeout	Set RADIUS server timeout value. If it fails to connect to the server, it will keep trying until timeout.
Usage	Set RADIUS server usage type • Login: For login authentication. • 802.1x: For 802.1x authentication. • All: For all types.

2.8.2. TACACS+

This page allows users to add, edit or delete TACACS+ server settings and modify default parameter of TACACS+ server.

To display TACACS+ web page, click Security > TACACS+

Figure 110 - Security > TACACS+

Item	Description
Timeout	Set default timeout value.
Key String	Set default TACACS+ key string.
Server Address	TACACS+ server address.
Server Port	TACACS+ server port.
Priority	TACACS+ server priority (smaller value has higher priority). TACACS+ session will try to establish with the server setting which has highest priority. If failed, it will try to connect to the server with next higher priority.
Timeout	TACACS+ server timeout value. If it fails to connect to the server, it will keep trying until timeout.

Click "Add" or “Edit” button to view Add/Edit TACAS+ Server menu.

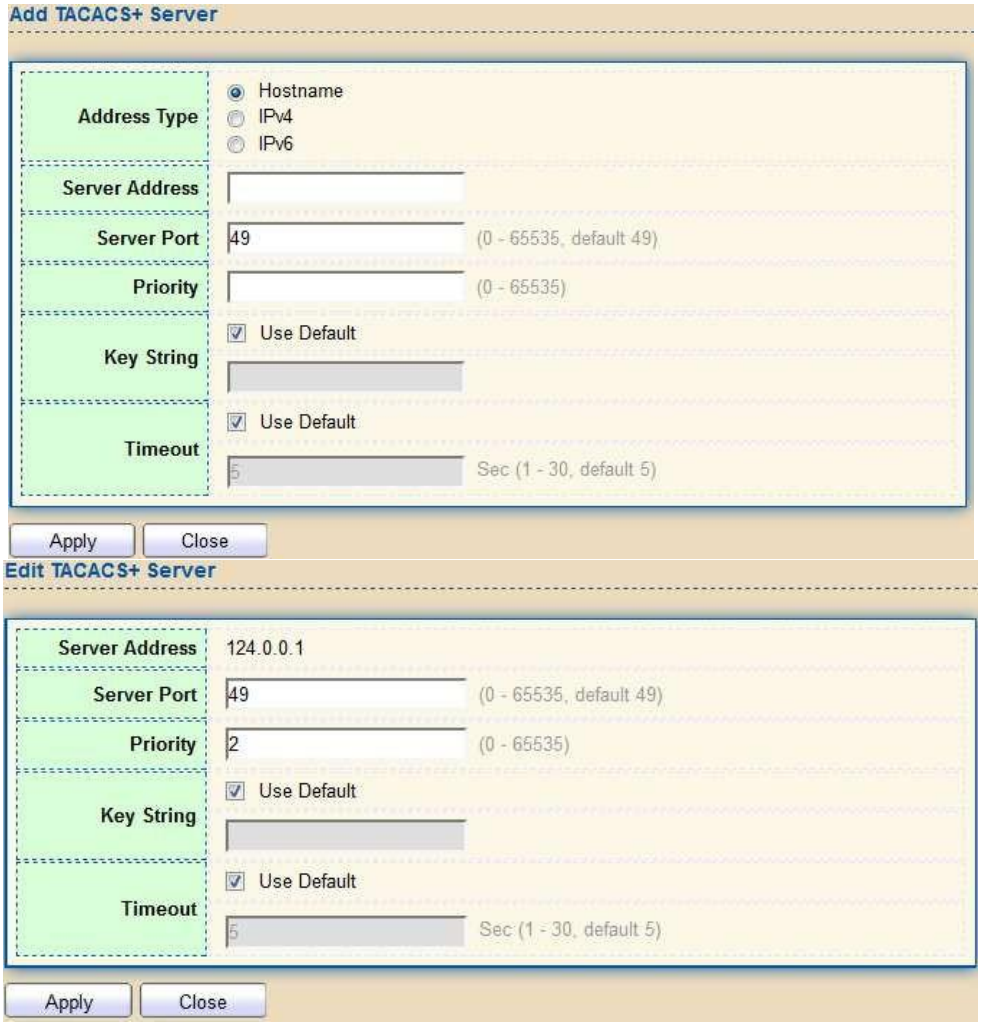


Figure 111 - Security > TACACS+>Add/Edit TACACS Server

Item	Description
Address Type	In add dialog, users need to specify server Address Type ● Hostname: Use domain name as server address ● IPv4: Use IPv4 as server address ● IPv6: Use IPv6 as server address
Server Address	In add dialog, users need to input server address based on address type. In edit dialog, it shows current edit server address.
Server Port	Set TACACS+ server port
Priority	Set TACACS+ server priority (smaller value has higher priority). TACACS+ session will try to establish with the server setting which has highest priority. If failed, it will try to connect to the server with next higher priority
Key String	Set default TACACS+ key string.
Timeout	Set TACACS+ server timeout value. If it fails to connect to the server, it will keep trying until timeout.

2.8.3. AAA

2.8.3.1. Method List

This page allows users to add, edit or delete login authentication list settings (The “default” list cannot be deleted.). The line combined to this list will authenticate login users by methods in this list. If the first method is failed, it will try to use the next priority method to authenticate if it exists.

With RADIUS and TACACS+ methods, the failed means connecting to server fail. With Local method, the failed means cannot find the users in local database.

To display Method List web page, click Security > AAA > Method List

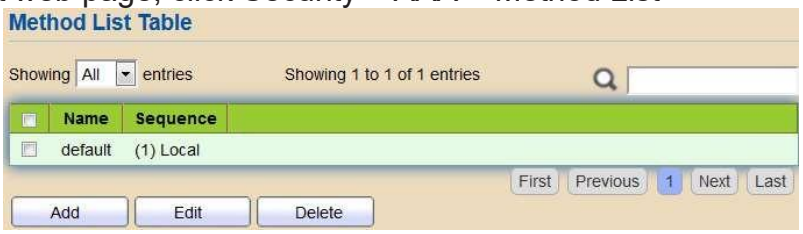


Figure 112 - Security > TACACS+>AAA> Method List

Item	Description
Name	Login authentication list name. This name should be different from other existing lists.
Sequence	Priority of login authentication method. □ None: Authenticated with any condition. □ Local: Use local accounts database to authenticate □ TACACS+: Use remote TACACS+ server to authenticate. □ RADIUS: Use remote Radius server to authenticate. □ Enable: Use local enable password to authenticate.

Click "Add" or “Edit” button to view Add/Edit Method List menu.

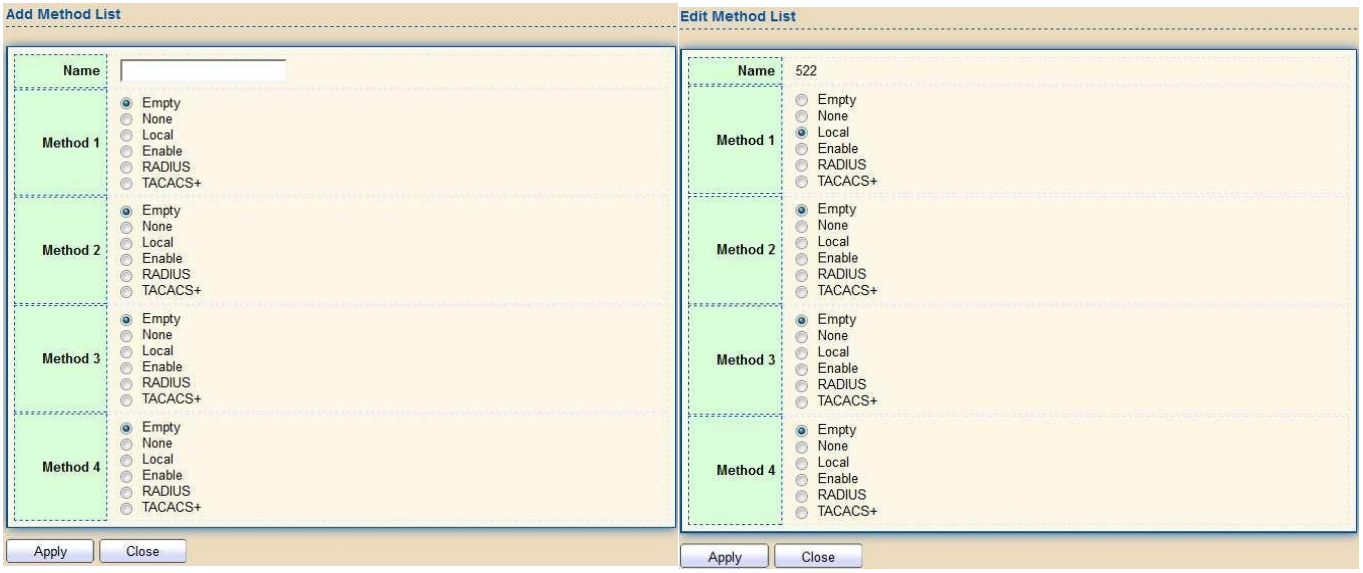


Figure 113 - Security > TACACS+>AAA> Add/Edit Method List

Item	Description
Name	Login authentication list name. This name should be different from other existing lists.
Method 1	Select first priority of login authentication method. ● None: Authenticated with any condition. ● Local: Use local accounts database to authenticate ● TACACS+: Use remote TACACS+ server to authenticate. ● RADIUS: Use remote Radius server to authenticate. ● Enable: Use local enable password to authenticate
Method 2	Select second priority of login authentication method ● None: Authenticated with any condition ● Local: Use local accounts database to authenticate ● TACACS+: Use remote TACACS+ server to authenticate. ● RADIUS: Use remote Radius server to authenticate ● Enable: Use local enable password to authenticate
Method 3	Select third priority of login authentication method. ● None: Authenticated with any condition. ● Local: Use local accounts database to authenticate ● TACACS+: Use remote TACACS+ server to authenticate. ● RADIUS: Use remote Radius server to authenticate. ● Enable: Use local enable password to authenticate
Method 4	Select fourth priority of login authentication method. ● None: Authenticated with any condition. ● Local: Use local accounts database to authenticate ● TACACS+: Use remote TACACS+ server to authenticate. ● RADIUS: Use remote Radius server to authenticate. ● Enable: Use local enable password to authenticate

2.8.3.2. Login Authentication

This page allows users to combine AAA login authentication list to all management interfaces.

To display the login authentication combined web page, click Security > AAA > Login Authentication.

Figure 114 - Security > TACACS+>AAA> login authentication

Item	Description
Console	Specify login authentication list combined on console.
Telnet	Specify login authentication list combined on Telnet.
SSH	Specify login authentication list combined on SSH.
HTTP	Specify login authentication list combined on HTTP.
HTTPS	Specify login authentication list combined on HTTPS.

2.8.4. Management Access

Use the Management Access pages to configure settings of management access.

2.8.4.1. Management VLAN

This page allows users to change management VLAN.

To display Management VLAN page, click Security > Management Access > Management VLAN

Figure 115 - Security > Management Access > Management VLAN

Item	Description
Management VLAN	Select a specific VLAN in option list to allow connections to the device through http, https, SNMP and etc. Connections to other VLANs will be dropped.

2.8.4.2. Management Service

This page allows users to change management services related configurations.

To display Management Service click Security > Management Access > Management Service

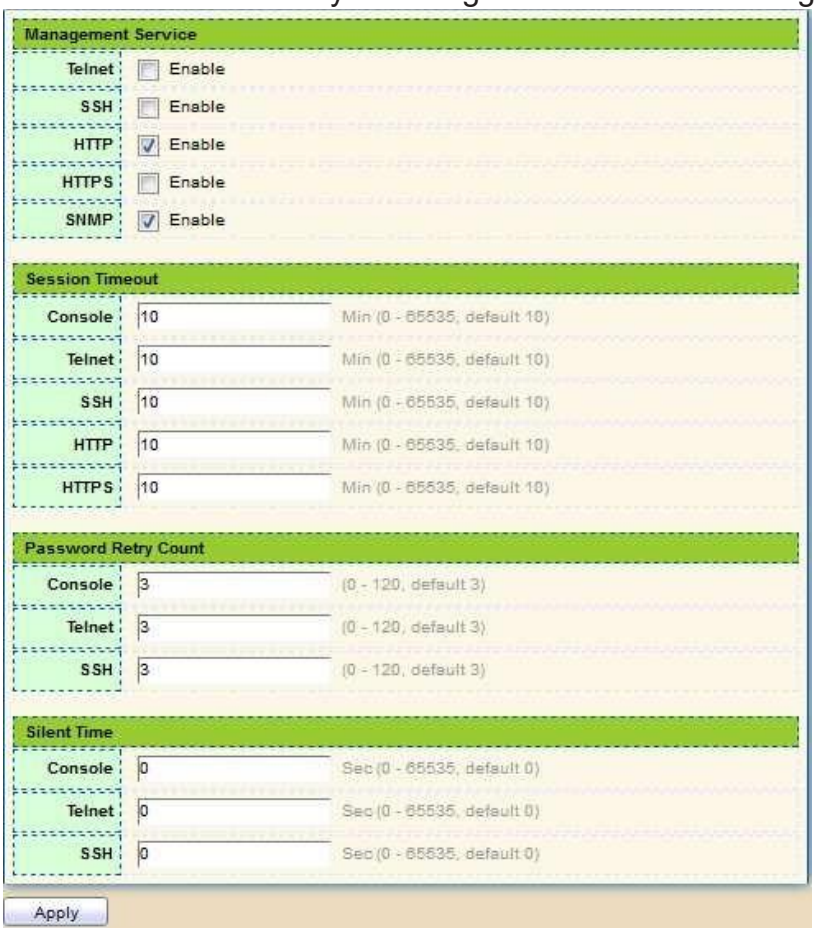


Figure 116 - Security > Management Access > Management Service

Item	Description
Management Service	Management service admin state. • Telnet: Connect CLI through telnet. • SSH: Connect CLI through SSH. • HTTP: Connect WEBUI through HTTP. • HTTPS: Connect WEBUI through HTTPS. • SNMP: Manage switch trough SNMP.
Session Timeout	Set session timeout minutes for users to access the user interface. 0 minutes means never timeout.
Password Retry Count	Retry count is the number which CLI password input error tolerance count. After input error password exceeds this count, the CLI will freeze after silent time.
Silent Time	After input error password exceeds password retry count, the CLI will freeze after silent time.

2.8.4.3. Management ACL

This page allows users to add or delete management ACL rule. A rule cannot be deleted if under active.

To display Management ACL page, click Security > Management Access > Management ACL

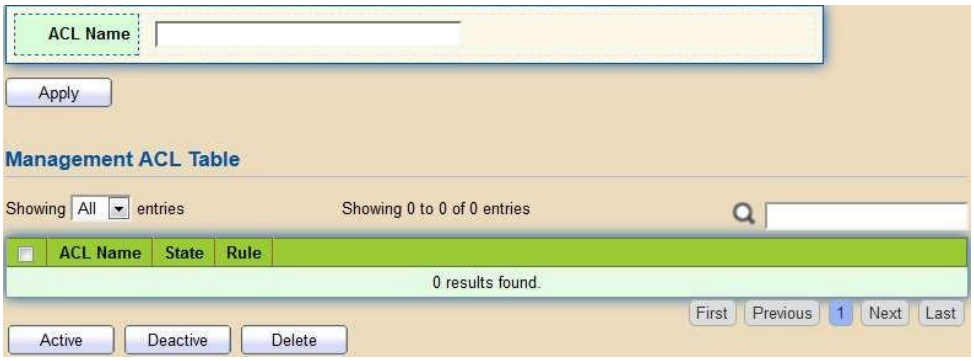


Figure 117 - Security > Management Access > Management ACL

Item	Description
ACL Name	Input MAC ACL name.
Management ACL	
ACL Name	Display Management ACL name.
State	Display Management ACL whether active.
Rule	Display the number Management ACE rule of ACL.

2.8.4.4. Management ACE

This page allows users to add, edit or delete ACE rule. An ACE rule cannot be edited or deleted if ACL under active. New ACE cannot be added if ACL under active

To display Management ACE page, click Security > Management Access > Management ACE

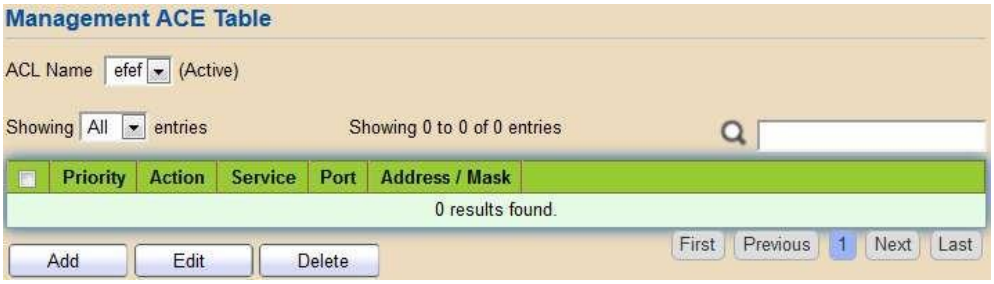


Figure 118 - Security > Management Access > Management ACE

Item	Description
ACL Name	Select the ACL name to which an ACE is being added.
Priority	Display the priority of ACE.
Action	Display the action of ACE.
Service	Display the service ACE
Port	Display the port list of ACE
Address / Mask	Display the source IP address and mask of ACE.

Click "Add" or “Edit” button to view Add/Edit Management ACE menu.

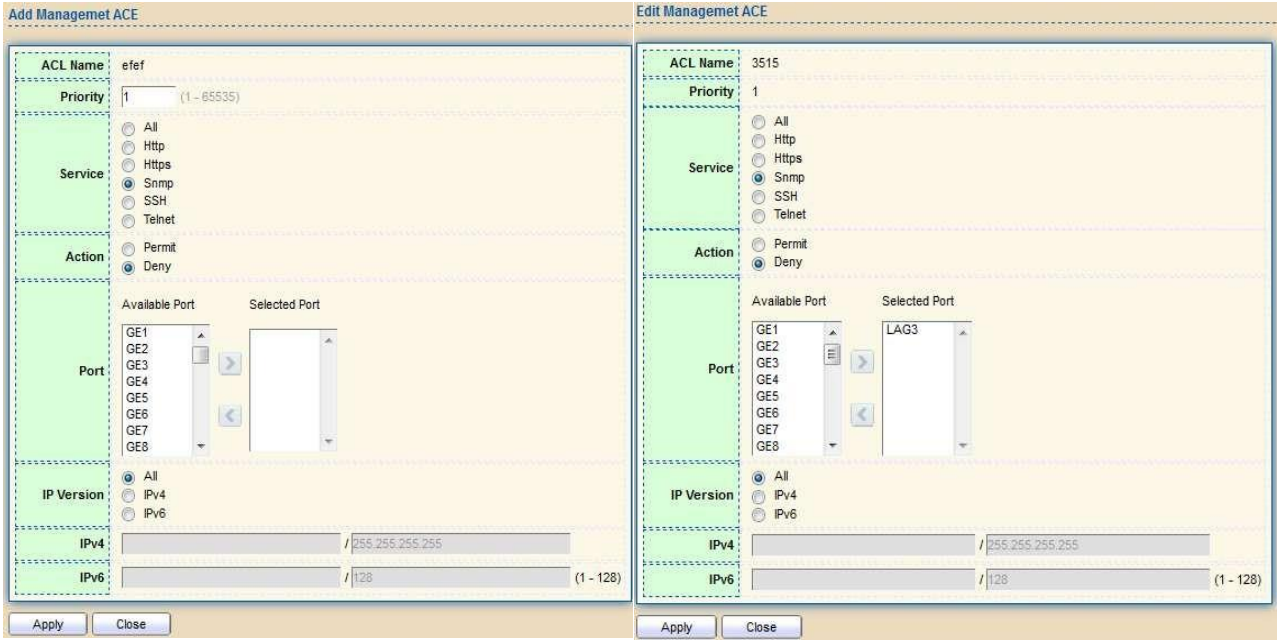


Figure 119 - Security > Management Access > Add/Edit Management ACE

Item	Description
ACL Name	Display the ACL name to which an ACE is being added.
Priority	Specify the priority of the ACE. ACE with higher sequence are processed first (1 is the highest priority). Only available on Add Dialog.
Service	Select the type service of rule ● All: All services ● Http: Only Http service ● Https: Only Https service ● Snmp: Only Snmp service ● SSH: Only SSH service ● Telnet: Only Telnet service
Action	Select the action after ACE match packet. ● Permit: Forward packets that meet the ACE criteria. ● Deny: Drop packets that meet the ACE criteria.
Port	Select ports which will be matched.
IP Version	● All: All IP addresses can access. ● IPv4: Specify IPv4 address ca access. ● IPv6: Specify IPv6 address ca access.
IPv4	Enter the source IPv4 address value and mask to which will be matched.
IPv6	Enter the source IPv6 address value and mask to which will be matched.

2.8.5. Authentication Manager

2.8.5.1. Property

This page allows users to edit authentication global settings and some port mods' configurations.

To display authentication manager Property web page, click Security > Authentication Manager > Property.

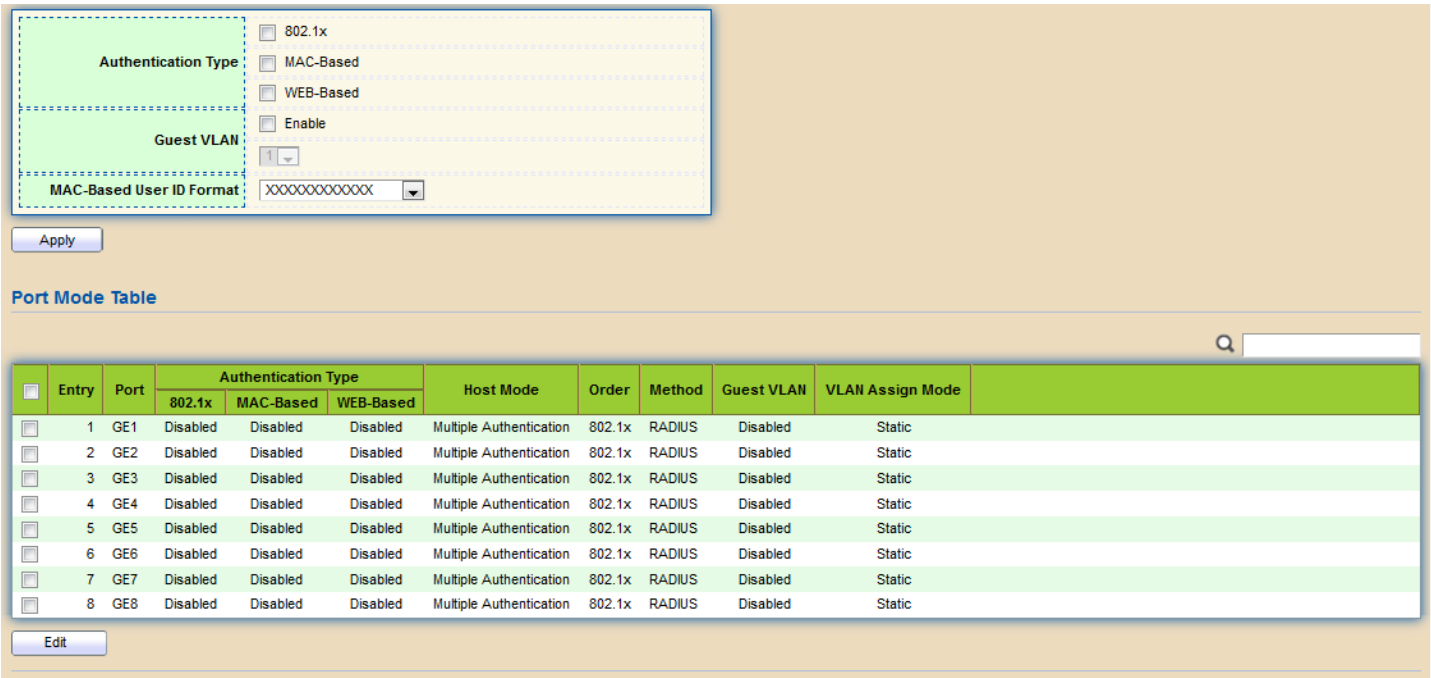


Figure 120 - Security > Authentication Manager > Property

Item	Description
Authentication Type	Set checkbox to enable/disable following authentication types • 802.1x: Use IEEE 802.1x to do authentication • MAC-Based: Use MAC address to do authentication • WEB-Based: Prompt authentication web page for users to do authentication
Guest VLAN	Set checkbox to enable/disable guest VLAN, if guest VLAN is enabled, you need to select one available VLAN ID to be guest VID.
MAC-Based User ID Format	Select mac-based authentication RADIUS username/password ID format. • XXXXXXXXXXXX • Xxxxxxxxxxxx • XX:XX:XX:XX:XX:XX • xx:xx:xx:xx:xx:xx • XX-XX-XX-XX-XX-XX • xx-xx-xx-xx-xx-xx • XX.XX.XX.XX.XX.XX • xx.xx.xx.xx.xx.xx • XXXX:XXXX:XXXX • xxxx:xxxx:xxxx
Port Mode Table	
Port	Port Name.
Authentication Type (802.1X)	802.1X authentication type state • Enabled: 802.1X is enabled. • Disabled: 802.1X is disabled.
Authentication Type (MAC-Based)	MAC-Based authentication type state • Enabled: MAC-Based authentication is enabled • Disabled: MAC-Based authentication is disabled
Authentication Type (WEB-Based)	WEB-Based authentication type state • Enabled: WEB-Based authentication is enabled • Disabled: WEB-Based authentication is disabled
Host Mode	Authenticating host mode • Multiple Authentication: In this mode, every client need to pass authenticate procedure individually. • Multiple Hosts: In this mode, only one client need to be authenticated and other clients will get the same access accessibility. Web-auth cannot be enabled in this mode. • Single Host: In this mode, only one host is allowed to be authenticated. It is the same as Multi-auth mode with max hosts number configure to be 1.

Order	Support following authentication type order combinations. Web Authentication should always be the last type. The authentication manager will go to next type if current type is not enabled or authenticated fail. • 802.1x • MAC-Based • WEB-Based • 802.1x MAC-Based • 802.1x WEB-Based • MAC-Based 802.1x • WEB-Based 802.1x • 802.1x MAC-Based WEB-Based • 802.1x WEB-Based MAC-Based
Method	Support following authentication method order combinations. These orders only available on MAC-Based authentication and WEB-Based authentication. 802.1x only support Radius method. • Local: Use DUT's local database to do authentication • Radius: Use remote RADIUS server to do authentication • Local Radius • Radius Local
Guest VLAN	Port guest VLAN enable state • Enabled: Guest VLAN is enabled on port. • Disabled: Guest VLAN is disabled on port.
VLAN Assign Mode	Support following VLAN assign mode and only apply when source is RADIUS • Disable: Ignore the VLAN authorization result and keep original VLAN of host. • Reject: If get VLAN authorized information, just use it. However, if there is no VLAN authorized information, reject the host and make it unauthorized. Static: If get VLAN authorized information, just use it. If there is no VLAN authorized information, keep original VLAN of host.

Click “Edit” button to view the Edit Port Mode menu.

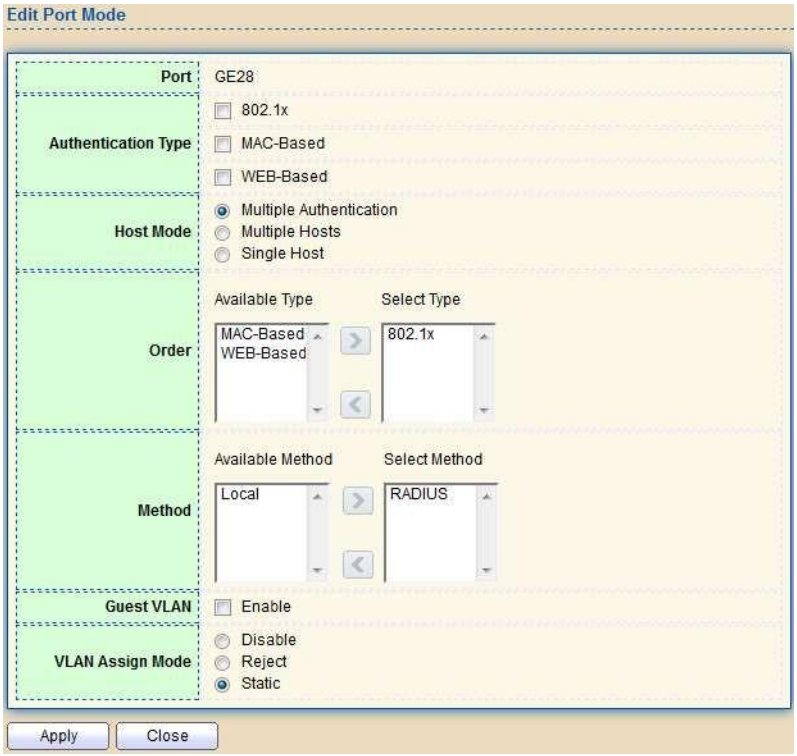


Figure 121 - Security > Authentication Manager > Property > Edit Port Mode

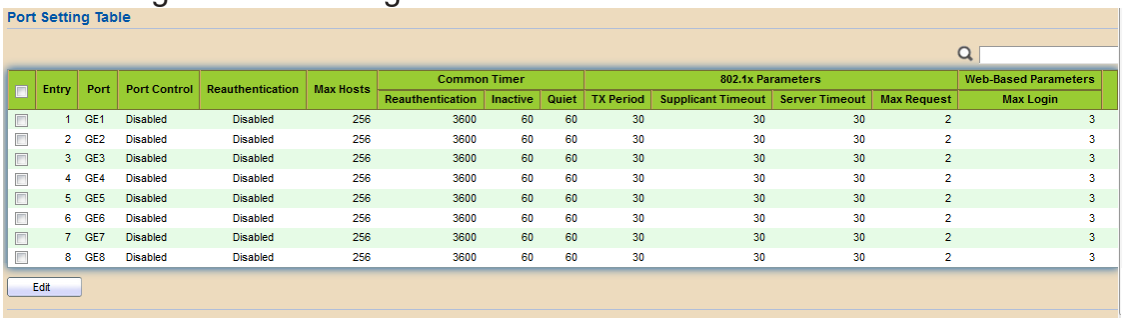
Item	Description
Port	Selected port list.
Authentication Type	Set checkbox to enable/disable authentication types.
Host Mode	Select authenticating host mode • Multiple Authentication: In this mode, every client needs to pass authenticate procedure individually. • Multiple Hosts: In this mode, only one client need to be authenticated and other clients will get the same access accessibility. Web-auth cannot be enabled in this mode. • Single Host: In this mode, only one host is allowed to be authenticated. It is the same as Multi-auth mode with max hosts number configure to be 1.

Order	Support following authentication type order combinations. Web Authentication should always be the last type. The authentication manager will go to next type if current type is not enabled or authenticated fail. • 802.1x • MAC-Based • WEB-Based • 802.1x MAC-Based • 802.1x WEB-Based • MAC-Based 802.1x • WEB-Based 802.1x • 802.1x MAC-Based WEB-Based • 802.1x WEB-Based MAC-Based
Method	Support following authentication method order combinations. • These orders only available on MAC-Based authentication and WEB-Based authentication. 802.1x only support Radius method. • Local: Use DUT's local database to do authentication. • Radius: Use remote RADIUS server to do authentication. • Local Radius. • Radius Local.
Guest VLAN	Set checkbox to enable/disable guest VLAN.
VLAN Assign Mode	Support following VLAN assign mode and only apply when source is RADIUS • Disable: Ignore the VLAN authorization result and keep original VLAN of host. • Reject: If get VLAN authorized information, just use it. However, if there is no VLAN authorized information, reject the host and make it unauthorized. • Static: If get VLAN authorized information, just use it. If there is no VLAN authorized information, keep original VLAN of host.

2.8.5.2. Port Setting

This page allows users to configure authentication manger port settings

To display the authentication manager Port Setting web page, click Security > Authentication Manager > Port Setting.



Port Setting Table

	Entry	Port	Port Control	Reauthentication	Max Hosts	Common Timer			802.1x Parameters				Web-Based Parameters
						Reauthentication	Inactive	Quiet	TX Period	Supplicant Timeout	Server Timeout	Max Request	Max Login
	1	GE1	Disabled	Disabled	256	3600	60	60	30	30	30	2	3
	2	GE2	Disabled	Disabled	256	3600	60	60	30	30	30	2	3
	3	GE3	Disabled	Disabled	256	3600	60	60	30	30	30	2	3
	4	GE4	Disabled	Disabled	256	3600	60	60	30	30	30	2	3
	5	GE5	Disabled	Disabled	256	3600	60	60	30	30	30	2	3
	6	GE6	Disabled	Disabled	256	3600	60	60	30	30	30	2	3
	7	GE7	Disabled	Disabled	256	3600	60	60	30	30	30	2	3
	8	GE8	Disabled	Disabled	256	3600	60	60	30	30	30	2	3

Edit

Figure 122 - Security > Authentication Manager > Port Setting

Item	Description
Port	Port
Port Control	Support following authentication port control types. • Disable: Disable authentication function and all clients have network accessibility. • Force Authorized: Port is force authorized and all clients have network accessibility. • Force Unauthorized: Port is force unauthorized and all clients have no network accessibility. • Auto: Need passing authentication procedure to get network accessibility.
Reauthentication	Reauthenticate state • Enabled: Host will be reauthenticated after reauthentication period. • Disabled: Host will not be authenticated after reauthentication period.
Max Hosts	In Multiple Authentication mode, total host number cannot not exceed max hosts number.
Common Timer (Reauthentication)	After re-authenticate period, host will return to initial state and need to pass authentication procedure again.
Common Timer (Inactive)	If no packet from the authenticated host, the inactive timer will increase. After inactive timeout, the host will be unauthorized and corresponding session will be deleted. In multi-host mode, the packet is counting on the authorized host only.
Common Timer (Quiet)	When port is in Locked state after authenticating fail several times, the host will be locked in quiet period. After this quiet period, the host is allowed to authenticate again.
802.1X Params (TX Period)	Number of seconds that the device waits for a response to an Extensible Authentication Protocol (EAP) request/identity frame from the supplicant (client) before resending the request.
802.1X Params (Supplicant Timeout)	The maximum number of EAP requests that can be sent. If a response is not received after the defined period (supplicant timeout), the authentication process is restarted.
802.1X Params (Server Timeout)	Number of seconds that lapses before EAP requests are resent to the supplicant.
802.1X Params (Max Request)	Number of seconds that lapses before the device resends a request to the authentication server.
Web-Based Param (Max Login)	Number of failed login allowed. After failed login number exceeds, the host will enter Lock state and is not able to authenticate until the quiet period exceeds.

Click "Edit" button to view Edit Port Setting menu.

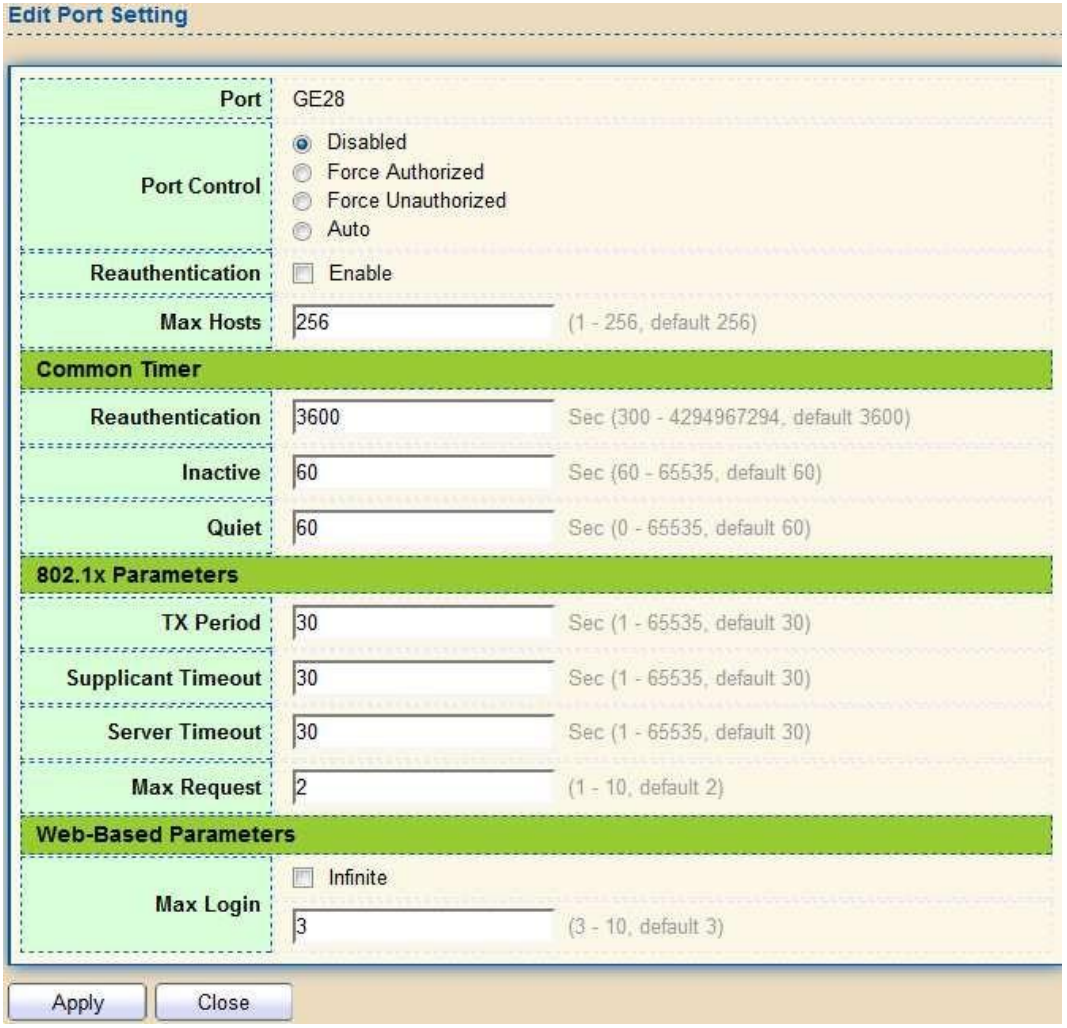


Figure 123 - Security > Authentication Manager > Port Setting > Edit Port Setting

Item	Description
Port	Port Name.
Port Control	Support following authentication port control types. • Disable: Disable authentication function and all clients have network accessibility. Force Authorized: Port is force authorized and all clients have network accessibility. • Force Unauthorized: Port is force unauthorized and all clients have no network accessibility. • Auto: Need passing authentication procedure to get network accessibility.
Reauthentication	Set checkbox to enable/disable reauthentication.
Max Hosts	In Multiple Authentication mode, total host number cannot not exceed max hosts number.
Common Timer	
Reauthentication	After re-authenticate period, host will return to initial state and need to pass authentication procedure again.
Inactive	If no packet from the authenticated host, the inactive timer will increase. After inactive timeout, the host will be unauthorized and corresponding session will be deleted. In multi-host mode, the packet is counting on the authorized host only and not all packets on the port.
Quiet	When port is in Locked state after authenticating fail several times, the host will be locked in quiet period. After this quiet period, the host is allowed to authenticate again.
802.1X Params	
TX Period	Number of seconds that the device waits for a response to an Extensible Authentication Protocol (EAP) request/identity frame from the supplicant (client) before resending the request.
Supplicant Timeout	The maximum number of EAP requests that can be sent. If a response is not received after the defined period (supplicant timeout), the authentication process is restarted.
Server Timeout	Number of seconds that lapses before EAP requests are resent to the supplicant.
Max Request	Number of seconds that lapses before the device resends a request to the authentication server.
Web-Based Params	
Max Login	Set checkbox to set max login number to be infinite or specify max login number.

2.8.5.3. MAC-Based Local Account

This page allows users to add/edit/delete MAC-Based authentication local accounts.

To display MAC-Based Local Account web page, click Security > Authentication Manger > MAC-Based Local Account

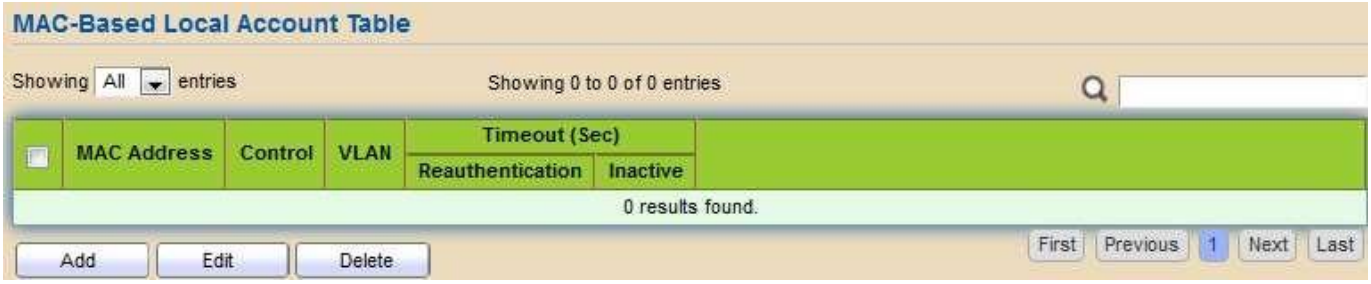


Figure 124 - Security > Authentication Manager > MAC-Based Local Account

Item	Description
MAC Address	Authenticated host MAC address, and each MAC allow only one entry in local database.
Control	Control Type ● Force Authorized: Host will be force authorized ● Force Unauthorized: Host will be force unauthorized
VLAN	Assigned VLAN ID for the authenticated host.
Timeout (Reauthentication)	Assigned reauthentication period for the authenticated host.the service ACE.
Timeout (Inactive)	Assigned inactive timeout for the authenticated host.

Click “Add" or “Edit” button to view Add MAC-Base Local Account menu.

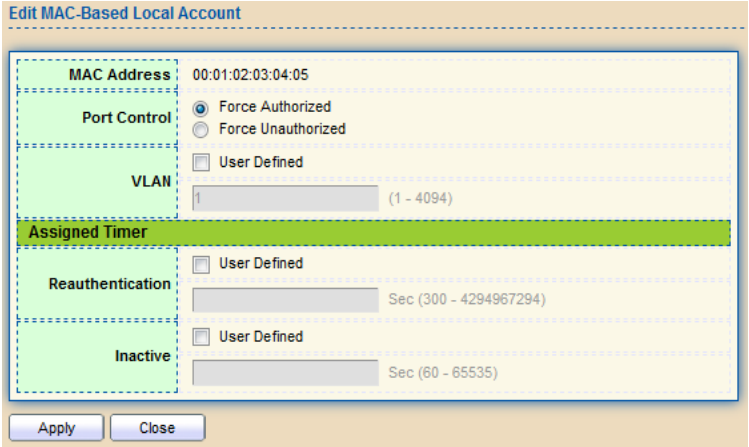


Figure 125 - Security > Authentication Manager > Add MAC-Based Local Account

Item	Description
MAC Address	Authenticated host MAC address, and each MAC allow only one entry in local database.
Control	Control Type ● Force Authorized: Host will be force authorized ● Force Unauthorized: Host will be force unauthorized
VLAN	Assigned VLAN ID for the authenticated host.
Timeout (Reauthentication)	Assigned reauthentication period for the authenticated host.
Timeout (Inactive)	Assigned inactive timeout for the authenticated host.

2.8.5.4. WEB-Based Local Account

This page allows users to add/edit/delete WEB-Based authentication local accounts.

To display WEB-Based Local Account web page, click Security > Authentication Manger > WEB-Based Local Account

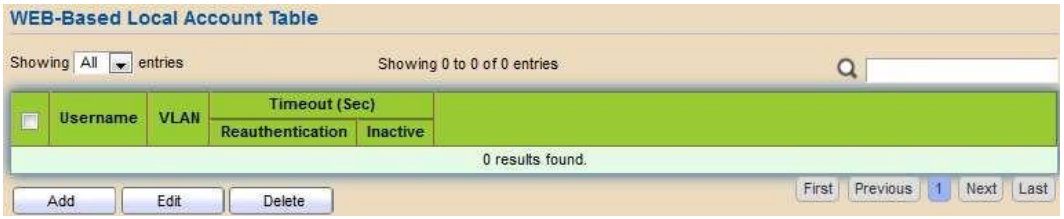


Figure 126 - Security > Authentication Manager > WEB-Based Local Account

Item	Description
Username	Authenticating account username
VLAN	Assigned VLAN ID for the authenticated host
Timeout (Reauthentication)	Assigned reauthentication period for the authenticated host.
Timeout (Inactive)	Assigned inactive timeout for the authenticated host.

Click “Add" or “Edit” button to view Add/Edit WEB-Base Local Account menu.

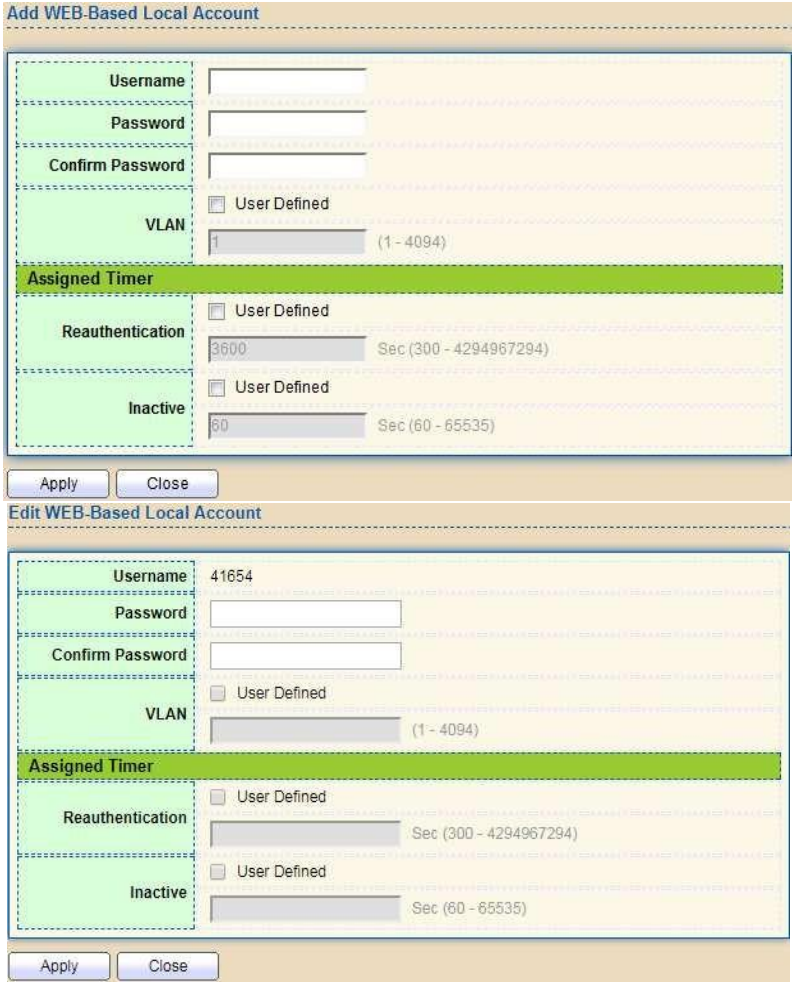


Figure 127 - Security > Authentication Manager > Add/Edit WEB-Based Local Account

Item	Description
Username	Authenticating account username.
Password	Authenticating account password.
Confirm Password	Confirm authenticating account password.
VLAN	Assigned VLAN ID for the authenticated host.
Timeout (Reauthentication)	Assigned reauthentication period for the authenticated host.
Timeout (Inactive)	Assigned inactive timeout for the authenticated host.

2.8.5.5. Sessions

This page shows all detail information of authentication sessions and allow users to select specific session to delete by clicking “Clear” button.

To display Sessions web page, click Security > Authentication Manger > Sessions

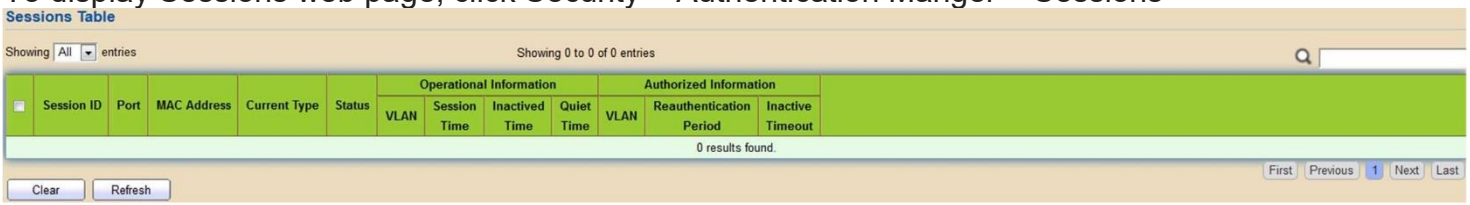


Figure 128 - Security > Authentication Manager > Sessions

Item	Description
Session ID	Session ID is unique of each session.
Port	Port name which the host located.
MAC Address	Host MAC address.
Current Type	Show current authenticating type • 802.1x: Use IEEE 802.1X to do authenticating • MAC-Based: Use MAC-Based authentication to do authenticating. • WEB-Based: Use WEB-Based authentication to do authenticating.
Status	Show host authentication session status • IP version (IPv4, IPv6) • Disable: This session is ready to be deleted • Running: Authentication process is running • Authorized: Authentication is passed and getting network accessibility. • Unauthorized: Authentication is not passed and not getting network accessibility. • Locked: Host is locked and do not allow to do authenticating until quiet period. • Guest: Host is in the guest VLAN.
Operational(VLAN)	Shows host operational VLAN ID.
Operational (Session Time)	In “Authorized” state, it shows total time after authorized.
Operational (Inactived Time)	In “Authorized” state, it shows how long the host do not send any packet.
Operational (Quiet Time)	In “Locked” state, it shows total time after locked.
Authorized (VLAN)	Shows VLAN ID given from authorized procedure.

Authorized (Reauthentication Period)	Shows reauthentication period given from authorized procedure.
Authorized (Inactive Timeouts)	Shows inactive timeout given from authorized procedure.

2.8.6. Port Security

This page allows users to configure port security settings for each interface. When port security is enabled on interface, action will be perform once learned MAC address over limitation.

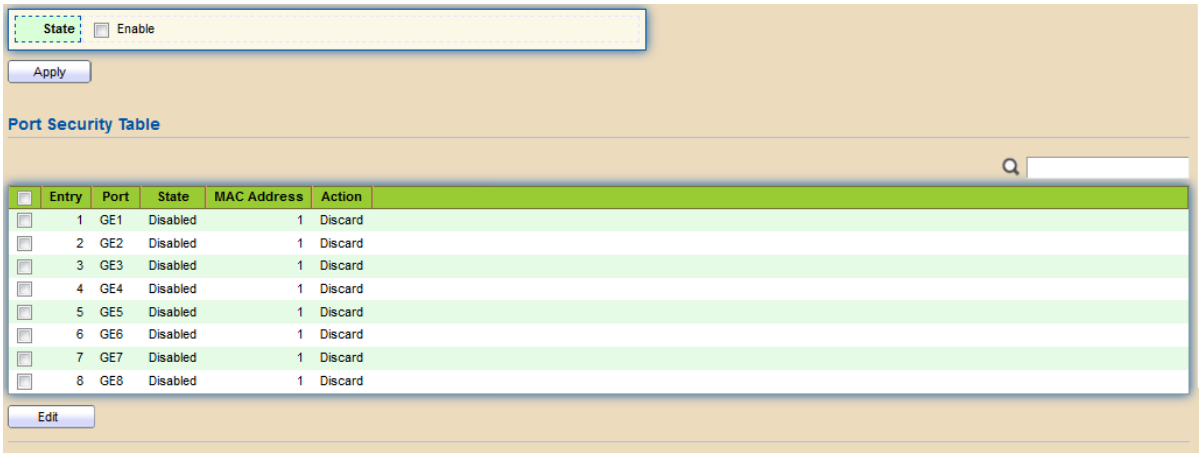


Figure 129 - Security > Port Security

To display Port Security web page, click Security > Port Security

Item	Description
State	Enable/Disable the port security function.
Port	Select one or multiple ports to configure.
State	Select the status of port security • Disable: Disable port security function. • Enable: Enable port security function.
MAC Address	Specify the number of how many mac addresses can be learned.
Action	Select the action if learned mac addresses • Forward: Forward this packet whose SMAC is new to system and exceed the learning-limit number. • Discard: Discard this packet whose SMAC is new to system and exceed the learning-limit number. • Shutdown: Shutdown this port when receives a packet whose SMAC is new to system and exceed the learning limit number.

Click "Edit" button to view Edit Port Security menu.

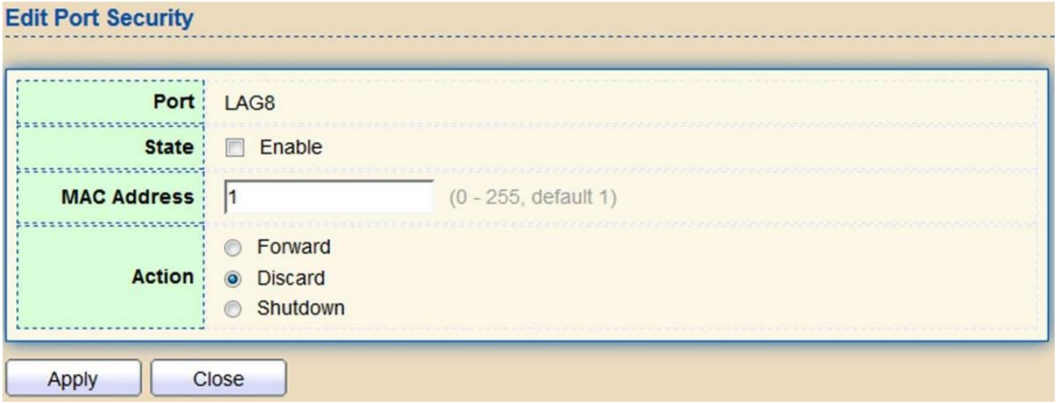


Figure 130 - Security > Port Security > Add Port Security

Item	Description
Port	Select one or multiple ports to configure.
State	Select the status of port security • Disable: Disable port security function. • Enable: Enable port security function.
MAC Address	Specify the number of how many mac addresses can be learned.
Action	Select the action if learned mac addresses • Forward: Forward this packet whose SMAC is new to system and exceed the learning-limit number. • Discard: Discard this packet whose SMAC is new to system and exceed the learning-limit number. • Shutdown: Shutdown this port when receives a packet whose SMAC is new to system and exceed the learning limit number.

2.8.7. Protected Port

This page allows users to configure protected port setting to prevent the selected ports from communication with each other. Protected port is only allowed to communicate with unprotected port. In other words, protected port is not allowed to communicate with another protected port.

To display Protected Port web page, click Security > Protected Port

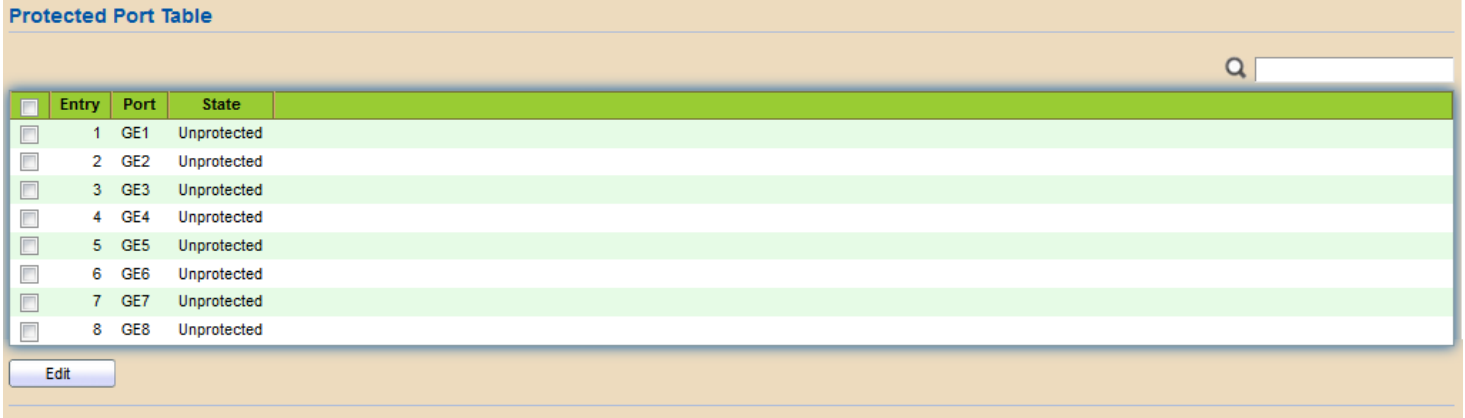


Figure 131 - Security > Protected Port

Item	Description
Port	Port Name.
State	Port protected admin state.

Click "Edit" button to view Edit Protected Port menu.

Figure 132 - Security > Protected Port > Edit Protected Port

Item	Description
Port	Selected port list.
State	Port protected admin state. • Protected: Enable protecting function. • Unprotected: Disable protecting function.

2.8.8. Storm Control

To display Storm Control global setting web page, click Security > Storm Control

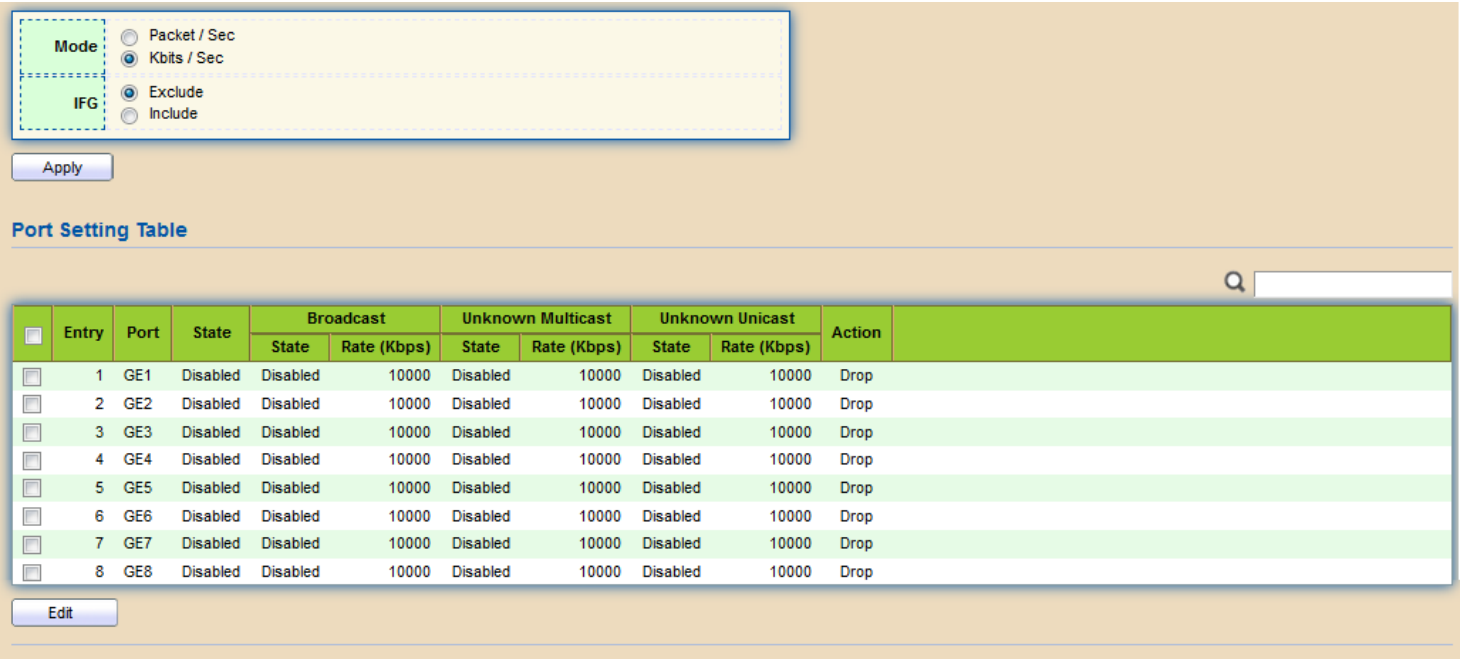


Figure 133 - Security > Storm Control

Item	Description
Mode(Unit)	Select the unit of storm control • Packet / Sec: storm control rate calculates by packet-based • Kbits / Sec: storm control rate calculates by octet-based.
IFG	Select the rate calculates w/o preamble & IFG (20 bytes) • Excluded: exclude preamble & IFG (20 bytes) when count ingress storm control rate. • Included: include preamble & IFG (20 bytes) when count ingress storm control rate.

Click "Edit" button to view Edit Port Setting menu.

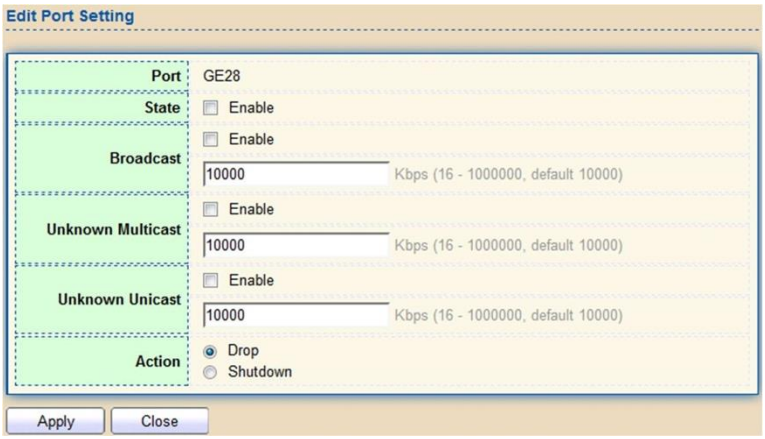


Figure 134 - Security > Storm Control > Edit Port Setting

Item	Description
Port	Select the setting ports.
State	Select the state of setting • Enable: Enable the storm control function.
Broadcast	Enable: Enable the storm control function of Broadcast packet. Value of storm control rate, Unit: pps (packet per- second, range 1- 262143) or Kbps (Kbits per-second, range16 - 1000000) depends on global mode setting.
Unknown Multicast	Enable: Enable the storm control function of Unknown multicast packet. Value of storm control rate, Unit: pps (packet per-second, range 1- 262143) or Kbps (Kbits per- second, range16 - 1000000) depends on global mode setting.
Unknown Unicast	Enable: Enable the storm control function of Unknown unicast packet. Value of storm control rate, Unit: pps (packet per-second, range 1 - 262143) or Kbps (Kbits per- second, range16 - 1000000) depends on global mode setting.
Action	Select the state of setting • Drop: Packets exceed storm control rate will be dropped. • Shutdown: Port will be shutdown when packets exceed storm control rate.

2.8.9. DoS

A Denial of Service (DoS) attack is a hacker attempt to make a device unavailable to its users. DoS attacks saturate the device with external communication requests, so that it cannot respond to legitimate traffic. These attacks usually lead to a device CPU overload.

The DoS protection feature is a set of predefined rules that protect the network from malicious attacks. The DoS Security Suite Settings enables activating the security suite.

2.8.9.1. Property

To display Dos Global Setting web page, click Security > Dos > Property

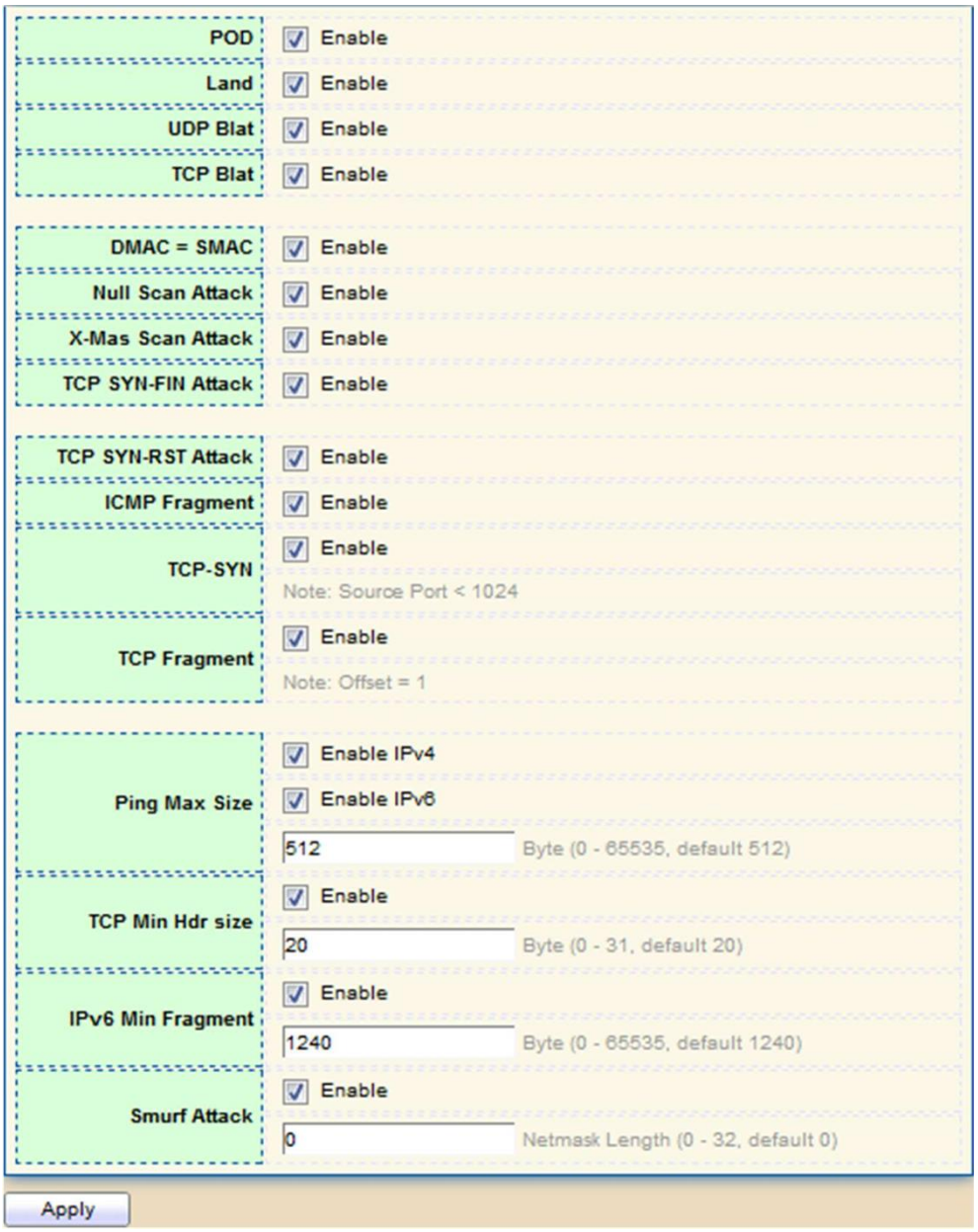


Figure 135 - Security > DoS > Property

Item	Description
POD	Avoids ping of death attack.
Land	Drops the packets if the source IP address is equal to the destination IP address.
UDP Blat	Drops the packets if the UDP source port equals to the UDP destination port.
TCP Blat	Drops the packages if the TCP source port is equal to the TCP destination port.
DMAC = SMAC	Drops the packets if the destination MAC address is equal to the source MAC address.
Null Scan Attach	Drops the packets with NULL scan.
X-Mas Scan Attack	Drops the packets if the sequence number is zero, and the FIN, URG and PSH bits are set.
TCP SYN-FIN Attack	Drops the packets with SYN and FIN bits set.
TCP SYN-RST Attack	Drops the packets with SYN and RST bits set
ICMP Flagment	Drops the fragmented ICMP packets.
TCP SYN (SPORT<1024)	Drops SYN packets with sport less than 1024.
TCP Fragment (Offset = 1)	Drops the TCP fragment packets with offset equals to one.
Ping Max Size	Specify the maximum size of the ICMPv4/ICMPv6 ping packets. The valid range is from 0 to 65535 bytes, and the default value is 512 bytes.
IPv6 Min Flagment	Checks the minimum size of IPv6 fragments, and drops the packets smaller than the minimum size. The valid range is from 0 to 65535 bytes, and default value is 1240 bytes.
Smurf Attack	Avoids smurf attack. The length range of the netmask is from 0 to 323 bytes, and default length is 0 bytes.

2.8.9.2. Port Setting

To configure and display the state of DoS protection for interfaces, click Security > DoS > Port Setting.

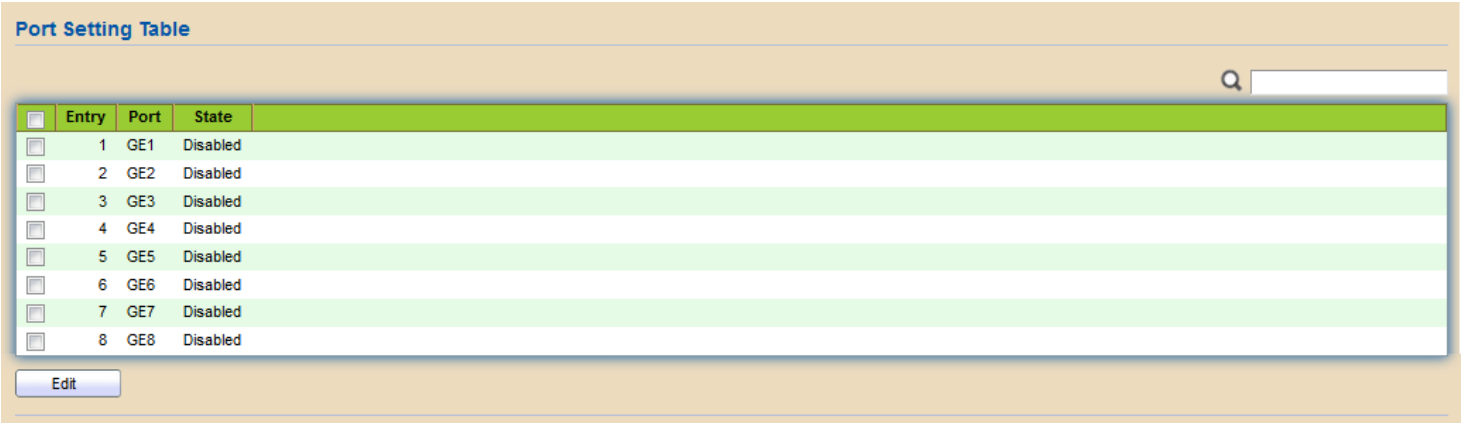


Figure 136 - Security > DoS > Port Setting

Item	Description
Port	Interface or port number.
State	Enable/Disable the DoS protection on the interface.

Click "Edit" button to view Edit Port Setting menu.

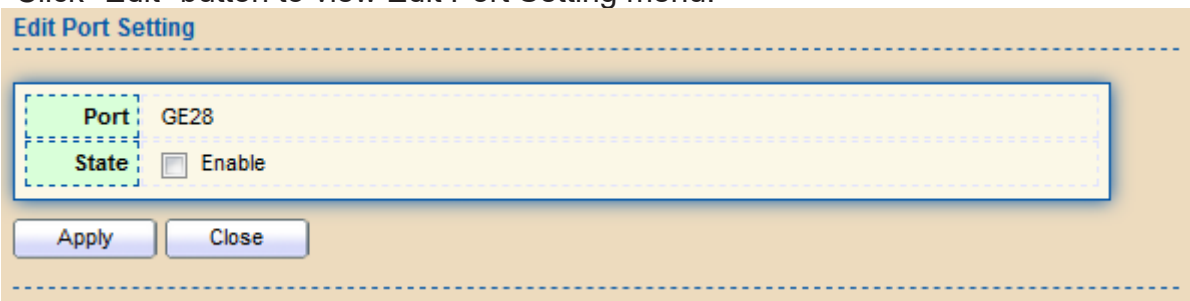


Figure 137 - Security > DoS > Port Setting

Item	Description
Port	Interface or port number.
State	Enable/Disable the DoS protection on the interface.

2.8.10. Dynamic ARP Inspection

Use the Dynamic ARP Inspection pages to configure settings of Dynamic ARP Inspection

2.8.10.1. Property

This page allows users to configure global and per interface settings of Dynamic ARP Inspection.

To display property page, click Security > Dynamic ARP Inspection > Property

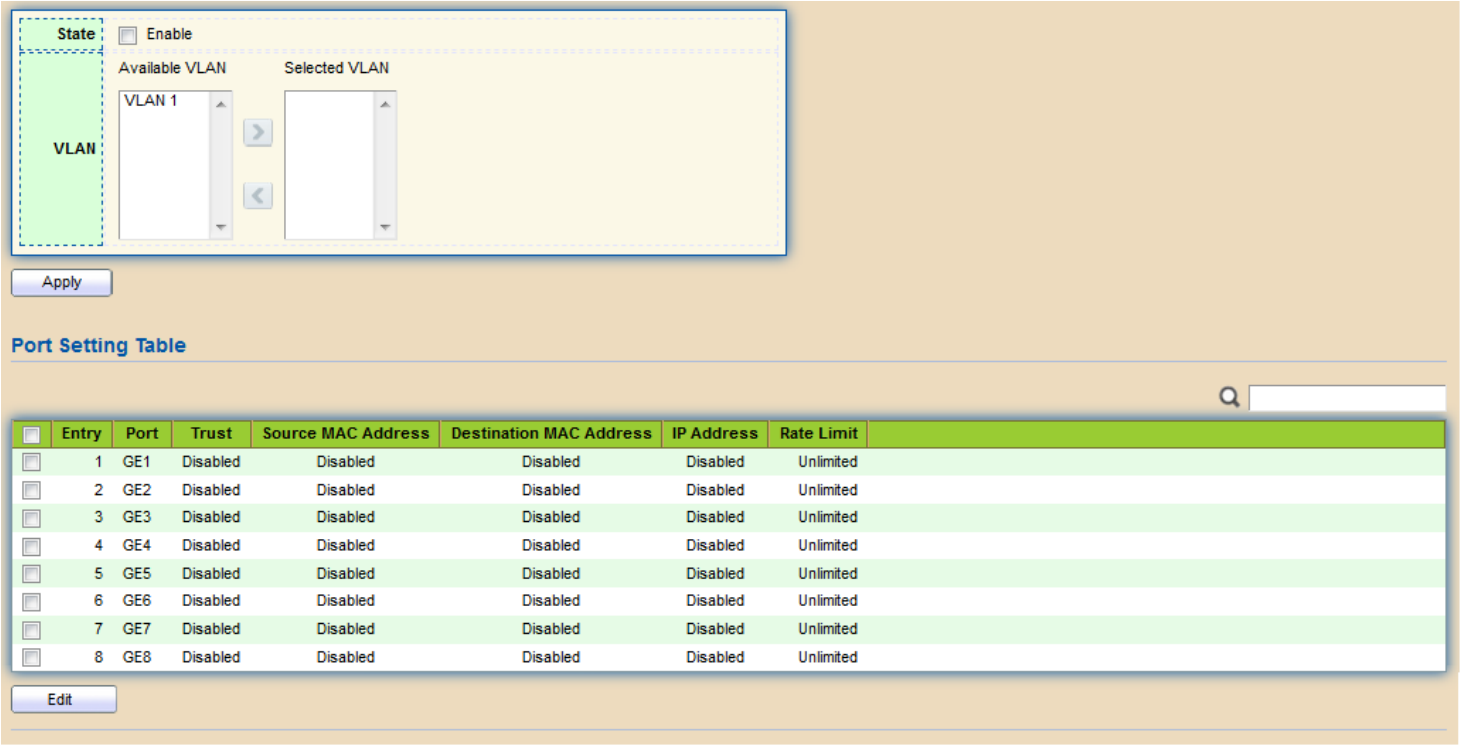


Figure 138 - Security > Dynamic ARP Inspection > Property

Item	Description
State	Set checkbox to enable/disable Dynamic ARP Inspection function.
VLAN	Select VLANs in left box then move to right to enable Dynamic ARP Inspection. Or select VLANs in right box then move to left to disable Dynamic ARP Inspection.
Port	Display port ID.
Trust	Display enable/disabled trust attribute of interface.
Source MAC Address	Display enable/disabled destination mac address validation attribute of interface.
IP Address	Display enable/disabled IP address validation attribute of interface. Allow zero which means allow 0.0.0.0 IP address.
Rate Limit	Display rate limitation value of interface.

Click "Edit" button to view Edit Port Setting menu.

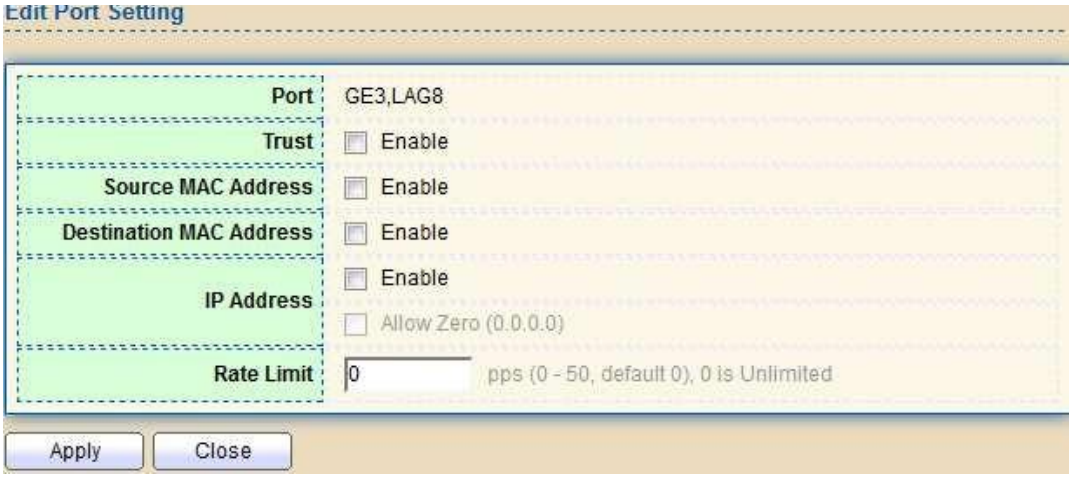


Figure 139 - Security > Dynamic ARP Inspection > Property>Edit Port Setting

Item	Description
Port	Display selected port to be edited.
Trust	Set checkbox to enable/disabled trust of interface. All ARP packet will be forward directly if enable trust. Default is disabled.
Source MAC Address	Set checkbox to enable or disable source mac address validation of interface. All ARP packets will be checked whether sender mac is same as source mac in Ethernet header if enable source mac address validation. Default is disabled.
Destination MAC Address	Set checkbox to enable or disable destination mac address validation of interface. All ARP packets will be checked whether target mac is same as destination mac in Ethernet header if enable destination mac address validation. Default is disabled.
IP Address	Set checkbox to enable or disable IP address validation of interface. All ARP packets will be checked whether IP address is 0.0.0.0, 255.255.255.255 or multicast address. Default is disabled.
IP Address – Allow Zero	Set checkbox to enable or disable allow zero of IP address validation. 0.0.0.0 IP address is valid if allow zero enable. Default is disabled.
Rate Limit	Input rate limitation of ARP packets. The unit is pps. 0 means unlimited. Default is unlimited.

2.8.10.2. Statistics

This page allows users to browse all statistics that recorded by Dynamic ARP Inspection function.

To display Statistics page, click Security > Dynamic ARP Inspection > Statistics

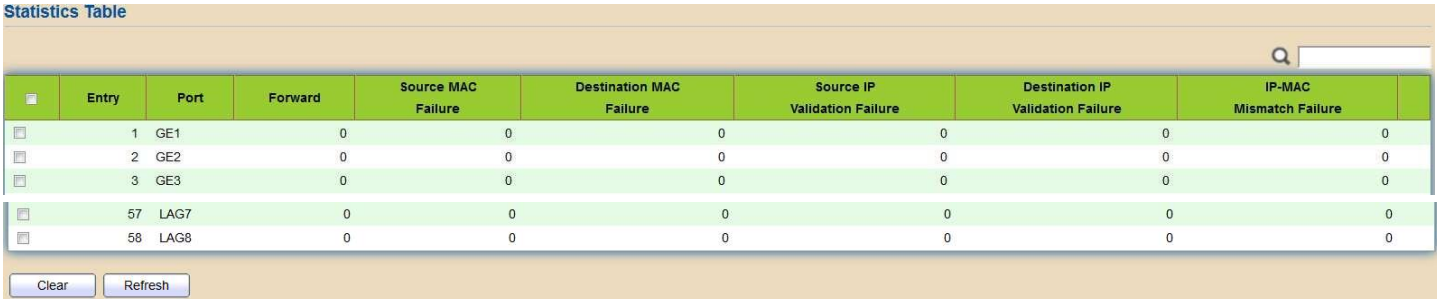


Figure 140 - Security > Dynamic ARP Inspection > statistics

Item	Description
Port	Display port ID.
Forwarded	Display how many packets forwarded normally.
Source MAC Failures	Display how many packets dropped by source MAC validation.
Destination MAC Failures	Display how many packets dropped by destination MAC validation.
Source IP Validation Failures	Display how many packets dropped by source IP validation.
Destination IP Validation Failures	Display how many packets dropped by destination IP validation.
IP-MAC Mismatch	Display how many packets dropped by IP-MAC doesn’ t match in IP Source Guard binding table.

2.8.11. DHCP Snooping

Use the DHCP Snooping pages to configure settings of DHCP Snooping

2.8.11.1. Property

This page allows users to configure global and per interface settings of DHCP Snooping.

To display property page, click Security > DHCP Snooping > Property

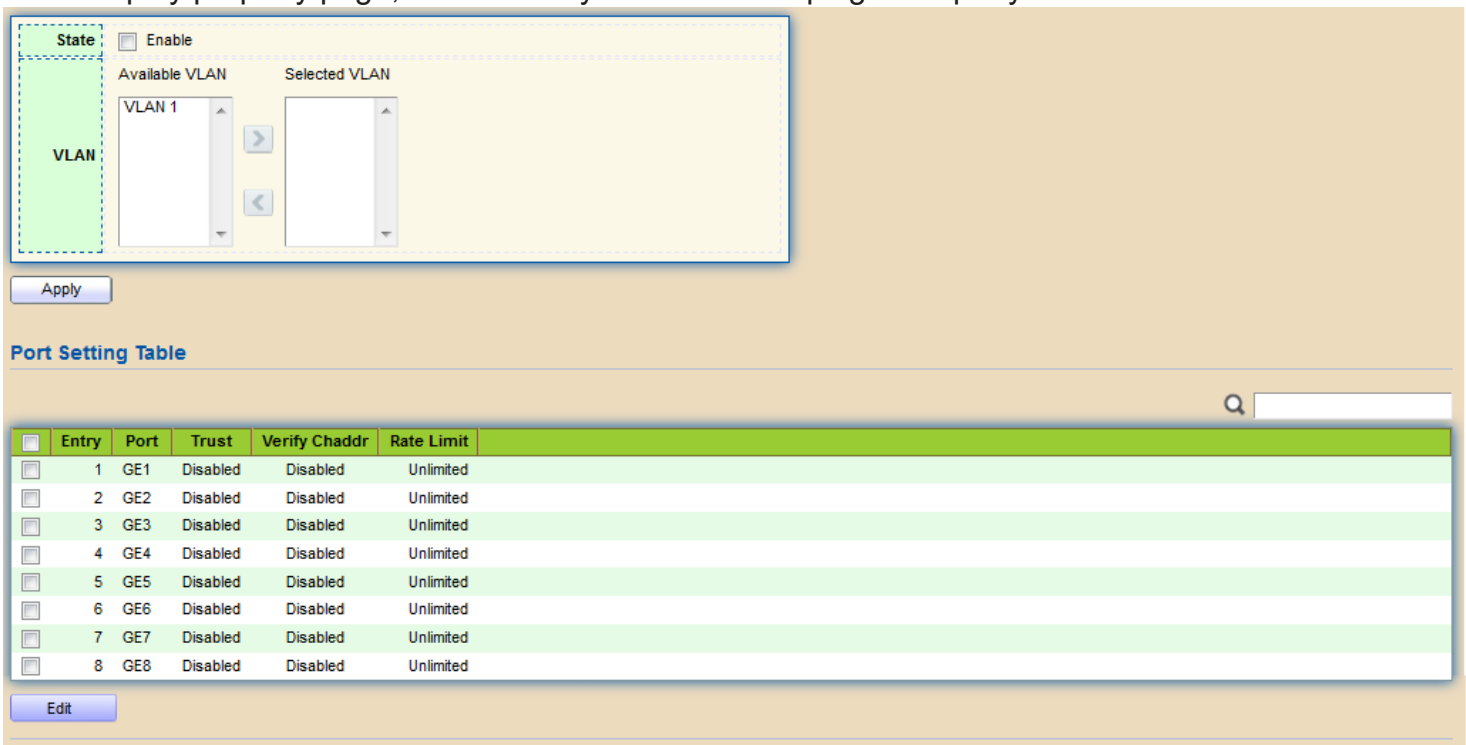


Figure 141 - Security > DHCP Snooping > Property

Item	Description
State	Set checkbox to enable/disable DHCP Snooping function.
VLAN	Select VLANs in left box then move to right to enable DHCP Snooping. Or select VLANs in right box then move to left to disable DHCP Snooping.
Port Setting Table	
Port	Display port ID.
Trust	Display enable/disabled trust attribute of interface.
Verify Chaddr	Display enable/disabled chaddr validation attribute of interface.
Rate Limit	Display rate limitation value of interface.

Click "Edit" button to view Edit Port Setting menu.

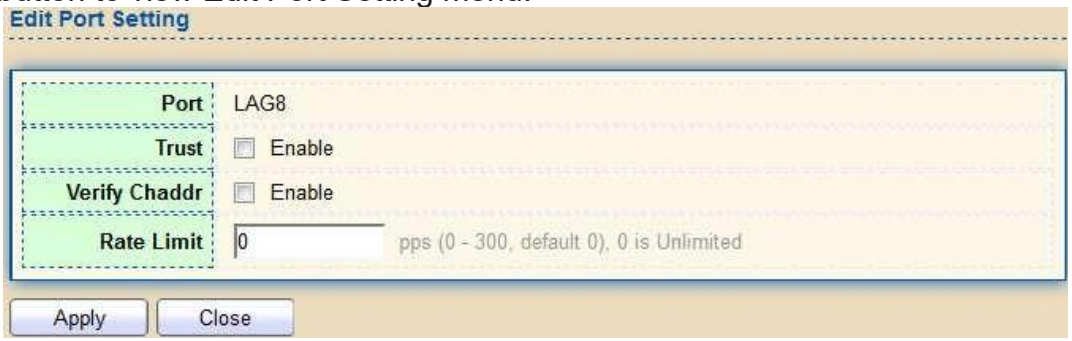
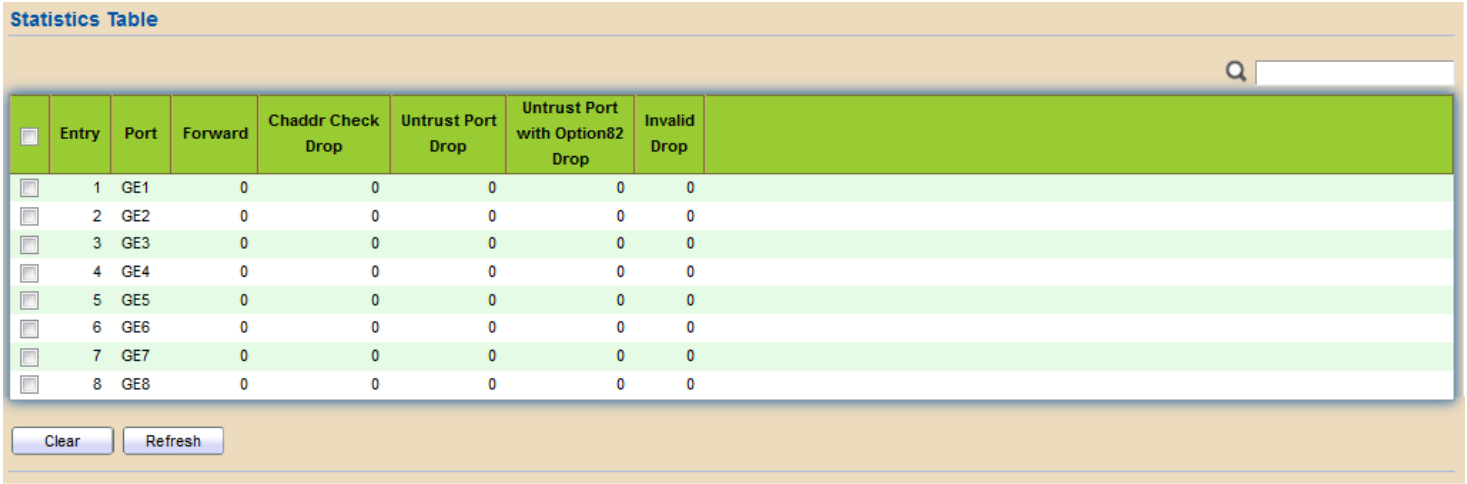


Figure 142 - Security > DHCP Snooping > Property > Edit Port Setting

Item	Description
Port	Display selected port to be edited
Trust	Set checkbox to enable/disabled trust of interface. All DHCP packet will be forward directly if enable trust. Default is disabled.
Verify Chaddr	Set checkbox to enable or disable chaddr validation of interface. All DHCP packets will be checked whether client hardware mac address is same as source mac in Ethernet header if enable chaddr validation. Default is disabled.
Rate Limit	Input rate limitation of DHCP packets. The unit is pps. 0 means unlimited. Default is unlimited.

2.8.11.2. Statistics

This page allows users to browse all statistics that recorded by DHCP snooping function.
To view the Statistics menu, navigate to Security > DHCP Snooping > Statistics.



Entry	Port	Forward	Chaddr Check Drop	Untrust Port Drop	Untrust Port with Option82 Drop	Invalid Drop
1	GE1	0	0	0	0	0
2	GE2	0	0	0	0	0
3	GE3	0	0	0	0	0
4	GE4	0	0	0	0	0
5	GE5	0	0	0	0	0
6	GE6	0	0	0	0	0
7	GE7	0	0	0	0	0
8	GE8	0	0	0	0	0

Figure 143 - Security > DHCP Snooping > Statistics

Item	Description
Port	Display port ID.
Forwarded	Display how many packets forwarded normally.
Chaddr Check Drop	Display how many packets dropped by chaddr validation.
Untrusted Port Drop	Display how many DHCP server packets that are received by untrusted port dropped.
Untrusted Port with Option82	Display how many packets dropped by untrusted port with option82 checking.
Invalid Drop	Display how many packets dropped by invalid checking.

2.8.11.3. Binding

This page allows users to browse the DHCP status, including the port, VLAN, Mac address, IP address, etc.

To view the Binding menu, navigate to Security > DHCP Snooping > Binding.

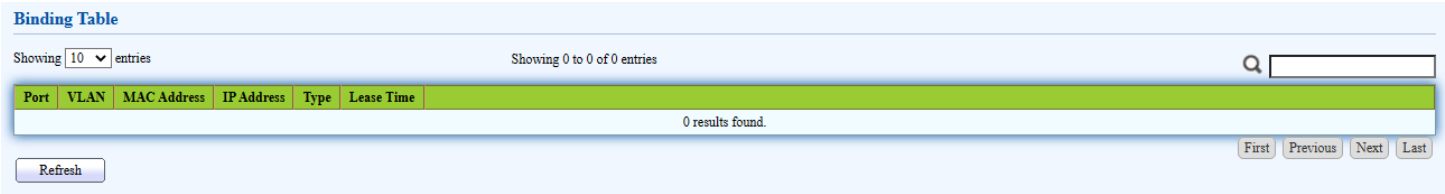


Figure 144 - Security > DHCP Snooping > Binding

2.8.11.4. Option82 Property

This page allows users to set string of DHCP option82 remote ID filed. The string will attach in option82 if option inserted.

To display Option82 Property page, click Security > DHCP Snooping > Option82 Property

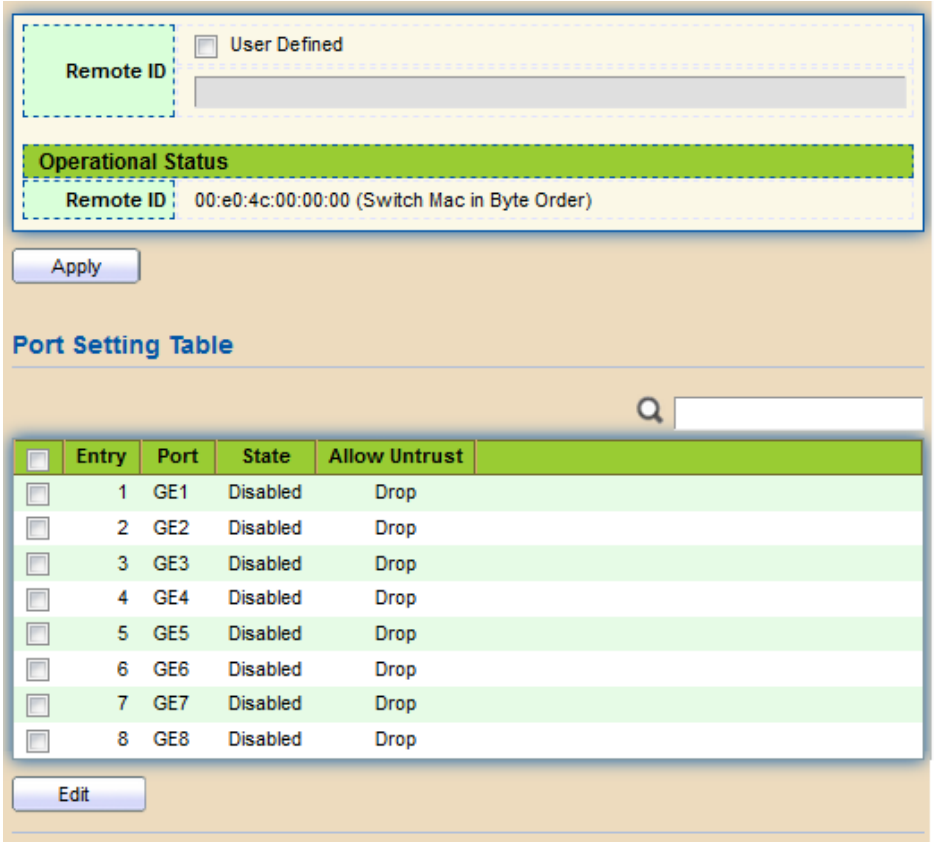


Figure 144 - Security > DHCP Snooping > Option82 Property

Item	Description
User-defined	Set checkbox to enable user-defined remote-ID. By default, remote ID is switch mac in byte order.
Remote ID	Input user-defined remote ID. Only available when enable user-define remote ID.
Port Setting Table	
Port	Display port ID.
State	Display option82 enable/disable status of interface.
Allow untrusted	Display allow untrusted action of interface.

Click "Edit" button to view Edit Port Setting menu.

Figure 145 - Security > DHCP Snooping > Option82 Property > Edit Port Setting

Item	Description
Port	Display selected port to be edited
State	Set checkbox to enable/disable option82 function of interface.
Allow untrusted	Select the action perform when untrusted port receive DHCP packet has option82 filed. Default is drop. • Keep: Keep original option82 content. • Replace: Replace option82 content by switch setting • Drop: Drop packets with option82

2.8.11.5. Option82 Circuit ID

This page allows users to set string of DHCP option82 circuit ID filed. The string will attach in option82 if option inserted.

To display Option82 Circuit ID page, click Security > DHCP Snooping > Option82 Circuit ID.

Figure 146 - Security > DHCP Snooping > Option82 Circuit ID

Item	Description
Port	Display port ID of entry.
VLAN	Display associate VLAN of entry.
Circuit ID	Display circuit ID string of entry.

Click “Add” button or "Edit" button to view the Add/Edit Option82 Circuit ID menu.

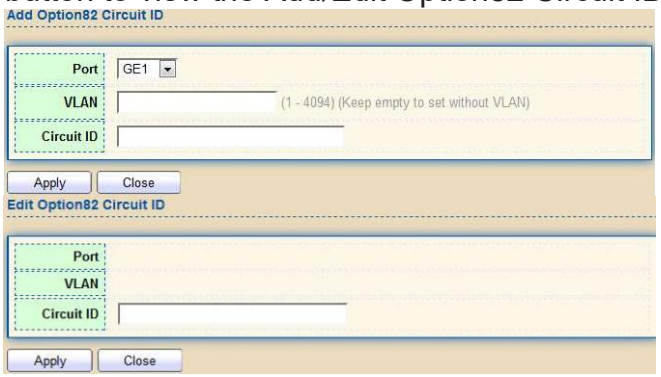


Figure 147 - Security > DHCP Snooping > Option82 Circuit ID> Add/Edit Option82 Circuit ID

Item	Description
Port	Select port from list to associate to CID entry. Only available on Add dialog.
VLAN	Input VLAN ID to associate to circuit ID entry. VLAN ID is not mandatory. Only available on Add dialog.
Circuit ID	Input String as circuit ID. Packets match port and VLAN will be inserted circuit ID.

2.8.12. IP Source Guard

Use the IP Source Guard pages to configure settings of IP Source Guard.

2.8.12.1. Port Setting

Use the IP Source Guard pages to configure settings of IP Source Guard.
To display Port Setting page, click Security > IP Source Guard > Port Setting.

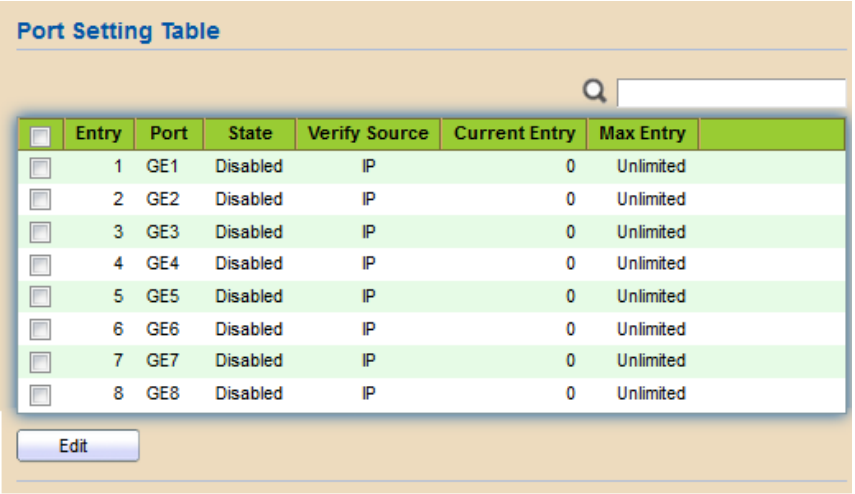


Figure 148 - Security > IP Source Guard > Port Setting

Item	Description
Port	Display port ID.
State	Display IP Source Guard enable/disable status of interface.
Verify Source	Display mode of IP Source Guard verification
Current Binding Entry	Display current binding entries of a interface.
Max Binding Entry	Display the number of maximum binding entry of interface.

Click "Edit" button to view the Edit Port Setting menu.

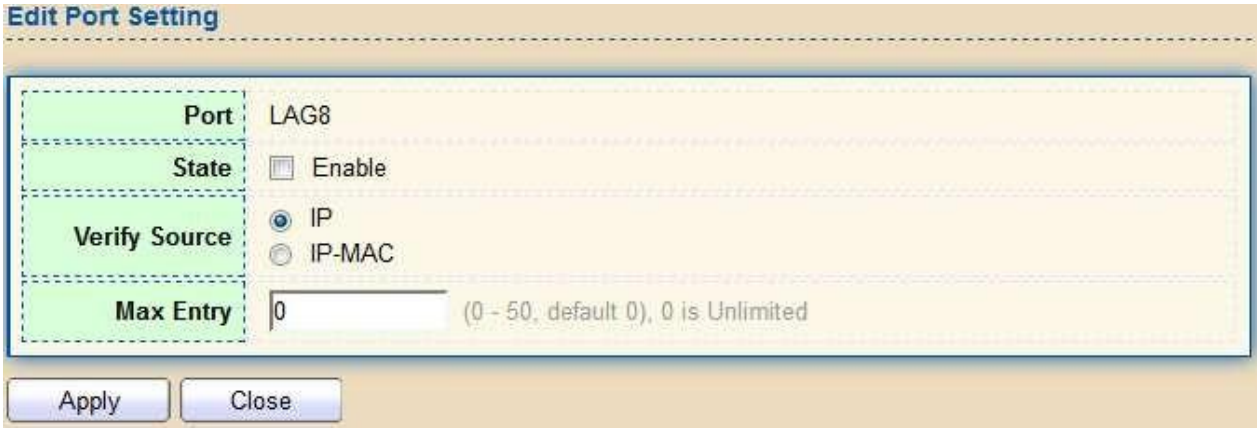


Figure 149 - Security > IP Source Guard > Port Setting > Edit Port Setting

Item	Description
Port	Display selected port to be edited.
Status	Set checkbox to enable or disable IP Source Guard function. Default is disabled.
Verify Source	Select the mode of IP Source Guard verification • IP: Only verify source IP address of packet. • IP-MAC: Verify source IP and source MAC address of packet.
Max Entry	Input the maximum number of entries that a port can be bounded. Default is un-limited on all ports. No entry will be bound if limitation reached.

2.8.12.2. IMPV Binding

This page allows users to add static IP source guard entry and browse all IP source guard entries that learned by DHCP snooping or statically create by users.

To display IPMV Binding page, click Security > IP Source Guard > IMPV Binding

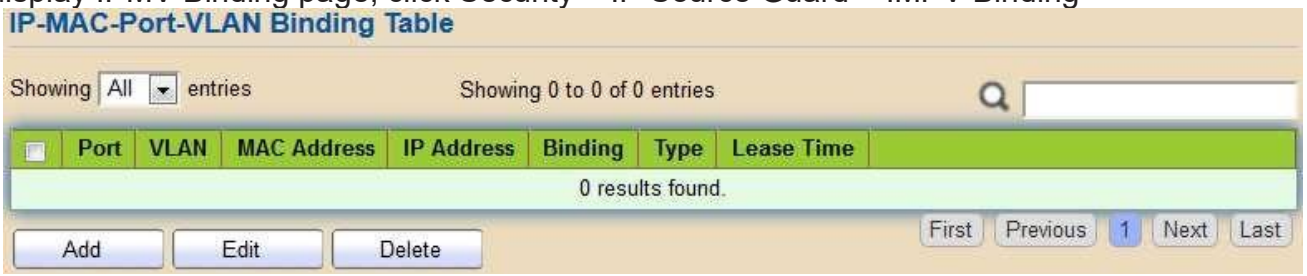


Figure 150 - Security > IP Source Guard > IMPV Binding

Item	Description
Port	Display port ID of entry.
VLAN	Display VLAN ID of entry.
MAC Address	Display MAC address of entry. Only available of IP-MAC binding entry.
IP Address	Display IP address of entry. Mask always to be 255.255.255.255 for IP-MAC binding. IP binding entry display user input.
Binding	Display binding type of entry.
Type	Type of existing binding entry • Static: Entry added by users. • Dynamic: Entry learned by DHCP snooping.
Lease Time	Lease time of DHCP Snooping learned entry. After lease time entry will be deleted. Only available of dynamic entry.

Click "Add" or “Edit” button to view the Add/Edit IP-MAC-Port-VLAN Binding menu.

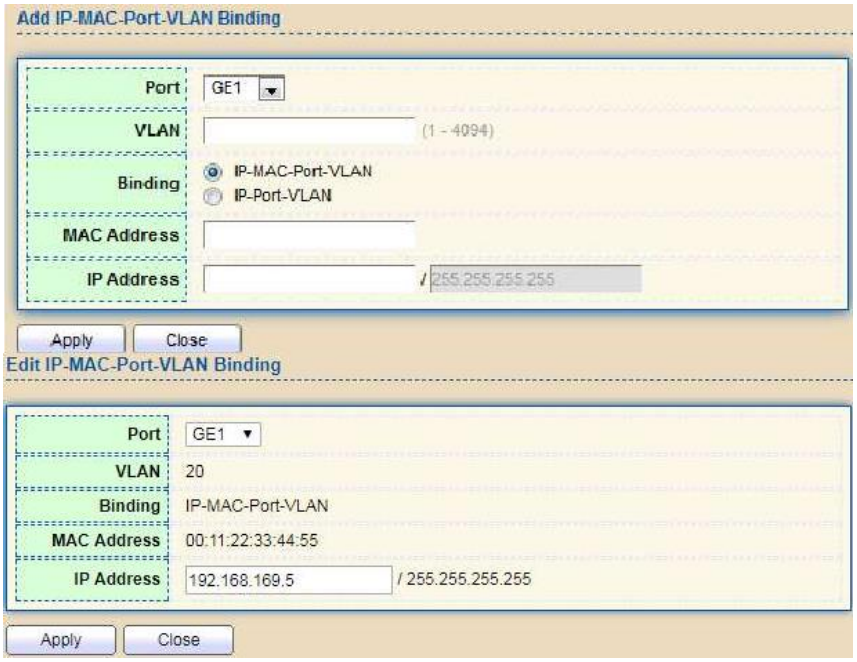


Figure 151 - Security > IP Source Guard > Add/Edit IP-MAC-Port-VLAN Binding

Item	Description
Port	Select port from list of a binding entry.
VLAN	Specify a VLAN ID of a binding entry.
Binding	Select matching mode of binding entry • IP-MAC-Port-VLAN: packet must match IP address, MAC address, Port, and VLAN ID. • IP-Port-VLAN: packet must match IP address or subnet, Port, and VLAN ID.
MAC Address	Input MAC address. Only available on IP-MAC-Port-VLAN mode.
IP Address	Input IP address and mask. Mask only available on IP- MAC-Port mode.

2.8.12.3. Save Database

This page allows users to configure DHCP snooping database which can backup and restore dynamic DHCP snooping entries.

To display Save Database page, click Security > DHCP Snooping > Save Database.

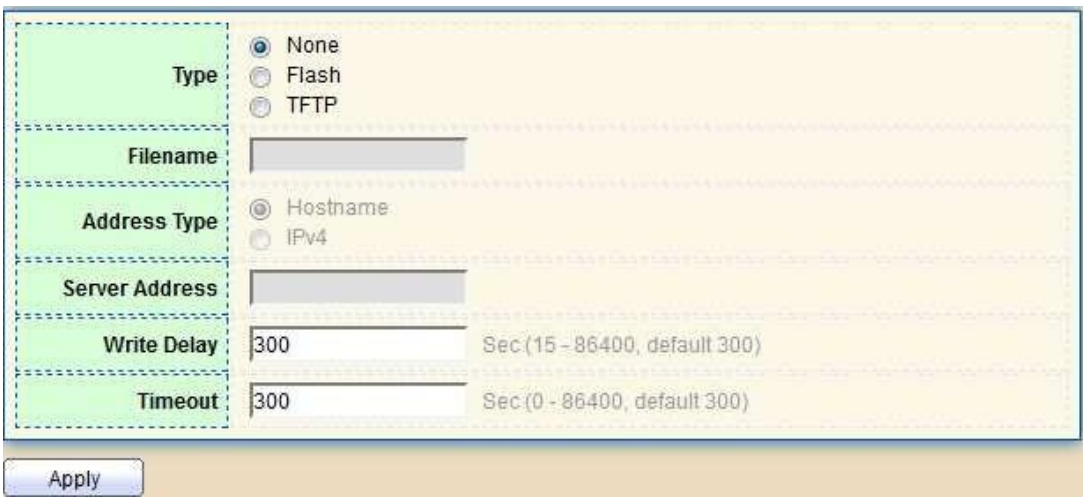


Figure 152 - Security > IP Source Guard > Save Database

Item	Description
Type	Select the type of database agent. • None: Disable database agent service. • Flash: Save DHCP dynamic binding entries to flash. • TFTP: Save DHCP dynamic binding entries to remote TFTP server.
Filename	Input filename for backup file. Only available when selecting type “flash” and “TFTP”.
Address Type	Select the type of TFTP server. • Hostname: TFTP server address is hostname. • IPv4: TFTP server address is IPv4 address
Server Address	Input remote TFTP server hostname or IP address. Only available when selecting type “TFTP”
Write Delay	Input delay timer for doing backup after change happened. Default is 300 seconds.
Timeout	Input aborts timeout for doing backup failure. Default is 300 seconds.

2.9. PoE

Manage global PoE information and ports.

2.9.1. PoE Global information

This page allows users to configure PoE global configurations.

To display the Global web page, click PoE > PoE Global Information.

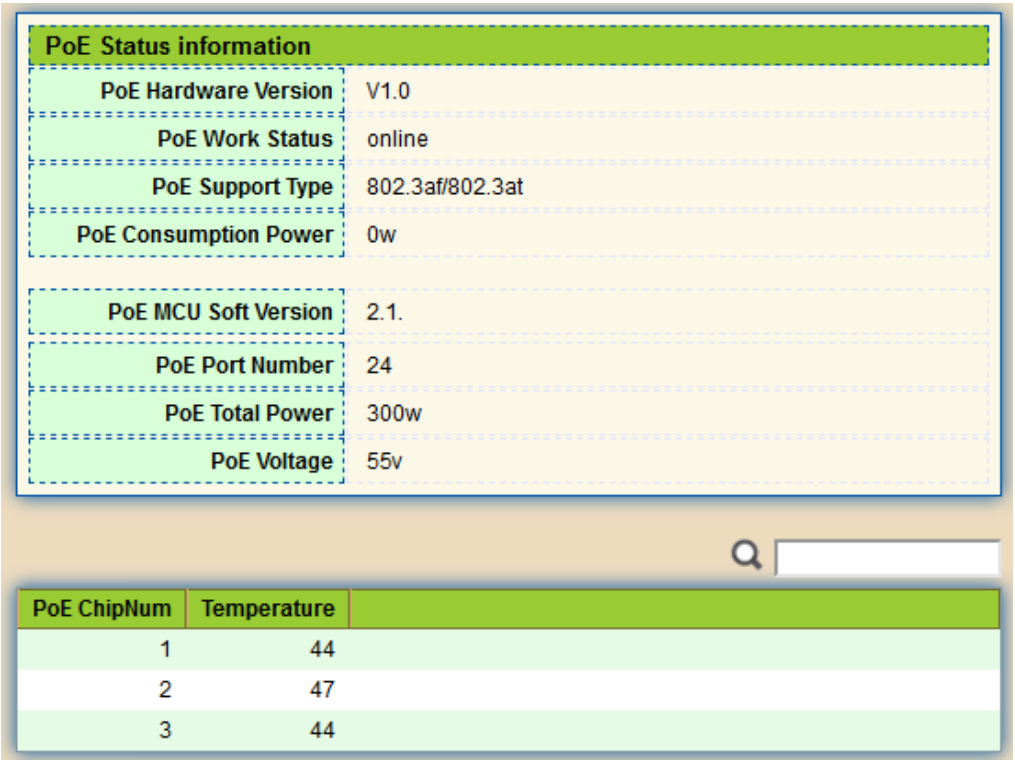


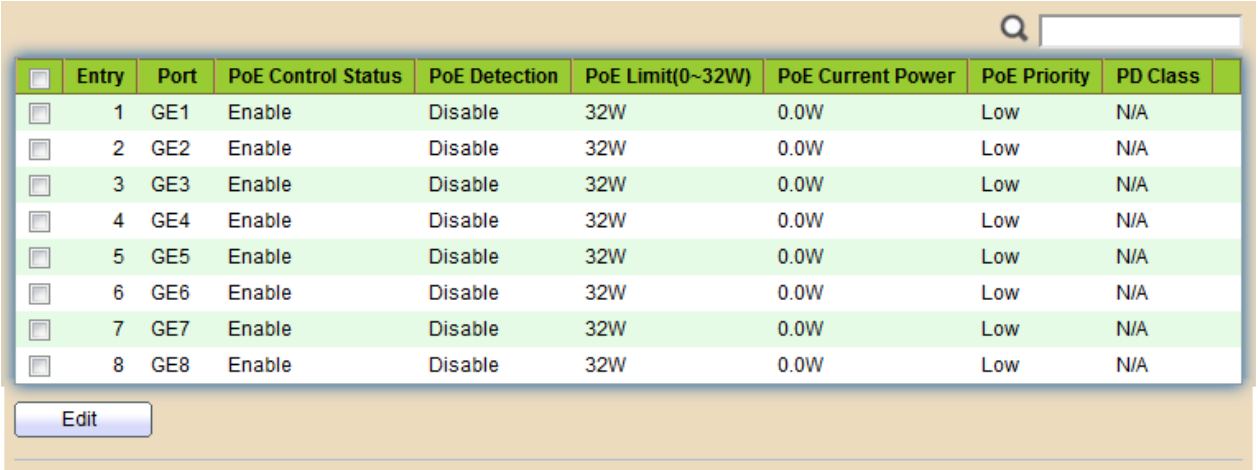
Figure 153 - PoE > PoE Global information

Item	Description
PoE Hardware Version	Hardware version of the PoE module.
PoE Work Status	Working status of the current PoE module.
PoE Support Type	The type of PoE protocol supported by this PoE module.
PoE Consuming Power	Current consumed power.
PoE MCU Soft Version	MCU software version of this PoE module.
PoE Port Number	The number of PoE ports supported by this PoE module.
PoE Total Power	Maximum supply power.
PoE Voltage	Input voltage of the PoE module.
PoE Chipnum	Chip serial number.
Temperature	Chip temperature.

2.9.2. PoE Port

Use this page to set the status, power priority, and power limit of the PoE port.

To display the Priority Setting web page, click PoE > PoE Port.



Entry	Port	PoE Control Status	PoE Detection	PoE Limit(0~32W)	PoE Current Power	PoE Priority	PD Class
1	GE1	Enable	Disable	32W	0.0W	Low	N/A
2	GE2	Enable	Disable	32W	0.0W	Low	N/A
3	GE3	Enable	Disable	32W	0.0W	Low	N/A
4	GE4	Enable	Disable	32W	0.0W	Low	N/A
5	GE5	Enable	Disable	32W	0.0W	Low	N/A
6	GE6	Enable	Disable	32W	0.0W	Low	N/A
7	GE7	Enable	Disable	32W	0.0W	Low	N/A
8	GE8	Enable	Disable	32W	0.0W	Low	N/A

Edit

Figure 154-1 - PoE > PoE Port

Item	Description
Port	Display port ID of entry.
Control Status	Displays the enabled/disabled status of the PoE interface or PoE Forcepower.
Detection	Display PoE detection results.
PoE Limit	Display the maximum usable power of the port.
Current Power	Display the current power used by the port.
PoE Priority	Display port power priority. “Low” is lower priority; “High” is high priority; “Critical” is Critical priority.
PD Class	Display the type of PD.

Select the port ID(s) and click the “Edit” button to view the edit page.

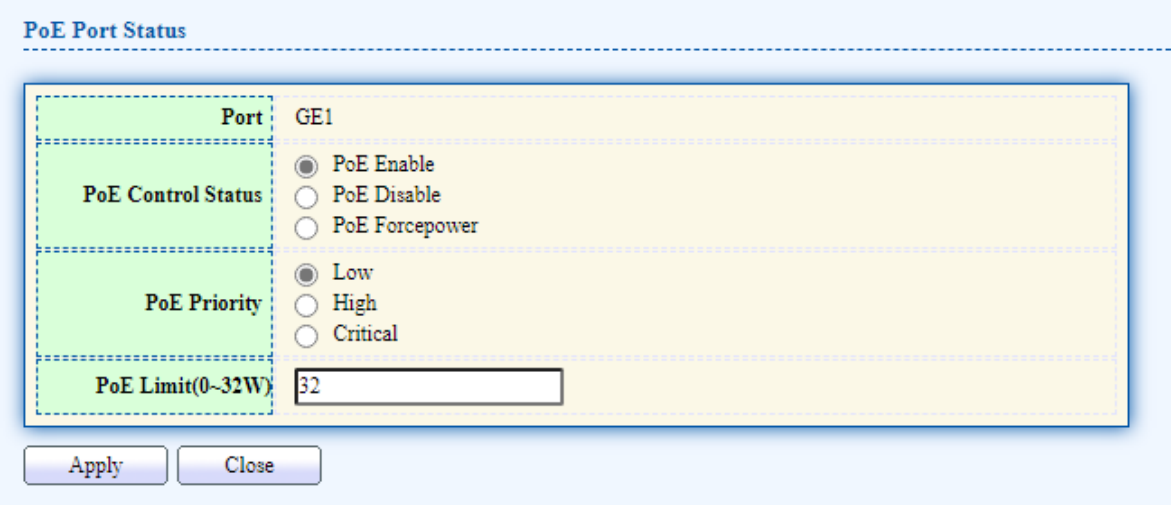


Figure 154-2 - PoE > PoE Port > Edit PoE Port

Item	Description
Port	Display port ID of entry.
Control Status	select the enabled/disabled status of the PoE interface or PoE Forcepower.
PoE Priority	select port power priority. “Low” is lower priority; “High” is high priority; “Critical” is Critical priority.
PoE Limit	Enter max supply power value for the selected port list. The default is 32.

Note: Take extra care when using the PoE Forcepower mode, since no PD detection is performed and power is automatically injected.

Use this mode only after you have made sure that either the PoE unit is connected to a valid PD capable of receiving PoE power, or during the manufacturers testing.

If a port is disabled and then forced on, the port remains off until the port is enabled, and only then is the port connected.

If a port was forced on and then disabled, the PoE system ignores the disable command and returns an error report.

2.9.3. PoE PD Alive Check

Use this page to power down the PoE interface restart.

To display the PoE PD Alive Check web page, click PoE > PoE PD Alive Check.

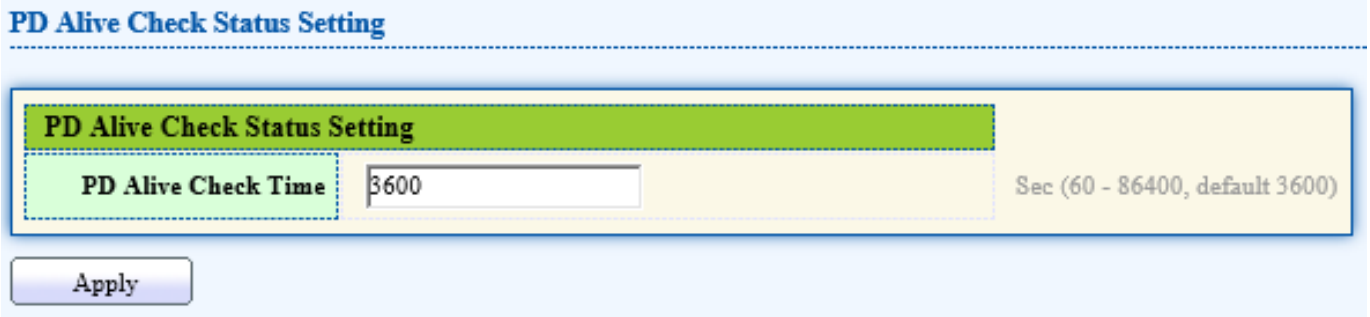


Figure 155 - PoE > PoE PD Alive Check

Item	Description
PD Alive Check Time	Set time value to get one data flow. Determine whether to restart based on the data traffic of the two periods.

2.9.4. MCU Upgrade

Use this page to upgrade MCU.

To display the MCU Upgrade web page, click PoE > MCU Upgrade.

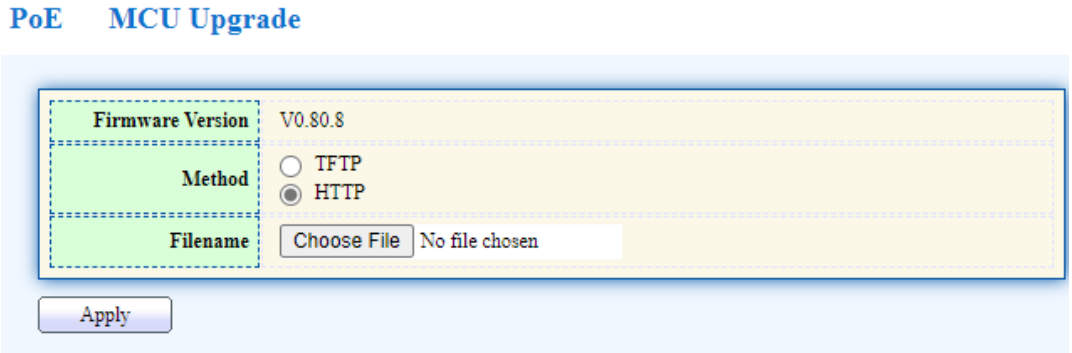
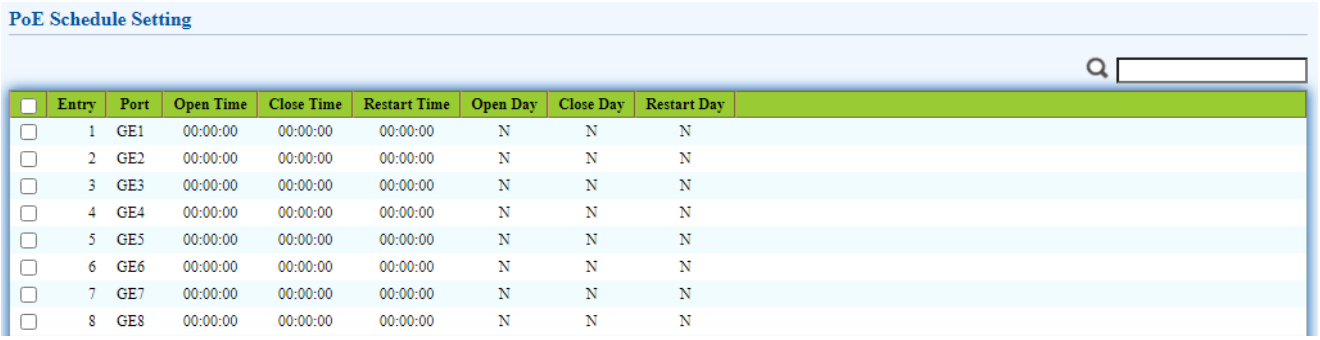


Figure 156 - PoE > MCU Upgrade

2.9.5. PoE Schedule

Use this page to set the open time, close time, restart time, open day, close day, and restart day of the PoE schedule.

To display the Priority Setting web page, click PoE > PoE Schedule.



Entry	Port	Open Time	Close Time	Restart Time	Open Day	Close Day	Restart Day
1	GE1	00:00:00	00:00:00	00:00:00	N	N	N
2	GE2	00:00:00	00:00:00	00:00:00	N	N	N
3	GE3	00:00:00	00:00:00	00:00:00	N	N	N
4	GE4	00:00:00	00:00:00	00:00:00	N	N	N
5	GE5	00:00:00	00:00:00	00:00:00	N	N	N
6	GE6	00:00:00	00:00:00	00:00:00	N	N	N
7	GE7	00:00:00	00:00:00	00:00:00	N	N	N
8	GE8	00:00:00	00:00:00	00:00:00	N	N	N

Figure 156-1 - PoE > PoE Schedule

Select the port ID(s) and click the “Edit” button to view the edit page.

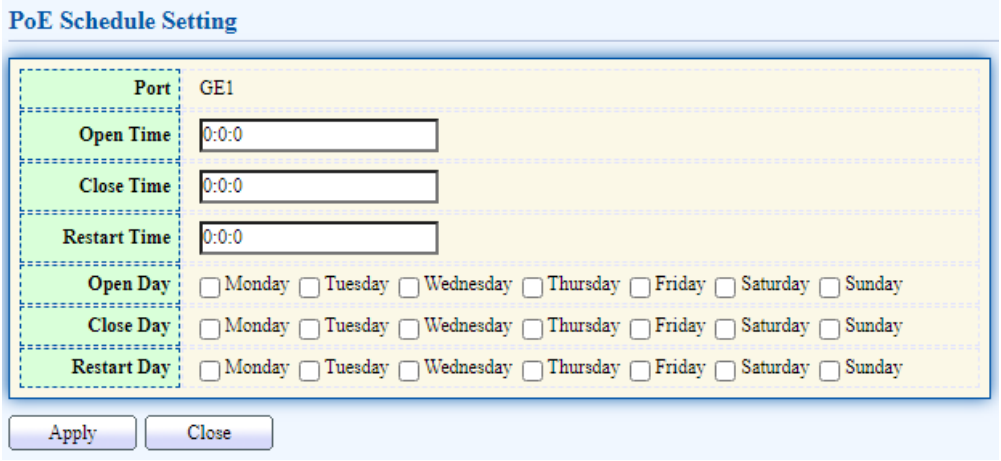


Figure 156-2 - PoE > PoE Schedule > Edit PoE Schedule

Item	Description
Port	Display port ID of entry.
Open Time	Displays the opening time of the port.
Close Time	Displays the closing time of the port.
Restart Time	Displays the restarting time of the port.
Open Day	Displays the opening date of the port.
Close Day	Displays the closing date of the port.
Restart Day	Displays the restarting date of the port.

2.10. ONVIF

Manage ONVIF device.

2.11.1. ONVIF Server

This page allows users to use the switch as a server.

To display the ONVIF Server page, click ONVIF > ONVIF Server.

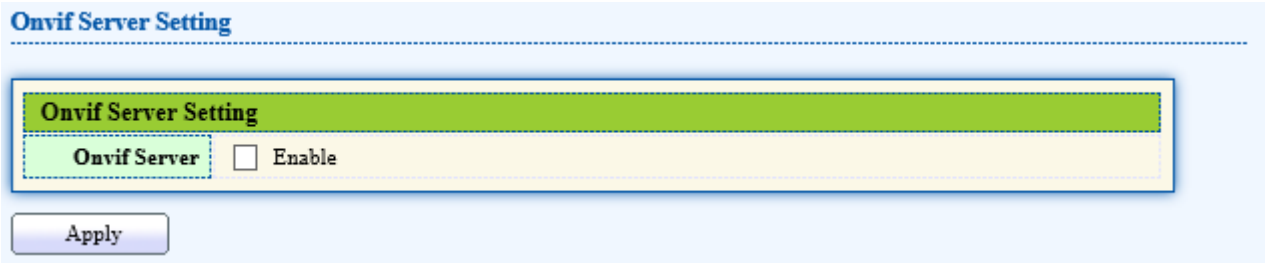


Figure 157 - ONVIF > ONVIF Server

Item	Description
ONVIF Server	Setting up the switch as an ONVIF server

2.11.2. ONVIF Discover

This page shows a list of ONVIF devices.

To display the ONVIF Discover page, click ONVIF > ONVIF Discover.

Figure 158 - ONVIF > ONVIF Discover

Item	Description
Mac Address	Show mac address of ONVIF device
IP Address	Show IP address of ONVIF device
Interface	Display the port ID of the switch connected to the device
Model	Display the model of the ONVIF device
Description	Show description of ONVIF device
Location	Show production origin of ONVIF equipment
ONVIF Scan	Detect ONVIF devices in the network
Delete	Clear selected entry device

2.12. ACL

Use the ACL pages to configure settings for the switch ACL features.

2.12.1. MAC ACL

This page allows users to add or delete ACL rule. A rule cannot be deleted if under binding.

To display MAC ACL page, click ACL > MAC ACL

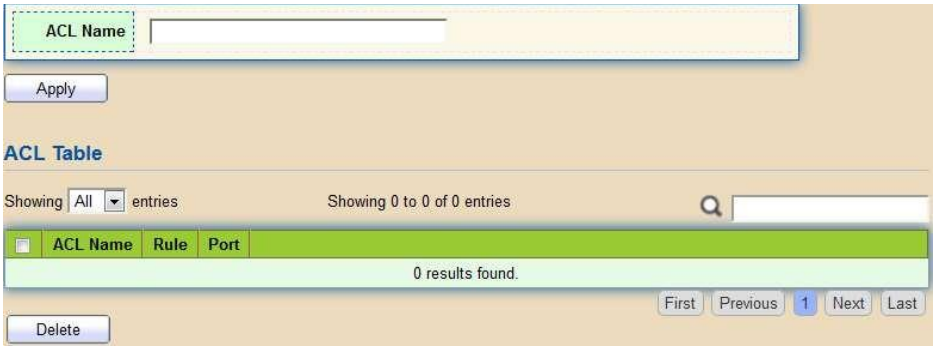


Figure 159 - ACL > MAC ACL

Item	Description
ACL Name	Input MAC ACL name.
ACL Name	Display MAC ACL name.
Rule	Display the number ACE rule of ACL.
Port	Display the port list that bind this ACL.

2.12.2. MAC ACE

This page allows users to add, edit or delete ACE rule. An ACE rule cannot be edited or deleted if ACL under binding. New ACE cannot be added if ACL under binding.

To display MAC ACE page, click ACL > MAC ACE

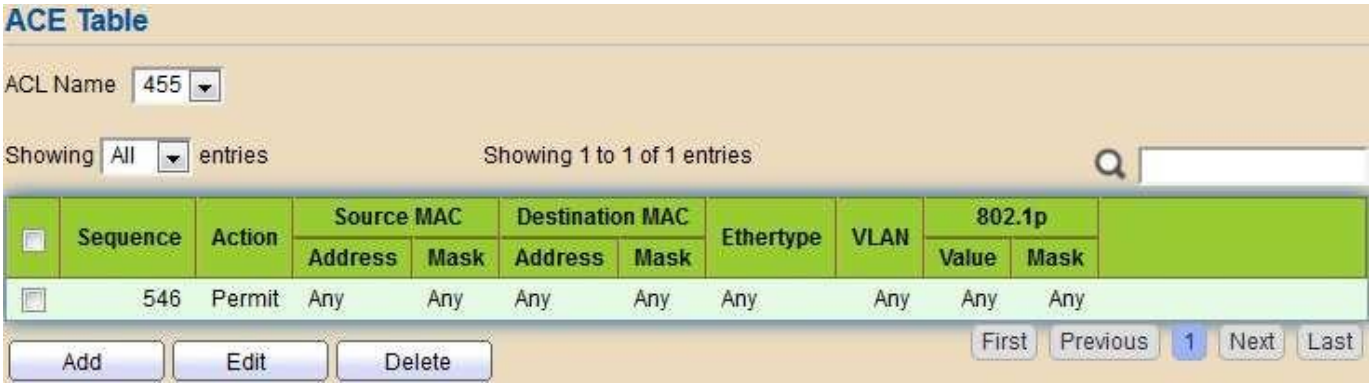


Figure 160 - ACL > MAC ACE

Item	Description
ACL Name	Select the ACL name to which an ACE is being added.
Sequence	Display the sequence of ACE.

Action	Display the action of ACE.
Source MAC	Display the source MAC address and mask of ACE.
Destination MAC	Display the destination MAC address and mask of ACE.
Ethertype	Display the Ethernet frame type of ACE.
VLAN ID	Display the VLAN ID of ACE.
802.1p Value	Display the 802.1p value of ACE.
802.1p Mask	Display the 802.1p mask of ACE.

Click “Edit” button to view the Edit ACE menu.

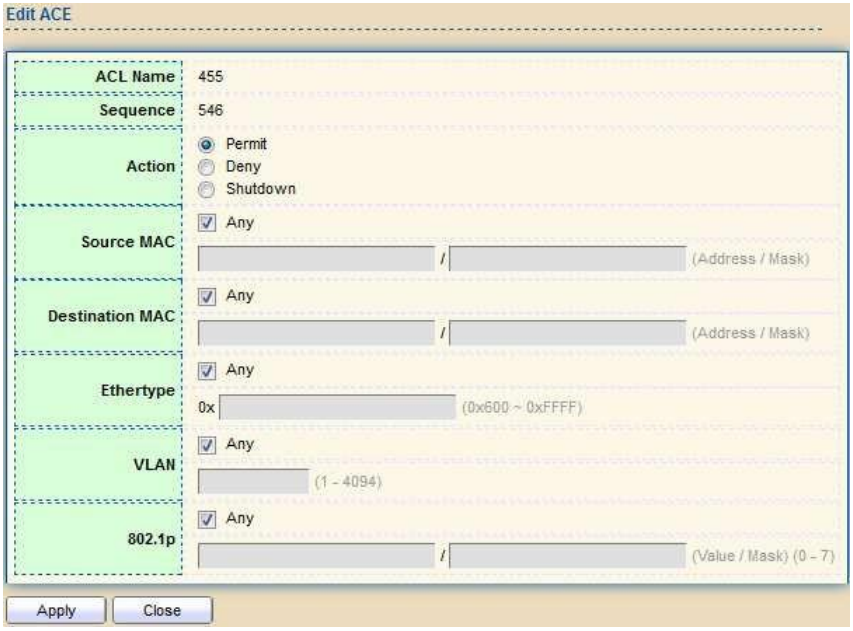


Figure 161 - ACL > Edit ACE

Item	Description
ACL Name	Display the ACL name to which an ACE is being added.
Sequence	Specify the sequence of the ACE. ACEs with higher sequence are processed first (1 is the highest priority). Only available on Add Dialog.
Action	Select the action after ACE match packet. ● Permit: Forward packets that meet the ACE criteria. ● Deny: Drop packets that meet the ACE criteria. ● Shutdown: Drop packets that meet the ACE criteria, and disable the port from where the packets were received. Such ports can be reactivated from the Port Settings page.

Source MAC	Select the type for source MAC address. ● Any: All source addresses are acceptable. ● User-defined: Only a source address or a range of source addresses which users define are acceptable. Enter the source MAC address and mask to which will be matched.
Destination MAC	Select the type for Destination MAC address. ● Any: All destination addresses are acceptable. ● User-defined: Only a destination address or a range of destination addresses which users define are acceptable. Enter the destination MAC address and mask to which will be matched.
Ethertype	Select the type for Ethernet frame type. ● Any: All Ethernet frame type is acceptable. ● User-defined: Only an Ethernet frame type which users define is acceptable. Enter the Ethernet frame type value to which will be matched.
VLAN	Select the type for VLAN ID. ● Any: All VLAN ID is acceptable. ● User-defined: Only a VLAN ID which users define is acceptable. Enter the VLAN ID to which will be matched.
802.1p	Select the type for 802.1p value. ● Any: All 802.1p value is acceptable. ● User-defined: Only an 802.1p value or a range of 802.1p value which users define is acceptable. Enter the 802.1p value and mask to which will be matched.

2.12.3. IPv4 ACL

This page allows users to add or delete IPv4 ACL rule. A rule cannot be deleted if under binding.

To display IPv4 ACL page, click ACL > IPv4 ACL

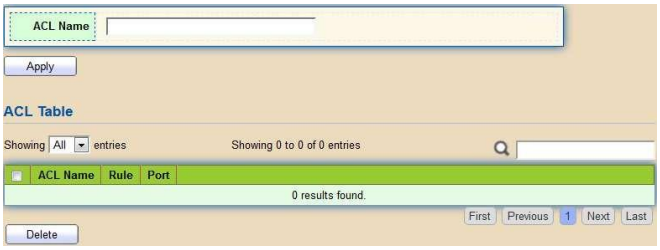


Figure 162 - ACL > IPv4 ACL

Item	Description
ACL Name	Input IPv4 ACL name.
ACL Name	Display IPv4 ACL name.
Rule	Display the number ACE rule of ACL.
Port	Display the port list that bind this ACL.

2.12.4. IPv4 ACE

This page allows users to add, edit or delete ACE rule. An ACE rule cannot be edited or deleted if ACL under binding. New ACE cannot be added if ACL under binding.

To display IPv4 ACE page, click ACL > IPv4 ACE

Figure 169 - ACL > IPv4 ACE

Item	Description
ACL Name	Select the ACL name to which an ACE is being added.
Sequence	Display the sequence of ACE.
Action	Display the action of ACE.
Protocol	Display the protocol value of ACE.
Source IP	Display the source IP address and mask of ACE.
Destination IP	Display the destination IP address and mask of ACE.
Source Port	Display single source port or a range of source ports of ACE. Only available when protocol is TCP or UDP.
Destination Port	Display single destination port or a range of destination ports of ACE. Only available when protocol is TCP or UDP.
TCP Flags	Display the TCP flag value if ACE. Only available when protocol is TCP.
Type of Service	Display the ToS value of ACE which could be DSCP or IP Precedence.
ICMP	Display the ICMP type and code of ACE. Only available when protocol is ICMP.

Click "Add" or “Edit” button to view the Add/Edit ACE menu.

Add ACE

ACL Name	35135
Sequence	(1 - 2147483647)
Action	Permit Deny Shutdown
Protocol	Any Select ICMP Define (0 - 255)
Source IP	Any / (Address / Mask)
Destination IP	Any / (Address / Mask)
Type of Service	Any DSCP (0 - 63) IP Precedence (0 - 7)
Source Port	Any Single (0 - 65535) Range - (0 - 65535)
Destination Port	Any Single (0 - 65535) Range - (0 - 65535)
TCP Flags	Urg: Set Unset Don't care Ack: Set Unset Don't care Psh: Set Unset Don't care Rst: Set Unset Don't care Syn: Set Unset Don't care Fin: Set Unset Don't care
ICMP Type	Any Select Echo Reply Define (0 - 255)
ICMP Code	Any Define (0 - 255)

Apply Close

Edit ACE

ACL Name	35135
Sequence	7587
Action	Permit Deny Shutdown
Protocol	Any Select ICMP Define (0 - 255)
Source IP	Any / (Address / Mask)
Destination IP	Any / (Address / Mask)
Type of Service	Any DSCP (0 - 63) IP Precedence (0 - 7)
Source Port	Any Single (0 - 65535) Range - (0 - 65535)
Destination Port	Any Single (0 - 65535) Range - (0 - 65535)
TCP Flags	Urg: Set Unset Don't care Ack: Set Unset Don't care Psh: Set Unset Don't care Rst: Set Unset Don't care Syn: Set Unset Don't care Fin: Set Unset Don't care
ICMP Type	Any Select Echo Reply Define (0 - 255)
ICMP Code	Any Define (0 - 255)

Apply Close

Figure 170 - ACL > Add/Edit ACE

Item	Description
ACL Name	Display the ACL name to which an ACE is being added.
Sequence	Specify the sequence of the ACE. ACEs with higher sequence are processed first (1 is the highest sequence). Only available on Add dialog.
Action	Select the action for a match. ● Permit: Forward packets that meet the ACE criteria. ● Deny: Drop packets that meet the ACE criteria. ● Shutdown: Drop packets that meet the ACE criteria, and disable the port from where the packets were received. Such ports can be reactivated from the Port Settings page.
Protocol	Select the type of protocol for a match. ● Any (IP): All IP protocols are acceptable. ● Select from list: Select one of the following protocols from the drop-down list. (ICMP/IPinIP/TCP/EGP/IGP/UDP/HMP/RDP/IPV6/IPV6:ROUT /IPV6:FRAG/ RSVP/IPV6:ICMP/OSPF/PIM/L2TP) ● Protocol ID to match: Enter the protocol ID.
Source IP	Select the type for source IP address. ● Any: All source addresses are acceptable. ● User-defined: Only a source address or a range of source addresses which users define are acceptable. Enter the source IP address value and mask to which will be matched.
Destination IP	Select the type for destination IP address. ● Any: All destination addresses are acceptable. ● User-defined: Only a destination address or a range of destination addresses which users define are acceptable. Enter the destination IP address value and mask to which will be matched.
Source Port	Select the type of protocol for a match. Only available when protocol is TCP or UDP. ● Any: All source ports are acceptable. ● Single: Enter a single TCP/UDP source port to which packets are matched. ● Range: Select a range of TCP/UDP source ports to which the packet is matched. There are eight different port ranges that can be configured (shared between source and destination ports). TCP and UDP protocols each have eight port ranges.

Destination Port	Select the type of protocol for a match. Only available when protocol is TCP or UDP. ● Any: All source ports are acceptable. ● Single: Enter a single TCP/UDP source port to which packets are matched. Range: Select a range of TCP/UDP source ports to which the packet is matched. There are eight different port ranges that can be configured (shared between source and destination ports). TCP and UDP protocols each have eight port ranges.
Destination Port	Select the type of protocol for a match. Only available when protocol is TCP or UDP. ● Any: All source ports are acceptable. ● Single: Enter a single TCP/UDP source port to which packets are matched. ● Range: Select a range of TCP/UDP source ports to which the packet is matched. There are eight different port ranges that can be configured (shared between source and destination ports). TCP and UDP protocols each have eight port ranges.
TCP Flags	Select one or more TCP flags with which to filter packets. Filtered packets are either forwarded or dropped. Filtering packets by TCP flags increases packet control, which increases network security. Only available when protocol is TCP.
Type of Service	Select the type of service for a match. ● Any: All types of service are acceptable. ● DSCP to match: Enter a Differentiated Serves Code Point (DSCP) to match. ● IP Precedence to match: Enter a IP Precedence to match.
ICMP Type	Either select the message type by name or enter the message type number. Only available when protocol is ICMP. ● Any: All message types are acceptable. ● Select from list: Select message type by name. ● Protocol ID to match: Enter the number of message type.
ICMP Code	Select the type for ICMP code. Only available when protocol is ICMP. ● Any: All codes are acceptable. ● User-defined: Enter an ICMP code to match.

2.12.5. IPv6 ACL

This page allows users to add or delete Ipv6 ACL rule. A rule cannot be deleted if under binding.

To display Ipv6 ACL page, click ACL > Ipv6 ACL

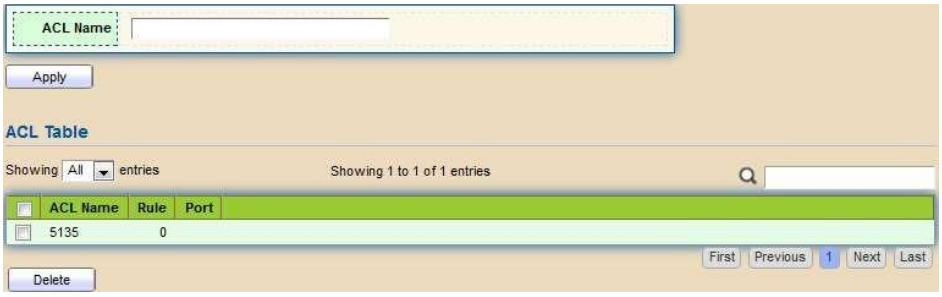


Figure 171 – ACL > Ipv6 ACL

Item	Description
ACL Name	Input Ipv6 ACL name.
ACL Name	Display Ipv6 ACL name.
Rule	Display the number ACE rule of ACL.
Port	Display the port list that bind this ACL.

2.12.6. Ipv6 ACE

This page allows users to add, edit or delete ACE rule. An ACE rule cannot be edited or deleted if ACL under binding. New ACE cannot be added if ACL under binding.

To display Ipv6 ACE page, click ACL > Ipv6 ACE

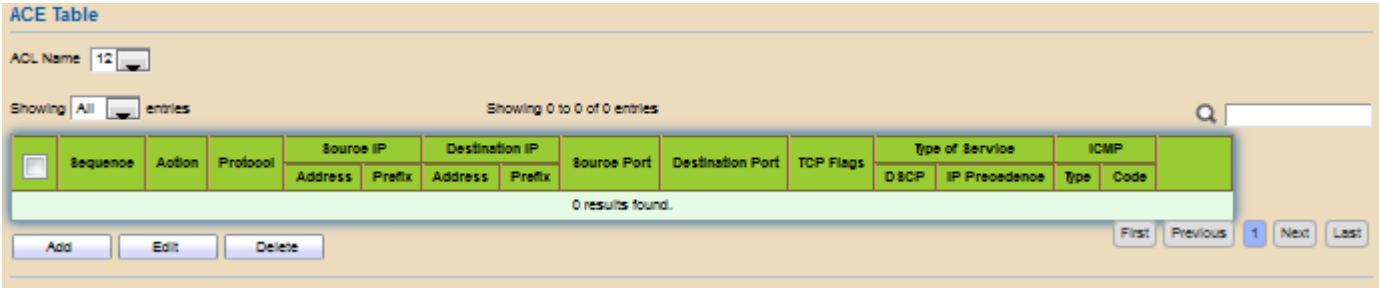
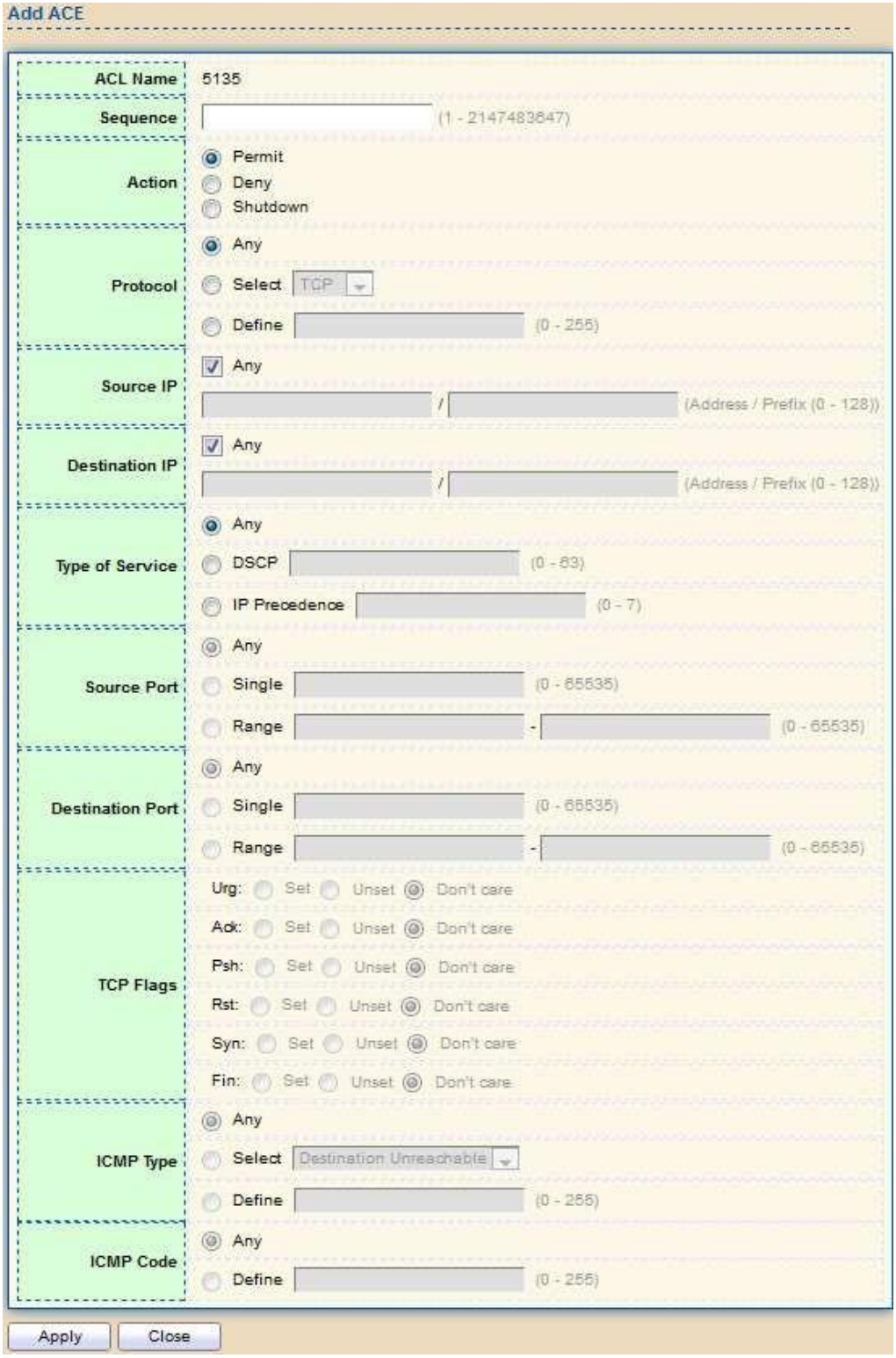


Figure 172 – ACL > Ipv6 ACE

Item	Description
ACL Name	Select the ACL name to which an ACE is being added.
Sequence	Display the sequence of ACE.
Action	Display the action of ACE.
Protocol	Display the protocol value of ACE.
Source IP	Display the source IP address and mask of ACE.
Destination IP	Display the destination IP address and mask of ACE.
Source Port	Display single source port or a range of source ports of ACE. Only available when protocol is TCP or UDP.
Destination Port	Display single destination port or a range of destination ports of ACE. Only available when protocol is TCP or UDP.
TCP Flags	Display the TCP flag value if ACE. Only available when protocol is TCP.
Type of Service	Display the ToS value of ACE which could be DSCP or IP Precedence.
ICMP	Display the ICMP type and code of ACE. Only available when protocol is ICMP.

Click “Add” or “Edit” button to view the Add/Edit ACE menu.



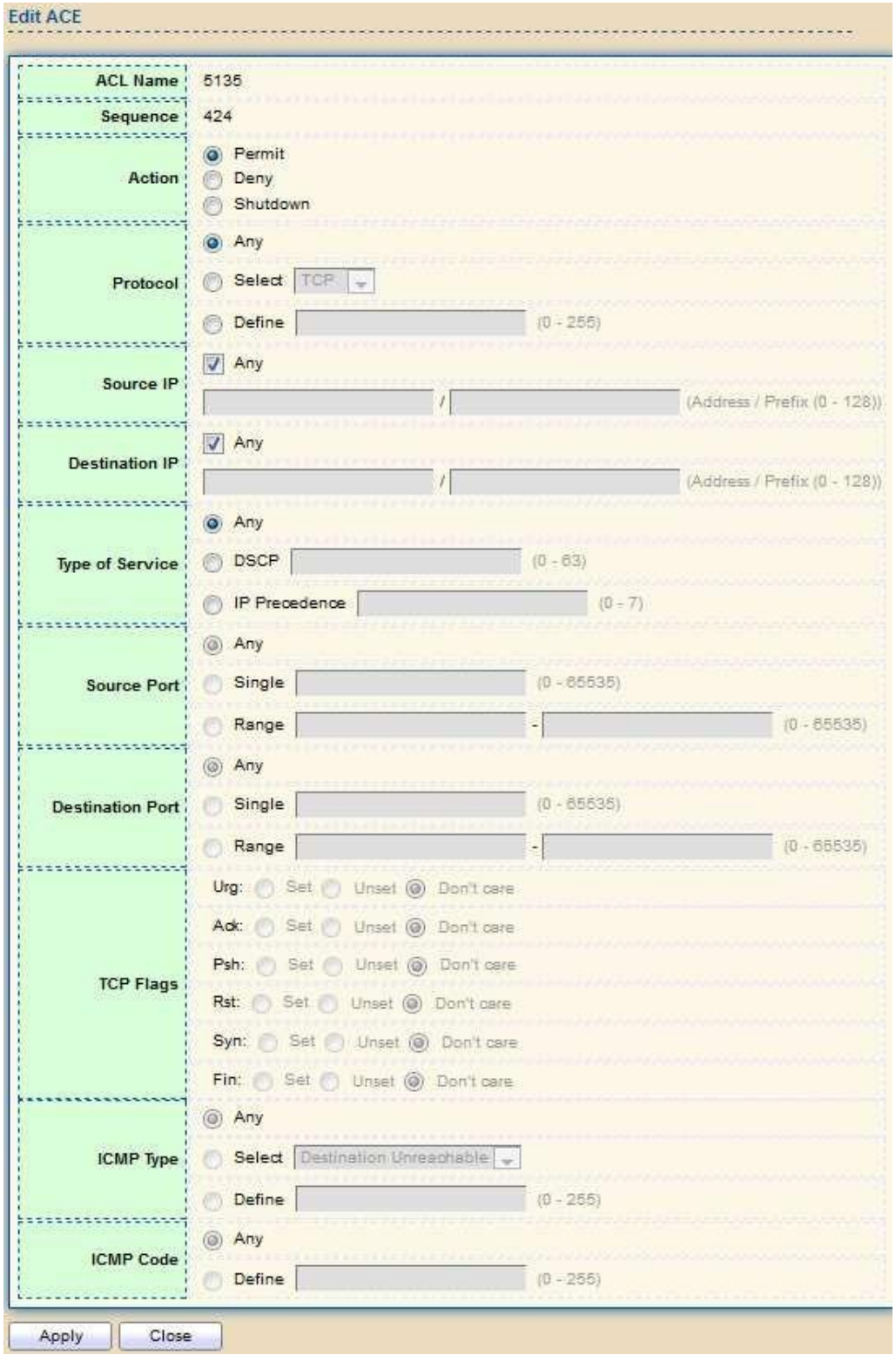


Figure 173 – ACL > Add/Edit ACE

Item	Description
ACL Name	Display the ACL name to which an ACE is being added.
Sequence	Specify the sequence of the ACE. ACEs with higher sequence are processed first (1 is the highest sequence). Only available on Add dialog.

Action	Select the action for a match. ● Permit: Forward packets that meet the ACE criteria. ● Deny: Drop packets that meet the ACE criteria. ● Shutdown: Drop packets that meet the ACE criteria, and disable the port from where the packets were received. Such ports can be reactivated from the Port Settings page.
Protocol	Select the type of protocol for a match. ● Any (IP): All IP protocols are acceptable. ● Select from list: Select one of the following protocols from the dropdown list. (TCP / UDP / ICMP) ● Protocol ID to match: Enter the protocol ID.
Source IP	Select the type for source IP address. ● Any: All source addresses are acceptable. ● User-defined: Only a source address or a range of source addresses which users define are acceptable. Enter the source IP address value and mask to which will be matched.
Destination IP	Select the type for destination IP address. ● Any: All destination addresses are acceptable. ● User-defined: Only a destination address or a range of destination addresses which users define are acceptable. Enter the destination IP address value and mask to which will be matched.
Source Port	Select the type of protocol for a match. Only available when protocol is TCP or UDP. ● Any: All source ports are acceptable. ● Single: Enter a single TCP/UDP source port to which packets are matched. ● Range: Select a range of TCP/UDP source ports to which the packet is matched. There are eight different port ranges that can be configured (shared between source and destination ports). TCP and UDP protocols each have eight port ranges.
Destination Port	Select the type of protocol for a match. Only available when protocol is TCP or UDP. ● Any: All source ports are acceptable. ● Single: Enter a single TCP/UDP source port to which packets are matched. ● Range: Select a range of TCP/UDP source ports to which the packet is matched. There are eight different port ranges that can be configured (shared between source and destination ports). TCP and UDP protocols each have eight port ranges.

TCP Flags	Select one or more TCP flags with which to filter packets. Filtered packets are either forwarded or dropped. Filtering packets by TCP flags increases packet control, which increases network security. Only available when protocol is TCP.
Type of Service	Select the type of service for a match. ● Any: All types of service are acceptable. ● DSCP to match: Enter a Differentiated Serves Code Point (DSCP) to match. ● IP Precedence to match: Enter a IP Precedence to match.
ICMP Type	Either select the message type by name or enter the message type number. Only available when protocol is ICMP. ● Any: All message types are acceptable. ● Select from list: Select message type by name. ● Protocol ID to match: Enter the number of message type.
ICMP Code	Select the type for ICMP code. Only available when protocol is ICMP. ● Any: All codes are acceptable. ● User-defined: Enter an ICMP code to match.

2.12.7. ACL Binding

This page allows users to bind or unbind ACL rule to or from interface. IPv4 and Ipv6 ACL cannot be bound to the same port simultaneously.

To display ACL Binding page, click ACL > ACL Binding

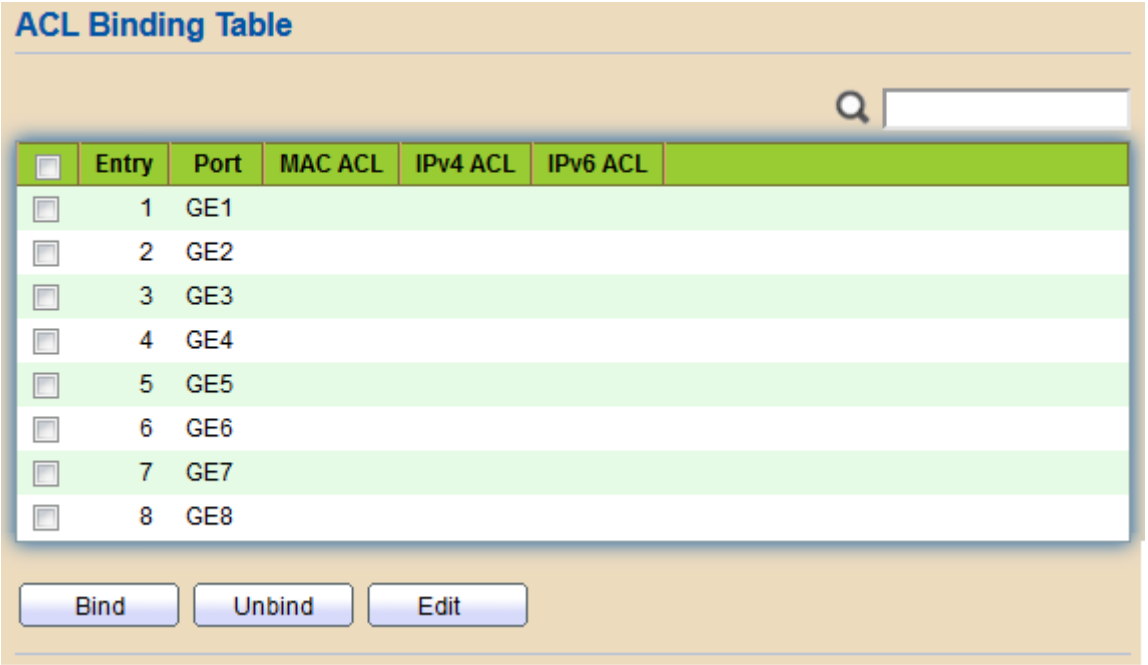


Figure 174 - ACL > ACL Binding

Item	Description
Port	Display port entry ID.
MAC ACL	Display mac ACL name that bound of interface. Empty means no rule bound.
IPv4 ACL	Display ipv4 ACL name that bound of interface. Empty means no rule bound.
IPv6 ACL	Display ipv6 ACL name that bound of interface. Empty means no rule bound.

Click "Edit" button to view the Edit ACL Binding menu.

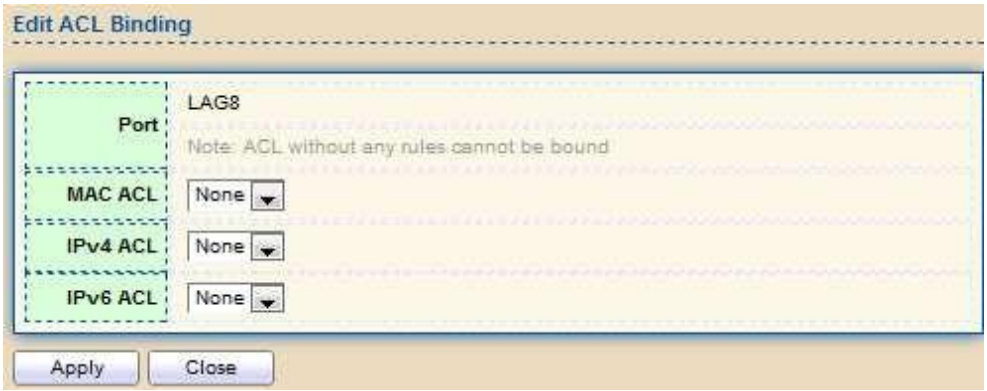


Figure 175 - ACL > Edit ACL Binding

Item	Description
Port	Display port entry ID.
MAC ACL	Select mac ACL name from list to bind.
IPv4 ACL	Select IPv4 ACL name from list to bind.
IPv6 ACL	Select IPv6 ACL name from list to bind.

2.13. QoS

Use the QoS pages to configure settings for the switch QoS interface.

2.13.1. General

Use the QoS general pages to configure settings for general purpose.

2.13.1.1. Property

To display Property web page, click QoS > General > Property

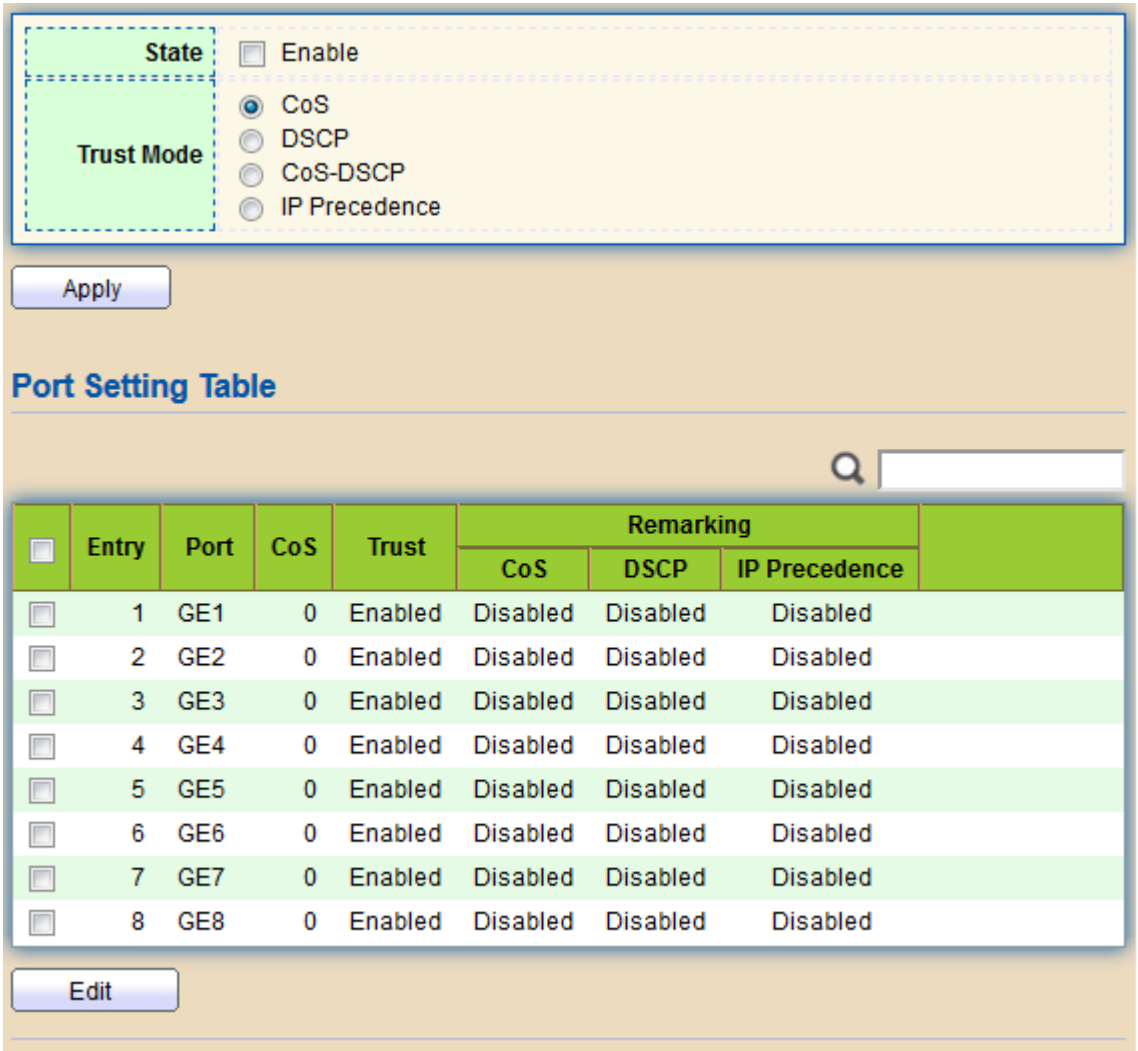


Figure 176 - QoS > General > Property

Item	Description
State	Set checkbox to enable/disable QoS.
Trust	Select QoS trust mode • CoS: Traffic is mapped to queues based on the CoS field in the VLAN tag, or based on the per-port default CoS value (if there is no VLAN tag on the incoming packet), the actual mapping of the CoS to queue can be configured on port setting dialog. • CoS-DSCP: Uses the trust CoS mode for non-IP traffic and trust DSCP mode for IP traffic. • IP Precedence: Traffic is mapped to queues based on the IP precedence. The actual mapping of the IP precedence to queue can be configured on the IP Precedence mapping page.
Port Setting Table	
Port	Port name
CoS	Port default CoS priority value for the selected ports.
Trust	Port trust state • Enabled: Traffic will follow trust mode in global setting • Disabled: Traffic will always use best efforts
Remarking (CoS)	Set checkbox to enable/disable port CoS remarking. • Enabled: CoS remarking is enabled • Disabled: CoS remarking is disabled
Remarking (DSCP)	Set checkbox to enable/disable port DSCP remarking. • Enabled: DSCP remarking is enabled • Disabled: DSCP remarking is disabled
Remarking (IP Precedence)	Set checkbox to enable/disable port IP Precedence remarking. • Enabled: IP Precedence remarking is enabled • Disabled: IP Precedence remarking is disabled

Click "Edit" button to view the Edit Port Setting menu.

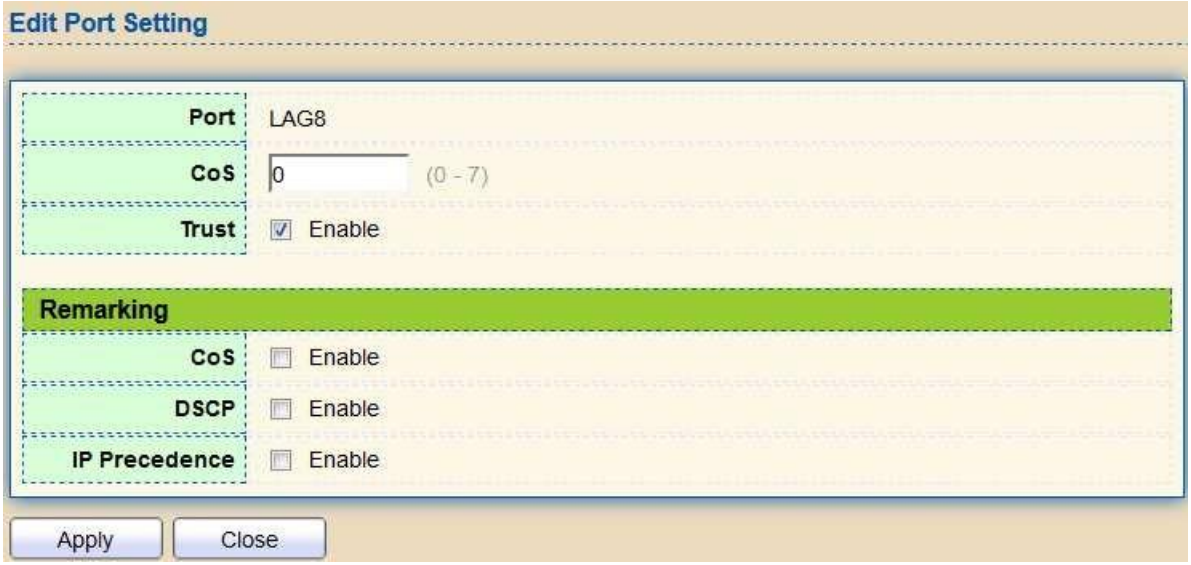


Figure 177 - Qos > General > Property

Item	Description
Port	Selected port list.
CoS	Set default CoS/802.1p priority value for the selected
Trust	Set checkbox to enable/disable port trust state.
Remarking (CoS)	Set checkbox to enable/disable port CoS remarking.
Remarking (IP PRecedence)	Set checkbox to enable/disable port IP Precedence remarking.

2.13.1.2. Queue Scheduling

The switch supports eight queues for each interface. Queue number 8 is the highest priority queue.

Queue number 1 is the lowest priority queue. There are two ways of determining how traffic in queues is handled, Strict Priority (SP) and Weighted Round Robin (WRR).

· Strict Priority (SP)—Egress traffic from the highest priority queue is transmitted first. Traffic from the lower queues is processed only after the highest queue has been transmitted, which provide the highest level of priority of traffic to the highest numbered queue.

· Weighted Round Robin (WRR)—In WRR mode the number of packets sent from the queue is proportional to the weight of the queue (the higher the weight, the more frames are sent).

The queuing modes can be selected on the Queue page. When the queuing mode is by Strict Priority, the priority sets the order in which queues are serviced, starting with queue_8 (the highest priority queue) and going to the next lower queue when each queue is completed.

When the queuing mode is Weighted Round Robin, queues are serviced until their quota has been used up and then another queue is serviced. It is also possible to assign some of the lower queues to WRR, while keeping some of the higher queues in Strict Priority.

In this case traffic for the SP queues is always sent before traffic from the WRR queues. After the SP queues have been emptied, traffic from the WRR queues is forwarded. (The relative portion from each WRR queue depends on its weight).

To display Queue Scheduling web page, click QoS > General > Queue Scheduling

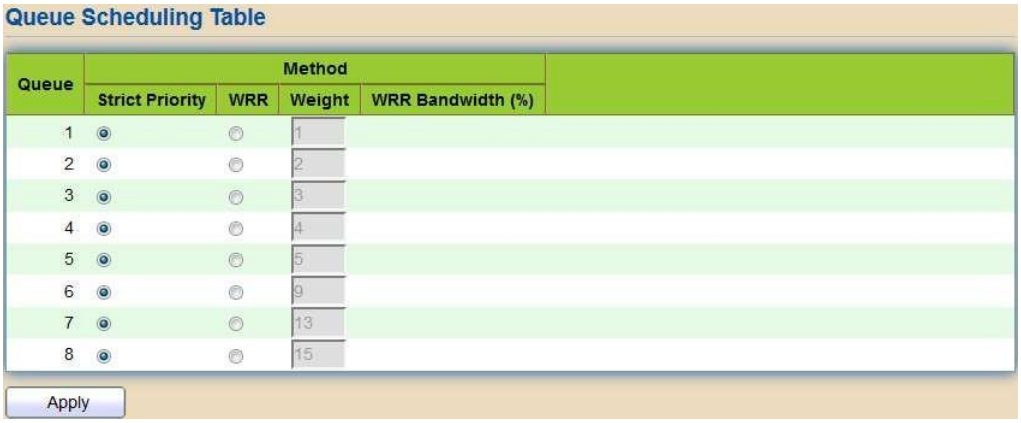


Figure 178 - QoS > General > Queue Scheduling

Item	Description
Queue	Queue ID to configure.
Strict Priority	Set queue to strict priority type.
WRR	Set queue to Weight round robin type.
Weight	If the queue type is WRR, set the queue weight for the queue.
WRR Bandwidth	Percentage of WRR queue bandwidth.

2.13.1.3. CoS Mapping

The CoS to Queue table determines the egress queues of the incoming packets based on the 802.1p priority in their VLAN tags. For incoming untagged packets, the 802.1p priority will be the default CoS/802.1p priority assigned to the ingress ports. Use the Queues to CoS table to remark the CoS/802.1p priority for egress traffic from each queue.

To display CoS Mapping web page, click QoS > General > CoS Mapping

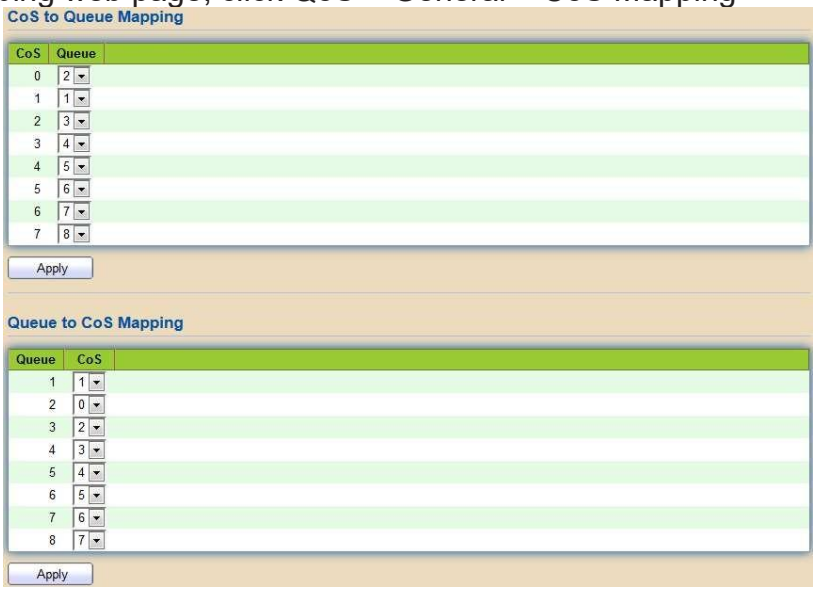


Figure 179 - QoS > General > Cos Mapping

Item	Description
CoS to Queue Mapping	
CoS	CoS value.
Queue	Select queue id for the CoS value.
Queue to CoS Mapping	
Queue	Queue ID
CoS	Select CoS value for the queue id.

2.13.1.4. DSCP Mapping

The DSCP to Queue table determines the egress queues of the incoming IP packets based on their DSCP values. The original VLAN Priority Tag (VPT) of the packet is unchanged. Use the Queues to DSCP page to remark DSCP value for egress traffic from each queue.

To display DSCP Mapping web page, click QoS > General > DSCP Mapping

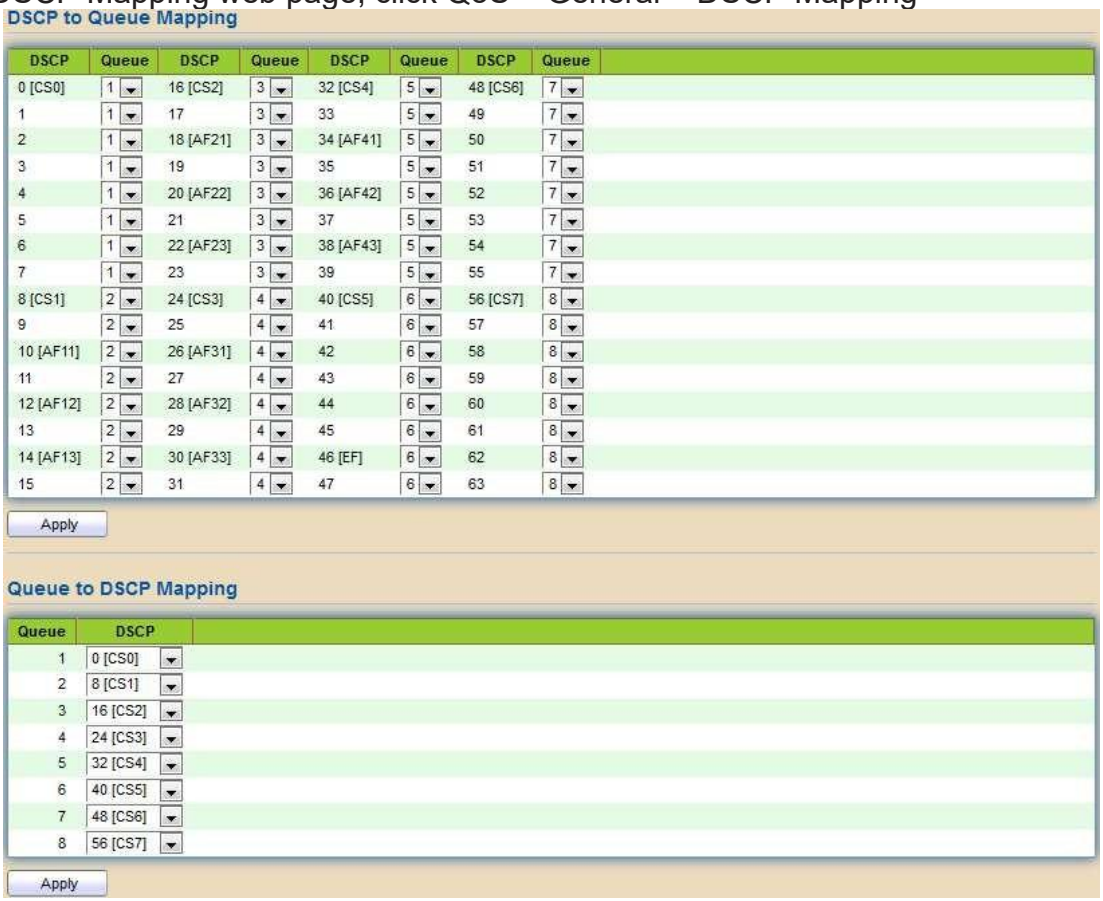


Figure 180 - QoS > General > DSCP Mapping

Item	Description
DSCP to Queue Mapping	
DSCP	DSCP value
Queue	Select queue id for DSCP value
Queue to DSCP Mapping	
Queue	Queue ID.
DSCP	Select DSCP value for queue ID.

2.13.1.5. IP Precedence Mapping

This page allows users to configure IP Precedence to Queue mapping and Queue to IP Precedence mapping.

To display IP Precedence Mapping web page, click QoS > General > IP Precedence Mapping

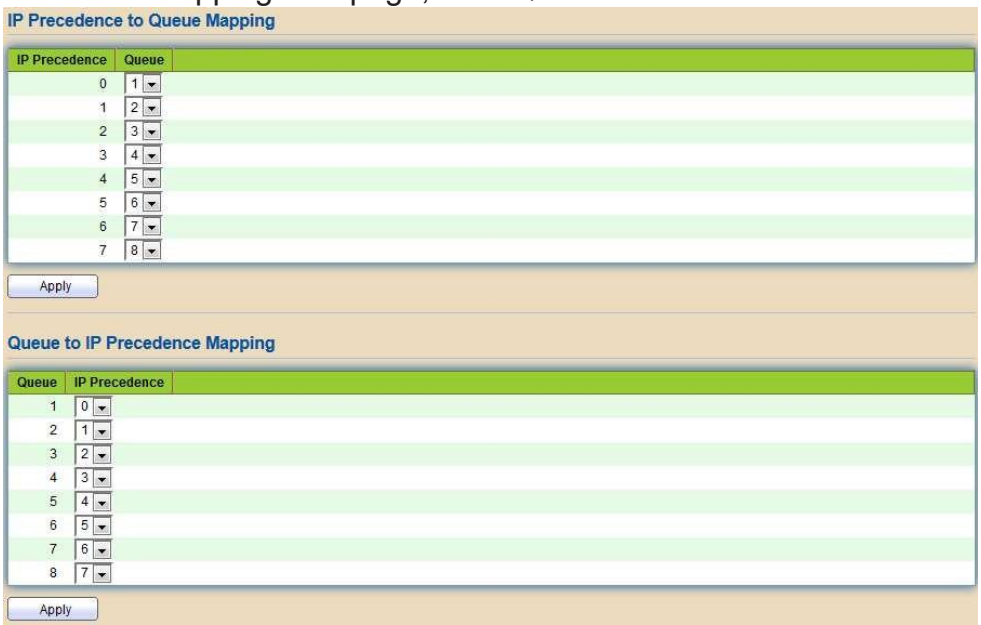


Figure 181 - QoS > General > IP Precedence Mapping

Item	Description
IP Precedence to Queue Mapping	
IP Precedence	IP Precedence value.
Queue	Queue value which IP Precedence is mapped.
Queue to IP Precedence Mapping	
Queue	Queue ID.
IP Precedence	IP Precedence value which queue is mapped.

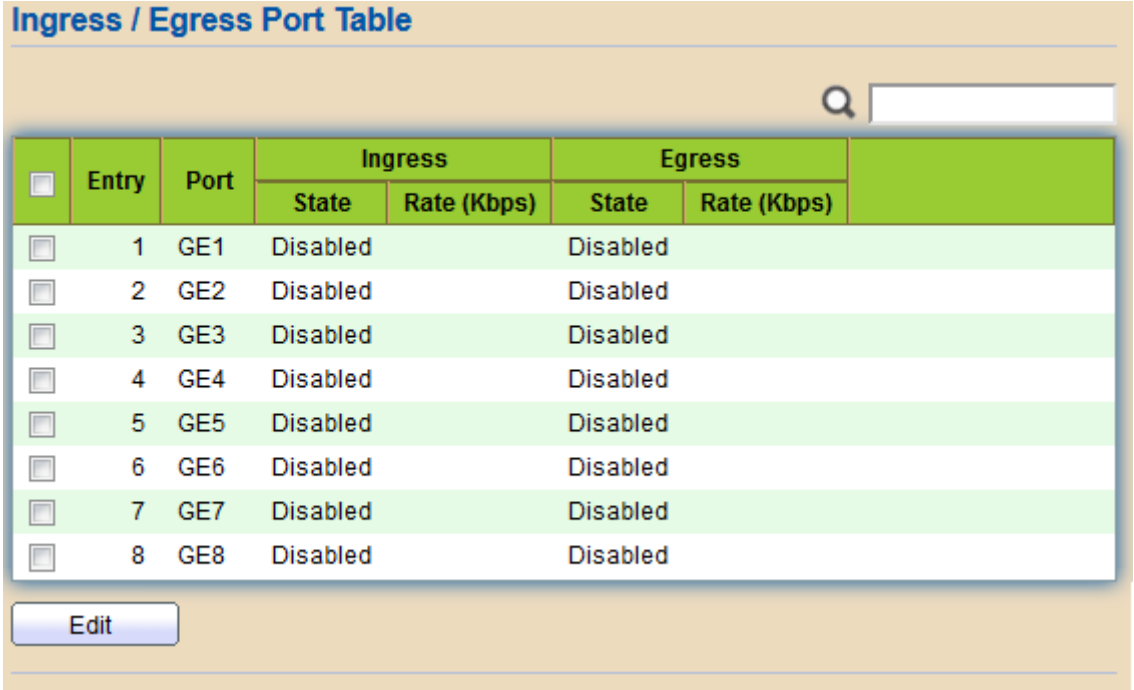
2.13.2. Rate Limit

Use the Rate Limit pages to define values that determine how much traffic the switch can receive and send on specific port or queue.

2.13.2.1. Ingress/Egress Port

This page allows users to configure ingress port rate limit and egress port rate limit. The ingress rate limit is the number of bits per second that can be received from the ingress interface. Excess bandwidth above this limit is discarded.

To display Ingress / Egress Port web page, click QoS > Rate Limit > Ingress / Egress Port



Ingress / Egress Port Table

Entry	Port	Ingress		Egress	
		State	Rate (Kbps)	State	Rate (Kbps)
1	GE1	Disabled		Disabled	
2	GE2	Disabled		Disabled	
3	GE3	Disabled		Disabled	
4	GE4	Disabled		Disabled	
5	GE5	Disabled		Disabled	
6	GE6	Disabled		Disabled	
7	GE7	Disabled		Disabled	
8	GE8	Disabled		Disabled	

Edit

Figure 182 - QoS > Rate Limit > Ingress / Egress Port

Item	Description
Port	Port name.
Ingress (State)	Port ingress rate limit state • Enabled: Ingress rate limit is enabled • Disabled: Ingress rate limit is disabled
Ingress (Rate)	Port ingress rate limit value if ingress rate state is enabled.
IP Precedence	IP Precedence value which queue is mapped.
Egress (State)	Port egress rate limit state • Enabled: Egress rate limit is enabled • Disabled: Egress rate limit is disabled
Egress (Rate)	Port egress rate limit value if egress rate state is enabled.

Click "Edit" button to view the Ingress / Egress Port menu.

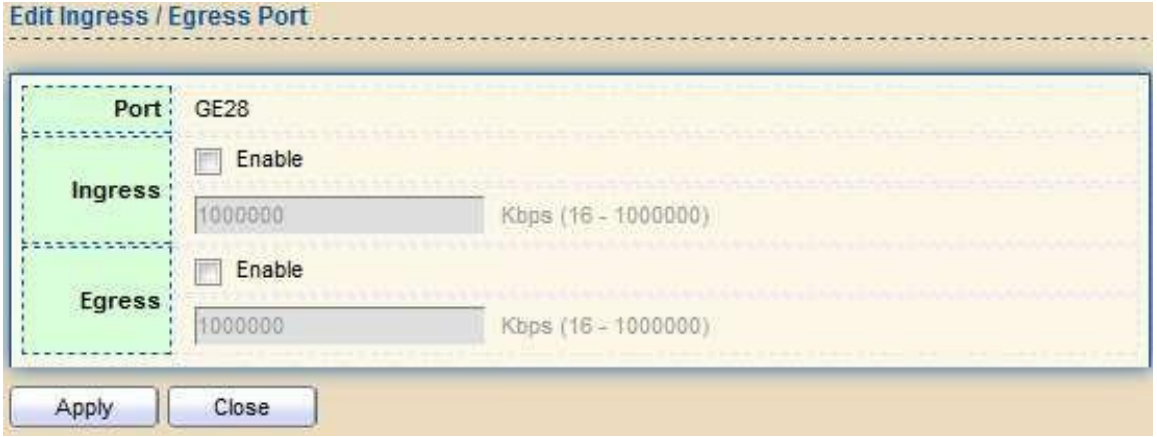


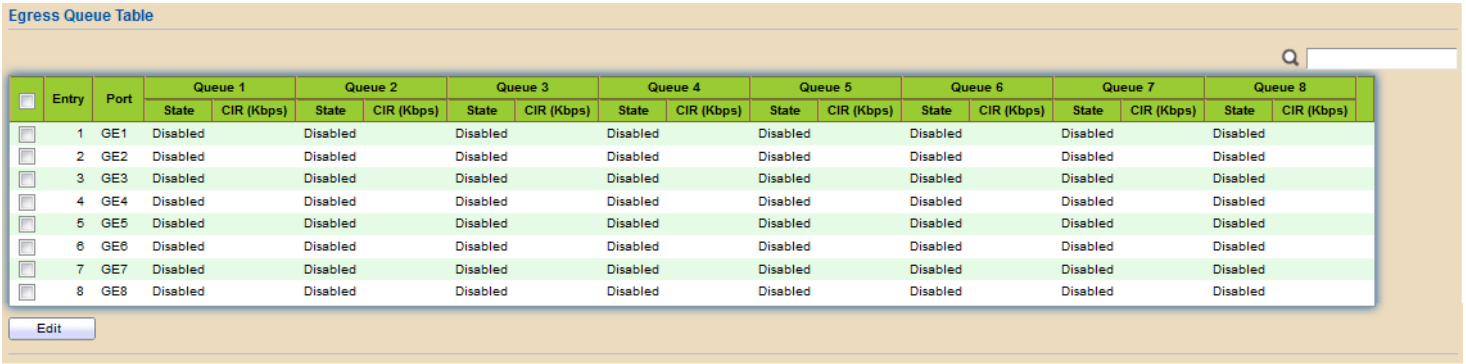
Figure 183 - QoS > Rate Limit > Ingress / Egress Port

Item	Description
Port	Select port list.
Ingress	Set checkbox to enable/disable ingress rate limit. If ingress rate limit is enabled, rate limit value need to be assigned.
Egress	Set checkbox to enable/disable egress rate limit. If egress rate limit is enabled, rate limit value need to be assigned.

2.13.2.2. Egress Queue

Egress rate limiting is performed by shaping the output load.

To display Egress Queue web page, click QoS > Rate Limit > Egress Queue.



Entry	Port	Queue 1		Queue 2		Queue 3		Queue 4		Queue 5		Queue 6		Queue 7		Queue 8	
		State	CIR (Kbps)	State	CIR (Kbps)	State	CIR (Kbps)	State	CIR (Kbps)	State	CIR (Kbps)	State	CIR (Kbps)	State	CIR (Kbps)	State	CIR (Kbps)
1	GE1	Disabled		Disabled		Disabled		Disabled		Disabled		Disabled		Disabled		Disabled	
2	GE2	Disabled		Disabled		Disabled		Disabled		Disabled		Disabled		Disabled		Disabled	
3	GE3	Disabled		Disabled		Disabled		Disabled		Disabled		Disabled		Disabled		Disabled	
4	GE4	Disabled		Disabled		Disabled		Disabled		Disabled		Disabled		Disabled		Disabled	
5	GE5	Disabled		Disabled		Disabled		Disabled		Disabled		Disabled		Disabled		Disabled	
6	GE6	Disabled		Disabled		Disabled		Disabled		Disabled		Disabled		Disabled		Disabled	
7	GE7	Disabled		Disabled		Disabled		Disabled		Disabled		Disabled		Disabled		Disabled	
8	GE8	Disabled		Disabled		Disabled		Disabled		Disabled		Disabled		Disabled		Disabled	

Figure 184 - QoS > Rate Limit > Egress Queue

Item	Description
Port	Port name.
Queue 1 (State)	Port egress queue 1 rate limit state. ● Enabled: Egress queue rate limit is enabled. ● Disabled: Egress queue rate limit is disabled.
Queue 1 (CIR)	Queue 1 egress committed information rate.
Queue 2 (State)	Port egress queue 2 rate limit state. ● Enabled: Egress queue rate limit is enabled. ● Disabled: Egress queue rate limit is disabled.
Queue 2 (CIR)	Queue 2 egress committed information rate
Queue 3 (State)	Port egress queue 3 rate limit state. ● Enabled: Egress queue rate limit is enabled. ● Disabled: Egress queue rate limit is disabled.
Queue 3 (CIR)	Queue 3 egress committed information rate.
Queue 4 (State)	Port egress queue 4 rate limit state. ● Enabled: Egress queue rate limit is enabled. ● Disabled: Egress queue rate limit is disabled.
Queue 4 (CIR)	Queue 4 egress committed information rate.
Queue 5 (State)	Port egress queue 5 rate limit state. ● Enabled: Egress queue rate limit is enabled. Disabled: Egress queue rate limit is disabled.
Queue 5 (CIR)	Queue 5 egress committed information rate.
Queue 6 (State)	Port egress queue 6 rate limit state. ● Enabled: Egress queue rate limit is enabled. ● Disabled: Egress queue rate limit is disabled.
Queue 6 (CIR)	Queue 6 egress committed information rate.
Queue 7 (State)	Port egress queue 7 rate limit state. ● Enabled: Egress queue rate limit is enabled. ● Disabled: Egress queue rate limit is disabled.
Queue 7 (CIR)	Queue 7 egress committed information rate.
Queue 8 (State)	Port egress queue 8 rate limit state. ● Enabled: Egress queue rate limit is enabled. ● Disabled: Egress queue rate limit is disabled.
Queue 8 (CIR)	Queue 8 egress committed information rate.

Click "Edit" button to view the Edit Egress Queue menu.

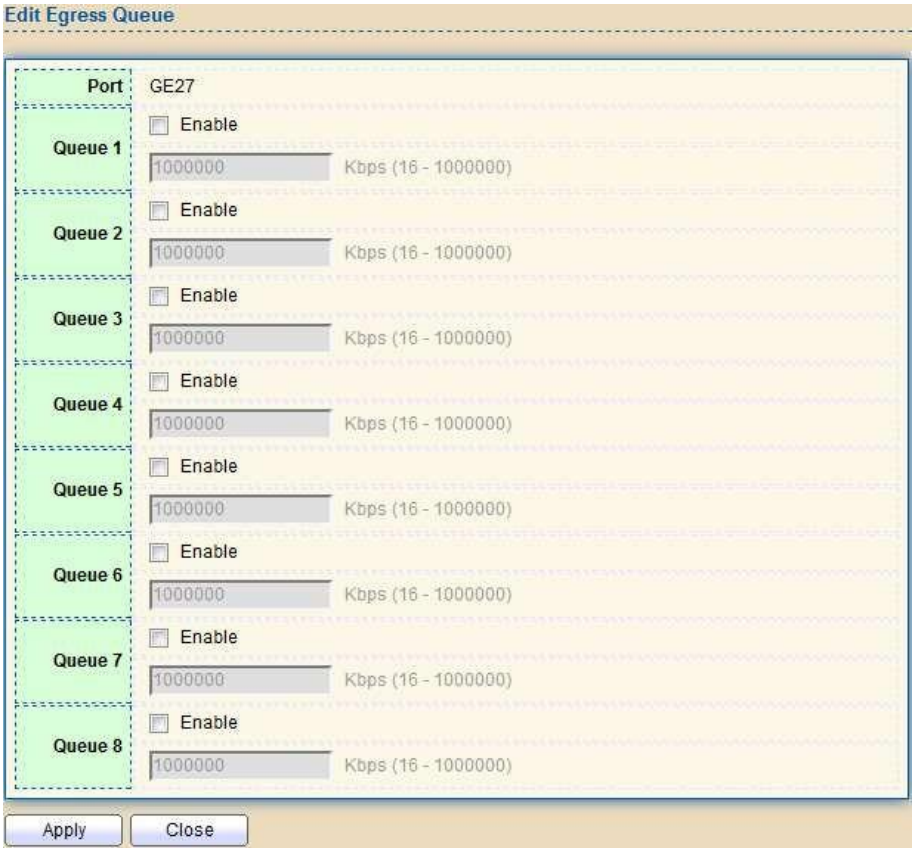


Figure 185 - QoS > Rate Limit > Edit Egress Queue

Item	Description
Queue 1	Set checkbox to enable/disable egress queue 1 rate limit. If egress rate limit is enabled, rate limit value need to be assigned.
Queue 2	Set checkbox to enable/disable egress queue 2 rate limit. If egress rate limit is enabled, rate limit value need to be assigned.
Queue 3	Set checkbox to enable/disable egress queue 3 rate limit. If egress rate limit is enabled, rate limit value need to be assigned.
Queue 4	Set checkbox to enable/disable egress queue 4 rate limit. If egress rate limit is enabled, rate limit value need to be assigned.
Queue 5	Set checkbox to enable/disable egress queue 5 rate limit. If egress rate limit is enabled, rate limit value need to be assigned.
Queue 6	Set checkbox to enable/disable egress queue 6 rate limit. If egress rate limit is enabled, rate limit value need to be assigned.
Queue 7	Set checkbox to enable/disable egress queue 7 rate limit. If egress rate limit is enabled, rate limit value need to be assigned.
Queue 8	Set checkbox to enable/disable egress queue 8 rate limit. If egress rate limit is enabled, rate limit value need to be assigned.

2.14. Diagnostics

Use the Diagnostics pages to configure settings for the switch diagnostics feature or operating diagnostic utilities.

2.14.1. Logging

2.14.1.1. Property

To enable/disable the logging service, click Diagnostic > Logging > Property.

Figure 186 - Diagnostics > Logging > Property

Item	Description
State	Enable/Disable the global logging services. When the logging service is enabled, logging configuration of each destination rule can be individually configured. If the logging service is disabled, no messages will be sent to these destinations.
Console Logging	
State	Enable/Disable the console logging service
Minimum Severity	The minimum severity for the console logging.
RAM Logging	
State	Enable/Disable the RAM logging service.
Minimum Severity	The minimum severity for the RAM logging.
Flash Logging	
State	Enable/Disable the flash logging service.
Minimum Severity	The minimum severity for the flash logging.

2.14.1.2. Remote Server

To configure the remote logging server, click Diagnostic > Logging > Remote Server.

Figure 187 - Diagnostics > Logging > Remote Server

Item	Description
Server Address	The IP address of the remote logging server.
Server Ports	The port number of the remote logging server.
Facility	The facility of the logging messages. It can be one of the following values: local0, local1, local2, local3, local4, local5, local6, and local7.
Severity	The minimum severity. • Emergence: System is not usable. • Alert: Immediate action is needed. • Critical: System is in the critical condition. • Error: System is in error condition • Warning: System warning has occurred • Notice: System is functioning properly, but a system notice has occurred. • Informational: Device information. • Debug: Provides detailed information about an event.

Click “Add” or "Edit" button to view the Remote Server menu.

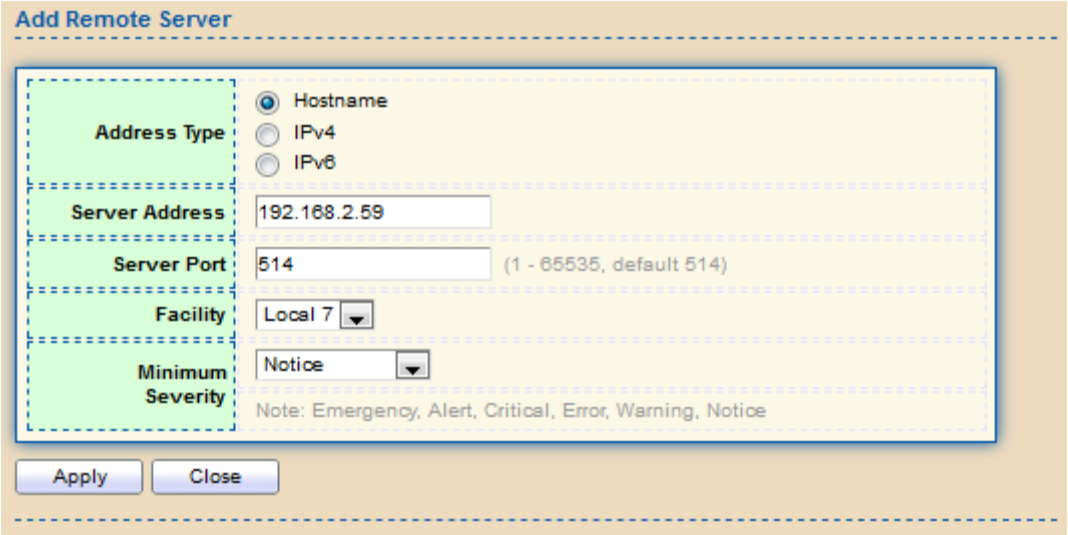


Figure 188 - Diagnostics > Logging > Remote Server

Item	Description
Server Address	The IP address of the remote logging server.
Server Ports	The port number of the remote logging server.
Facility	The facility of the logging messages. It can be one of the following values: local0,local1, local2, local3, local4, local5, local6, and local7.
Severity	The minimum severity. • Emergence: System is not usable. • Alert: Immediate action is needed. • Critical: System is in the critical condition. • Error: System is in error condition • Warning: System warning has occurred • Notice: System is functioning properly, but a system notice has occurred. • Informational: Device information. • Debug: Provides detailed information about an event.

2.14.2. Mirroring

To display Port Mirroring web page, click Diagnostics > Mirroring

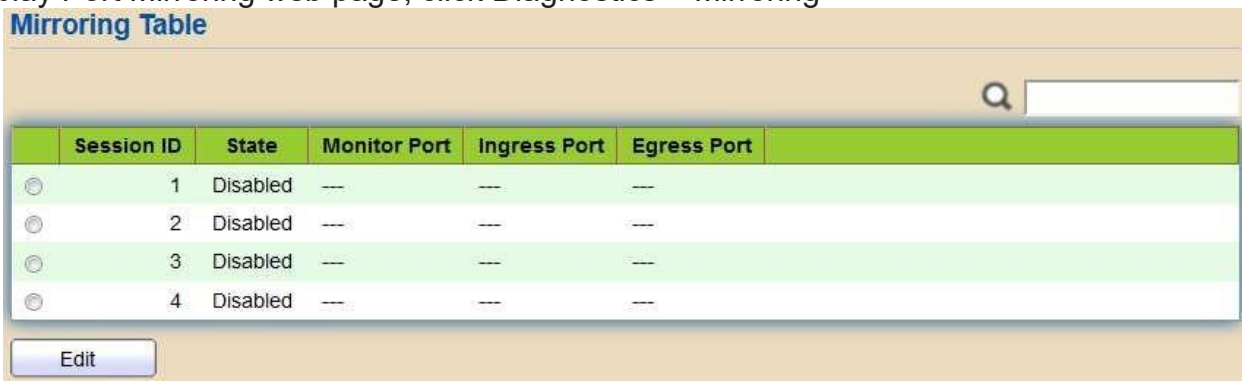


Figure 189 - Diagnostics > Mirroring

Item	Description
Session ID	Select mirror session ID.
State	Select mirror session state : port-base mirror or disable • Enabled: Enable port based mirror • Disabled: Disable mirror.
Monitor Port	Select mirror session monitor port, and select whether normal packet could be sent or received by monitor port.
Ingress port	Select mirror session source rx ports.
Egress port	Select mirror session source tx ports.

Click "Edit" button to view the Edit Mirroring menu.

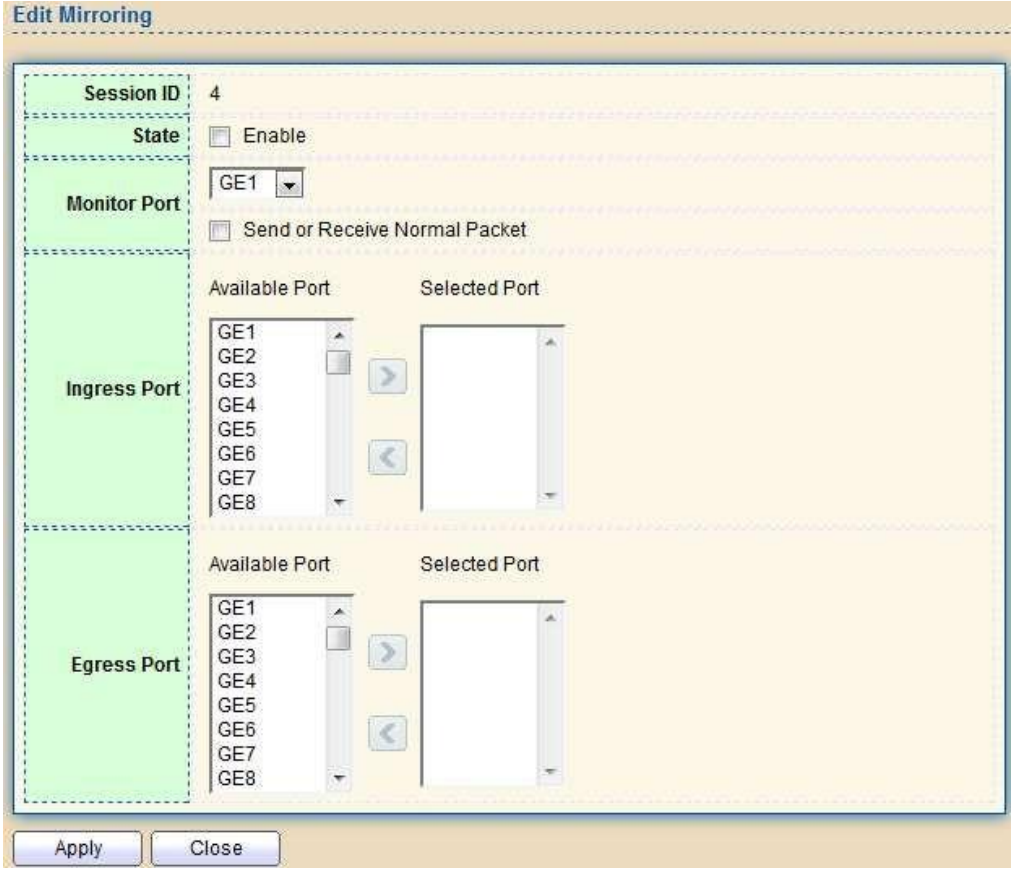


Figure 190 - Diagnostics > Mirroring > Edit Mirroring

Item	Description
Session ID	Selected mirror session ID.
State	Select mirror session state : port-base mirror or disable • Enabled: Enable port based mirror • Disabled: Disable mirror.
Monitor Port	Select mirror session monitor port, and select whether
Ingress port	Select mirror session source rx ports.
Egress port	Select mirror session source tx ports.

2.14.3. Ping

For the ping functionality, click Diagnostic > Ping

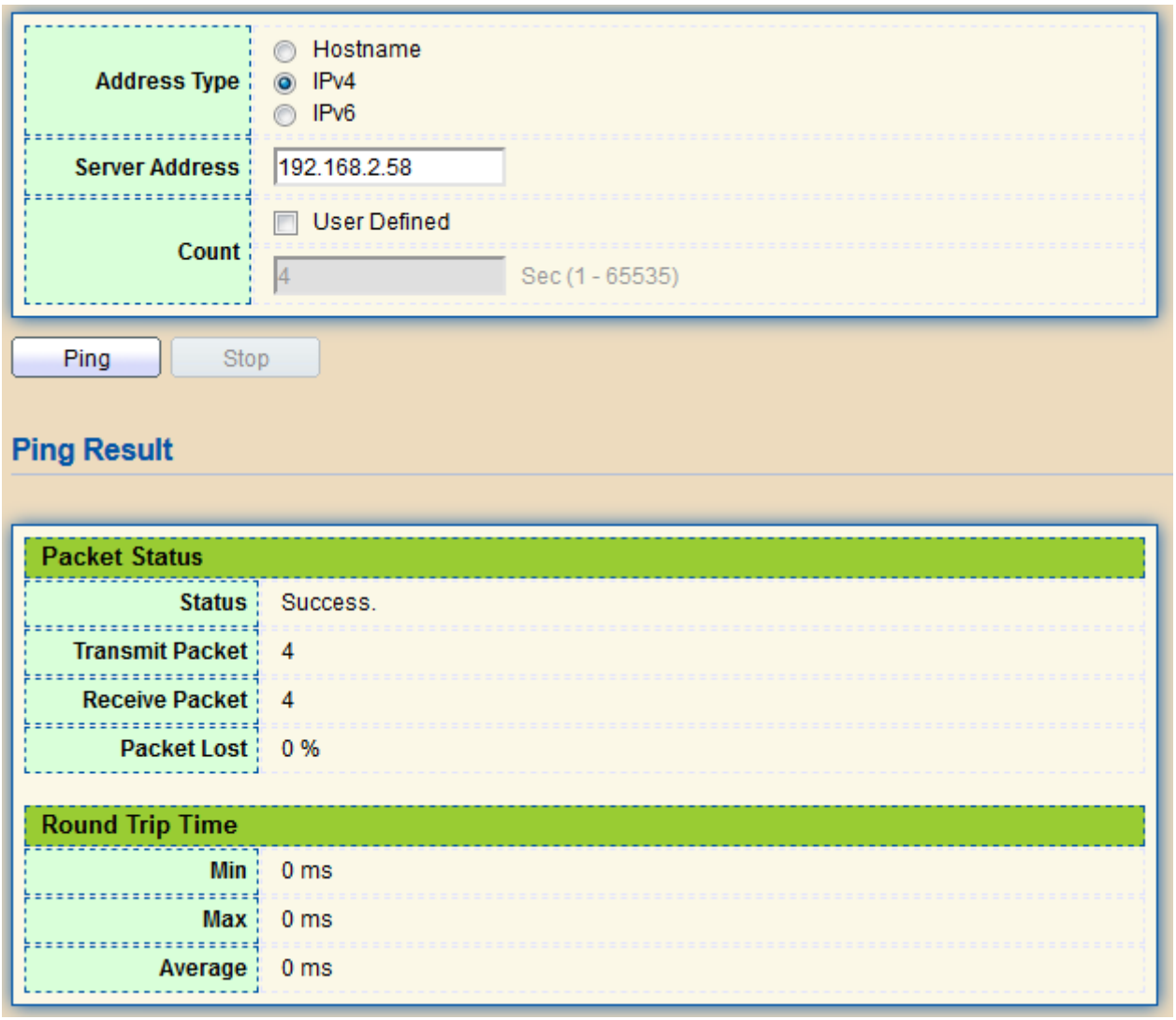


Figure 191 - Diagnostics > Ping

Item	Description
Address Type	Specify the address type to “Hostname” or “IPv4”.
Server Address	Specify the Hostname/IPv4 address for the remote logging server.
Count	Specify the numbers of each ICMP ping request.

Note to apply a specified hostname in the Server Address field, you must enable Domain Name Server in *2.2.1 IP Address*.

2.14.4. Traceroute

For trace route functionality, click Diagnostic > Traceroute.

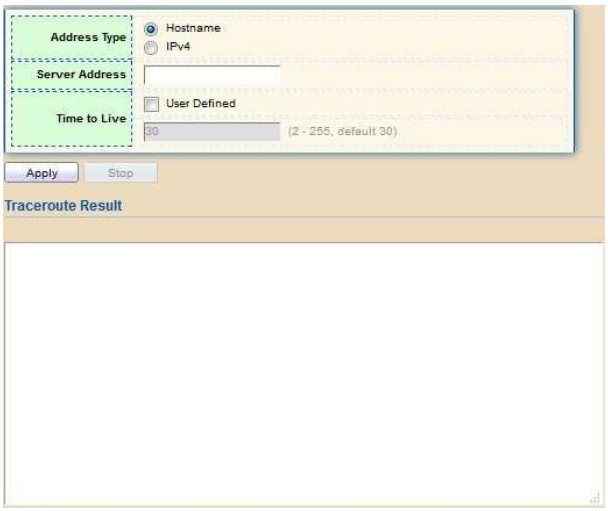


Figure 192 - Diagnostics > Traceroute

Item	Description
Address Type	Specify the address type to “Hostname” or “IPv4”.
Server Address	Specify the Hostname/IPv4 address for the remote logging server.
Time to Live	Specify the max hops of hosts for traceroute.

Note to apply a specified hostname in the Server Address field, you must enable Domain Name Server in *2.2.1 IP Address*.

2.14.5. Copper Test

For copper length diagnostic, click Diagnostic > Copper Test.

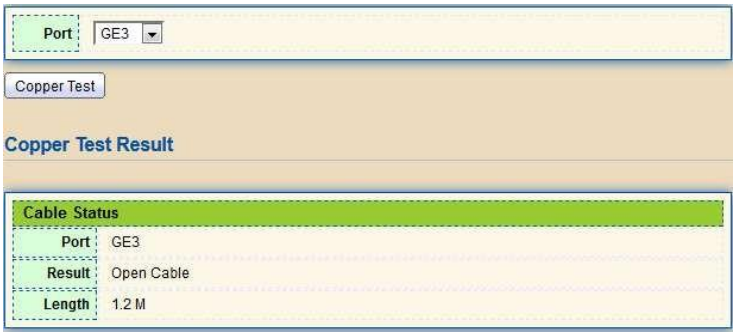


Figure 193 - Diagnostics > Logging > Copper Test

Item	Description
Port	Specify the interface for the copper test.
Copper Test Result	
Port	The interface for the copper test.
Result	The status of copper test. Including: ● OK: Correctly terminated pair. ● Short Cable: Shorted pair. ● Open Cable: Open pair, no link partner. ● Impedance Mismatch: Terminating impedance is not in the reference range. ● Line Drive
Length	Distance in meter from the port to the location on the cable where the fault was discovered.

2.14.6. Fiber Module

The Optical Module Status page displays the operational information reported by the Small Form-factor Pluggable (SFP) transceiver. Some information may not be available for SFPs without the supports of digital diagnostic monitoring standard SFF-8472.

To display the Optical Module Diagnostic page, click Diagnostic > Fiber Module.

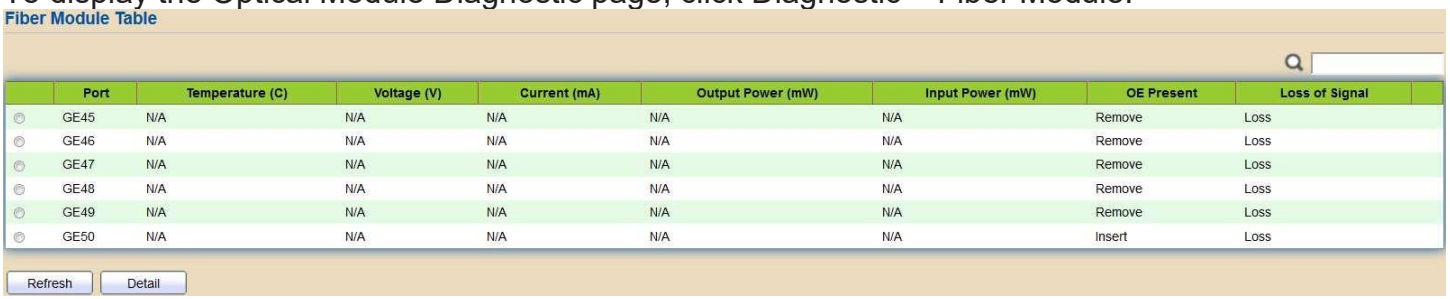


Figure 194 - Diagnostics > Logging>Fiber Module

Item	Description
Port	Interface or port number.
Temperature	Internally measured transceiver temperature.
Voltage	Internally measured supply voltage.
Current	Measured TX bias current.
Output Power	Measured TX output power in milliwatts.
Input Power	Measured RX received power in milliwatts.
Transmitter Fault	State of TX fault.
OE Present	Indicate transceiver has achieved power up and data is
Loss of Signal	Loss of signal.
Refresh	Refresh the page.
Detail	The detail information on the specified port.

Click "Detail" button to view the Fiber Module Status menu

Figure 195 - Diagnostics > Logging>Fiber Module>Fiber Module Status

2.14.7. UDLD

Use the UDLD pages to configure settings of UDLD function.

2.14.7.1. Property

This page allows users to configure global and per interface settings of UDLD.

To display Property page, click Diagnostics > UDLD > Property.

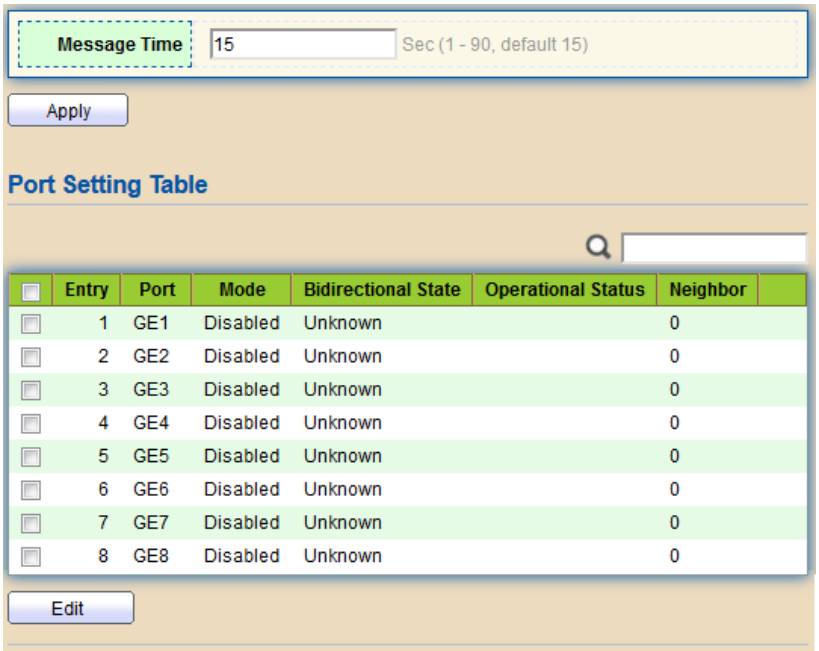


Figure 196 - Diagnostics > UDLD>Property

Item	Description
Message Time	Input the interval for sending message. Range is 1 -90 seconds.
Port	Display port ID of entry.
Mode	Display UDLD running mode of interface.
Bidirectional State	Display bidirectional state of interface.
Operational Status	Display operational status of interface.
Neighbor	Display the number of neighbor of interface.

Click "Edit" button to view the Fiber Module Status menu.

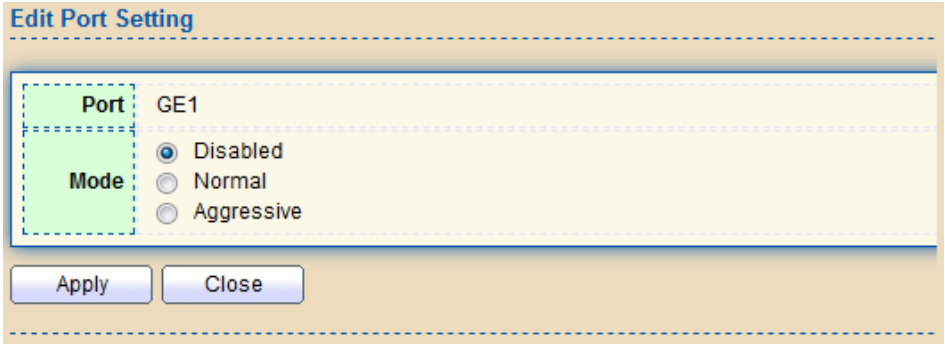


Figure 197 - Diagnostics > UDLD>Property>Edit

Item	Description
Port	Display selected port to be edited.
Mode	Select UDLD running mode of interface. ● Disabled: Disable UDLD function. ● Normal: Running on normal mode that port goes to Link Up One phase after last neighbor ages out. ● Aggressive: Running on aggressive mode that port goes to Re- Establish phase after last neighbor ages out.

2.14.7.2. Neighbor

To display Neighbor page, click Diagnostics > UDLD > Neighbor

Figure 198- Diagnostics > UDLD> Neighbor

Item	Description
Entry	Display entry index.
Expiration Time	Display expiration time before age out.
Current Neighbor	Display neighbor current state.
Device ID	Display neighbor device ID.
Device Name	Display neighbor device name.
Port ID	Display neighbor port ID that connected.
Message Interval	Display neighbor message interval.
Timeout Interval	Display neighbor timeout interval.

2.15. Management

Use the Management pages to configure settings for the switch management features.

2.15.1. User Account

The default username/password is admin/admin. And default account is not able to be deleted.

Use this page to add additional users that are permitted to manage the switch or to change the passwords of existing users.

To display User Account web page, click Management > User Account

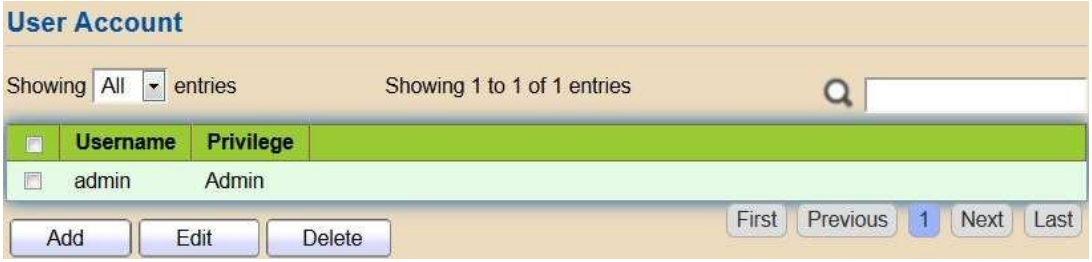


Figure 199 - Management > User Account

Item	Description
Username	Username of the account.
Privilege	Select privilege level for new account. • Admin: Allow to change switch settings. Privilege value equals to 15. • User: See switch settings only. Not allow to change it. Privilege level equals to 1.

Click "Add" or “Edit” button to view the Add/Edit User Account menu.

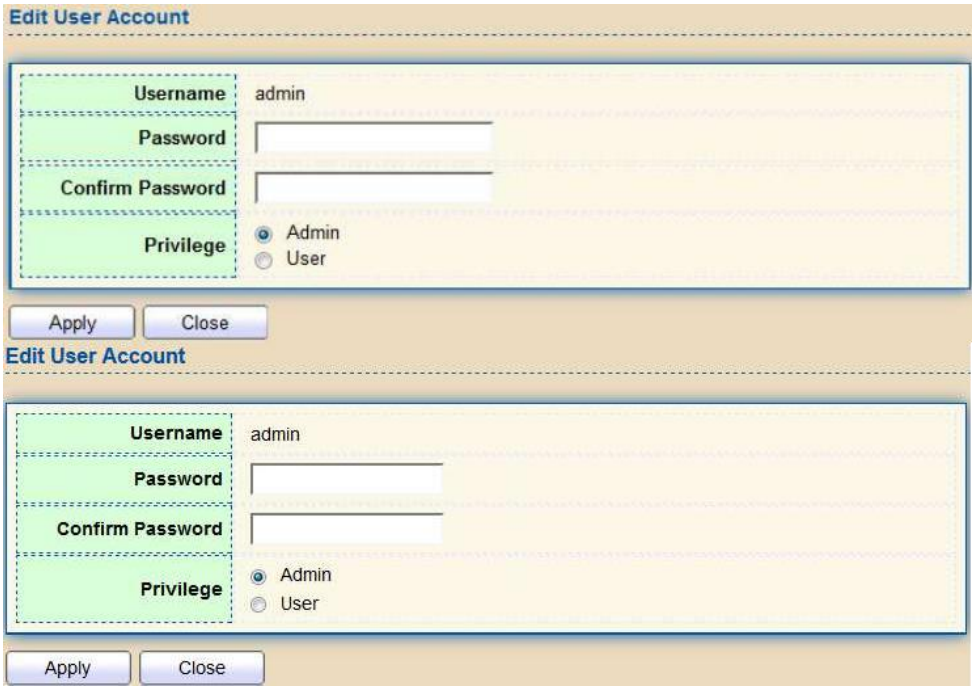


Figure 200 - Management > User Account > Add/Edit User Account

Item	Description
Username	Username of the account.
Password	Set password of the account.
Confirm Password	Set the same password of the account as in “Password” field.
Privilege	Select privilege level for new account. • Admin: Allow to change switch settings. Privilege value equals to 15. • User: See switch settings only. Not allow to change it. Privilege level equals to 1.

2.15.2. Firmware

2.15.2.1. Upgrade / Backup

Note: For browser compatibility improvements, it is required for users of Internet Explorer or Microsoft Edge to clear all cookies and site data, and then reopen the browser after upgrading to firmware V1.01 or later.

This page allows users to upgrade or backup firmware image through HTTP or TFTP server.

To display firmware upgrade or backup web page, click Management > Firmware > Upgrade/Backup

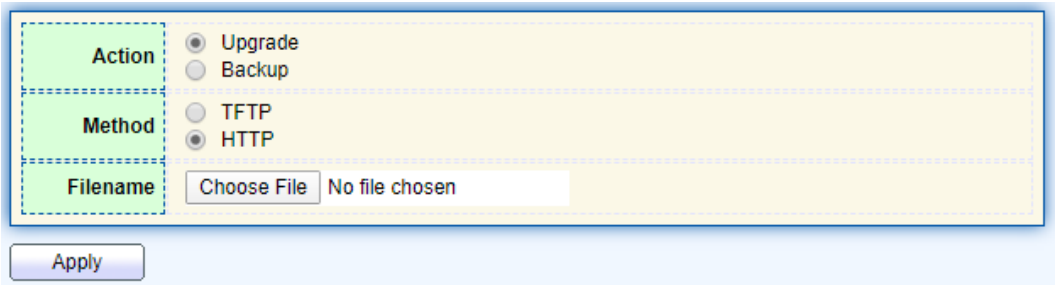


Figure 201 - Management > Firmware > Upgrade/Backup

Item	Description
Action	Firmware operations • Upgrade: Upgrade firmware from remote host to DUT. • Backup: Backup firmware image from DUT to remote host.
Method	Firmware upgrade / backup method. • TFTP: Using TFTP to upgrade/backup firmware. • HTTP: Using WEB browser to upgrade/backup firmware.
Filename	Use browser to upgrade firmware, you should select firmware image file on your host PC.

To display firmware upgrade or backup web page, click Management > Firmware > Upgrade/Backup

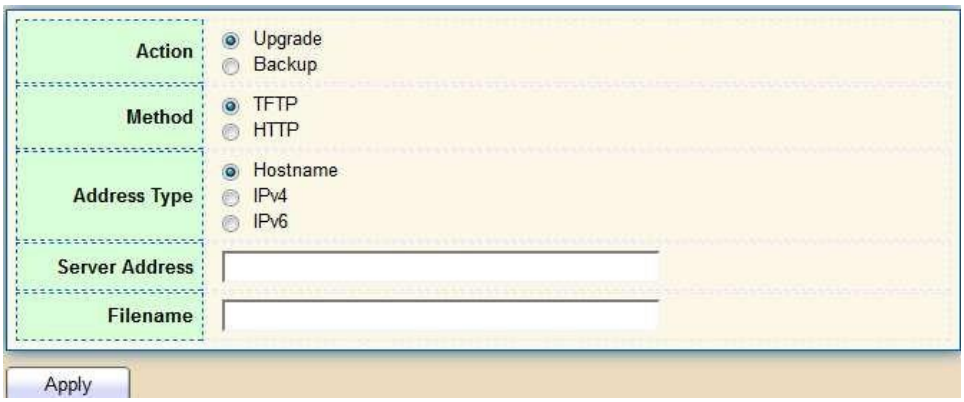


Figure 202 - Management > Firmware > Upgrade/Backup

Item	Description
Action	Firmware operations • Upgrade: Upgrade firmware from remote host to DUT • Backup: Backup firmware image from DUT to remote host
Method	Firmware upgrade / backup method • TFTP: Using TFTP to upgrade/backup firmware. • HTTP: Using WEB browser to upgrade/backup firmware.
Address Type	Specify TFTP server address type • Hostname: Use a domain name as server address • IPv4: Use IPv4 as server address • IPv6: Use IPv6 as server address
Server Address	Specify TFTP server address.
Filename	Firmware image file name on remote TFTP server

To display firmware upgrade or backup web page, click Management > Firmware > Upgrade/Backup

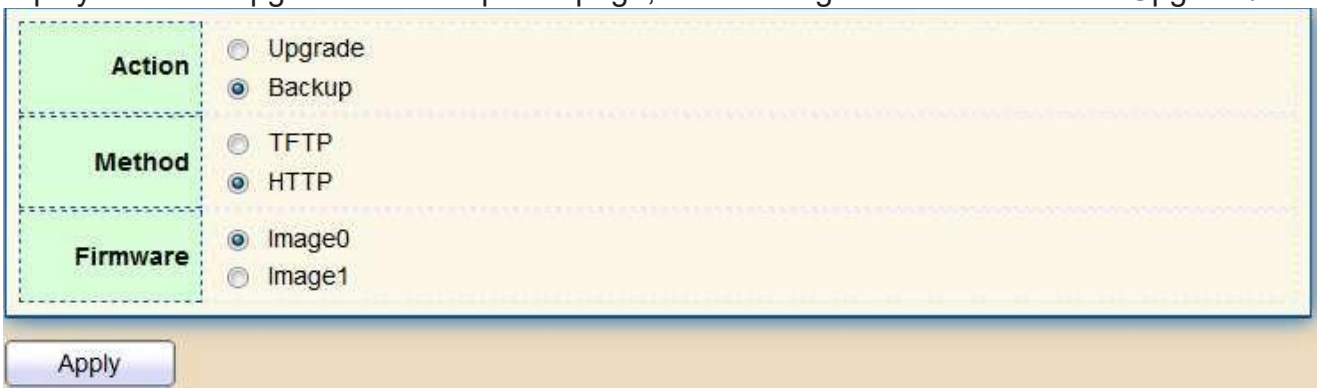


Figure 203 - Management > Firmware > Upgrade/Backup

Item	Description
Action	Firmware operations • Upgrade: Upgrade firmware from remote host to DUT • Backup: Backup firmware image from DUT to remote host
Method	Firmware upgrade / backup method • TFTP: Using TFTP to upgrade/backup firmware. • HTTP: Using WEB browser to upgrade/backup firmware.
Firmware	Firmware partition need to backup • Image0: Firmware image in flash partition 0 • Image1: Firmware image in flash partition 1

To view the Firmware Upgrade/Backup menu, navigate to Management > Firmware > Upgrade/Backup.

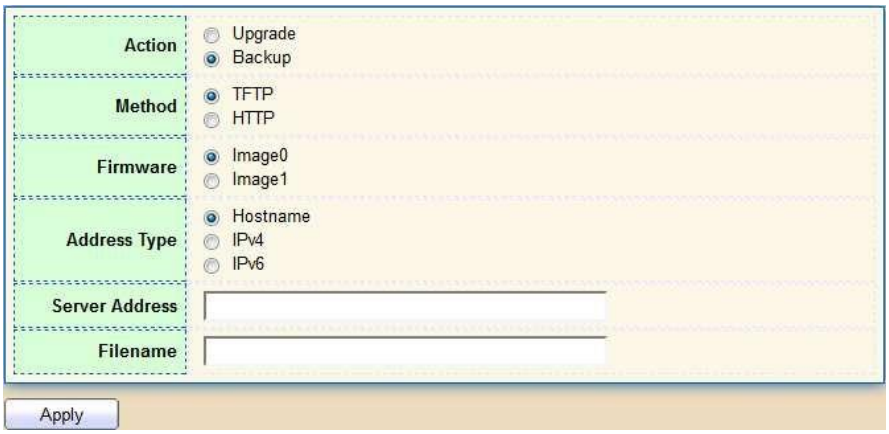


Figure 204 - Management > Firmware >Upgrade/Backup

Item	Description
Action	Firmware operations • Upgrade: Upgrade firmware from remote host to DUT • Backup: Backup firmware image from DUT to remote host
Method	Firmware upgrade / backup method • TFTP: Using TFTP to upgrade/backup firmware. • HTTP: Using WEB browser to upgrade/backup firmware.
Firmware	Firmware partition need to backup • Image0: Firmware image in flash partition 0. • Image1: Firmware image in flash partition 1.
Address Type	Specify TFTP server address type • Hostname: Use domain name as server address. • IPv4: Use IPv4 as server address. • IPv6: Use IPv6 as server address.
Server Address	Specify TFTP server address.
Filename	File name saved on remote TFTP server.

Active Image

This page allows users to select firmware image on next booting and show firmware information on both flash partitions.

To display the Active Image web page, click Management > Firmware > Active Image.

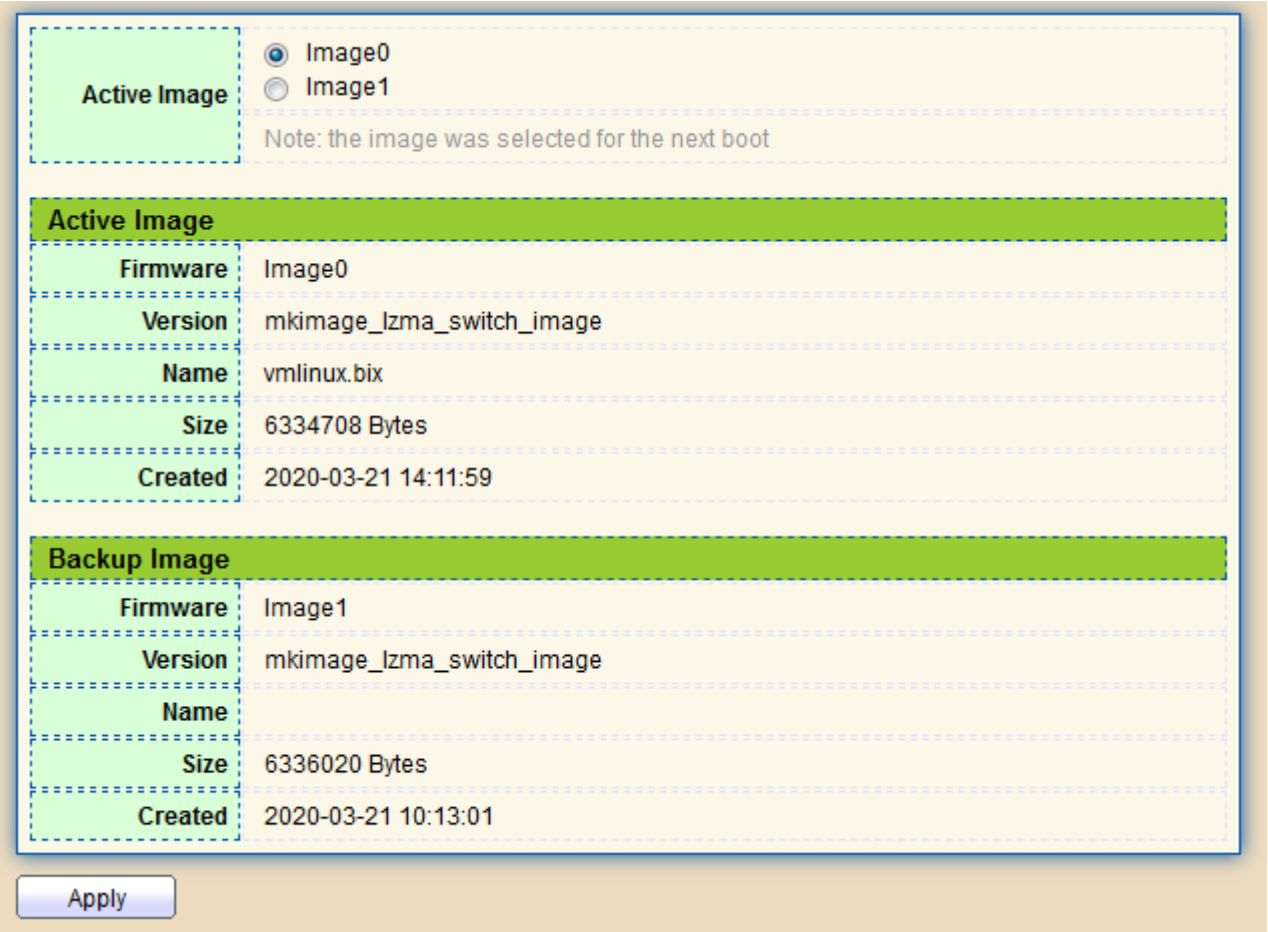


Figure 205 - Management > Firmware > Active Image

Item	Description
Active Image	Select firmware image to use on next booting
Firmware	Firmware flash partition name.
Version	Firmware version.
Name	Firmware name.
Size	Firmware image size.
Created	Firmware image created date.

2.15.3. Configuration

2.15.3.1. Upgrade / Backup

Note: For browser compatibility improvements, it is required for users of Internet Explorer or Microsoft Edge to clear all cookies and site data, and then reopen the browser after upgrading to firmware V1.01 or later.

This page allows users to upgrade or backup configuration file through HTTP or TFTP server.

To display firmware upgrade or backup web page, click Management > Configuration > Upgrade/Backup

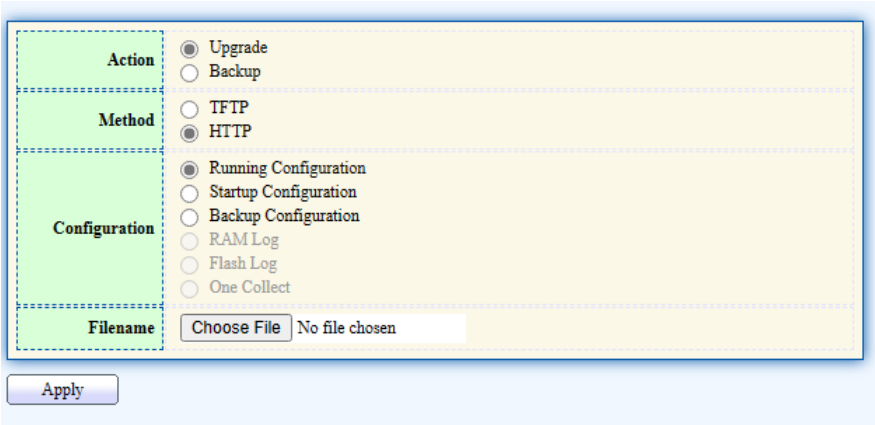


Figure 206 - Management > Configuration > Upgrade/Backup

Item	Description
Action	Configuration operations • Upgrade: Upgrade firmware from remote host to DUT • Backup: Backup firmware image from DUT to remote host
Method	Configuration upgrade / backup method • TFTP: Using TFTP to upgrade/backup firmware • HTTP: Using WEB browser to upgrade/backup firmware
Configuration	Configuration types • Running Configuration: Merge to current running configuration file • Startup Configuration: Replace startup configuration file • Backup Configuration: Replace backup configuration file • RAM Log: Backup log file stored in RAM. • Flash Log: Backup log files store in Flash. • One Collect: Export system info, config, and error log at once
Filename	Use browser to upgrade configuration, you should select configuration file on your host PC.

To display firmware upgrade or backup web page, click Management > Configuration > Upgrade/Backup

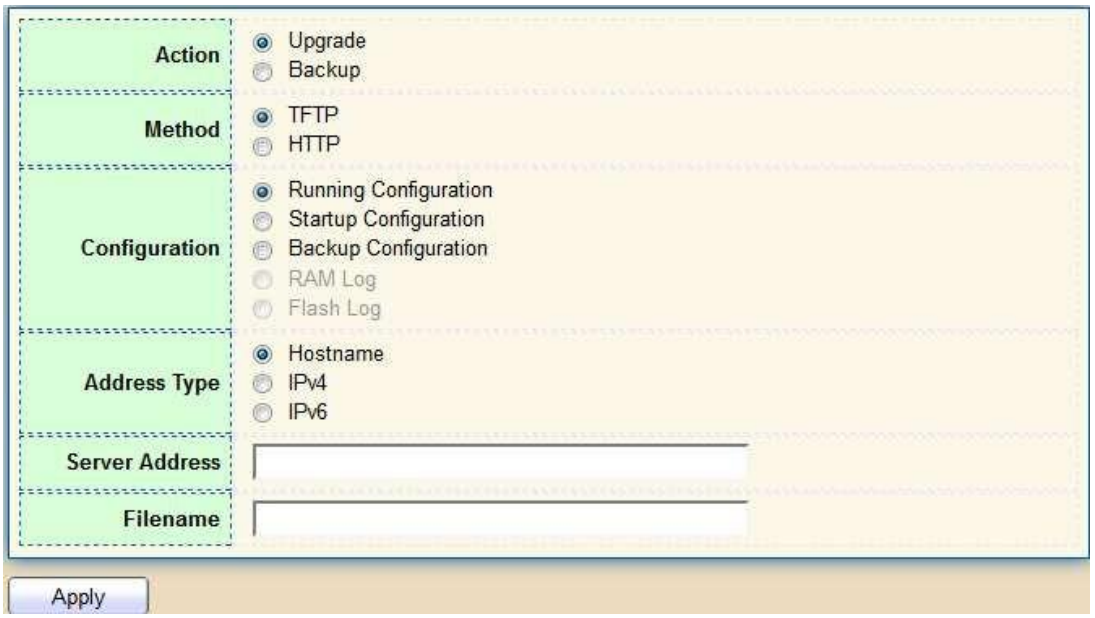


Figure 207 - Management > Configuration > Upgrade/Backup

Item	Description
Action	Configuration operations • Upgrade: Upgrade firmware from remote host to DUT • Backup: Backup firmware image from DUT to remote host
Method	Configuration upgrade / backup method • TFTP: Using TFTP to upgrade/backup firmware • HTTP: Using WEB browser to upgrade/backup firmware
Configuration	Configuration types • Running Configuration: Merge to current running configuration file
Address Type	Specify TFTP server address type • Hostname: Use a domain name as server address • IPv4: Use IPv4 as server address
Server Address	Specify TFTP server address
Filename	File name saved on remote TFTP server

“To display firmware upgrade or backup web page, click Management > Configuration > Upgrade/Backup

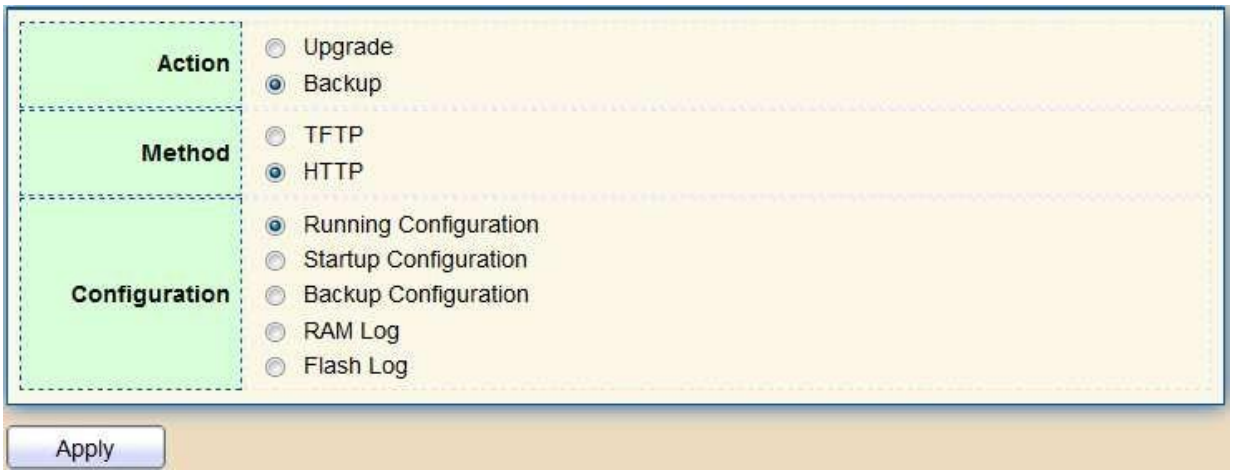


Figure 208 - Management > Configuration > Upgrade/Backup

Item	Description
Action	Configuration operations • Upgrade: Upgrade firmware from remote host to DUT • Backup: Backup firmware image from DUT to remote host
Method	Configuration upgrade / backup method • TFTP: Using TFTP to upgrade/backup firmware • HTTP: Using WEB browser to upgrade/backup firmware
Configuration	Configuration types • Running Configuration: Backup running configuration file. • Startup Configuration: Backup start configuration file. • Backup Configuration: Backup backup configuration file. • RAM Log: Backup log file stored in RAM. • Flash Log: Backup log files store in Flash.

To display firmware upgrade or backup web page, click Management > Configuration > Upgrade/Backup

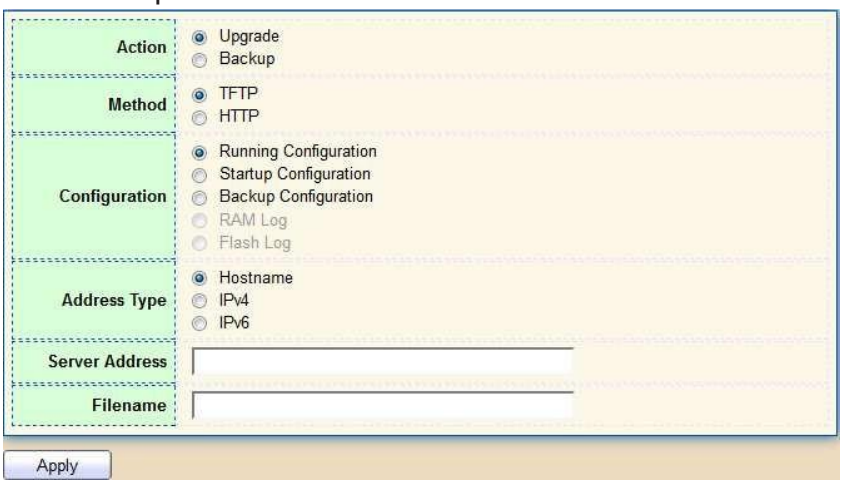


Figure 209 - Management > Configuration > Upgrade/Backup

Item	Description
Action	Configuration operations • Upgrade: Upgrade firmware from remote host to DUT • Backup: Backup firmware image from DUT to remote host
Method	Configuration upgrade / backup method • TFTP: Using TFTP to upgrade/backup firmware • HTTP: Using WEB browser to upgrade/backup firmware
Configuration	Configuration types • Running Configuration: Backup running configuration file. • Startup Configuration: Backup start configuration file. • Backup Configuration: Backup backup configuration file. • RAM Log: Backup log file stored in RAM. • Flash Log: Backup log files store in Flash.
Address Type	Specify TFTP server address type • Hostname: Use a domain name as server address • IPv4: Use IPv4 as server address • IPv6: Use IPv6 as server address
Server Address	Specify TFTP server address
Filename	File name saved on remote TFTP server.

2.15.3.2. Save Configuration

This page allows users to manage configuration file saved on DUT and click "Restore Factory Default" button to restore factory defaults.

To display the Save Configuration web page, click Management > Configuration > Save Configuration.

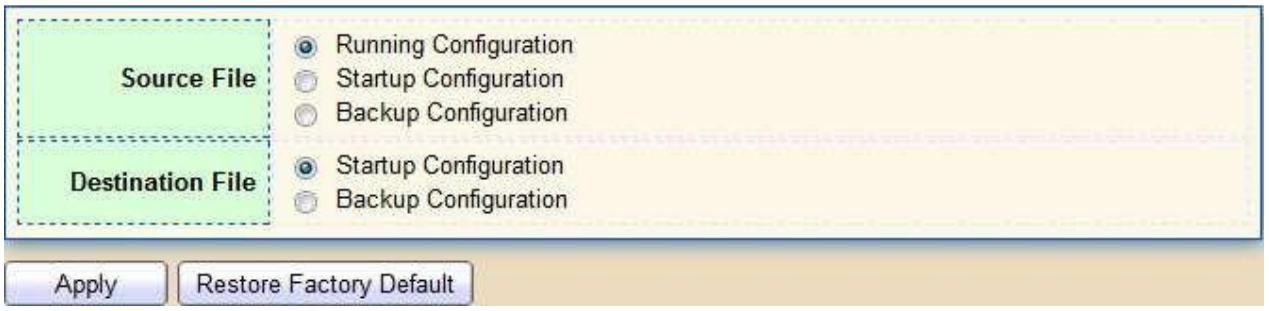


Figure 210 - Management > Configuration > Save Configuration

Item	Description
Source File	Source file types • Running Configuration: Copy running configuration file to destination. • Startup Configuration: Copy startup configuration file to destination.
Destination File	Destination file • Startup Configuration: Save file as startup configuration. • Backup Configuration: Save file as backup configuration.

2.15.4. SNMP

2.15.4.1. Status

Enable the SNMP function.

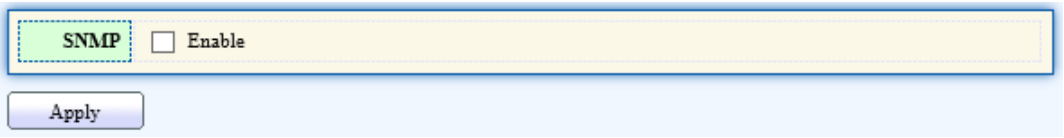


Figure 211 - Management > SNMP > Status

2.15.4.2. View

To configure and display the SNMP view table, click Management > SNMP > View.

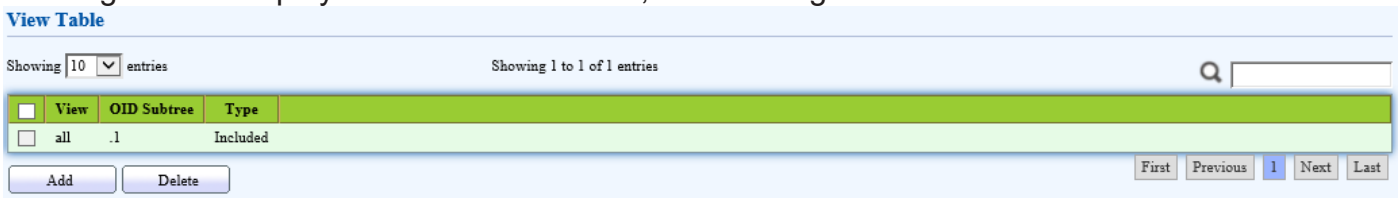


Figure 212 - Management > SNMP > View

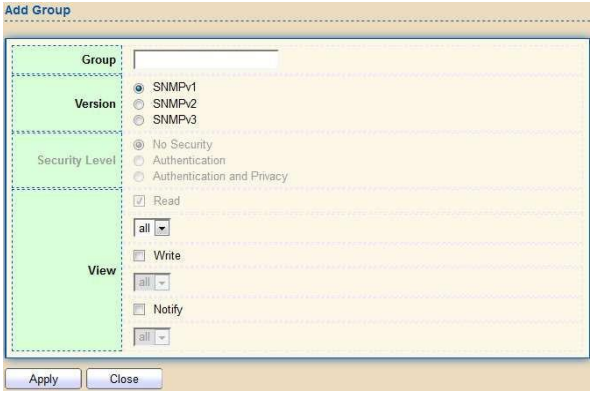
Item	Description
View	The SNMP view name. Its maximum length is 30 characters
OID Subtree	Specify the ASN.1 subtree object identifier (OID) to be included or excluded from the SNMP view
Type	Include or exclude the selected MIBs in the view

2.15.4.3. Group

To configure and display the SNMP group settings, click Management > SNMP > Group.

Figure 213 - Management > SNMP > Group

Click "Add" or “Edit” button to view the Add/Edit Group menu.



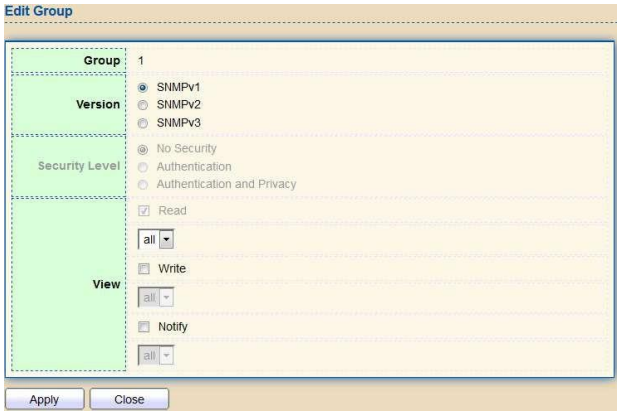


Figure 214 - Management > SNMP > Group > Add/Edit Group

Item	Description
Group	Specify SNMP group name, and the maximum length is 30 characters.
Version	Specify SNMP version • SNMPv1: SNMP Version 1. • SNMPv2: Community-based SNMP Version 2. • SNMPv3: User security model SNMP version 3.
Security Level	Specify SNMP security level • No Security: Specify that no packet authentication is performed. • Authentication: Specify that no packet authentication without encryption is performed. • Authentication and Privacy: Specify that no packet authentication with encryption is performed.
View	
Read	Group read view name.
Write	Group write view name.
Notify	The view name that sends only traps with contents that is included in SNMP view selected for notification.

2.15.4.4. Community

To configure and display the SNMP community settings, click Management > SNMP > Community.

Figure 215 - Management > SNMP > Community

Item	Description
Community	The SNMP community name. Its maximum length is 20 characters.
Group	Specify the SNMP group configured by the command snmp group to define the object available to the community.
View	Specify the SNMP view to define the object available to the community.
Access	SNMP access mode • Read-Only: Read only. • Read-Write: Read and write.

Click "Add" or “Edit” button to view the Add/Edit Community menu.

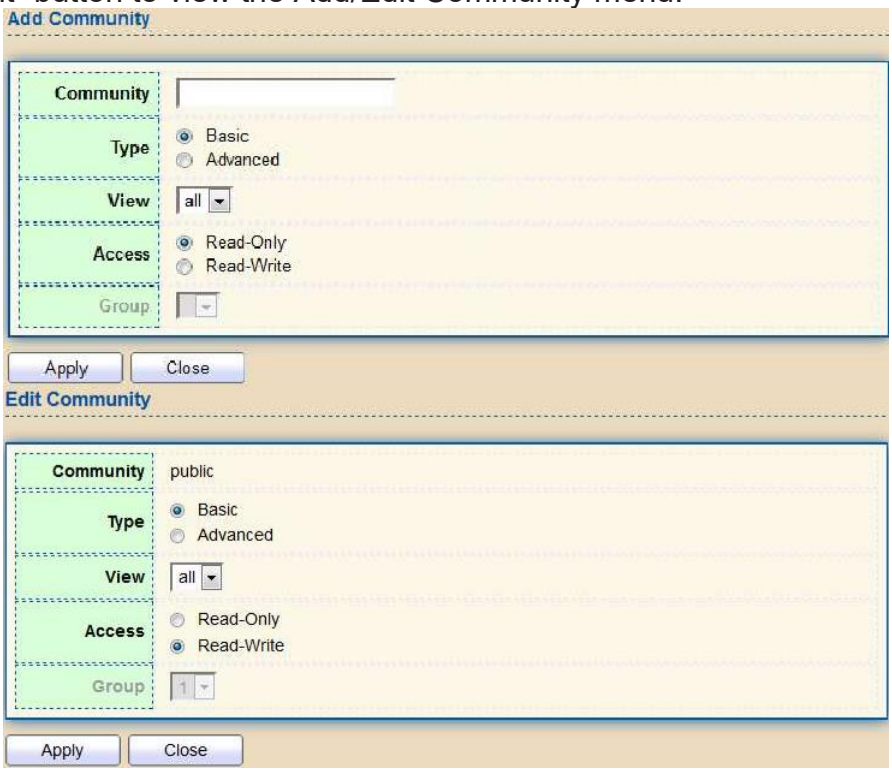


Figure 216 - Management > SNMP > Group > Add/Edit Community

Item	Description
Community	The SNMP community name. Its maximum length is 20 characters.
Type	SNMP Community mode • Basic: SNMP community specifies view and access right. • Advanced: SNMP community specifies group.
View	Specify the SNMP view to define the object available to the community.
Access	SNMP access mode • Read-Only: Read only. • Read-Write: Read and write.
Group	Specify the SNMP group configured by the command snmp group to define the object available to the community.

2.15.4.5. User

To configure and display the SNMP users, click Management > SNMP > User.

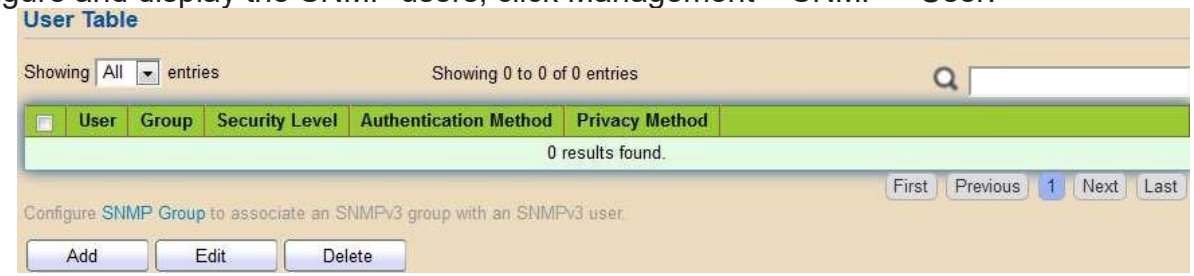


Figure 217 - Management > SNMP > User

Item	Description
User	Specify the SNMP username on the host that connects to the SNMP agent. The max character is 30 characters. For the SNMP v1 or v2c, the username must match the community name.
Group	Specify the SNMP group to which the SNMP user belongs.
Security Level	SNMP privilege mode • No Security: Specify that no packet authentication is performed. • Authentication: Specify that no packet authentication without encryption is performed. • Authentication and Privacy: Specify that no packet authentication with encryption is performed.

Authentication Method	Authentication Protocol which is available when Privilege Mode is Authentication or Authentication and Privacy. • None: No authentication required. • MD5: Specify the HMAC-MD5-96 authentication protocol. • SHA: Specify the HMAC-SHA-96 authentication protocol
Privacy Method	Encryption Protocol • None: No privacy required. • DES: DES algorithm

Click "Add" or “Edit” button to view Add/Edit User menu.

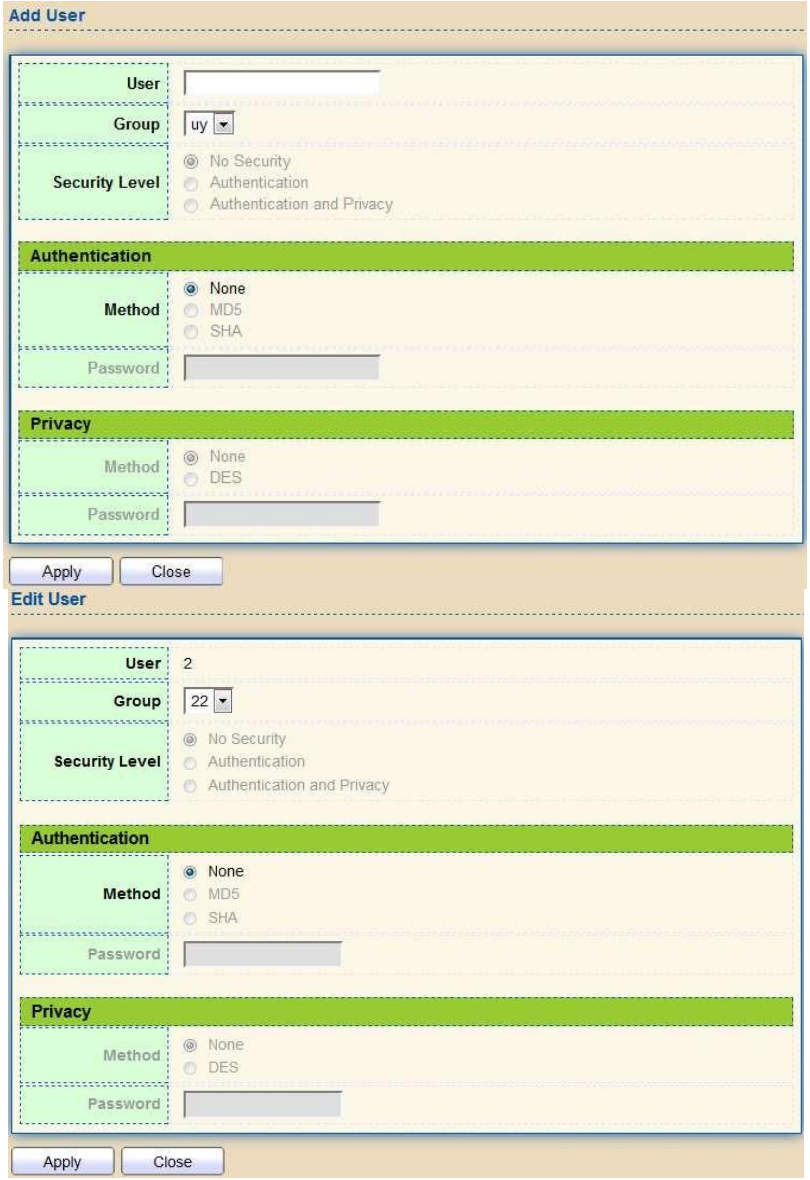


Figure 218 - Management > SNMP > User > Add/Edit User

Item	Description
User	Specify the SNMP username on the host that connects to the SNMP agent. The max character is 30 characters.
Group	Specify the SNMP group to which the SNMP user belongs.
Security Level	SNMP privilege mode • No Security: Specify that no packet authentication is performed. • Authentication: Specify that no packet authentication without encryption is performed. • Authentication and Privacy: Specify that no packet authentication with encryption is performed.
Authentication	
Method	Authentication Protocol which is available when Privilege Mode is Authentication or Authentication and Privacy. • None: No authentication required. • MD5: Specify the HMAC-MD5-96 authentication protocol. • SHA: Specify the HMAC-SHA-96 authentication protocol.
Password	The authentication password. The number of character range is 8 to 32 characters.
Privacy	
Method	Encryption Protocol • None: No privacy required. • DES: DES algorithm
Password	The privacy password, the number of character range is 8 to 64 characters.

2.15.4.6. Engine ID

To configure and display SNMP local and remote engine ID, click Management > SNMP > Engine ID.

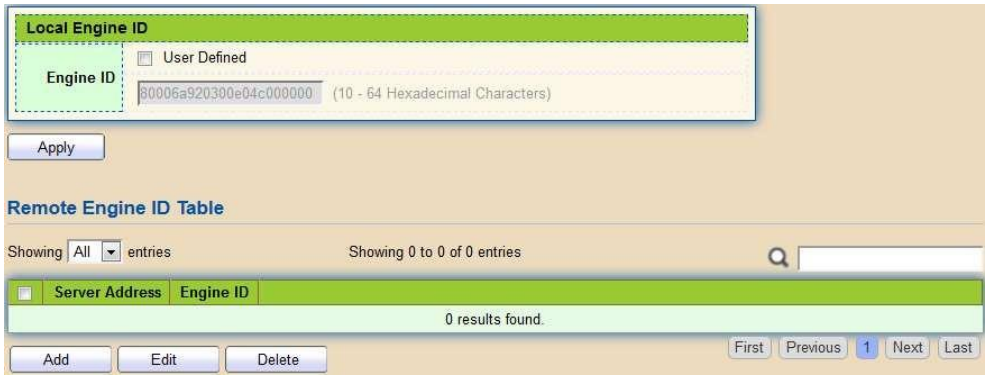


Figure 219 - Management > SNMP > Engine ID

Item	Description
Local Engine ID	
Engine ID	If checked “User-defined”, the local engine ID is configured by the user, else use the default Engine ID which is made up of MAC and Enterprise ID. The User-defined engine ID is range 10 to 64 hexadecimal characters, and the hexadecimal number must be divided by 2.
Remote Engine ID Table	
Server Address	Remote host.
Engine ID	Specify Remote SNMP engine ID. The engine ID is range10 to 64 hexadecimal characters, and the hexadecimal number must be divided by 2.

Click "Add" button to view Add Remote Engine ID menu.

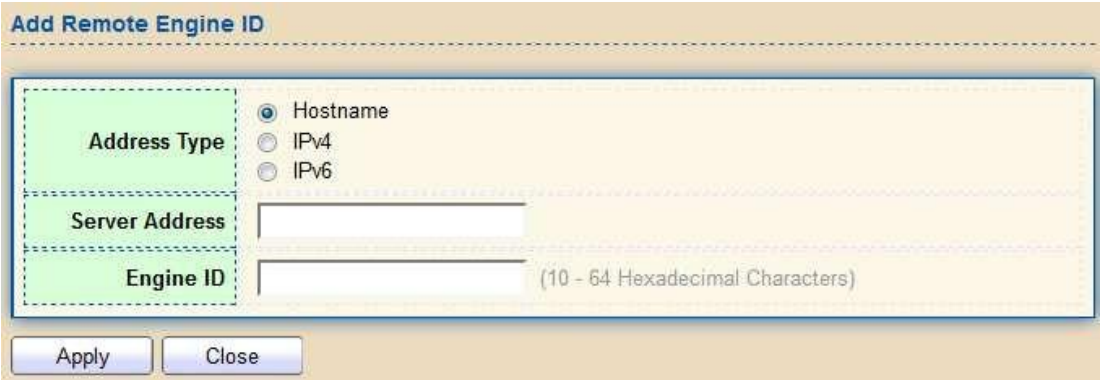


Figure 220 - Management > SNMP > Add Engine ID

Item	Description
Address Type	Remote host address type for Hostname/IPv4/IPv6.
Server Address	Remote host.
Engine ID	Specify Remote SNMP engine ID. The engine ID is range10 to 64 hexadecimal characters, and the hexadecimal number must be divided by 2.

Click “Edit” button to view Edit Remote Engine ID menu.

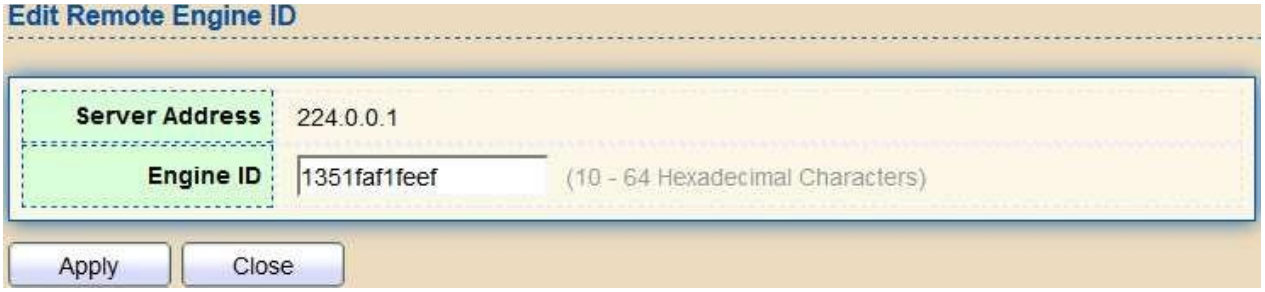


Figure 221 - Management > SNMP > Edit Engine ID

Item	Description
Server Address	Edit Remote host address
Engine ID	Specify Remote SNMP engine ID. The engine ID is range10 to 64 hexadecimal characters, and the hexadecimal number must be divided by 2.

2.15.4.7. Trap Event

To configure and display SNMP trap event, click Management > SNMP > Trap Event.

Figure 222 - Management > SNMP > Trap Event

Item	Description
Authentication Failure	SNMP authentication failure trap, when community not match or user authentication password not match.
Link Up/Down	Port link up or down trap.
Cold Start	Device reboot configure by user trap.
Warm Start	Device reboot by power down trap.

2.15.4.8. Notification

To configure the hosts to receive SNMPv1/v2/v3 notification, click Management > SNMP > Notification.

Figure 223 - Management > SNMP > Notification

Item	Description
Server Address	IP address or the hostname of the SNMP trap recipients.
Server Port	Recipients server UDP port number.
Timeout	Specify the SNMP informs timeout.
Retry	Specify the retry counter of the SNMP informs.
Version	Specify SNMP notification version • SNMPv1: SNMP Version 1 notification. • SNMPv2: SNMP Version 2 notification. • SNMPv3: SNMP Version 3 notification.
Type	Notification Type • Trap: Send SNMP traps to the host. • Inform: Send SNMP informs to the host.
Community/User	SNMP community/username for notification. If version is SNMPv3 the name is username, else is community name.
UDP Port	Specify the UDP port number.
Timeout	Specify the SNMP informs timeout.
Security Level	SNMP trap packet security level • No Security: Specify that no packet authentication is performed. • Authentication: Specify that no packet authentication without encryption is performed. • Authentication and Privacy: Specify that no packet authentication with encryption is performed.

Click "Add" button to view the Notification menu.

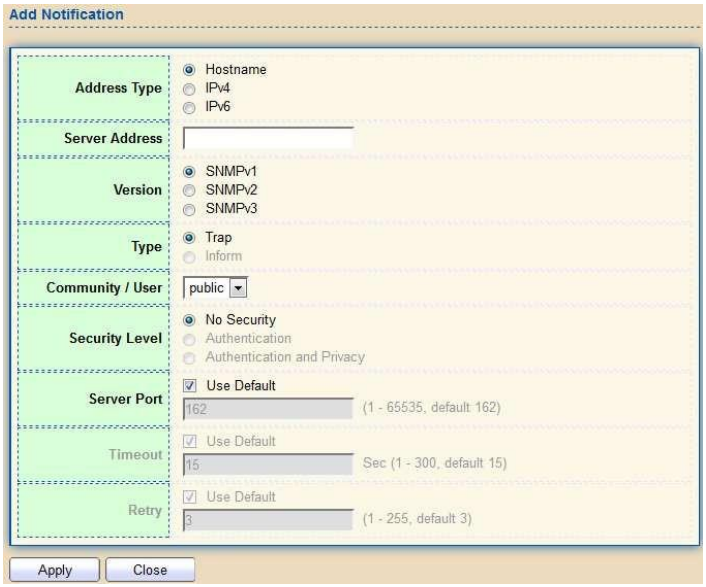


Figure 224 - Management > SNMP > Notification > Add Notification

Click "Edit" button to view the Edit Notification menu.

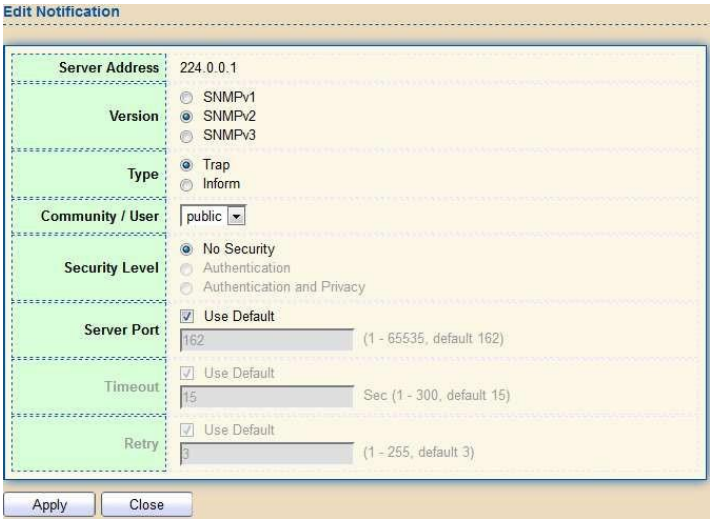


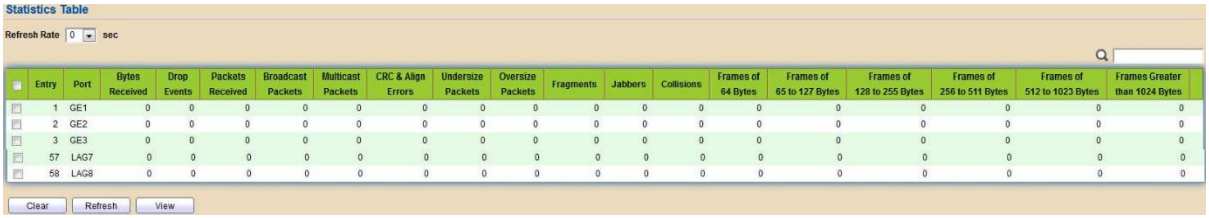
Figure 225 - Management > SNMP > Notification > Edit Notification

Item	Description
Server Address	Edit SNMP notify recipients address
Version	Specify SNMP notification version • SNMPv1: SNMP Version 1 notification. • SNMPv2: SNMP Version 2 notification. • SNMPv3: SNMP Version 3 notification.
Type	Notification Type • Trap: Send SNMP traps to the host. • Inform: Send SNMP informs to the host. (This function is not applicable to SNMPv1)
Community/User	SNMP community/username for notification. If version is SNMPv3 the name is username, else is community name.
Community Level	SNMP notification packet security level, the security level must less than or equal to the community/username • No Security: Specify that no packet authentication is performed. • Authentication: Specify that no packet authentication without encryption is performed. • Authentication and Privacy: Specify that no packet authentication with encryption is performed.
Server Port	Specify the UDP port number. If “Use Default” checked, the default value is 162.
Timeout	Specify the time length for notifying the hosts after timeout. If “Use Default” is checked, the default value is 15.
Retry	Specify the number of retry allowed before notifying the hosts. If “Use Default” is checked, the default value is 3.

2.15.5. RMON

2.15.5.1. Statistics

To display RMON Statistics, click Management > RMON > Statistics.



Entry	Port	Bytes Received	Drop Events	Packets Received	Broadcast Packets	Multicast Packets	CRC & Align Errors	Undersize Packets	Oversize Packets	Fragments	Jabbers	Collisions	Frames of 64 Bytes	Frames of 65 to 127 Bytes	Frames of 128 to 255 Bytes	Frames of 256 to 511 Bytes	Frames of 512 to 1023 Bytes	Frames Greater than 1024 Bytes
1	GE1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
2	GE2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3	GE3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
57	LAG7	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
58	LAG8	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Figure 226 - Management > RMON > Statistics

Item	Description
Port	The port for the RMON statistics.
Bytes Received	Number of octets received, including bad packets and FCS octets, but excluding framing bits.
Drop Events	Number of packets that were dropped.
Packets Received	Number of packets received, including bad packets, Multicast packets, and Broadcast packets.
Broadcast Packets	Number of good Broadcast packets received. This number does not include Multicast packets.
Multicast Packets	Number of good Multicast packets received.
CRC &Align Errors	Number of CRC and Align errors that have occurred.
Undersize Packets	Number of undersized packets (les than 64 octets) received.
Oversize Packets	Number of oversized packets (over 1518 octets) received.
Fragments	Number of fragments (packets with less than 64 octets, excluding framing bits, but including FCS octets) received.
Jabbers	Number of received packets that were longer than 1632 octets. This number excludes frame bits, but includes FCS octets that had either a bad FCS (Frame Check Sequence) with an integral number of octets (FCS Error) or a bad FCS with a non-integral octet (Alignment Error) number. A Jabber packet is defined as an Ethernet frame that satisfies the following criteria: • Packet data length is greater than MRU. • Packet has an invalid CRC. • RX error event has not been detected.
Collisions	Number of collisions received. If Jumbo Frames are enabled, the threshold of Jabber Frames is raised to the maximum size of Jumbo Frames.

Frames of 64 Bytes	Number of frames, containing less than 64 bytes that were received.
Frames of 65 to 127 Bytes	Number of frames, containing 65 to 127 bytes that were received.
Frames of 128 to 225 Bytes	Number of frames, containing 128 to 255 bytes that were received.
Frames of 256 to 511 Bytes	Number of frames, containing 256 to 511 bytes that were received.
Frames of 512 to 1023 Bytes	Number of frames, containing 512 to 1023 bytes that were received.
Frames Greater than 1024 Bytes	Number of frames, containing 1024 to 1518 bytes that were received.
Clear	Clear the statistics for the selected ports.
View	View the statistics on the specified port.

Click "View" button to view the view Port Statistics menu.

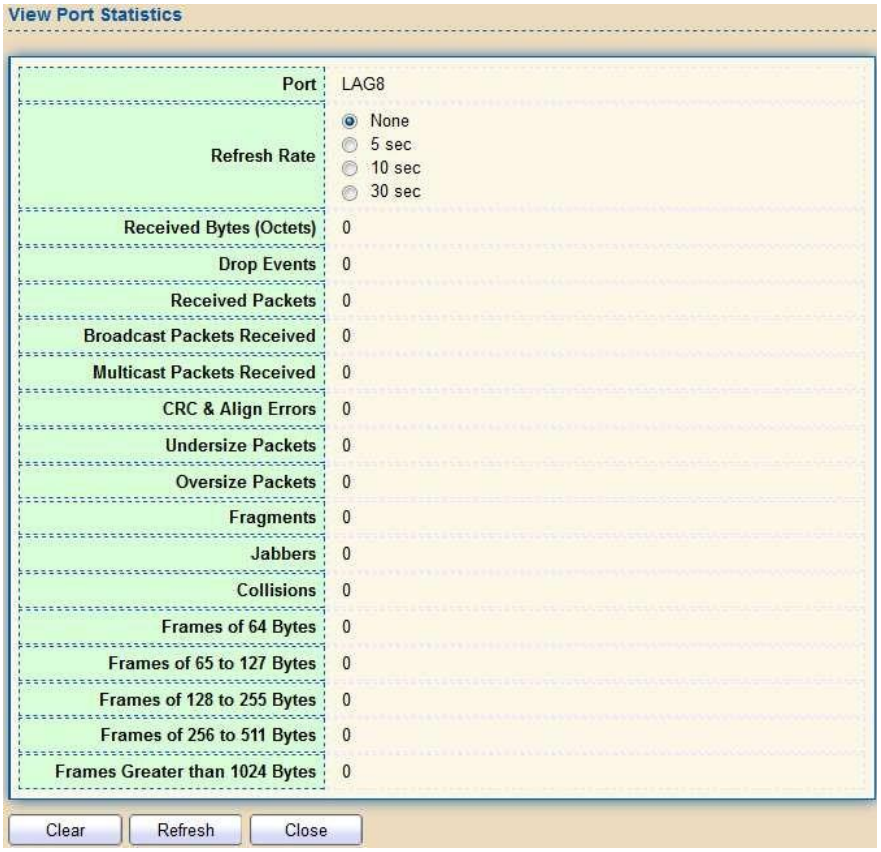


Figure 227 - Management > RMON > Statistics

2.15.5.2. History

For the RMON history, click Management > RMON > History.

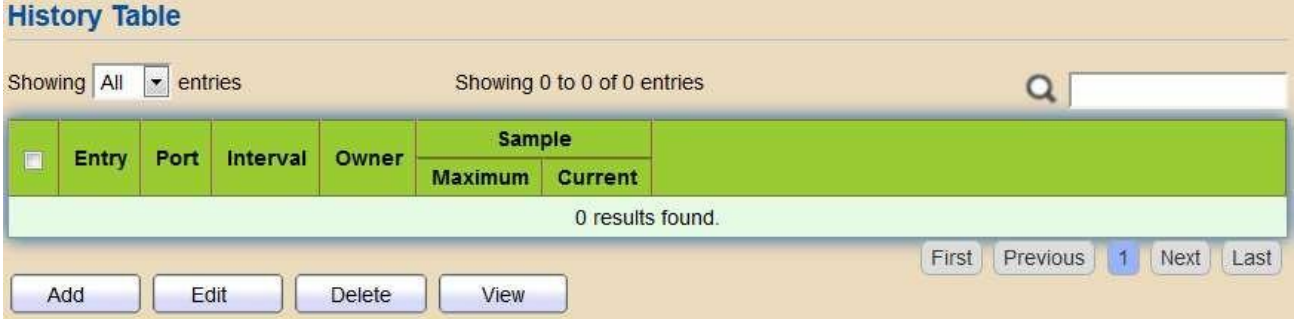


Figure 228 - Management > RMON > History

Item	Description
Port	The port for the RMON history.
Interval	The number of seconds for each sample.
Owner	The owner name of event (0~31 characters).
Sample Maximum	The maximum number of buckets.
Sample Current	The current number of buckets.
Add	Add the new RMON history entries
Edit	Edit the RMON history
Delete	Delete the RMON histories
View	View the history log.

Click "Add/Edit" button to Add/Edit the History menu.

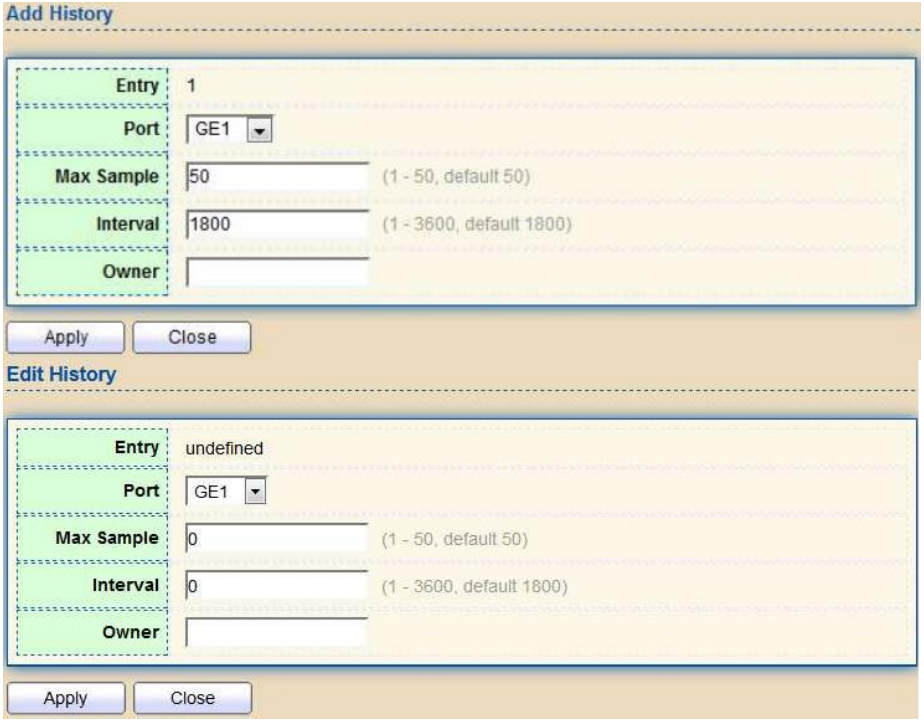


Figure 229 - Management > RMON > Add /Edit History

Item	Description
Port	Specify port for the RMON history.
Max Sample	Specify the maximum number of buckets.
Interval	Specify the number of seconds for each sample.
Owner	Specify the owner name of event (0~31 characters).

Click "View" button to view the History menu.

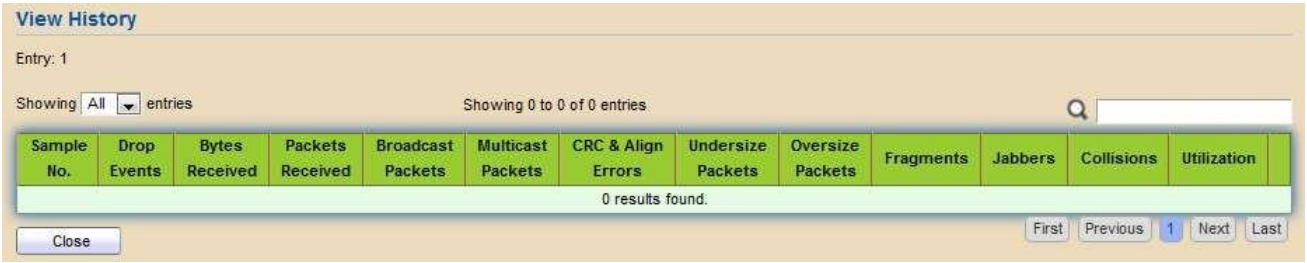


Figure 230 - Management > RMON > View History

Item	Description
Port	The port for the RMON statistics.
Bytes Received	Number of octets received, including bad packets and
Drop Events	Number of packets that were dropped.
Packets Received	Number of packets received, including bad packets, Multicast packets, and Broadcast packets.
Broadcast Packets	Number of good Broadcast packets received. This number does not include Multicast packets.
Multicast Packets	Number of good Multicast packets received.
CRC & Align Errors	Number of CRC and Align errors that have occurred.
Undersize Packages	Number of undersized packets (less than 64 octets) received.
Oversize Packages	Number of oversized packets (over 1518 octets) received.
Fragments	Number of fragments (packets with less than 64 octets, excluding framing bits, but including FCS octets) received.
Jabbers	Number of received packets that were longer than 1632 octets. This number excludes frame bits, but includes FCS octets that had either a bad FCS (Frame Check Sequence) with an integral number of octets (FCS Error) or a bad FCS with a non-integral octet (Alignment Error) number. A Jabber packet is defined as an Ethernet frame that satisfies the following criteria: ● Packet data length is greater than MRU. ● Packet has an invalid CRC. ● RX error event has not been detected.
Collision	Number of collisions received. If Jumbo Frames are enabled, the threshold of Jabber Frames is raised to the maximum size of Jumbo Frames.
Utilization	Percentage of current interface traffic compared to the maximum traffic that the interface can handle.

2.15.5.3. Event

For the RMON event, click Management > RMON > Event.

Figure 231 - Management > RMON > Event

Item	Description
Community	The SNMP community when the notification type is specified as
Description	The description for the event
Notification	The notification type for the event, and the possible value are: • None: Nothing for notification. • Event Log: Logging the event in the RMON Event Log table. • Trap: Send a SNMP trap. • Event Log and Trap: Logging the event and send the SNMP trap.
Time	The time that the event was triggered.
Owner	The owner for the event.

Click "Add/Edit" button to view the Add/Edit Event menu.

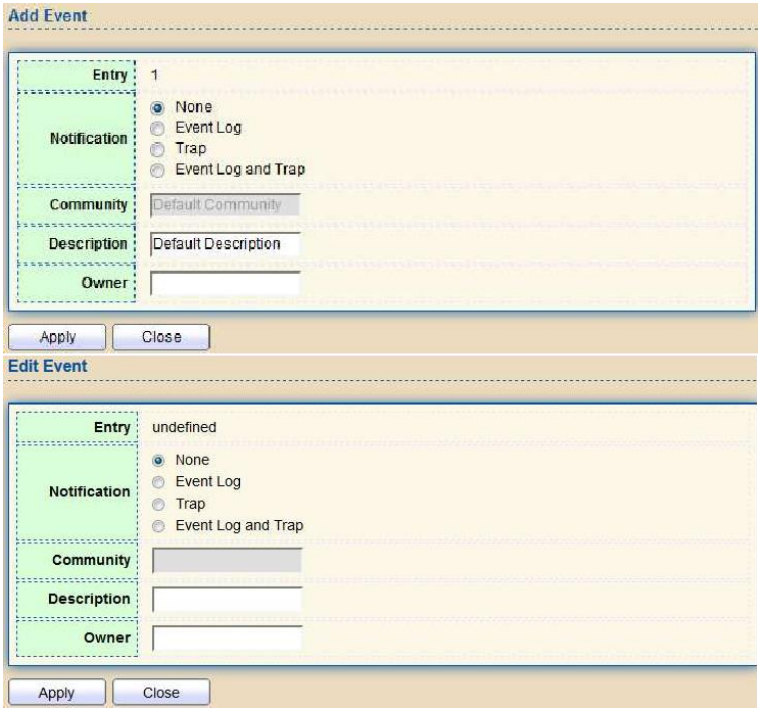


Figure 232 - Management > RMON > Add/Edit Event

Item	Description
Notification	Specify the notification type for the event, and the possible value are: • None: Nothing for notification. • Event Log: Logging the event in the RMON Event Log table • Trap: Send a SNMP trap. • Event Log and Trap: Logging the event and send the SNMP trap
Community	Specify the SNMP community when the notification type is
Description	Specify the description for the event.
Owner	Specify owner for the event.

Click "View" button to view the View Event Log menu.

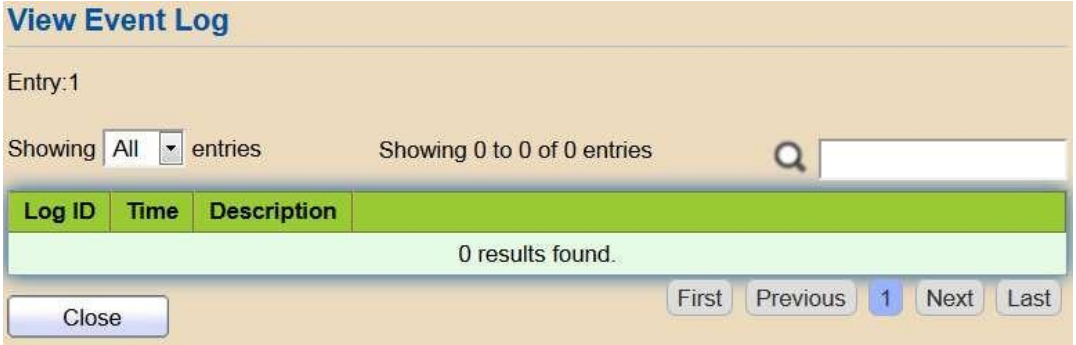


Figure 233 - Management > RMON > View Event Log

Item	Description
Log ID	The log identifier.
Time	The time that the event was triggered.
Description	The description for the event.

2.15.5.4. Alarm

For the RMON Alarm menu, click Management > RMON > Alarm.

Figure 234 - Management > RMON > Alarm

Item	Description
Port	The port configuration for the RMON alarm.
Counter	The counter for sampling • DropEvents (Drop Event): Total number of events received in which the packets were dropped. • Octes (Received Bytes): Octets. • Pkts (Received Packets): Number of packets. • BroadcastPkts (Broadcast Packets Received): Broadcast packets. • MulticastPkts (Multicast Packets Received): Multicast packets. • CRCAlignError (CRC and Align Error): CRC alignment error. • UndersizePkts (Undersize Packets): Number of undersized packets • OversizePkts (Oversize Packets): Number of oversized packets. • Fragments (Fragments): Total number of packet fragment. • Jabbers (Jabbers): Total number of packet jabber. • Collisions (Collisions): Collision. • Pkts64Octetes (Frames of 64 Bytes): Number of packets size 64 octets. • Pkts65to127Octetes (Frames of 65 to 127 Bytes): Number of packets size 65 to 127 octets. • Pkts128to255Octetes (Frames of 128 to 255 Bytes): Number of packets size 128 to 255 octets. • Pkts256to511Octetes (Frames of 256 to 511 Bytes): Number of packets size 256 to 511 octets. • Pkts512to1023Octetes (Frames of 512 to 1023 Bytes): Number of packets size 512 to 1023 octets. • Pkts1024to1518Octets (Frames Greater than 1024 Bytes): Number of packets size 1024 to 1518 octets.
Sampling	The sampling type including: • Absolute: The selected variable value is compared directly with the thresholds at the end of the sampling interval. • Delta: The selected variable value of the last sample is subtracted from the current value and the difference is compared with the thresholds.
Interval	The number of seconds for each sample.
Owner	The owner for the alarm entry.

Trigger	The type of event triggering.
Rising Threshold	The threshold for firing rising event.
Rising Event	The rising event when alarm was fired.
Falling Threshold	The threshold for firing falling event.
Falling Event	The falling event when alarm was fired.

Click "Add/Edit" button to view the Add/Edit menu.

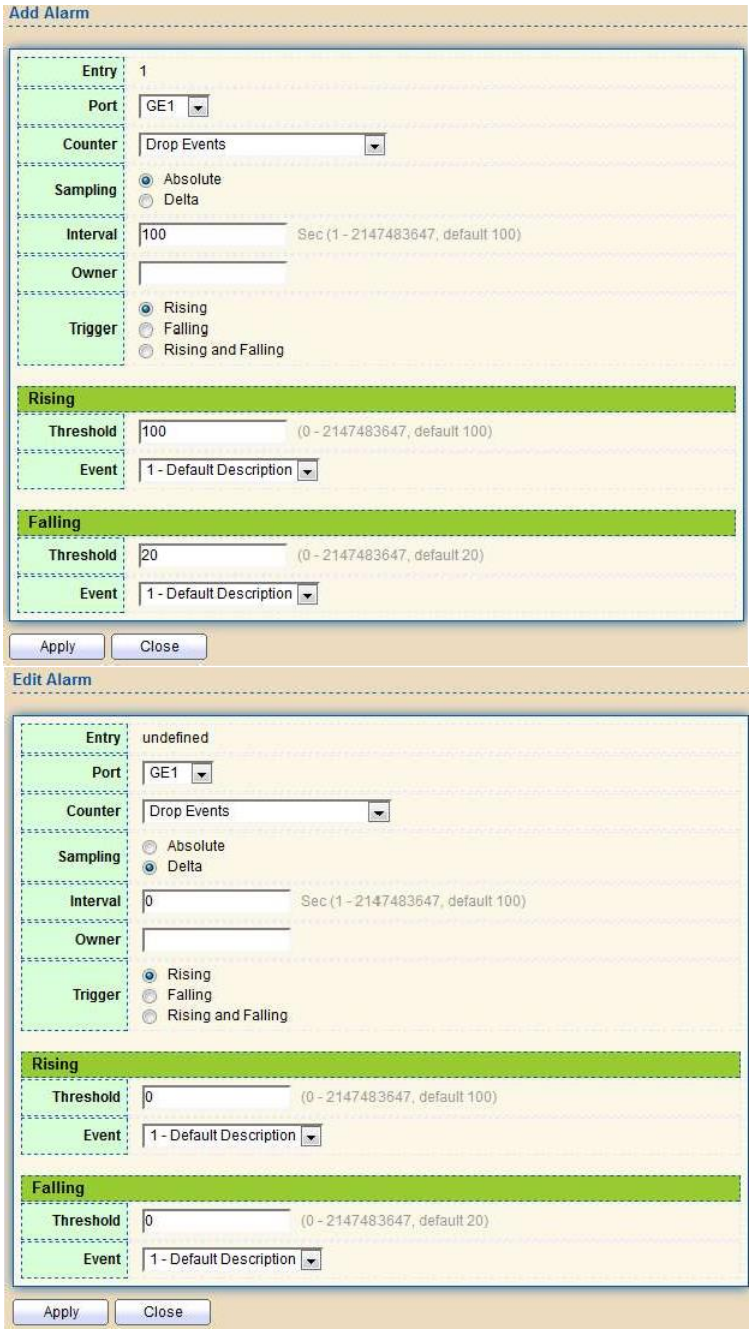


Figure 235 - Management > RMON > Add/Edit Alarm

2.15.6. Open Source Software Licenses

To access the copyright notices, select Management > Open Source Software Licenses. Click Open Source Software Licenses.

Figure 236 - Management > Open Source Software Licenses