## AMENDED IN ASSEMBLY FEBRUARY 25, 2025

CALIFORNIA LEGISLATURE—2025–26 REGULAR SESSION

## ASSEMBLY BILL

**No. 487** 

## Introduced by Committee on Insurance

February 10, 2025

An act to amend-Section 10270.2 Sections 1670, 1729.2, 1800, 1871.7, 10123.13, 10123.1991, 10270.2, 10295.11, and 12800 of the Insurance Code, relating to insurance.

LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL'S DIGEST

AB 487, as amended, Committee on Insurance. Blanket insurance. *Insurance*.

(1) Existing law establishes the powers and duties of the Department of Insurance and the Insurance Commissioner. Existing law requires an application for specified licenses, including a production agency license, to be automatically denied without prejudice to the filing of a new application for the license, except in specified circumstances, if the applicant does not fully qualify for and receives the license on a permanent basis or is denied the issuance of the license, as specified.

*This bill would additionally include applications for bail, insurance adjuster, or public insurance adjuster licenses.* 

(2) Existing law requires an insurance licensee or applicant for a license to notify the commissioner when any of their background information changes after the application has been submitted or the license has been issued. For this purpose, existing law defines "background information" to include an administrative action regarding a professional or occupational license, among other things.

This bill would expand the definition for "background information" to also include an administrative action regarding conduct or activity

for which a professional or occupational license was required, but not possessed, and an administrative or civil action filed by, or on behalf of, a government or regulatory agency alleging any unlawful conduct, activity, or omission.

## Existing

(3) Existing law permits blanket insurance to be issued to a college, school, or other institution of learning, or a sports team, camp, sponsor, or proprietor of a sports team, providing benefits to students, teachers, or employees, or sports team participants, campers, employees, officials, supervisors, or persons responsible for their support, for death or dismemberment resulting from accident, or for hospital, medical, surgical, or nursing expenses resulting from accident or sickness, as specified. Existing law defines "blanket insurance" for purposes of these provisions.

This bill would expand the groups for which blanket insurance may be issued to include coverage of volunteers for the entities described above.

(4) Existing law prohibits knowingly employing runners, cappers, steerers, or other persons to procure clients or patients to perform or obtain services or benefits under workers' compensation coverage or a contract of insurance or that will be the basis for a claim against an insured individual or their insurer. Existing law authorizes a district attorney, the Insurance Commissioner, or an interested person to bring a civil action for a violation of that provision. Existing law requires the district attorney or commissioner, for actions brought by an interested person, to either proceed with the action, in which case the action would be conducted by the district attorney or commissioner or to notify the court that it declines to take over the action, in which case the person bringing the action has the right to conduct the action. Existing law prohibits a court from having jurisdiction over an action under these provisions based upon the public disclosure of allegations or transactions in a criminal, civil, or administrative hearing in a legislative or administrative report, hearing, audit, or investigation, or from the news media, unless the action is brought by the Attorney General or the person bringing the action is an original source of the information.

This bill would instead prohibit a court from having jurisdiction, unless the action is brought by the district attorney or commissioner, the district attorney or commissioner proceeds with an action brought

by an interested person, or the person bringing the action is an original source of the information.

(5) This bill would make additional technical changes to eliminate outdated references and correct other errors.

Vote: majority. Appropriation: no. Fiscal committee: yes. State-mandated local program: no.

The people of the State of California do enact as follows:

1 SECTION 1. Section 1670 of the Insurance Code is amended 2 to read:

3 1670. If an applicant for any license under this chapter, *Chapter* 4 7 (commencing with Section 1800) of this part, or Chapter 1 (commencing with Section 14000) or Chapter 2 (commencing with 5 6 Section 15000) of Division 5, within one year from the date of the 7 receipt by the commissioner of the application, whether or not the 8 filing is complete, or within one year from the date of the issuance 9 to him or her the applicant of a certificate of convenience, if any, 10 whichever is the later date, neither fully qualifies for and receives 11 that license on a permanent basis, nor is denied its issue, the application is automatically denied without prejudice to the filing 12 13 of a new application for the license unless in a proceeding under 14 a statement of issues the commissioner for good cause determines 15 the denial should be set aside or stayed. 16 SEC. 2. Section 1729.2 of the Insurance Code is amended to 17 read: 18 1729.2. (a) An applicant or licensee shall notify the

19 commissioner when any of the background information set forth 20 in this section changes after the application has been submitted or 21 the license has been issued. If the licensee is listed as an endorsee 22 on any business entity license, the licensee shall also provide this 23 notice to any officer, director, or partner listed on that business 24 entity license.

(b) A business entity licensee, upon learning of a change in
background information pertaining to any unlicensed person listed
on its business entity license or application therefor, shall notify
the commissioner of that change. The changes subject to this
requirement include changes pertaining to any unlicensed officer,
director, partner, member, or controlling person, or any other

- 1 natural person named under the business entity license or in an
- 2 application therefor.
- 3 (c) The following definitions apply for the purposes of this 4 section:

5 (1) "License" includes all types of licenses issued by the 6 commissioner pursuant to Chapter 5 (commencing with Section 7 1621), Chapter 5A (commencing with Section 1759), Chapter 6 8 (commencing with Section 1760), Chapter 6.5 (commencing with 9 Section 1781.1), Chapter 7 (commencing with Section 1800), and 10 Chapter 8 (commencing with Section 1831) of Part 2 of Division 1, Chapter 1 (commencing with Section 10110) of Part 2 of 11 12 Division 2, Chapter 4 (commencing with Section 12280) of Part 13 5 of Division 2, Article 8 (commencing with Section 12418) of Chapter 1 of Part 6 of Division 2, and Chapter 1 (commencing 14

with Section 14000) and Chapter 2 (commencing with Section15000) of Division 5.

17 (2) "Background information" means any of the following: a 18 misdemeanor or felony conviction; a filing of felony criminal 19 charges in state or federal court; an administrative action regarding 20 a professional or occupational license; license or regarding conduct 21 or activity for which a professional or occupational license was 22 required but not possessed; an administrative or civil action filed 23 by, or on behalf of, a government or regulatory agency alleging 24 any unlawful conduct, activity, or omission; any licensee's 25 discharge or attempt to discharge, in a personal or organizational 26 bankruptcy proceeding, an obligation regarding any insurance 27 premiums or fiduciary funds owed to any-company, person, 28 including a premium finance company, or managing general agent; 29 and any admission, or judicial finding or determination, of fraud, 30 misappropriation or conversion of funds, misrepresentation, or 31 breach of fiduciary duty.

32 (3) "Applicant" and "licensee" include individual and
33 organization applicants and licensees, and officers, directors,
34 partners, members, and controlling persons (as defined in
35 subdivision (b) of Section 1668.5) of an organization.

36 (d) Notification to the commissioner shall be in writing and37 shall be sent within 30 days of the date the applicant or licensee38 learns of the change in background information.

39 (e) The commissioner may adopt regulations necessary or40 desirable to implement this section.

1 SEC. 3. Section 1800 of the Insurance Code is amended to 2 read:

3 1800. (a) An insurer shall not execute an undertaking of bail 4 except by and through a person holding a bail license issued as 5 provided in this chapter. A person shall not in this state solicit or 6 negotiate in respect to execution or delivery of an undertaking of 7 bail or bail bond by an insurer, or execute or deliver such an 8 undertaking of bail or bail bond unless licensed as provided in this 9 chapter, but if so licensed, such person may so solicit, negotiate, 10 and effect such undertakings or bail bonds without holding or being 11 named in any license specified in Chapter 5 of this part.

12 (b) (1) A person shall not perform in this state the activities of 13 a bail fugitive recovery agent, as defined in *paragraph* (4) of 14 subdivision (d) (a) of Section 1299.01 of the Penal Code, or solicit 15 or negotiate to perform the activities of a bail fugitive recovery agent, as defined in paragraph 4 of subdivision (d) (a) of Section 16 17 1299.01 of the Penal Code, unless licensed pursuant to this chapter. 18 (2) Any person, persons, or entity, including licensed bail agents 19 and surety insurers, that hire, contract, solicit, or appoint another 20 person or persons to act as a bail fugitive recovery agent shall 21 ensure that the hired person or persons are duly licensed by the 22 department as a bail fugitive recovery agent under paragraph (4) 23 of subdivision (a) of Section 1801.

(c) For purposes of this section, "solicit" shall include any
written or printed presentation or advertising made by mail or other
publication, or any oral presentation or advertising by means of
telephone, radio, or television which implies that an individual is
licensed under this chapter, and any activity in arranging for bail
which results in remuneration to the individual conducting that
activity.

31 (d) This section shall become operative on July 1, 2023.

32 SEC. 4. Section 1871.7 of the Insurance Code is amended to 33 read:

34 1871.7. (a) It is unlawful to knowingly employ runners, 35 cappers, steerers, or other persons to procure clients or patients to 36 perform or obtain services or benefits pursuant to Division 4 37 (commencing with Section 3200) of the Labor Code or to procure 38 clients or patients to perform or obtain services or benefits under 39 a contract of insurance or that will be the basis for a claim against 40 an insured individual or their insurer.

1 (b) Every person who violates any provision of this section or 2 Section 549, 550, or 551 of the Penal Code shall be subject, in 3 addition to any other penalties that may be prescribed by law, to 4 a civil penalty of not less than five thousand dollars (\$5,000) nor 5 more than ten thousand dollars (\$10,000), plus an assessment of not more than three times the amount of each claim for 6 7 compensation, as defined in Section 3207 of the Labor Code or 8 pursuant to a contract of insurance. The court shall have the power 9 to grant other equitable relief, including temporary injunctive relief, 10 as is necessary to prevent the transfer, concealment, or dissipation of illegal proceeds, or to protect the public. The penalty prescribed 11 12 in this paragraph shall be assessed for each fraudulent claim 13 presented to an insurance company by a defendant and not for each 14 violation.

15 (c) The penalties set forth in subdivision (b) are intended to be remedial rather than punitive, and shall not preclude, nor be 16 17 precluded by, a criminal prosecution for the same conduct. If the 18 court finds, after considering the goals of disgorging unlawful 19 profit, restitution, compensating the state for the costs of investigation and prosecution, and alleviating the social costs of 20 21 increased insurance rates due to fraud, that such a penalty would 22 be punitive and would preclude, or be precluded by, a criminal 23 prosecution, the court shall reduce that penalty appropriately.

(d) The district attorney or commissioner may bring a civil
action under this section. Before the commissioner may bring that
action, the commissioner shall be required to present the evidence
obtained to the appropriate local district attorney for possible
criminal or civil filing. If the district attorney elects not to pursue
the matter, then the commissioner may proceed with the action.

(e) (1) Any interested persons, including an insurer, may bring
a civil action for a violation of this section for the person and for
the State of California. The action shall be brought in the name of
the state. The action may be dismissed only if the court and the
district attorney or the commissioner, whichever is participating,

give written consent to the dismissal.
(2) A copy of the complaint and written disclosure of
substantially all material evidence and information the person

possesses shall be served on the district attorney and commissioner.
The complaint shall be filed in camera, shall remain under seal for
at least 60 days from the date of service on the district attorney

and commissioner, and shall not be served on the defendant until
 the court so orders. The local district attorney or commissioner
 may elect to intervene and proceed with the action within 60 days
 after the district attorney or commissioner receives both the
 complaint and the material evidence and information. If more than
 one governmental entity elects to intervene, the district attorney
 shall have precedence.

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8 (3) The district attorney or commissioner may, for good cause 9 shown, move the court for extensions of the time during which the 10 complaint remains under seal under paragraph (2). The motions 11 may be supported by affidavits or other submissions in camera. 12 The defendant shall not be required to respond to any complaint 13 filed under this section until 20 days after the complaint is unsealed 14 and served upon the defendant.

(4) Before the expiration of the 60-day period or any extensions
obtained under paragraph (3), the district attorney or commissioner
shall either:

18 (A) Proceed with the action, in which case the action shall be 19 conducted by the district attorney or commissioner.

20 (B) Notify the court that it declines to take over the action, in 21 which case the person bringing the action shall have the right to 22 conduct the action.

(5) When a person or governmental agency brings an action
under this section, no person other than the district attorney or
commissioner may intervene or bring a related action based on the
facts underlying the pending action unless that action is authorized
by another statute or common law.

(f) (1) If the district attorney or commissioner proceeds with the action, the district attorney or commissioner shall have the primary responsibility for prosecuting the action, and shall not be bound by an act of the person bringing the action. That person shall have the right to continue as a party to the action, subject to the limitations set forth in paragraph (2).

(2) (A) The district attorney or commissioner may dismiss the
action notwithstanding the objections of the person initiating the
action if the person has been notified by the district attorney or
commissioner of the filing of the motion, and the court has
provided the person with an opportunity for a hearing on the
motion.

1 (B) The district attorney or commissioner may settle the action 2 with the defendant notwithstanding the objections of the person 3 initiating the action if the court determines, after a hearing, that 4 the proposed settlement is fair, adequate, and reasonable under all 5 the circumstances. Upon a showing of good cause, the hearing 6 may be held in camera. 7 (C) Upon a showing by the district attorney or commissioner 8 that unrestricted participation during the course of the litigation

by the person initiating the action would interfere with or unduly delay the district attorney's or commissioner's prosecution of the case, or would be repetitious, irrelevant, or for purposes of harassment, the court may, in its discretion, impose limitations on the person's participation, including, but not limited to, the following:

14 following:

15 (i) Limiting the number of witnesses the person may call.

16 (ii) Limiting the length of the testimony of those witnesses.

17 (iii) Limiting the person's cross-examination of witnesses.

(iv) Otherwise limiting the participation by the person in thelitigation.

20 (D) Upon a showing by the defendant that unrestricted 21 participation during the course of the litigation by the person 22 initiating the action would be for purposes of harassment or would 23 cause the defendant undue burden or unnecessary expense, the

24 court may limit the participation by the person in the litigation.

25 (3) If the district attorney or commissioner elects not to proceed 26 with the action, the person who initiated the action shall have the 27 right to conduct the action. If the district attorney or commissioner 28 so requests, the district attorney or commissioner shall be served 29 with copies of all pleadings filed in the action and shall be supplied 30 with copies of all deposition transcripts, at the district attorney's 31 or commissioner's expense. When a person proceeds with the 32 action, the court, without limiting the status and rights of the person initiating the action, may nevertheless permit the district attorney 33 34 or commissioner to intervene at a later date upon a showing of 35 good cause.

(4) If at any time both a civil action for penalties and equitable
relief pursuant to this section and a criminal action are pending
against a defendant for substantially the same conduct, whether
brought by the government or a private party, the civil action shall
be stayed until the criminal action has been concluded at the trial

1 court level. The stay shall not preclude the court from granting or 2 enforcing temporary equitable relief during the pendency of the 3 actions. Whether or not the district attorney or commissioner 4 proceeds with the action, upon a showing by the district attorney 5 or commissioner that certain actions of discovery by the person 6 initiating the action would interfere with a law enforcement or 7 governmental agency investigation or prosecution of a criminal 8 or civil matter arising out of the same facts, the court may stay 9 discovery for a period of not more than 180 days. A hearing on a 10 request for the stay shall be conducted in camera. The court may 11 extend the 180-day period upon a further showing in camera that 12 the agency has pursued the criminal or civil investigation or 13 proceedings with reasonable diligence and any proposed discovery 14 in the civil action will interfere with the ongoing criminal or civil 15 investigation or proceedings.

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(5) Notwithstanding subdivision (e), the district attorney or
commissioner may elect to pursue its claim through any alternate
remedy available to the district attorney or commissioner.

(g) (1) (A) (i) If the district attorney proceeds with an action
brought by a person under subdivision (e), that person shall, subject
to subparagraph (B), receive at least 30 percent but not more than
40 percent of the proceeds of the action or settlement of the claim,
depending upon the extent to which the person substantially
contributed to the prosecution of the action.

25 (ii) If the commissioner has brought an action or has proceeded 26 with an action brought by another person under this section on or 27 after January 1, 2006, the commissioner shall be entitled to 28 attorney's fees and costs in addition to any judgment, regardless 29 of the date that judgment is entered. The court shall determine and 30 award the commissioner the amount of reasonable attorney's fees, 31 including, but not limited to, reasonable fees for time expended 32 by attorneys employed by the department and for costs incurred. 33 Any attorney's fees or costs awarded to the commissioner and 34 collected shall be deposited in the Insurance Fund. In cases in 35 which the commissioner has intervened, the commissioner and the 36 person bringing the claim may stipulate to an allocation. The court 37 may allocate the funds pursuant to the stipulation if, after the 38 court's ruling on objection by the district attorney, if any, the court

39 finds it is in the interests of justice to follow the stipulation.

1 (iii) If the commissioner has proceeded with an action, if there 2 is no stipulation regarding allocation, and if a judgment has been 3 obtained or a settlement has been reached with the defendants, the 4 court shall determine the allocation, upon motion of the 5 commissioner or the person bringing the action, according to the 6 following priority: (1) The person bringing the action, regardless of whether that

7 (I) The person bringing the action, regardless of whether that 8 person paid money to the defendants as part of the acts alleged in 9 the complaint, shall first receive the amount the court determines 10 is reasonable for attorney's fees, costs, and expenses that the court 11 determines to have been necessarily incurred.

(II) The commissioner shall receive the amount the courtdetermines for reasonable attorney's fees and costs.

(III) If the person bringing the suit has paid moneys to thedefendants as part of the acts alleged in the complaint, that personshall receive the amount paid to the defendants.

(IV) At least 30 percent, but not more than 40 percent, of the
remaining assets or moneys, shall be allocated to the person
bringing the action, depending upon the extent to which the person
substantially contributed to the prosecution of the action.

(iv) Those portions of a judgment or settlement not distributed
 pursuant to this subdivision shall be paid to the General Fund of
 the state and, upon appropriation by the Legislature, shall be
 apportioned between the Department of Justice and the Department
 of Insurance for enhanced fraud investigation and prevention
 efforts.

27 (B) Where the action is one that the court finds to be based 28 primarily on disclosures of specific information, other than 29 information provided by the person bringing the action, relating 30 to allegations or transactions in a criminal, civil, or administrative 31 hearing, in a legislative or administrative report, hearing, audit, or 32 investigation, or from the news media, the court may award those 33 sums that it considers appropriate, but in no case more than 10 34 percent of the proceeds, taking into account the significance of the 35 information and the role of the person bringing the action in 36 advancing the case to litigation. 37 (C) Any payment to a person under subparagraph (A) or under

subparagraph (B) shall be made from the proceeds. The person
shall also receive an amount for reasonable expenses that the court
finds to have been necessarily incurred, plus reasonable attorney's

1 fees and costs. All of those expenses, fees, and costs shall be2 awarded against the defendant.

3 (2) (A) If the district attorney or commissioner does not proceed 4 with an action under this section, the person bringing the action 5 or settling the claim shall receive an amount that the court decides 6 is reasonable for collecting the civil penalty and damages. Except 7 as provided in subparagraph (B), the amount shall not be less than 8 40 percent and not more than 50 percent of the proceeds of the 9 action or settlement and shall be paid out of the proceeds. That 10 person shall also receive an amount for reasonable expenses that 11 the court finds to have been necessarily incurred, plus reasonable 12 attorney's fees and costs. All of those attorney's fees and costs 13 shall be imposed against the defendant. The parties shall serve the 14 commissioner and the local district attorney with complete copies 15 of any and all settlement agreements, and terms and conditions, 16 for actions brought under this article at least 10 days prior to filing 17 any motion for allocation with the court under this paragraph. The 18 court may allocate the funds pursuant to the settlement agreement 19 if, after the court's ruling on objection by the commissioner or the 20 local district attorney, if any, the court finds it is in the interests 21 of justice to follow the settlement agreement. 22

(B) If the person bringing the action, as a result of a violation 23 of this section has paid money to the defendant or to an attorney 24 acting on behalf of the defendant in the underlying claim, then the 25 person shall be entitled to up to double the amount paid to the 26 defendant or the attorney if that amount is greater than 50 percent 27 of the proceeds. That person shall also receive an amount for 28 reasonable expenses that the court finds to have been necessarily 29 incurred, plus reasonable attorney's fees and costs. All of those 30 expenses, fees, and costs shall be awarded against the defendant. 31 (3) If a local district attorney has proceeded with an action under

32 this section, one-half of the penalties not awarded to a private 33 party, as well as any costs awarded shall go to the treasurer of the 34 appropriate county. Those funds shall be used to investigate and prosecute fraud, augmenting existing budgets rather than replacing 35 36 them. All remaining funds shall go to the state and be deposited 37 in the General Fund and, when appropriated by the Legislature, 38 shall be apportioned between the Department of Justice and the 39 Department of Insurance for enhanced fraud investigation and 40 prevention efforts.

1 (4) Whether or not the district attorney or commissioner 2 proceeds with the action, if the court finds that the action was 3 brought by a person who planned and initiated the violation of this 4 section, that person shall be dismissed from the civil action and 5 shall not receive any share of the proceeds of the action. The 6 dismissal shall not prejudice the right of the district attorney or 7 commissioner to continue the action on behalf of the state.

8 (5) If the district attorney or commissioner does not proceed 9 with the action, and the person bringing the action conducts the 10 action, the court may award to the defendant its reasonable 11 attorney's fees and expenses if the defendant prevails in the action 12 and the court finds that the claim of the person bringing the action 13 was clearly frivolous, clearly vexatious, or brought primarily for 14 purposes of harassment.

(h) (1) In no event may a person bring an action under
subdivision (e) that is based upon allegations or transactions that
are the subject of a civil suit or an administrative civil money
penalty proceeding in which the Attorney General, district attorney,
or commissioner is already a party.

20 (2) (A) No-A court shall not have jurisdiction over an action 21 under this section based upon the public disclosure of allegations 22 or transactions in a criminal, civil, or administrative hearing in a 23 legislative or administrative report, hearing, audit, or investigation, or from the news media, unless the action is brought by the 24 25 Attorney General district attorney or commissioner, the district 26 attorney or commissioner proceeds with an action brought by a 27 *person under subdivision (e)*, or the person bringing the action is 28 an original source of the information.

(B) For purposes of this paragraph, "original source" means an
individual who has direct and independent knowledge of the
information on which the allegations are based and has voluntarily
provided the information to the district attorney or commissioner

before filing an action under this section that is based on theinformation.

(i) Except as provided in subdivision (j), the district attorney or
 commissioner is not liable for expenses that a person incurs in
 bringing an action under this section.

(j) In civil actions brought under this section in which the
 commissioner or a district attorney is a party, the court shall retain
 discretion to impose sanctions otherwise allowed by law, including

1 the ability to order a party to pay expenses as provided in Sections

2 128.5 and 1028.5 of the Code of Civil Procedure.

3 (k) Any employee who is discharged, demoted, suspended, 4 threatened, harassed, or in any other manner discriminated against 5 in the terms and conditions of employment by their employer 6 because of lawful acts done by the employee on behalf of the 7 employee or others in furtherance of an action under this section, 8 including investigation for, initiation of, testimony for, or assistance 9 in, an action filed or to be filed under this section, shall be entitled 10 to all relief necessary to make the employee whole. That relief 11 shall include reinstatement with the same seniority status the 12 employee would have had but for the discrimination, two times 13 the amount of backpay, interest on the backpay, and compensation 14 for any special damages sustained as a result of the discrimination, 15 including litigation costs and reasonable attorney's fees. An employee may bring an action in the appropriate superior court 16 17 for the relief provided in this subdivision. The remedies under this 18 section are in addition to any other remedies provided by existing 19 law.

20 (*l*) (1) An action pursuant to this section may not be filed more 21 than three years after the discovery of the facts constituting the 22 grounds for commencing the action.

(2) Notwithstanding paragraph (1) no action may be filed
pursuant to this section more than eight years after the commission
of the act constituting a violation of this section or a violation of

26 Section 549, 550, or 551 of the Penal Code.

SEC. 5. Section 10123.13 of the Insurance Code, as amended
by Section 6 of Chapter 763 of the Statutes of 2024, is amended
to read:

30 10123.13. (a) Every insurer issuing group or individual policies 31 of health insurance that cover hospital, medical, or surgical 32 expenses, including those telehealth services covered by the insurer 33 as defined in subdivision (a) of Section 2290.5 of the Business and 34 Professions Code, shall reimburse claims or any portion of any 35 claim, whether in state or out of state, for those expenses as soon 36 as practical, but no later than 30 working days after receipt of the 37 claim by the insurer insurer, unless the claim or portion thereof is 38 contested or denied by the insurer, in which case the claimant shall 39 be notified, in writing, that the claim is contested or denied, within 40 30 working days after receipt of the claim by the insurer. The

1 notice that a claim is being contested or denied shall identify the 2 portion of the claim that is contested or denied and the specific 3 reasons including for each reason the factual and legal basis known 4 at that time by the insurer for contesting or denying the claim. If 5 the reason is based solely on facts or solely on law, the insurer is 6 required to provide only the factual or the legal basis for its reason 7 for contesting or denying the claim. The insurer shall provide a 8 copy of the notice to each insured who received services pursuant 9 to the claim that was contested or denied and to the insured's health 10 care provider that provided the services at issue. The notice shall 11 advise the provider who submitted the claim on behalf of the 12 insured or pursuant to a contract for alternative rates of payment 13 and the insured that either may seek review by the department of 14 a claim that the insurer contested or denied, and the notice shall 15 include the address, internet website address, and telephone number 16 of the unit within the department that performs this review function. 17 The notice to the provider may be included on either the 18 explanation of benefits or remittance advice and shall also contain 19 a statement advising the provider of its right to enter into the dispute resolution process described in Section 10123.137. The 20 21 notice to the insured may also be included on the explanation of 22 benefits. 23 (b) If an uncontested claim is not reimbursed by delivery to the 24 claimant's address of record within 30 working days after receipt, 25 interest shall accrue and shall be payable at the rate of 10 percent 26 per annum beginning with the first calendar day after the 27 30-working-day period. 28 (c) For purposes of this section, a claim, or portion thereof, is 29 reasonably contested when the insurer has not received a completed 30 claim and all information necessary to determine payer liability 31 for the claim, or has not been granted reasonable access to 32 information concerning provider services. Information necessary 33 to determine liability for the claims includes, but is not limited to,

reports of investigations concerning fraud and misrepresentation,and necessary consents, releases, and assignments, a claim on

appeal, or other information necessary for the insurer to determine
the medical necessity for the health care services provided to the
claimant. If an insurer has received all of the information necessary
to determine payer liability for a contested claim and has not

40 reimbursed a claim determined to be payable within 30 working

1 days of receipt of that information, interest shall accrue and be
2 payable at a rate of 10 percent per annum beginning with the first
3 calendar day after the 30-working-day period.

4 (d) The obligation of the insurer to comply with this section 5 shall not be deemed to be waived when the insurer requires its 6 contracting entities to pay claims for covered services.

7 (e) This section shall remain in effect only until January 1, 2026,8 and as of that date is repealed.

9 SEC. 6. Section 10123.13 of the Insurance Code, as added by 10 Section 7 of Chapter 763 of the Statutes of 2024, is amended to 11 read:

12 10123.13. (a) Every insurer issuing group or individual policies 13 of health insurance that cover hospital, medical, or surgical expenses, including those telehealth services covered by the insurer 14 15 as defined in subdivision (a) of Section 2290.5 of the Business and 16 Professions Code, shall reimburse a complete claim or portion 17 thereof, whether in state or out of state, for those expenses as soon 18 as practicable, but no later than 30 calendar days after receipt of 19 the claim by the insurer, unless the insurer is contesting or denying 20 the claim or a portion thereof, in which case the claimant shall be 21 notified, in writing, that the claim is contested or denied, within 22 30 calendar days after receipt of the claim by the insurer. The 23 notice that a claim is being contested or denied shall identify the 24 portion of the claim that is contested or denied and the specific 25 reasons including for each reason the factual and legal basis known 26 at that time by the insurer for contesting or denying the claim. If 27 the reason is based solely on facts or solely on law, the insurer is 28 required to provide only the factual or the legal basis for its reason 29 for contesting or denving the claim. The insurer shall provide a 30 copy of the notice to each insured who received services pursuant 31 to the claim that was contested or denied and to the insured's health 32 care provider that provided the services at issue. The notice shall 33 advise the provider who submitted the claim on behalf of the 34 insured or pursuant to a contract for alternative rates of payment 35 and the insured that either may seek review by the department of 36 a claim that the insurer contested or denied, and the notice shall 37 include the address, internet website address, and telephone number 38 of the unit within the department that performs this review function. 39 The notice to the provider may be included on either the 40 explanation of benefits or remittance advice and shall also contain

1 a statement advising the provider of its right to enter into the

2 dispute resolution process described in Section 10123.137. The

3 notice to the insured may also be included on the explanation of

4 benefits.

5 (b) If an uncontested claim is not reimbursed by delivery to the

6 claimant's address of record within 30 calendar days after receipt,

7 interest shall accrue at the rate of 15 percent per annum beginning

8 with the first calendar day after the 30-calendar-day period. An

9 insurer shall automatically include in its payment of the claim all

10 interest that has accrued pursuant to this section without requiring

11 the claimant to submit a request for the interest amount. An insurer

12 failing to comply with this requirement shall pay the claimant a

fee of the greater *of* an additional-of fifteen dollars (\$15) or 10
percent of the accrued interest.

15 (c) (1) For purposes of this section, a claim, or portion thereof, is reasonably contested when the insurer has not received a 16 17 completed claim and all information necessary to determine payer 18 liability for the claim, or has not been granted reasonable access 19 to information concerning provider services. Information necessary to determine liability for the claims includes, but is not limited to, 20 21 reports of investigations concerning fraud and misrepresentation, 22 and necessary consents, releases, and assignments, a claim on 23 appeal, or other information necessary for the insurer to determine 24 the medical necessity for the health care services provided to the 25 claimant. An insurer may not contest a complete claim that is 26 consistent with an approved prior authorization request if the prior 27 authorization approval has been provided in the appropriate field

28 on the claim.

(2) If an insurer has received all of the information necessary
to determine payer liability for a contested claim and has not
reimbursed a claim determined to be payable within 30 calendar
days of receipt of that information, interest shall accrue and be
payable at a rate of 15 percent per annum beginning with the first
calendar day after the 30-calendar-day period.

35 (d) The obligation of the insurer to comply with this section
36 shall not be deemed to be waived when the insurer requires its
37 contracting entities to pay claims for covered services.

(e) (1) The department may issue guidance and regulations
relating to this section. The guidance and regulations shall not be
subject to the rulemaking provisions of the Administrative

1 Procedure Act (Chapter 3.5 (commencing with Section 11340) of

2 Part 1 of Division 3 of Title 2 of the Government Code) until3 December 31, 2027.

4 (2) After January 1, 2028, the department may issue regulations

5 relating to this section subject to the rulemaking provisions of the

6 Administrative Procedure Act ((Chapter 3.5 commencing with

7 Section 11340) of Part 1 of Division 3 of Title 2 of the Government

8 Code) until December 31, 2030.

9 (f) This section shall become operative on January 1, 2026.

10 SEC. 7. Section 10123.1991 of the Insurance Code is amended 11 to read:

12 10123.1991. (a) (1) An-A health insurer shall provide to 13 insureds a written or electronic notice regarding the benefits of a 14 behavioral health and wellness screening for children and 15 adolescents 8 to 18 years of age.

(2) "Behavioral health and wellness screening" means a
screening, test, or assessment to identify indicators or symptoms
of behavioral health issues in an individual, including, but not
limited to, depression or anxiety.

(b) The notice shall provide information regarding the benefits
of behavioral health and wellness screenings for both depression
and anxiety.

(c) An A health insurer shall provide notice pursuant to this
 section annually.

(d) This section does not apply to Medi-Cal managed care thatcontracts with the State Department of Health Care Services entered

into pursuant to Chapter 7 (commencing with Section 14000) or

28 Chapter 8 (commencing with Section 14200) of Part 3 of Division

29 9 of the Welfare and Institutions Code.

30 SECTION 1.

31 *SEC.* 8. Section 10270.2 of the Insurance Code is amended to 32 read:

33 10270.2. (a) Blanket insurance is that form of insurance

34 providing coverage for specified circumstances and insuring by

35 description all or nearly all persons within a class of persons 36 defined in a policy issued to a master policyholder, and not by

37 specifically naming the persons covered, by certificate or otherwise,

although a statement of the coverage provided may be given, or

39 required by the policy to be given, to eligible persons. The

1 permitted types of blanket insurance are those where the blanket 2 policy is issued to any of the following:

(1) A volunteer or governmental fire department, emergency
medical services company, or similar volunteer or governmental
organization providing benefits to members or participants only
in the event of accident incurred while performing actions incident
to an activity or operation sponsored or supervised by the
department, company, or organization.

9 (2) A college, school, or other institution of learning, a school 10 district or districts or school jurisdictional unit, or to the head, 11 principal, or governing board of an educational unit who or which 12 shall be deemed the policyholder; providing benefits to students 13 without necessarily any restriction as to activity, time, or place, or 14 to teachers, employees, or volunteers, while performing actions 15 incident to special duties, such as at camps, at summer playgrounds, 16 or during tours or excursions; and providing benefits to students, 17 teachers, employees, or volunteers, and spouses and dependents 18 of students, teachers, and employees, for death or dismemberment 19 resulting from accident, or for hospital, medical, surgical, drug, 20 or nursing expenses resulting from accident or sickness. 21 (3) A sports team, camp, sponsor, or proprietor thereof, who

22 shall be deemed the policyholder, providing benefits to sports team 23 participants, campers, employees, officials, supervisors, volunteers, 24 or persons responsible for their support, for death or 25 dismemberment resulting from accident, or for hospital, medical, 26 surgical, or nursing expenses resulting from accident, to those 27 participants, campers, employees, officials, supervisors, volunteers, 28 or persons responsible for their support, or arising out of sickness 29 of those participants, campers, employees, officials, supervisors, 30 volunteers, or persons responsible for their support, provided the 31 accident or the first manifestation of sickness occurs while those 32 participants, campers, employees, officials, supervisors, volunteers, 33 or persons responsible for their support are in or on the buildings 34 or premises of the sports team or camp, being transported between 35 their homes and the sports team or camp, or while at any other 36 place as an incident to sports team- or camp-sponsored activities 37 or while being transported to, from, or between those places. 38 (4) (A) A newspaper, farm paper, magazine, or other periodical

publication, which shall be deemed the policyholder, providing
 benefits for independent contractors, such as carriers, newsboys,

dealers, distributors, wholesalers, or others engaged in the sale, 1 2 distribution, collecting for, or other activities pertaining to the 3 marketing and delivery of the publication, including attendance at 4 a coaching school or participation as a member of a trip organized, 5 supervised, and sponsored as a reward for meritorious service, on 6 account of loss resulting from accident or sickness, the benefit to 7 be payable to the independent contractors or to their parents, 8 guardians, or other persons responsible for their support.

9 (B) When the premium for the insurance is paid by the person 10 insured, the person may, upon request, obtain from the insurer in 11 certificate form a copy of the policy.

(5) Any religious, charitable, recreational, educational, athletic, 12 13 civic organization, or branch thereof, which shall be deemed the 14 policyholder, providing benefits to any group of members, 15 employees, or participants for death or dismemberment or for 16 hospital, medical, surgical, or nursing expenses resulting from 17 accident incurred incident to specific hazards pertaining to any 18 activity or activities or operations sponsored or supervised by, or 19 on the premises of, the policyholder.

20 (6) An employer, a majority of the employees in this state of 21 an employer, or both, upon application, to pay the benefits afforded 22 by a voluntary plan of unemployment compensation disability 23 insurance. Notwithstanding the provisions of Section 10113, the 24 policy may incorporate by reference any of the appropriate 25 provisions of Part 2 (commencing with Section 2601) of Division 26 1 of the Unemployment Insurance Code and the authorized 27 regulations of the Director of Employment Development.

28 (7) An employer, who shall be deemed the policyholder. 29 providing benefits to any group of workers, dependents, or guests, 30 limited by reference to specified hazards incident to activities or 31 operations of the policyholder, for death or dismemberment, or 32 for hospital, medical, surgical, or nursing expenses, resulting from 33 accident. When the premium for the insurance is paid by the person 34 insured, the person may, upon request, obtain from the insurer in 35 certificate form a copy of the policy.

(8) Any common carrier or any operator, owner, or lessor of a
means of transportation, who shall be deemed the policyholder,
providing benefits to any group of persons who may become
lessees or passengers, limited by reference to their travel status on
that common carrier or that means of transportation, for death or

1 dismemberment, or for hospital, medical, surgical, or nursing 2 expenses, resulting from accident. When the premium for the 3 insurance is paid by the person insured, the person may, upon 4 request, obtain from the insurer in certificate form a copy of the 5 policy.

6 (9) An entertainment production company, who shall be deemed 7 the policyholder, providing benefits to any group of participants, 8 volunteers, audience members, contestants, or workers for death 9 or dismemberment, or for hospital, medical, surgical, or nursing 10 expenses, resulting from accident while engaged in any activity 11 or operation of the policyholder. When the premium for the 12 insurance is paid by the person insured, the person may, upon 13 request, obtain from the insurer in certificate form a copy of the 14 policy.

15 (b) A "blanket policy" is any disability policy of the nature 16 herein described sold to any of the entities described in paragraphs 17 (1) to (9), inclusive, of subdivision (a) that provides coverage for 18 any group of persons within permitted categories defined in the 19 policy. Policies referred to in paragraph (6) of subdivision (a) shall comply with the provisions of this section specifically referring 20 21 thereto. Policies referred to in paragraphs (1) to (5), inclusive, or 22 (7) to (9), inclusive, of subdivision (a) may provide that the cost 23 of the insurance coverage shall be borne by either the policyholder, 24 or the individuals insured or their parents or guardians, payable 25 through the policyholder. In the absence of a policy provision 26 excluding coverage for otherwise covered individuals who have 27 not individually enrolled with the policyholder and undertaken to 28 pay all or a specified portion of the premium allocable to the individual, the policy shall provide the described insurance for all 29 30 who fall within the categories of covered individuals defined in 31 the policy. The policy may, but is not required to, contain 32 provisions requiring a minimum number of participating persons 33 or a minimum percentage of participation before the policy is 34 effective. In the absence of such a provision, coverage shall not 35 be denied any individual otherwise eligible on those grounds.

36 (c) A policy described in paragraphs (1) to (5), inclusive, or (7)
37 to (9), inclusive, of subdivision (a) shall not be issued until
38 approved as to substance and form by the commissioner. The
39 commissioner may, after notice and hearing, promulgate reasonable
40 rules and regulations relating to the substance, form, and issuance

1 of the policies that are necessary or desirable to preserve, insofar 2 as applicable, standards of substance, form, and issuance 3 comparable to the standards prescribed by this chapter that are 4 applicable to other types of disability policies, and to further the 5 purposes for which the policies are issued.

6 (d) A policy described in paragraph (6) of subdivision (a) shall 7 not be issued until approved as to form by the commissioner. The 8 commissioner may, after notice and hearing, promulgate reasonable 9 rules and regulations relating to the form and issuance of the 10 policies that do not affect the substance of the coverage, and that 11 are necessary or desirable to preserve, insofar as applicable, 12 standards of form and issuance comparable to the standards 13 prescribed by this chapter that are applicable to other types of 14 disability policies, and to further the purposes for which the policies 15 are issued. Notwithstanding the provisions of Section 10113, the 16 policy may incorporate by reference any of the appropriate 17 provisions of Part 2 (commencing with Section 2601) of Division 18 1 of the Unemployment Insurance Code and the authorized 19 regulations of the Director of Employment Development.

(e) A policy described in this section shall not constitute 20 21 workers' compensation insurance, as defined in Section 109. A 22 policy described in paragraphs (3), (5), (7), (8), or (9) of 23 subdivision (a) shall not be marketed or sold as a substitute for 24 health insurance coverage compliant with the requirements of the 25 federal Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act (Public Law 26 111-148), as amended by the Health Care and Education 27 Reconciliation Act of 2010 (Public Law 111-152).

28 (f) (1) An insurer that intends to issue a policy of blanket 29 insurance authorized by the amendments to this section pursuant 30 to the act adding this subdivision, or authorized pursuant to Section 31 10270.2.5, using a policy form previously approved by the 32 commissioner, where the only new language in the policy is the specification of the policyholder, covered persons, or the hazards 33 34 or activities insured, shall file that new language with the commissioner prior to issuance of the policy. Submissions of 35 36 documents containing variable text or blanks shall include complete 37 lists of the variable wording or accurate descriptions of the material 38 to be inserted in lieu of the variable wording or in the blanks of

39 these documents.

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(2) A policy using the new language shall not be issued until either 30 days expires without notice from the commissioner after the new language is filed, or the commissioner gives their written approval prior to that time. If the commissioner at any time notifies the insurer, in writing and specifying the reasons for their opinion, that the filed new language does not comply with the requirements of law, the insurer shall not issue any policy containing that language. (3) This subdivision shall not be construed to provide separate authority for the commissioner to reopen review of previously approved policy forms. SEC. 9. Section 10295.11 of the Insurance Code is amended to read: 10295.11. (a) An accelerated death benefit shall not be advertised or marketed as long-term care insurance, nursing home insurance, or home care insurance. Any advertisement, description, comparison, marketing material, or illustration shall state in bold type: "This is a life insurance benefit that also gives you the option to accelerate some or all of the death benefit in the event that you meet the criteria for a qualifying event described in the policy. This policy or certificate does not provide long-term care insurance subject to California long-term care insurance law. This policy or certificate is not a California Partnership for Long-Term Care program policy. This policy or certificate is not a Medicare supplement (policy or certificate)." An insurer shall also include in any advertisement or marketing materials for these insurance policies all of the following: (1) A statement that the policy or certificate pays proceeds that are or are not intended to receive favorable tax treatment under Section 101(g) of the Internal Revenue Code (26 U.S.C. Sec. 101(g)). (2) A description of the accelerated death benefits provided by the policy, including a description of the acceleration of the death benefit to pay an unrestricted cash benefit when the insured has become chronically ill or otherwise eligible for benefits from a qualified event. (3) A comparison between the benefits provided by life insurance policies, riders, or endorsements that contain accelerated

1 death benefits and the benefits provided by long-term care 2 insurance.

3 (b) Advertising for term life insurance policies or certificates 4 that contain an accelerated death benefit to be attached to an 5 existing term life policy shall include a prominent statement that

6 the accelerated death benefit will terminate with the policy.

7 (c) On or after January 1, 2014, every insurer offering
8 accelerated death benefits shall file with the commissioner copies
9 of all-printed advertising for accelerated death benefits that the

10 insurer proposes to disseminate in the state prior to use of that 11 material. The commissioner shall have the authority to disapprove

12 any advertising that does not meet the requirements of this code.

13 If the commissioner disapproves the advertising, the insurer shall

not use and shall stop using the disapproved advertising. Nothingin this subdivision shall be construed as requiring prior approval

16 of advertising prior to dissemination in this state.

17 SEC. 10. Section 12800 of the Insurance Code is amended to 18 read:

19 12800. The following definitions apply for purposes of this20 part:

(a) "Motor vehicle" means a self-propelled device operated
solely or primarily upon land and may include both self-propelled
motor homes or recreational vehicles, non-self-propelled camping
and recreational trailers, off-road vehicles, and trailers designed
to transport off-road vehicles. However, "motor vehicle" shall not
include a self-propelled vehicle, or a component part of such a
vehicle, that has any of the following characteristics:

(1) Has a gross vehicle weight rating of 30,000 pounds or more,
and is not a recreational vehicle as defined by Section 18010 of
the Health and Safety Code.

31 (2) Is designed to transport more than 15 passengers, including32 the driver.

(3) Is used in the transportation of materials considered
hazardous pursuant to the Hazardous Materials Transportation Act
(49 U.S.C. Sec. 5101 et seq.), as amended.

36 (b) "Watercraft" means a vessel, as defined in Section 21 of the
37 Harbors and Navigation Code, and may include any
38 non-self-propelled trailer used to transport such watercraft upon

39 land.

1 (c) (1) "Vehicle service contract" means a contract or agreement 2 for a separately stated consideration and for a specific duration to 3 repair, replace, or maintain a motor vehicle or watercraft, or to 4 indemnify for the repair, replacement, or maintenance of a motor 5 vehicle or watercraft, necessitated by an operational or structural failure due to a defect in materials or workmanship, or due to 6 7 normal wear and tear. 8 (2) (A) A vehicle service contract may also provide for the

(2) (A) A vehicle service contract may also provide for the
incidental payment of indemnity under limited circumstances only
in the form of the following additional benefits: coverage for
towing, substitute transportation, emergency road service, rental
car reimbursement, reimbursement of deductible amounts under
a manufacturer's warranty, and reimbursement for travel, lodging,
or meals.

15 (B) A provider seeking to offer a vehicle service contract, including any of the benefits described in subparagraph (A), shall, 16 17 when filing a specimen of the contract in accordance with 18 subdivision (a) of Section 12820, certify that the indemnity benefits 19 provided are incidental. For purposes of subparagraph (A) and this certification, indemnity benefits are incidental if the cost to provide 20 21 them based on historical data, or projected data if historical data 22 is unavailable or insufficient, is substantially less than the cost of 23 providing all the benefits described in paragraphs (1), (3), (4), and 24 (5). The commissioner may request the historical or projected data 25 at any time.

(3) "Vehicle service contract" also includes an agreement of a
term of at least one year, for separately stated consideration, that
promises routine maintenance.

(4) Notwithstanding Section 116, and paragraphs (1) and (2) of
this subdivision, a vehicle service contract also includes one or
more of the following:

32 (A) An agreement that promises the repair or replacement of a tire or wheel necessitated by wear and tear, defect, or damage 33 34 caused by a road hazard. However, an agreement that promises 35 the repair or replacement of a tire necessitated by wear and tear, 36 defect, or damage caused by a road hazard, in which the obligor 37 is the tire manufacturer, is exempt from the requirements of this 38 part. A warranty provided by a tire or wheel distributor or retailer 39 is exempt from the requirements of this part as long as the warranty

covers only defects in the material or workmanship of the tire or
 wheel.

3 (B) An agreement that promises the repair or replacement of 4 glass on a vehicle necessitated by wear and tear, defect, or damage 5 caused by a road hazard. However, a warranty provided by a 6 vehicle glass or glass sealant manufacturer is exempt from the 7 requirements of this part. A warranty provided by a vehicle glass 8 distributor or retailer is exempt from the requirements of this part 9 as long as the warranty covers only defects in the material or 10 workmanship of the vehicle glass.

(C) An agreement that promises the removal of a dent, ding, or
crease without affecting the existing paint finish using paintless
dent repair techniques, and which expressly excludes the
replacement of vehicle body panels, sanding, bonding, or painting.
(D) An agreement that promises the replacement of a motor
vehicle key or key fob in the event that the key or key fob becomes
inoperable or is lost or stolen.

(5) "Vehicle service contract" also includes an agreement
covering any of a vehicle's mechanical components, provided with
or without separate consideration, that promises to repair, replace,
or maintain a motor vehicle or watercraft, or to indemnify for the
repair, replacement, or maintenance of a motor vehicle or
watercraft, conditioned upon the use of a specific brand or brands
of lubricant, treatment, fluid, or additive.

(d) "Service contract administrator" or "administrator" means
any person, other than an obligor, who performs or arranges,
directly or indirectly, the collection, maintenance, or disbursement
of moneys to compensate any party for claims or repairs pursuant
to a vehicle service contract, and who also performs or arranges,
directly or indirectly, any of the following activities with respect
to vehicle service contracts in which a seller located within this

32 state is the obligor: any of the following activities:

33 (1) Providing sellers with service contract forms.

34 (2) Participating in the adjustment of claims arising from service35 contracts.

36 (3) Coordinating the performance or arrangement of any of the
37 benefits permissible under subdivision (c).

38 (4) Collecting, maintaining, or disbursing of moneys to

39 compensate any person for claims, repairs, or refunds pursuant

40 to a vehicle service contract.

1 (e) "Purchaser" means any person who purchases a vehicle 2 service contract from a seller.

3 (f) "Seller" means either of the following:

4 (1) With respect to motor vehicles, a dealer or lessor-retailer

5 licensed in one of those capacities by the Department of Motor
6 Vehicles and who sells vehicle service contracts incidental to his
7 or her their business of selling or leasing motor vehicles.

8 (2) With respect to watercraft, a person who sells vehicle service

9 contracts incidental to that person's business of selling or leasing10 watercraft vehicles.

(g) "Obligor" means the entity legally obligated under the termsof a service contract.

13 (h) "Road hazard" means a hazard that is encountered while

14 driving a motor vehicle and that may include, but is not limited

15 to, potholes, rocks, debris, metal parts, glass, plastic, curbs, or

16 composite scraps.

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