



A Group Company of MITSUBISHI CHEMICAL

**POLY(METHYLSILSESQUIOXANE), METHOXY TERMINATED**

## Safety Data Sheet SLT-3A101

Issue date: 11/17/2015

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Version: 2.0

**SECTION 1: Identification****1.1. Identification**

Product name : POLY(METHYLSILSESQUIOXANE), METHOXY TERMINATED  
 Product code : SLT-3A101  
 Product form : Substance  
 Physical state : Liquid  
 Formula : C<sub>4</sub>H<sub>12</sub>O<sub>3</sub>Si  
 Synonyms : METHYLTRIMETHOXYSILANE, oligomeric hydrolysate; SILOXANES AND SILICONES, METHYL METHOXY POLYMERS WITH METHYL SILSESQUIOXANES, METHOXY-TERMINATED  
 Chemical family : ORGANOMETHOXYSILANE

**1.2. Recommended use and restrictions on use**

Recommended use : Chemical intermediate

**1.3. Supplier****GELEST, INC.**

11 East Steel Road  
 Morrisville, PA 19067

**USA**

T 215-547-1015 - F 215-547-2484 - (M-F): 8:00 AM - 5:30 PM EST

[info@gelest.com](mailto:info@gelest.com) - [www.gelest.com](http://www.gelest.com)
**1.4. Emergency telephone number**

Emergency number : CHEMTREC: 1-800-424-9300 (USA); +1 703-527-3887 (International)

**SECTION 2: Hazard(s) identification****2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture****GHS US classification**

Serious eye damage/eye irritation Category 2A H319 Causes serious eye irritation

Full text of H statements : see section 16

**2.2. GHS Label elements, including precautionary statements****GHS US labeling**

Hazard pictograms (GHS US) :



Signal word (GHS US) :

Warning

Hazard statements (GHS US) :

H319 - Causes serious eye irritation

Precautionary statements (GHS US) :

P280 - Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.  
 P264 - Wash hands thoroughly after handling.  
 P305+P351+P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing  
 P337+P313 - If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

**2.3. Hazards not otherwise classified (HNOC)**

Other hazards which do not result in classification : Additional methanol may be formed by reaction with moisture and water. The US OSHA PEL (TWA) for methanol is 200 ppm.

**2.4. Unknown acute toxicity (GHS US)**

Not applicable

**SECTION 3: Composition/Information on ingredients****3.1. Substances**

Substance type : Multi-constituent  
 Name : POLY(METHYLSILSESQUIOXANE), METHOXY TERMINATED  
 CAS-No. : 181186-37-8

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Name	Product identifier	%	GHS US classification
Poly(methylsilsesquioxane), methoxy terminated	(CAS-No.) 181186-37-8	95 – 100	Eye Irrit. 2A, H319
Methyltrimethoxysilane	(CAS-No.) 1185-55-3	0 – 5	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Eye Irrit. 2A, H319

Full text of hazard classes and H-statements : see section 16

### 3.2. Mixtures

Not applicable

## SECTION 4: First-aid measures

### 4.1. Description of first aid measures

First-aid measures general	: Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. In case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical advice immediately (show the label where possible). If possible show this sheet; if not available show packaging or label.
First-aid measures after inhalation	: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If you feel unwell, seek medical advice.
First-aid measures after skin contact	: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Get medical advice/attention.
First-aid measures after eye contact	: Immediately flush eyes thoroughly with water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Get medical advice/attention.
First-aid measures after ingestion	: Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Get medical advice/attention.

### 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects (acute and delayed)

Symptoms/effects after inhalation	: May cause irritation to the respiratory tract.
Symptoms/effects after skin contact	: May cause skin irritation.
Symptoms/effects after eye contact	: Causes serious eye irritation.
Symptoms/effects after ingestion	: Oral toxicity is associated with methanol, the solvent and a hydrolysis product which causes nausea, vomiting, headache, visual effects including blindness.
Chronic symptoms	: On contact with water this compound liberates methanol which is known to have a chronic effect on the central nervous system. Methanol may effect the central nervous system resulting in persistent or recurring headaches or impaired vision.

### 4.3. Immediate medical attention and special treatment, if necessary

NOTE TO PHYSICIAN: This product reacts with water in the acid contents of the stomach to form methanol. The combination of visual disturbances, metabolic acidosis and formic acid in urine is evidence of methanol poisoning. The therapeutic intravenous administration of ethanol (10 mls/hour) allows methanol to be preferentially oxidized and reduces production of methanol metabolites. Acidosis must be treated with intravenous administration of sodium bicarbonate and methanol elimination may be increased by hemodialysis, as indicated. Treatment should be based on blood methanol levels and acid-base balance.

## SECTION 5: Fire-fighting measures

### 5.1. Suitable (and unsuitable) extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media	: Water spray. Water fog. Foam. Carbon dioxide. Dry chemical.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use straight streams.

### 5.2. Specific hazards arising from the chemical

Fire hazard	: Irritating fumes and organic acid vapors may develop when material is exposed to elevated temperatures or open flame.
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### 5.3. Special protective equipment and precautions for fire-fighters

Firefighting instructions	: Exercise caution when fighting any chemical fire. Use water spray or fog for cooling exposed containers.
Protection during firefighting	: Do not enter fire area without proper protective equipment, including respiratory protection. Avoid all eye and skin contact and do not breathe vapor and mist. Vapors extremely dangerous to eyes.

## SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

### 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

#### 6.1.1. For non-emergency personnel

Protective equipment	: Wear protective equipment as described in Section 8.
Emergency procedures	: Evacuate unnecessary personnel.

#### 6.1.2. For emergency responders

Protective equipment	: Do not attempt to take action without suitable protective equipment. Equip cleanup crew with proper protection. For further information refer to section 8: "Exposure controls/personal protection".
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### 6.2. Environmental precautions

Prevent entry to sewers and public waters. Notify authorities if liquid enters sewers or public waters.

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### 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

- For containment : Contain any spills with dikes or absorbents to prevent migration and entry into sewers or streams.
- Methods for cleaning up : With adequate eye protection, absorb material and transfer to a suitable container for hydrolysis and disposal.

### 6.4. Reference to other sections

See Heading 8. Exposure controls and personal protection.

## SECTION 7: Handling and storage

### 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

- Precautions for safe handling : Avoid all eye and skin contact and do not breathe vapor and mist. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment. Provide good ventilation in process area to prevent accumulation of vapors.
- Hygiene measures : Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Wash hands and other exposed areas with mild soap and water before eating, drinking or smoking and when leaving work.

### 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

- Storage conditions : Keep container tightly closed.
- Incompatible materials : Oxidizing agent.
- Storage area : Store in a well-ventilated place. Store away from heat.

## SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

### 8.1. Control parameters

No additional information available

### 8.2. Appropriate engineering controls

- Appropriate engineering controls : Provide local exhaust or general room ventilation.

### 8.3. Individual protection measures/Personal protective equipment

#### Personal protective equipment:

Avoid all unnecessary exposure. Emergency eye wash fountains and safety showers should be available in the immediate vicinity of any potential exposure.

#### Hand protection:

Neoprene or nitrile rubber gloves

#### Eye protection:

Chemical goggles. Contact lenses should not be worn

#### Skin and body protection:

Wear suitable protective clothing

#### Respiratory protection:

Where exposure through inhalation may occur from use, respiratory protection equipment is recommended. NIOSH-certified organic vapor (black cartridge) respirator.

#### Personal protective equipment symbol(s):



## SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

### 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

- Physical state : Liquid
- Appearance : Clear liquid.
- Molecular mass : 700 – 1000 g/mol
- Color : No data available
- Odor : Characteristic.
- Odor threshold : No data available
- Refractive index : 1.402
- pH : No data available

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Relative evaporation rate (butyl acetate=1)	: < 1
Melting point	: No data available
Freezing point	: < 0 °C
Boiling point	: > 102 °C
Flash point	: > 110 °C
Auto-ignition temperature	: No data available
Decomposition temperature	: No data available
Flammability (solid, gas)	: No data available
Vapor pressure	: No data available
Relative vapor density at 20 °C	: > 1
Relative density	: 1.143
Solubility	: Insoluble in water. Reacts with water.
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow)	: No data available
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Kow)	: No data available
Viscosity, kinematic	: 20 – 30 cSt
Viscosity, dynamic	: No data available
Explosive properties	: No data available
Oxidizing properties	: No data available
Explosion limits	: No data available

### 9.2. Other information

No additional information available

## SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

### 10.1. Reactivity

No additional information available

### 10.2. Chemical stability

Stable.

### 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Material decomposes slowly in contact with moist air or with water liberating methanol.

### 10.4. Conditions to avoid

Heat. Sparks. Open flame.

### 10.5. Incompatible materials

Oxidizing agent.

### 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Methanol. Organic acid vapors. Silicon dioxide.

## SECTION 11: Toxicological information

### 11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity (oral)	: Not classified
Acute toxicity (dermal)	: Not classified
Acute toxicity (inhalation)	: Not classified

Methyltrimethoxysilane (1185-55-3)	
LD50 oral rat	12500 mg/kg
ATE US (oral)	12500 mg/kg body weight

Skin corrosion/irritation	: Not classified
Serious eye damage/irritation	: Causes serious eye irritation.
Respiratory or skin sensitization	: Not classified
Germ cell mutagenicity	: Not classified
Carcinogenicity	: Not classified
Reproductive toxicity	: Not classified
STOT-single exposure	: Not classified
STOT-repeated exposure	: Not classified

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Aspiration hazard	: Not classified
Potential Adverse human health effects and symptoms	: This material slowly generates methanol on contact with water and moisture in living tissues. Material generates methanol on contact with water or moisture in skin, eyes and mucous membranes and has an irritating, dehydrating effect on overexposed tissue.
Symptoms/effects after inhalation	: May cause irritation to the respiratory tract.
Symptoms/effects after skin contact	: May cause skin irritation.
Symptoms/effects after eye contact	: Causes serious eye irritation.
Symptoms/effects after ingestion	: Oral toxicity is associated with methanol, the solvent and a hydrolysis product which causes nausea, vomiting, headache, visual effects including blindness.
Chronic symptoms	: On contact with water this compound liberates methanol which is known to have a chronic effect on the central nervous system. Methanol may effect the central nervous system resulting in persistent or recurring headaches or impaired vision.
Reason for classification	: Expert judgment

## SECTION 12: Ecological information

### 12.1. Toxicity

No additional information available

### 12.2. Persistence and degradability

No additional information available

### 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

No additional information available

### 12.4. Mobility in soil

No additional information available

### 12.5. Other adverse effects

Other adverse effects : This substance may be hazardous to the environment.

Effect on the ozone layer : No additional information available

## SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

### 13.1. Disposal methods

Sewage disposal recommendations : Do not dispose of waste into sewer.

Product/Packaging disposal recommendations : Dispose in a safe manner in accordance with local/national regulations.

Ecology - waste materials : Avoid release to the environment.

## SECTION 14: Transport information

### 14.1. UN number

Not regulated for transport.

### 14.2. UN proper shipping name

Not applicable

### 14.3. Additional information

Other information : No supplementary information available.

### Transport by sea

No additional information available

### Air transport

No additional information available

## SECTION 15: Regulatory information

### 15.1. US Federal regulations

Commercial status of components according to the United States Environmental Protection Agency's Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA):

Name	CAS-No.	Listing	Commercial status	Flags
Methyltrimethoxysilane	1185-55-3	Present	Active	
Poly(methylsilsesquioxane), methoxy terminated	181186-37-8	Present	Active	

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### 15.2. International regulations

#### CANADA

##### Methyltrimethoxysilane (1185-55-3)

Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)

##### Poly(methylsilsesquioxane), methoxy terminated (181186-37-8)

Listed on the Canadian NDSL (Non-Domestic Substances List)

#### EU-Regulations

##### Methyltrimethoxysilane (1185-55-3)

Listed on the EEC inventory EINECS (European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances)

#### National regulations

##### Methyltrimethoxysilane (1185-55-3)

Listed introduction on Australian Industrial Chemicals Introduction Scheme (AICIS Inventory)  
Listed on IECSC (Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances Produced or Imported in China)  
Listed on the Japanese ENCS (Existing & New Chemical Substances) inventory  
Listed on KECL/KECI (Korean Existing Chemicals Inventory)  
Listed on NZIoC (New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals)  
Listed on PICCS (Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances)  
Listed on INSQ (Mexican National Inventory of Chemical Substances)  
Listed on CICR (Turkish Inventory and Control of Chemicals)

##### Poly(methylsilsesquioxane), methoxy terminated (181186-37-8)

Listed on IECSC (Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances Produced or Imported in China)  
Listed on the Japanese ENCS (Existing & New Chemical Substances) inventory  
Listed on the NCI (Vietnam - National Chemical Inventory)  
Listed on TECI (Thailand Existing Chemicals Inventory)  
Listed on the TCSI (Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory)

### 15.3. US State regulations

California Proposition 65 - This product does not contain any substances known to the state of California to cause cancer, developmental and/or reproductive harm

## SECTION 16: Other information

Full text of H-phrases::

H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapor
H319	Causes serious eye irritation

Abbreviations and acronyms

: Abbreviations: ND: Not Determined, No Data; NA: Not Applicable; LD: Lethal Dose; LC: Lethal Concentration; ATE: Acute Toxicity Estimates; H: hour; °: °C unless otherwise stated; mm: millimeters Hg, torr; PEL: permissible exposure level; TWA: time weighted average; TLV: threshold limit value; TG: Test Guideline; NIOSH: National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health; IARC: International Agency for Research on Cancer; NTP: National Toxicology Program; HMIS: Hazardous Material Information System; CAS No.: Chemical Abstract Service Registration Number; EC No.: European Commission Registration Number; EC Index No.: European Commission Index Number; OECD: The Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development; GHS: The Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling; APF: Assigned Protection Factor.

#### Hazard Rating

Health : 2 Moderate Hazard - Temporary or minor injury may occur  
Flammability : 1 Slight Hazard - Materials that must be preheated before ignition will occur. Includes liquids, solids and semi solids having a flash point above 200 F. (Class IIIB)  
Physical : 1 Slight Hazard - Materials that are normally stable but can become unstable (self-react) at high temperatures and pressures. Materials may react non-violently with water or undergo hazardous polymerization in the absence of inhibitors.

Prepared by safety and environmental affairs.

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EN (English US)

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SDS US (GHS HazCom 2012) - Custom

According to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

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