SECTION 1: Identification

1.1. Identification

Product name: DIACETOXYTIN, tech-95
Product code: SND2700
Product form: Substance
Physical state: Solid
Formula: C4H6O4Sn
Synonyms: TIN(II) ACETATE
TIN DI(ACETATE)
STANNOUS ACETATE
Chemical family: TIN COMPOUND

1.2. Recommended use and restrictions on use

Recommended use: Chemical intermediate

1.3. Supplier

GELEST, INC.
11 East Steel Road
Morrisville, PA 19067
USA
T 215-547-1015 - F 215-547-2484 - (M-F): 8:00 AM - 5:30 PM EST
info@gelest.com - www.gelest.com

1.4. Emergency telephone number

Emergency number: CHEMTREC: 1-800-424-9300 (USA); +1 703-527-3887 (International)

SECTION 2: Hazard(s) identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

GHS-US classification
Skin corrosion/irritation Category 1C H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage
Serious eye damage/eye irritation Category 1 H318 Causes serious eye damage
Full text of H statements: see section 16

2.2. GHS Label elements, including precautionary statements

GHS US labeling
Hazard pictograms (GHS US): 

Signal word (GHS US): Danger
Hazard statements (GHS US): H314 - Causes severe skin burns and eye damage
H318 - Causes serious eye damage
Precautionary statements (GHS US): P280 - Wear protective gloves/protection clothing/eye protection/face protection.
P260 - Do not breathe dust.
P264 - Wash hands thoroughly after handling.
P301+P330+P331 - If swallowed: rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting.
P303+P361+P353 - If on skin (or hair): take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower.
P304+P340 - If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.
P305+P351+P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
P310 - Immediately call a doctor.
P321 - Specific treatment (see first aid instructions on this label).
P363 - Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.
P405 - Store locked up.
P501 - Dispose of contents/container to licensed waste disposal facility.

2.3. Hazards not otherwise classified (HNOC)

No additional information available

2.4. Unknown acute toxicity (GHS US)

Not applicable
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SECTION 3: Composition/Information on ingredients

3.1. Substances

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name</th>
<th>Product identifier</th>
<th>%</th>
<th>GHS-US classification</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Diacetoxytin</td>
<td>(CAS-No.) 638-39-1</td>
<td>95 - 100</td>
<td>Skin Corr. 1C, H314</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Eye Dam. 1, H318</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other Tin compounds</td>
<td></td>
<td>0 - 5</td>
<td>Not classified</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Substance type: Multi-constituent
Name: DIACETOXYTIN, tech-95
CAS-No.: 638-39-1

Full text of hazard classes and H-statements : see section 16

3.2. Mixtures
Not applicable

SECTION 4: First-aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

First-aid measures general: Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. In case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical advice immediately (show the label where possible). If possible show this sheet; if not available show packaging or label.

First-aid measures after inhalation: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If you feel unwell, seek medical advice.

First-aid measures after skin contact: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Get medical advice/attention.

First-aid measures after eye contact: Immediately flush eyes thoroughly with water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Get medical advice/attention.

First-aid measures after ingestion: Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Immediately call a poison center or doctor/physician.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects (acute and delayed)

Symptoms/effects: Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
Symptoms/effects after inhalation: May be harmful if inhaled. May cause irritation to the respiratory tract.
Symptoms/effects after skin contact: Causes (severe) skin burns. May be harmful in contact with skin. Organotins may be absorbed through the skin.
Symptoms/effects after eye contact: Causes serious eye damage.
Symptoms/effects after ingestion: May be harmful if swallowed.

4.3. Immediate medical attention and special treatment, if necessary

Note to physician: Application of corticosteroid creams has been effective in treating severe skin irritation. If blisters develop, they may require abrasion to promote healing.

SECTION 5: Fire-fighting measures

5.1. Suitable (and unsuitable) extinguishing media

Unsuitable extinguishing media: Do not use straight streams.

5.2. Specific hazards arising from the chemical

Fire hazard: Irritating fumes and organic acid vapors may develop when material is exposed to elevated temperatures or open flame.

5.3. Special protective equipment and precautions for fire-fighters

Firefighting instructions: Exercise caution when fighting any chemical fire. Use water spray to cool exposed surfaces. Do not enter fire area without proper protective equipment, including respiratory protection. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Do not breathe dust.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

6.1.1. For non-emergency personnel

Protective equipment: Wear protective equipment as described in Section 8.
Emergency procedures: Evacuate unnecessary personnel.

6.1.2. For emergency responders

Protective equipment: Do not attempt to take action without suitable protective equipment. Equip cleanup crew with proper protection. For further information refer to section 8: “Exposure controls/personal protection”.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Prevent entry to sewers and public waters. Notify authorities if product enters sewers or public waters.
6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up
For containment  : Contain any spills with dikes or absorbents to prevent migration and entry into sewers or streams.
Methods for cleaning up  : Sweep or shovel spills into appropriate container for disposal.

6.4. Reference to other sections
See Heading 8. Exposure controls and personal protection.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling
Precautions for safe handling  : Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Do not breathe dust. Avoid dust formation. Provide local exhaust or general room ventilation to minimize exposure to dust.
Hygiene measures  : Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Wash hands and other exposed areas with mild soap and water before eating, drinking or smoking and when leaving work.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities
Storage conditions  : Keep container tightly closed. Store locked up.
Incompatible materials  : Direct sunlight. Oxidizing agent.
Storage area  : Store in a well-ventilated place. Store away from heat.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>ACGIH TWA (mg/m³)</th>
<th>OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m³)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Diacetoxytin (638-39-1)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ACGIH</td>
<td></td>
<td>0.1 mg/m³ as tin</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>OSHA</td>
<td></td>
<td>0.1 mg/m³ as tin</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other Tin compounds</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ACGIH</td>
<td></td>
<td>0.1 mg/m³ as tin</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>OSHA</td>
<td></td>
<td>0.1 mg/m³ as tin</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

8.2. Appropriate engineering controls
Appropriate engineering controls  : Provide local exhaust or general room ventilation.

8.3. Individual protection measures/Personal protective equipment

Personal protective equipment:
Avoid all unnecessary exposure. Emergency eye wash fountains and safety showers should be available in the immediate vicinity of any potential exposure.

Hand protection:
Neoprene or nitrile rubber gloves

Eye protection:
Chemical goggles or face shield. Contact lenses should not be worn

Skin and body protection:
Wear suitable protective clothing

Respiratory protection:
Where exposure through inhalation may occur from use, respiratory protection equipment is recommended. NIOSH-certified dust and mist (orange cartridge) respirator.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property</th>
<th>Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Physical state</td>
<td>Solid</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Appearance</td>
<td>Solid</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Molecular mass</td>
<td>236.79 g/mol</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Color</td>
<td>Off-white</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Odor</td>
<td>Acetic acid</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Odor threshold</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Refractive index</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>pH</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Relative evaporation rate (butyl acetate=1)</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
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<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property</th>
<th>Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Melting point</td>
<td>180 - 183 °C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Freezing point</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Boiling point</td>
<td>115 °C @ 0.1 mm Hg sublime</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Flash point</td>
<td>&gt; 110 °C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Auto-ignition temperature</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Decomposition temperature</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Flammability (solid, gas)</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vapor pressure</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Relative vapor density at 20 °C</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Relative density</td>
<td>2.11</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Solubility</td>
<td>Soluble in water.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Log Pow</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Log Kow</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Viscosity, kinematic</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Viscosity, dynamic</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Explosive properties</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Oxidizing properties</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Explosion limits</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>9.2. Other information</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>No additional information available</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

10.1. **Reactivity**

No additional information available

10.2. **Chemical stability**

Stable in sealed containers under inert atmosphere. Oxidizes slowly in the presence of air.

10.3. **Possibility of hazardous reactions**

Direct sunlight causes degradation to an inorganic tin salt.

10.4. **Conditions to avoid**

No additional information available

10.5. **Incompatible materials**

Direct sunlight. Oxidizing agent.

10.6. **Hazardous decomposition products**

Organic acid vapors. Tin oxides.

**SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

11.1. **Information on toxicological effects**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Effect</th>
<th>Classification</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Acute toxicity</td>
<td>Not classified</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Skin corrosion/irritation</td>
<td>Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Serious eye damage/irritation</td>
<td>Causes serious eye damage.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Respiratory or skin sensitization</td>
<td>Not classified</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Germ cell mutagenicity</td>
<td>Not classified</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Carcinogenicity</td>
<td>Not classified</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>None of the components in this product at concentrations &gt;0.1% are listed by IARC, NTP, OSHA or ACGIH as a carcinogen.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

| Classification | |
|----------------||
| Reproductive toxicity                           | Not classified              |
| Specific target organ toxicity – single exposure| Not classified              |

| Classification | |
|----------------||
| Specific target organ toxicity – repeated exposure| Not classified              |
| Aspiration hazard | Not classified |
| Symptoms/effects after inhalation                | May be harmful if inhaled. May cause irritation to the respiratory tract. |
| Symptoms/effects after skin contact              | Causes (severe) skin burns. May be harmful in contact with skin. Organotins may be absorbed through the skin. |
| Symptoms/effects after eye contact               | Causes serious eye damage.  |
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Symptoms/effects after ingestion: May be harmful if swallowed.
Reason for classification: Expert judgment

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1. Toxicity
No additional information available

12.2. Persistence and degradability
No additional information available

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential
No additional information available

12.4. Mobility in soil
No additional information available

12.5. Other adverse effects
Other adverse effects: This substance may be hazardous to the environment.
Effect on the ozone layer: No additional information available

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Disposal methods
Sewage disposal recommendations: Do not dispose of waste into sewer.
Product/Packaging disposal recommendations: Dispose in a safe manner in accordance with local/national regulations. Dispose of contents/container to licensed waste disposal facility.
Ecology - waste materials: Avoid release to the environment.

SECTION 14: Transport information

14.1. UN number
UN-No.(DOT): 3261
DOT NA no.: UN3261

14.2. UN proper shipping name
Transport document description: UN3261 Corrosive solid, acidic, organic, n.o.s. (DIACETOXYTIN), 8, III
Proper Shipping Name (DOT): Corrosive solid, acidic, organic, n.o.s. (DIACETOXYTIN)
Class (DOT): 8 - Class 8 - Corrosive material 49 CFR 173.136
Packing group (DOT): III - Minor Danger
Hazard labels (DOT): 8 - Corrosive

DOT Packaging Non Bulk (49 CFR 173.xxx): 213
DOT Packaging Bulk (49 CFR 173.xxx): 240
DOT Packaging Exceptions (49 CFR 173.xxx): 154
DOT Symbols: G - Identifies PSN requiring a technical name

14.3. Additional information
Emergency Response Guide (ERG) Number: 154
Other information: No supplementary information available.

Transport by sea
DOT Vessel Stowage Location: A - The material may be stowed "on deck" or "under deck" on a cargo vessel and on a passenger vessel.

Air transport
DOT Quantity Limitations Passenger aircraft/rail (49 CFR 173.27): 25 kg
DOT Quantity Limitations Cargo aircraft only (49 CFR 175.75): 100 kg
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SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. US Federal regulations

| DIACETOXYTIN, tech-95 (638-39-1) | CAUTION: This material is supplied for research and development purposes subject to the R&D exemption under TSCA, 40 CFR 720.36, and must meet the requirements of the exemption, including supervision by a "technically qualified individual" as defined by 40 CFR 720.3(ee). The use of this material for "commercial purposes" as defined by 40 CFR 720.3(r) is not permitted in the United States. |

| Diacetoxytin (638-39-1) | Not listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory |

15.2. International regulations

CANADA
No additional information available

EU-Regulations

| Diacetoxytin (638-39-1) | Listed on the EEC inventory EINECS (European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances) |

National regulations

| Diacetoxytin (638-39-1) | Listed on the Japanese ENCS (Existing & New Chemical Substances) inventory |

15.3. US State regulations

California Proposition 65 - This product does not contain any substances known to the state of California to cause cancer, developmental and/or reproductive harm

SECTION 16: Other information

Full text of H-phrases::

- H314: Causes severe skin burns and eye damage
- H318: Causes serious eye damage

Abbreviations and acronyms

- Abbreviations: ND: Not Determined, No Data; NA: Not Applicable; LD: Lethal Dose; LC: Lethal Concentration; ATE: Acute Toxicity Estimates; H: hour; °: °C unless otherwise stated; mm: millimeters Hg, torr; PEL: permissible exposure level; TWA: time weighted average; TLV: threshold limit value; TG: Test Guideline; NIOSH: National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health; IARC: International Agency for Research on Cancer; NTP: National Toxicology Program; HMIS: Hazardous Material Information System; CAS No.: Chemical Abstract Service Registration Number; EC No.: European Commission Registration Number; EC Index No.: European Commission Index Number; OECD: The Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development; GHS: The Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling; APF: Assigned Protection Factor.

Hazard Rating

Health: 3 Serious Hazard - Major injury likely unless prompt action is taken and medical treatment is given
Flammability: 1 Slight Hazard - Materials that must be preheated before ignition will occur. Includes liquids, solids and semi solids having a flash point above 200 F. (Class IIIB)
Physical: 0 Minimal Hazard - Materials that are normally stable, even under fire conditions, and will NOT react with water, polymerize, decompose, condense, or self-react. Non-Explosives.

Prepared by safety and environmental affairs.

Date of issue: 09/09/2016 Version: 1.0

SDS US (GHS HazCom 2012) - Custom

According to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations
DIACETOXYTIN, tech-95
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