



# METHACRYLOXYPROPYLDIMETHYLMETHOXYSILANE, 95%

Safety Data Sheet SIM6486.5

Date of issue: 01/20/2015

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Version: 1.1

## SECTION 1: Identification

### 1.1. Identification

Product name	: METHACRYLOXYPROPYLDIMETHYLMETHOXYSILANE, 95%
Product code	: SIM6486.5
Product form	: Substance
Physical state	: Liquid
Formula	: C <sub>10</sub> H <sub>20</sub> O <sub>3</sub> Si
Synonyms	: (DIMETHYLMETHOXYSILYLPROPYL)METHACRYLATE; 2-PROPENOIC ACID, 2-METHYL-, 3-(METHOXYDIMETHYLSILYL)PROPYL ESTER; 3-(METHOXYDIMETHYLSILYL)PROPYL METHACRYLATE
Chemical family	: ORGANOMETHOXYSILANE

### 1.2. Recommended use and restrictions on use

Recommended use	: Chemical intermediate
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### 1.3. Supplier

#### GELEST, INC.

11 East Steel Road  
Morrisville, PA 19067

#### USA

T 215-547-1015 - F 215-547-2484 - (M-F): 8:00 AM - 5:30 PM EST

[info@gelest.com](mailto:info@gelest.com) - [www.gelest.com](http://www.gelest.com)

### 1.4. Emergency telephone number

Emergency number	: CHEMTREC: 1-800-424-9300 (USA); +1 703-527-3887 (International)
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## SECTION 2: Hazard(s) identification

### 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

#### GHS-US classification

Flammable liquids Category 4	H227 Combustible liquid
Serious eye damage/eye irritation Category 2A	H319 Causes serious eye irritation
Full text of H statements : see section 16	

### 2.2. GHS Label elements, including precautionary statements

#### GHS US labeling

Hazard pictograms (GHS US)



Signal word (GHS US)

: Warning

Hazard statements (GHS US)

: H227 - Combustible liquid  
H319 - Causes serious eye irritation

Precautionary statements (GHS US)

: P280 - Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.  
P210 - Keep away from heat, open flames, sparks. - No smoking.  
P264 - Wash hands thoroughly after handling.  
P305+P351+P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing  
P337+P313 - If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.  
P370+P378 - In case of fire: Use water spray, foam, carbon dioxide, dry chemical to extinguish.  
P403+P235 - Keep in a cool place  
P501 - Dispose of contents/container to licensed waste disposal facility.

### 2.3. Hazards not otherwise classified (HNOC)

No additional information available

### 2.4. Unknown acute toxicity (GHS US)

Not applicable

## SECTION 3: Composition/Information on ingredients

### 3.1. Substances

Substance type	: Multi-constituent
Name	: METHACRYLOXYPROPYLDIMETHYLMETHOXYSILANE, 95%

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CAS-No. : 66753-64-8

Name	Product identifier	%	GHS-US classification
3-(Methoxydimethylsilyl)propyl methacrylate	(CAS-No.) 66753-64-8	> 95	Flam. Liq. 4, H227 Eye Irrit. 2A, H319
Other Organosilanes		< 5	Not classified
Hydroquinone monomethyl ether	(CAS-No.) 150-76-5	< 0.05	Acute Tox. 4 (Oral), H302 Eye Irrit. 2B, H320 Skin Sens. 1, H317
Methanol	(CAS-No.) 67-56-1		Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Acute Tox. 3 (Oral), H301 Acute Tox. 3 (Dermal), H311 Acute Tox. 3 (Inhalation:vapour), H331 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Dam. 1, H318 STOT SE 1, H370 STOT SE 3, H336

Full text of hazard classes and H-statements : see section 16

### 3.2. Mixtures

Not applicable

## SECTION 4: First-aid measures

### 4.1. Description of first aid measures

- First-aid measures general : Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. In case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical advice immediately (show the label where possible). If possible show this sheet; if not available show packaging or label.
- First-aid measures after inhalation : Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If you feel unwell, seek medical advice.
- First-aid measures after skin contact : Wash with plenty of soap and water.
- First-aid measures after eye contact : Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately flush eyes thoroughly with water for at least 15 minutes. Get medical advice/attention.
- First-aid measures after ingestion : Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Get medical advice/attention.

### 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects (acute and delayed)

- Symptoms/effects after inhalation : May be irritating to the respiratory system. Overexposure may cause: Coughing. Headache. Nausea.
- Symptoms/effects after skin contact : May cause skin irritation.
- Symptoms/effects after eye contact : Causes serious eye irritation.
- Symptoms/effects after ingestion : Oral toxicity is associated with methanol, the solvent and a hydrolysis product which causes nausea, vomiting, headache, visual effects including blindness.
- Chronic symptoms : On contact with water this compound liberates methanol which is known to have a chronic effect on the central nervous system. Methanol may affect the central nervous system resulting in persistent or recurring headaches or impaired vision.

### 4.3. Immediate medical attention and special treatment, if necessary

NOTE TO PHYSICIAN: This product reacts with water in the acid contents of the stomach to form methanol. The combination of visual disturbances, metabolic acidosis and formic acid in urine is evidence of methanol poisoning. The therapeutic intravenous administration of ethanol (10 ml/s/hour) allows methanol to be preferentially oxidized and reduces production of methanol metabolites. Acidosis must be treated with intravenous administration of sodium bicarbonate and methanol elimination may be increased by hemodialysis, as indicated. Treatment should be based on blood methanol levels and acid-base balance.

## SECTION 5: Fire-fighting measures

### 5.1. Suitable (and unsuitable) extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media : Water spray. Foam. Carbon dioxide. Dry chemical.

### 5.2. Specific hazards arising from the chemical

Fire hazard : Irritating fumes and organic acid vapors may develop when material is exposed to elevated temperatures or open flame.

### 5.3. Special protective equipment and precautions for fire-fighters

- Firefighting instructions : Use water spray to cool exposed surfaces. Exercise caution when fighting any chemical fire.
- Protection during firefighting : Do not enter fire area without proper protective equipment, including respiratory protection. Avoid all eye and skin contact and do not breathe vapor and mist.

## SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

### 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

General measures : Remove ignition sources. Use special care to avoid static electric charges.

#### 6.1.1. For non-emergency personnel

Emergency procedures : Evacuate unnecessary personnel.

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### 6.1.2. For emergency responders

Protective equipment : Equip cleanup crew with proper protection.

### 6.2. Environmental precautions

Prevent entry to sewers and public waters. Notify authorities if liquid enters sewers or public waters.

### 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for cleaning up : Clean up any spills as soon as possible, using an absorbent material to collect it. Sweep or shovel spills into appropriate container for disposal. Use only non-sparking tools.

### 6.4. Reference to other sections

See Heading 8. Exposure controls and personal protection.

## SECTION 7: Handling and storage

### 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Precautions for safe handling : Avoid all eye and skin contact and do not breathe vapor and mist. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment. Provide good ventilation in process area to prevent accumulation of vapors. Use only in well ventilated areas. Use only non-sparking tools.

Hygiene measures : Wash hands and other exposed areas with mild soap and water before eating, drinking or smoking and when leaving work. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

### 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage conditions : Keep container tightly closed. Store cold.

Incompatible materials : Moisture. Water.

Storage area : Store in a well-ventilated place. Store away from heat.

## SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

### 8.1. Control parameters

Hydroquinone monomethyl ether (150-76-5)		
ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
NIOSH	NIOSH REL (TWA) (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Methanol (67-56-1)		
ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (ppm)	200 ppm
ACGIH	ACGIH STEL (ppm)	250 ppm
OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	260 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (ppm)	200 ppm
IDLH	US IDLH (ppm)	6000 ppm
NIOSH	NIOSH REL (TWA) (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	260 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
NIOSH	NIOSH REL (TWA) (ppm)	200 ppm
NIOSH	NIOSH REL (STEL) (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	325 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
NIOSH	NIOSH REL (STEL) (ppm)	250 ppm

### 8.2. Appropriate engineering controls

Appropriate engineering controls : Provide local exhaust or general room ventilation.

### 8.3. Individual protection measures/Personal protective equipment

#### Personal protective equipment:

Avoid all unnecessary exposure. Emergency eye wash fountains and safety showers should be available in the immediate vicinity of any potential exposure.

#### Hand protection:

Neoprene or nitrile rubber gloves

#### Eye protection:

Chemical goggles. Contact lenses should not be worn

#### Skin and body protection:

Wear suitable protective clothing

#### Respiratory protection:

NIOSH-certified organic vapor (black cartridge) respirator.

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### SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

#### 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state	: Liquid
Appearance	: Clear liquid.
Molecular mass	: 216.35 g/mol
Color	: Straw.
Odor	: Mild.
Odor threshold	: No data available
Refractive index	: 1.4381
pH	: No data available
Relative evaporation rate (butyl acetate=1)	: No data available
Melting point	: No data available
Freezing point	: < 0 °C
Boiling point	: 70 - 72 °C @ 0.5 mm Hg
Flash point	: 85 °C
Auto-ignition temperature	: No data available
Decomposition temperature	: No data available
Flammability (solid, gas)	: Combustible liquid
Vapor pressure	: < 0.1 mm Hg @ 25°C
Relative vapor density at 20 °C	: > 1
Relative density	: 0.944
Solubility	: Insoluble in water.
Log Pow	: No data available
Log Kow	: No data available
Viscosity, kinematic	: No data available
Viscosity, dynamic	: No data available
Explosive properties	: No data available
Oxidizing properties	: No data available
Explosion limits	: No data available

#### 9.2. Other information

No additional information available

### SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

#### 10.1. Reactivity

No additional information available

#### 10.2. Chemical stability

Stable in sealed containers stored in the dark at 0-5°C. Polymerization can occur when stored at elevated temperature.

#### 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Reacts with water and moisture in air, liberating methanol.

#### 10.4. Conditions to avoid

Heat. Open flame. Sparks.

#### 10.5. Incompatible materials

Moisture. Water.

#### 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Methanol. Organic acid vapors.

### SECTION 11: Toxicological information

#### 11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity : Not classified

##### Hydroquinone monomethyl ether (150-76-5)

LD50 oral rat	1600 mg/kg
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##### Methanol (67-56-1)

LC50 inhalation rat (ppm)	22500 ppm (Exposure time: 8 h)
ATE US (oral)	100 mg/kg body weight
ATE US (dermal)	300 mg/kg body weight
ATE US (vapors)	3 mg/l/4h

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Skin corrosion/irritation	: Not classified
Serious eye damage/irritation	: Causes serious eye irritation.
Respiratory or skin sensitization	: Not classified
Germ cell mutagenicity	: Not classified
Carcinogenicity	: Not classified
Reproductive toxicity	: Not classified
Specific target organ toxicity – single exposure	: Not classified
Specific target organ toxicity – repeated exposure	: Not classified
Aspiration hazard	: Not classified
Symptoms/effects after inhalation	: May be irritating to the respiratory system. Overexposure may cause: Coughing. Headache. Nausea.
Symptoms/effects after skin contact	: May cause skin irritation.
Symptoms/effects after eye contact	: Causes serious eye irritation.
Symptoms/effects after ingestion	: Oral toxicity is associated with methanol, the solvent and a hydrolysis product which causes nausea, vomiting, headache, visual effects including blindness.
Chronic symptoms	: On contact with water this compound liberates methanol which is known to have a chronic effect on the central nervous system. Methanol may effect the central nervous system resulting in persistent or recurring headaches or impaired vision.
Reason for classification	: Expert judgment

## SECTION 12: Ecological information

### 12.1. Toxicity

Hydroquinone monomethyl ether (150-76-5)	
LC50 fish 1	84.3 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Pimephales promelas [flow-through])
LC50 fish 2	28.5 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Oncorhynchus mykiss [flow-through])
Methanol (67-56-1)	
LC50 fish 1	28200 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Pimephales promelas [flow-through])
LC50 fish 2	> 100 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Pimephales promelas [static])

### 12.2. Persistence and degradability

No additional information available

### 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Hydroquinone monomethyl ether (150-76-5)	
Log Pow	1.34
Methanol (67-56-1)	
BCF fish 1	< 10
Log Pow	-0.77

### 12.4. Mobility in soil

No additional information available

### 12.5. Other adverse effects

Other adverse effects	: This substance may be hazardous to the environment.
Effect on the ozone layer	: No additional information available

## SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

### 13.1. Disposal methods

Product/Packaging disposal recommendations	: Dispose in a safe manner in accordance with local/national regulations. Dispose of contents/container to licensed waste disposal facility.
Ecology - waste materials	: Avoid release to the environment.

## SECTION 14: Transport information

### 14.1. UN number

DOT NA no.	NA1993
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### 14.2. UN proper shipping name

Transport document description	: NA1993 Combustible liquid, n.o.s. (METHACRYLOXYPROPYLDIMETHYLMETHOXYSILANE), 3, III
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Proper Shipping Name (DOT)	: Combustible liquid, n.o.s. (METHACRYLOXYPROPYLDIMETHYLMETHOXYSILANE)
Class (DOT)	: 3 - Class 3 - Flammable and combustible liquid 49 CFR 173.120
Packing group (DOT)	: III - Minor Danger
DOT Packaging Non Bulk (49 CFR 173.xxx)	: 203
DOT Packaging Bulk (49 CFR 173.xxx)	: 241
DOT Packaging Exceptions (49 CFR 173.xxx)	: 150
DOT Symbols	: D - Proper shipping name for domestic use only, or to and from Canada, G - Identifies PSN requiring a technical name

### 14.3. Additional information

Other information	: This product is Combustible as defined by the US Department of Transportation (DOT). It is regulated for transport in the US in container > 119 gallons (450 liters). The product is not regulated for transport by the IATA, ADR/RID, ADNR or the IMDG regulations.
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### Transport by sea

DOT Vessel Stowage Location	: A - The material may be stowed "on deck" or "under deck" on a cargo vessel and on a passenger vessel.
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### Air transport

DOT Quantity Limitations Passenger aircraft/rail (49 CFR 173.27)	: 60 L
DOT Quantity Limitations Cargo aircraft only (49 CFR 175.75)	: 220 L

## SECTION 15: Regulatory information

### 15.1. US Federal regulations

#### METHACRYLOXYPROPYLDIMETHYLMETHOXYSILANE, 95% (66753-64-8)

TSCA Exemption/Exclusion

CAUTION: This material is supplied for research and development purposes subject to the R&D exemption under TSCA, 40 CFR 720.36, and must meet the requirements of the exemption, including supervision by a "technically qualified individual" as defined by 40 CFR 720.3(ee). The use of this material for "commercial purposes" as defined by 40 CFR 720.3(r) is not permitted in the United States.

#### Hydroquinone monomethyl ether (150-76-5)

Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory

EPA TSCA Regulatory Flag T - T - indicates a substance that is the subject of a final TSCA section 4 test rule.

#### 3-(Methoxydimethylsilyl)propyl methacrylate (66753-64-8)

Not listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory

#### Methanol (67-56-1)

Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory  
Subject to reporting requirements of United States SARA Section 313

SARA Section 313 - Emission Reporting 1 %

### 15.2. International regulations

#### CANADA

No additional information available

#### Hydroquinone monomethyl ether (150-76-5)

Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)

WHMIS Classification Class D Division 2 Subdivision B - Toxic material causing other toxic effects

#### Methanol (67-56-1)

Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)

WHMIS Classification Class B Division 2 - Flammable Liquid  
Class D Division 1 Subdivision B - Toxic material causing immediate and serious toxic effects  
Class D Division 2 Subdivision A - Very toxic material causing other toxic effects  
Class D Division 2 Subdivision B - Toxic material causing other toxic effects

### EU-Regulations

No additional information available

#### Hydroquinone monomethyl ether (150-76-5)

Listed on the EEC inventory EINECS (European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances)

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### 3-(Methoxydimethylsilyl)propyl methacrylate (66753-64-8)

Listed on the EEC inventory EINECS (European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances)

### Methanol (67-56-1)

Listed on the EEC inventory EINECS (European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances)

## National regulations

### Hydroquinone monomethyl ether (150-76-5)

Listed on the AICS (Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances)  
Listed on IECSC (Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances Produced or Imported in China)  
Listed on the Japanese ENCS (Existing & New Chemical Substances) inventory  
Listed on the Korean ECL (Existing Chemicals List)  
Listed on NZIoC (New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals)  
Listed on PICCS (Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances)  
Listed on the Canadian IDL (Ingredient Disclosure List)  
Listed on INSQ (Mexican National Inventory of Chemical Substances)  
Listed on CICR (Turkish Inventory and Control of Chemicals)

### 3-(Methoxydimethylsilyl)propyl methacrylate (66753-64-8)

Listed on the AICS (Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances)

### Methanol (67-56-1)

Listed on the AICS (Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances)  
Listed on IECSC (Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances Produced or Imported in China)  
Listed on the Japanese ENCS (Existing & New Chemical Substances) inventory  
Listed on the Korean ECL (Existing Chemicals List)  
Listed on NZIoC (New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals)  
Listed on PICCS (Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances)  
Japanese Poisonous and Deleterious Substances Control Law  
Listed on the Canadian IDL (Ingredient Disclosure List)  
Listed on INSQ (Mexican National Inventory of Chemical Substances)  
Listed on CICR (Turkish Inventory and Control of Chemicals)

## 15.3. US State regulations

**⚠ WARNING:** This product can expose you to Methanol, which is known to the State of California to cause birth defects or other reproductive harm. For more information go to [www.P65Warnings.ca.gov](http://www.P65Warnings.ca.gov).

### Methanol (67-56-1)

U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Carcinogens List	U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Developmental Toxicity	U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Female	U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Male	No significant risk level (NSRL)	Maximum allowable dose level (MADL)
No	Yes	No	No		

### Hydroquinone monomethyl ether (150-76-5)

U.S. - Massachusetts - Right To Know List  
U.S. - New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List  
U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List

### Methanol (67-56-1)

U.S. - Massachusetts - Right To Know List  
U.S. - New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List  
U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) - Environmental Hazard List  
U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List

## SECTION 16: Other information

Full text of H-phrases::

H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapor
H227	Combustible liquid
H301	Toxic if swallowed
H302	Harmful if swallowed
H311	Toxic in contact with skin
H315	Causes skin irritation
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction
H318	Causes serious eye damage
H319	Causes serious eye irritation
H320	Causes eye irritation
H331	Toxic if inhaled
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness
H370	Causes damage to organs

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Abbreviations and acronyms : Abbreviations: ND: Not Determined, No Data; NA: Not Applicable; LD: Lethal Dose; LC: Lethal Concentration; ATE: Acute Toxicity Estimates; H: hour; °: °C unless otherwise stated; mm: millimeters Hg, torr; PEL: permissible exposure level; TWA: time weighted average; TLV: threshold limit value; TG: Test Guideline; NIOSH: National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health; IARC: International Agency for Research on Cancer; NTP: National Toxicology Program; HMIS: Hazardous Material Information System; CAS No.: Chemical Abstract Service Registration Number; EC No.: European Commission Registration Number; EC Index No.: European Commission Index Number; OECD: The Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development; GHS: The Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling; APF: Assigned Protection Factor.

### Hazard Rating

Health : 3 Serious Hazard - Major injury likely unless prompt action is taken and medical treatment is given

Flammability : 2 Moderate Hazard - Materials which must be moderately heated or exposed to high ambient temperatures before ignition will occur. Includes liquids having a flash point at or above 100 F but below 200 F. (Classes II & IIIA)

Physical : 1 Slight Hazard - Materials that are normally stable but can become unstable (self-react) at high temperatures and pressures. Materials may react non-violently with water or undergo hazardous polymerization in the absence of inhibitors.

Prepared by safety and environmental affairs.

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SDS US (GHS HazCom 2012) - Custom

According to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

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