AMENDED IN ASSEMBLY JULY 18, 2025 AMENDED IN ASSEMBLY JULY 8, 2025 AMENDED IN SENATE MAY 1, 2025 AMENDED IN SENATE MARCH 26, 2025

SENATE BILL

No. 414

Introduced by Senator Ashby

February 14, 2025

An act to amend Sections 14502.1, 41020, 41020.2, 41020.5, 42238.024, 43521, 45125.1, 46211, 47604.1, 47604.3, 47604.32, 47604.5, 47605, 47605.1, 47612.5, 47612.7, 47613, 47614.5, 47616.7, 47634.2, 51744, 51745.6, and 51747 of, to add Sections—41020.4 and 41020.6 14502, 41020.4, 41020.6, and 47605.05 to, and to add Article 11 (commencing with Section 51820) and Article 11.5 (commencing with Section 51827) to Chapter 5 of Part 28 of Division 4 of Title 2 of, the Education Code, relating to school accountability.

LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL'S DIGEST

SB 414, as amended, Ashby. School accountability: school financial and performance audits: chartering authorities: educational support activities: flex-based instruction.

(1) Existing law requires county superintendents of schools to provide for an audit of all funds under their jurisdiction and control, and requires the governing board of each local educational agency to either provide for an audit of the books and accounts of the local educational agency or make arrangements with county superintendents of schools to provide for that auditing. Existing law requires those audits to be made by a certified public accountant or a public accountant, licensed by the California Board of Accountancy, and selected by the local educational

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agency, as applicable, from a directory of certified public accountants and public accountants deemed by the Controller as qualified to conduct audits of local educational agencies.

Under existing law, once the Controller or county superintendent of schools makes a final determination that specified audits performed by a certified public accountant or public accountant were not performed in substantial conformity with provisions of an audit guide, or that the audit reports do not conform to the provisions of an audit guide, the certified public accountant or public accountant is ineligible to conduct specified audits for 3 years. Existing law requires the Controller to notify each school district and county office of education of those certified public accountants or public accountants determined to be ineligible pursuant to these provisions.

This bill would impose additional requirements on certified public accountants and public accountants relating to training specific to local educational agencies in order to, after the 2026–27 fiscal year, be added to or remain on the Controller's directory of certified public accountants and public accountants deemed qualified to conduct audits of local educational agencies, as provided.

The bill would require an auditor of a local educational agency to, among other things, ensure that all sampling of documents or records necessary for the audit are independently selected by the auditor, and would require an auditor of a local educational agency that offers independent study to verify the pupil-to-teacher ratio of the school or program and include that information in the audit, as provided. The bill would extend the above-described rules related to the ineligibility of the certified public accountant or public accountant to audits of charter schools, as provided, and would additionally require the Controller to notify charter schools of those certified public accountants or public accountants determined to be ineligible to conduct audits, as provided.

(2) If a school district governing board has entered into a contract for an independent audit of its financial statements, as specified, and the audited financial statements have not been timely filed with the county superintendent of schools, existing law authorizes the county superintendent of schools to investigate the causes for the delay and initiate one of certain specified actions that will provide the required audited financial statements in the most effective manner, as provided.

This bill would revise and recast those provisions by, among other things, applying them to all local educational agencies and instead requiring the county superintendent of schools or the chartering -3- SB 414

authority, as applicable, to investigate the causes of the delay and initiate one of certain specified actions, as provided. By imposing additional duties on county superintendents of schools and chartering authorities, the bill would impose a state-mandated local program. The bill would authorize a county superintendent of schools, chartering authority, the Controller, or the Superintendent of Public Instruction to refer an independent auditor of a local educational agency to the California Board of Accountancy if certain conditions are met.

(2)

(3) Existing law requires the Controller, in consultation with the Department of Finance and the State Department of Education, to develop a plan to review and report on financial and compliance audits, and with representatives of other entities, to recommend the statements and other information to be included in the audit reports filed with the state by local educational agencies, and to propose the content of an audit guide. Existing law requires the audit guide to include specified content, as provided.

This bill would require the Controller to consult with representatives of 2 additional specified entities and would require the audit guide to include a variety of additional content relating to audits of a local educational agency, as provided.

(4) Existing law requires any entity that has a contract with a school district, county office of education, or charter school to ensure that any employee who interacts with pupils, outside of the immediate supervision and control of the pupil's parent or guardian or a school employee, has a valid criminal records summary, as specified.

This bill would require an entity that has a contract with a local educational agency to instead ensure any employee who interacts with pupils has a valid criminal records summary without regard to whether the interaction takes place outside of the immediate supervision and control of the pupil's parent or guardian or a school employee.

(3)

(5) The Charter Schools Act of 1992 requires each charter school to transmit a copy of its annual, independent financial audit report for the preceding fiscal year to the county office of education, the Controller, and the State Department of Education by December 15 of each year.

The act authorizes the establishment, operation, and governance of charter schools. Existing law authorizes a charter school that has an approved charter to receive funding for nonclassroom-based instruction

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only if a determination for funding is made by the State Board of Education, as specified.

This bill would require the governing body of a charter school, by January 31, 2026, and by January 31 of each year thereafter, to review, at a public meeting as an item on the agenda, the annual audit of the charter school for the prior fiscal year, any audit exceptions identified in that audit, the recommendations or findings of any management letter issued by the auditor, and any description of correction or plans to correct any exceptions or management letter issue. By imposing additional requirements on charter schools, the bill would impose a state-mandated local program.

The bill would replace the term "nonclassroom-based instruction" with "flex-based instruction" and define a "flex-based charter school" as a charter school that receives a determination for funding from the state board, as described above. The bill would also make numerous nonsubstantive and conforming changes.

(4)

(6) Existing law requires each chartering authority to, among other things, monitor the fiscal condition of each charter school under its authority. Existing law authorizes the state board to, based upon the recommendation of the Superintendent of Public Instruction, take appropriate action when the state board finds, among other things, illegal or substantially improper use of charter school funds for the personal benefit of any officer, director, or fiduciary of the charter school, as provided.

This bill would require that monitoring to also include a review of a sample of credit and debit card transactions of each charter school under its authority. The bill would require a chartering authority to provide the governing body of the charter school with feedback on any issues of concern identified in the review, as provided. If a chartering authority has reasonable suspicion that fraud, misappropriations of public funds, embezzlement, or other financial crimes, may be occurring, the bill would require the chartering authority to notify the State Department of Education and the county office of education. The bill would require the state board, or the state board's designee, to promptly investigate allegations of false claims or misappropriation of public funds by charter schools if there is probable cause to believe that those crimes have occurred. By imposing additional requirements on charter schools and local educational agencies acting as chartering authorities, the bill would impose a state-mandated local program.

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(5)

(7) Existing law provides for the apportionment of state funding to a charter school based on the average daily attendance that is generated by pupils engaged in nonclassroom-based instruction, as defined, in accordance with prescribed criteria and procedures.

This bill would authorize revise and recast those provisions by, among other things, authorizing the state board to adjust the amount of funding to be allocated to a charter school if the state board makes a finding of demonstrable financial abuse, profiteering, or grossly excessive administrative expenses. The bill would require expenses, requiring the state board, on or before May 31, 2027, to review and revise regulations regulations, to commence with the 2027–28 fiscal year, governing the funding determination process for flex-based charter schools to be consistent with specified criteria, as—provided. provided, and, commencing with the 2027–28 fiscal year, requiring the state board's Advisory Commission on Charter Schools to recommend to the state board the approval of a funding determination request submitted by a charter school consistent with specified conditions.

(6)

(8) Commencing July 1, 2026, this bill would require a school district, county office of education, or charter school to only enter into an agreement for educational support activities, as defined, meant to enhance a pupil's program with a vendor that is vetted and approved pursuant to procedures established by the bill. The bill would authorize a local educational agency to expend public funds for educational support activities, provided that all educational support activities, materials, and programs are nonsectarian.

The bill would require the governing board or body of a local educational agency, in approving any contract for vendor services for educational support activities, to establish specified policies and procedures to ensure educational value, pupil safety, and fiscal reasonableness, and would further require that these policies ensure that vendor services for educational support activities meet designated criteria. The bill would require auditing of approval of, and compliance with, policies and procedures established under the bill to be included in designated annual audit reports. The bill would require a vendor contract that will exceed \$100,000 in a fiscal year to be approved by the governing board or body of the local educational agency in an open public meeting. The bill would also require an educational support activity provided by a school to be approved and verified by the pupil's

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assigned teacher as relevant to specific educational assignments and educationally appropriate for that pupil.

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(9) The California Constitution requires the state to reimburse local agencies and school districts for certain costs mandated by the state. Statutory provisions establish procedures for making that reimbursement.

This bill would provide that, if the Commission on State Mandates determines that the bill contains costs mandated by the state, reimbursement for those costs shall be made pursuant to the statutory provisions noted above.

Vote: majority. Appropriation: no. Fiscal committee: yes. State-mandated local program: yes.

The people of the State of California do enact as follows:

- 1 SECTION 1. Section 14502 is added to the Education Code, 2 to read:
- 14502. The county superintendent of schools, the chartering authority, the Controller, or the Superintendent may refer an independent auditor of a local educational agency to the California Board of Accountancy for action described in paragraph (2) of subdivision (c) of Section 14504.2 if any of the following circumstances exist:
 - (a) An audit of a local educational agency was conducted in a manner that may constitute unprofessional conduct, as defined by Section 5100 of the Business and Professions Code, including, but not limited to, gross negligence resulting in a material misstatement in the audit.
- 14 *(b) Material deficiencies are discovered in the quality control* 15 *review conducted pursuant to Section 14504.2.*
 - (c) The continuing education requirements of Section 41020 are not met.

SECTION 1.

- 19 SEC. 2. Section 14502.1 of the Education Code is amended to 20 read:
- 21 14502.1. (a) The Controller, in consultation with the
- Department of Finance and the department, shall develop a plan
- 23 to review and report on financial and compliance audits. The plan
- 24 shall commence with the 2003–04 fiscal year for audits of school
- 25 districts, other local educational agencies, and the offices of county

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superintendents of schools. The Controller, in consultation with 1 2 the Department of Finance, the department, and representatives 3 of the California School Boards Association, the California 4 Association of School Business Officials, the California County 5 Superintendents Educational Services Association, the California 6 Teachers Association, the California Society of Certified Public 7 Accountants, the Charter Schools Development Center, the 8 California Charter Schools Association, and the County Office Fiscal Crisis and Management Assistance Team, shall recommend 10 the statements and other information to be included in the audit 11 reports filed with the state, and shall propose the content of an 12 audit guide to carry out the purposes of this chapter. A supplement 13 to the audit guide may be suggested in the audit year, following 14 the above process, to address issues resulting from new legislation 15 in that year that changes the conditions of apportionment. The proposed content of the audit guide and any supplement to the 16 17 audit guide shall be submitted by the Controller to the Education 18 Audit Appeals Panel for review and possible amendment. 19

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(b) The audit guide and any supplement shall be adopted by the Education Audit Appeals Panel pursuant to the rulemaking procedures of the Administrative Procedure Act, as set forth in Chapter 3.5 (commencing with Section 11340) of Part 1 of Division 3 of Title 2 of the Government Code. It is the intent of the Legislature that, for the 2003–04 fiscal year, the audit guide be adopted by July 1 of the fiscal year to be audited. A supplemental audit guide may be adopted to address legislative changes to the conditions of apportionment. It is the intent of the Legislature that supplements be adopted before March 1 of the audit year. Commencing with the 2004–05 fiscal year, and each fiscal year thereafter, the audit guide shall be adopted by July 1 of the fiscal year to be audited. A supplemental audit guide may be adopted to address legislative changes to the conditions of apportionment. The supplements shall be adopted before March 1 of the audit year. To meet these goals and to ensure the accuracy of the audit guide, the process for adopting emergency regulations set forth in Section 11346.1 of the Government Code may be followed to adopt the audit guide and supplemental audit guide. It is the intent of the Legislature that once the audit guide has been adopted for a fiscal year, as well as any supplement for that year, thereafter only suggested changes to the audit guide and any additional

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supplements need be adopted pursuant to the rulemaking procedures of the Administrative Procedure Act. The audit guide and any supplement shall be issued in booklet form and may be made available by any means deemed appropriate. The Controller and consultants in the development of the suggested audit guide and any supplement shall work cooperatively on a timeline that will allow the Education Audit Appeals Panel to meet the July 1 and March 1 issuance dates. Consistent with current practices for development of the audit guide before the 2003–04 fiscal year, the Controller shall provide for the adoption of procedures and timetables for the development of the suggested audit guide, any supplement, and the format for additions, deletions, and revisions.

- (c) For the audit of school districts or county offices of education electing to take formal action pursuant to Sections 22714 and 44929, the audit guide content proposed by the Controller shall include, but not be limited to, the following:
 - (1) The number and type of positions vacated.
- (2) The age and service credit of the retirees receiving the additional service credit provided by Sections 22714 and 44929.
- (3) A comparison of the salary and benefits of each retiree receiving the additional service credit with the salary and benefits of the replacement employee, if any.
- (4) The resulting retirement cost, including interest, if any, and postretirement health care benefits costs, incurred by the employer.
- (d) The Controller shall annually prepare a cost analysis, based on the information included in the audit reports for the prior fiscal year, to determine the net savings or costs resulting from formal actions taken by school districts and county offices of education pursuant to Sections 22714 and 44929, and shall report the results of the cost analysis to the Governor and the Legislature by April 1 of each year.
- (e) All costs incurred by the Controller to implement subdivision (c) shall be absorbed by the Controller.
- (f) On or before January 1, 2015, the Controller, in consultation with the State Allocation Board, the Department of Finance, and the department, shall submit content to the Education Audit Appeals Panel to be included in the audit guide, Standards and Procedures for Audits of California K-12 Local Educational Agencies beginning in the 2015–16 fiscal year, that is related to

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the financial and performance audits required for school facility 2 projects, as described in Section 15286. 3

SEC. 2.

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- SEC. 3. Section 41020 of the Education Code is amended to read:
- 41020. (a) It is the intent of the Legislature to encourage sound fiscal management practices among local educational agencies for the most efficient and effective use of public funds for the education of children in California by strengthening fiscal accountability at the school district, county, and state levels.
- (b) (1) Not later than the first day of May of each fiscal year, each county superintendent of schools shall provide for an audit of all funds under their jurisdiction and control and the governing board of each local educational agency shall either provide for an audit of the books and accounts of the local educational agency, including an audit of income and expenditures by source of funds, or make arrangements with the county superintendent of schools having jurisdiction over the local educational agency to provide for that auditing.
- (2) A contract to perform the audit of a local educational agency that has a disapproved budget or has received a negative certification on any budget or interim financial report during the current fiscal year or either of the two preceding fiscal years, or for which the county superintendent of schools has otherwise determined that a lack of going concern exists, is not valid unless approved by the responsible county superintendent of schools and the governing board of the local educational agency.
- (3) If the governing board of a local educational agency has not provided for an audit of the books and accounts of the local educational agency by April 1, the county superintendent of schools having jurisdiction over the local educational agency shall provide for the audit of the local educational agency.
- (4) An audit conducted pursuant to this section shall comply fully with the Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.
- (5) For purposes of this section, "local educational agency" does not include community colleges.
- (c) Each audit conducted in accordance with this section shall include all funds of the local educational agency, including the student body and cafeteria funds and accounts and any other funds

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under the control or jurisdiction of the local educational agency. Each audit shall also include an audit of pupil attendance procedures. Each audit shall include a determination of whether funds were expended pursuant to a local control and accountability plan or an approved annual update to a local control and accountability plan pursuant to Article 4.5 (commencing with Section 52059.5) of Chapter 6.1 of Part 28 of Division 4.

- (d) All audit reports for each fiscal year shall be developed and reported using a format established by the Controller after consultation with the Superintendent and the Director of Finance.
- (e) (1) The cost of the audits provided for by the county superintendent of schools shall be paid from the county school service fund and the county superintendent of schools shall transfer the pro rata share of the cost chargeable to each school district from school district funds.
- (2) The cost of the audit provided for by a governing board of a local educational agency shall be paid from local educational agency funds. The audit of the funds under the jurisdiction and control of the county superintendent of schools shall be paid from the county school service fund.
- (f) (1) The audits shall be made by a certified public accountant or a public accountant, licensed by the California Board of Accountancy, and selected by the local educational agency, as applicable, from a directory of certified public accountants and public accountants deemed by the Controller as qualified to conduct audits of local educational agencies, which shall be published by the Controller not later than December 31 of each year.
- (2) Commencing with the 2003–04 fiscal year and except as provided in subdivision (d) of Section 41320.1, it is unlawful for a public accounting firm to provide audit services to a local educational agency if the lead audit partner, or coordinating audit partner, having primary responsibility for the audit, or the audit partner responsible for reviewing the audit, has performed audit services for that local educational agency in each of the six previous fiscal years. The Education Audit Appeals Panel may waive this requirement if the panel finds that no otherwise eligible auditor is available to perform the audit.
- (3) It is the intent of the Legislature that, notwithstanding paragraph (2), the rotation within public accounting firms conform to provisions of the federal Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 (Public

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Law 107-204; 15 U.S.C. Sec. 7201 et seq.), and upon release of the report required by the act of the Comptroller General of the United States addressing the mandatory rotation of registered public accounting firms, the Legislature intends to reconsider paragraph (2). In determining which certified public accountants and public accountants shall be included in the directory, the Controller shall use the following criteria:

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- (A) The certified public accountants or public accountants shall be in good standing as certified by the Board of Accountancy.
- (B) The certified public accountants or public accountants, as a result of a quality control review conducted by the Controller pursuant to Section 14504.2, shall not have been found to have conducted an audit in a manner constituting noncompliance with subdivision (a) of Section 14503.
- (4) After the 2026–27 fiscal year, in order to be added to or remain on the Controller's directory of certified public accountants and public accountants deemed qualified to conduct audits of local educational agencies, all certified public accountants conducting or supervising audits of local educational agencies shall complete 24 hours of initial training, and at least 16 hours of training every two years thereafter, in topics determined by the Controller to be specific to financial reporting and compliance testing related to school districts, charter schools, and flex-based schools operated by school districts or charter schools. All certified public accountants conducting or supervising audits of local educational agencies shall certify to the Controller the completion of auditor training pursuant to this section as a condition of remaining active in the Controller's directory.
- (g) (1) Commencing with the 2026–27 fiscal year, certified public accountant firms, certified public accountants, and public accountants that conduct audits of local educational agencies shall comply with both of the following:
- (A) Have been peer reviewed by the California Board of Accountancy to ensure that the selection of audits for each auditor or firm undergoing a peer review is representative of each type of local educational agency for which an auditor performs audits and the reviewers have relevant experience with financial or compliance audits of local educational agencies, including completion of training in accordance with this section.

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(B) The continuing education hours required pursuant to paragraph (4) of subdivision (f) shall be evidenced by a certification to the Controller from the certified public accountant firm, the certified public accountant, or public accountant that the requirements have been met.

- (2) The requirements of this subdivision shall apply to audits of local educational agencies regardless of whether the local educational agency is a governmental agency or a nonprofit organization.
- (h) Auditors that are under contract with a local educational agency shall notify the chartering authority or the county superintendent of schools, as applicable, the Superintendent, and the Controller in the event that the auditor's contract with the local educational agency is terminated or otherwise denied for renewal. The notification shall include the reason for the termination or denial for renewal and shall be made within 30 calendar days of the effective date of that termination or nonrenewal.

19 (g) 20 (i)

- (i) (1) The auditor's report shall include each of the following:
- (A) A statement that the audit was conducted pursuant to standards and procedures developed in accordance with Chapter 3 (commencing with Section 14500) of Part 9 of Division 1 of Title 1.
- (B) A summary of audit exceptions and management improvement recommendations.
- (C) An evaluation by the auditor on whether there is substantial doubt about the ability of the local educational agency to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time. This evaluation shall be based on the Statement on Auditing Standards No. 59, as issued by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants regarding disclosure requirements relating to the ability of the entity to continue as a going concern.
- (2) To the extent possible, a description of correction or plan of correction shall be incorporated in the audit report, describing the specific actions that are planned to be taken, or that have been taken, to correct the problem identified by the auditor. The descriptions of specific actions to be taken or that have been taken shall not solely consist of general comments such as "will

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implement," "accepted the recommendation," or "will discuss at a later date."

(h)

- (*j*) (1) Not later than December 15, a report of each local educational agency audit for the preceding fiscal year shall be filed with the county superintendent of schools of the county in which the local educational agency is located, the department, and the Controller. The Superintendent shall make any adjustments necessary in future apportionments of all state funds to correct any audit exceptions revealed by those audit reports.
- (2) The audit report referenced in paragraph (1) for the 2020–21 fiscal year shall instead be filed no later than January 31, 2022.
- (3) The extension for the audit report referenced in subdivision (m) of Sections 47605 and 47605.6 for the 2020–21 fiscal year shall instead be filed no later than January 31, 2022.

(i)

- (k) (1) Commencing with the 2002–03 audit of local educational agencies pursuant to this section and subdivision (d) of Section 41320.1, each county superintendent of schools shall be responsible for reviewing the audit exceptions contained in an audit of a local educational agency under their jurisdiction related to attendance, inventory of equipment, internal control, and any miscellaneous items, and determining whether the exceptions have been either corrected or an acceptable plan of correction has been developed.
- (2) Commencing with the 2004–05 audit of local educational agencies pursuant to this section and subdivision (d) of Section 41320.1, each county superintendent of schools shall include in the review of audit exceptions performed pursuant to this subdivision those audit exceptions related to use of instructional materials program funds, teacher misassignments pursuant to Section 44258.9, and information reported on the school accountability report card required pursuant to Section 33126, and shall determine whether the exceptions are either corrected or an acceptable plan of correction has been developed.

(j)

(1) Upon submission of the final audit report to the governing board of each local educational agency and subsequent receipt of the audit by the county superintendent of schools having jurisdiction over the local educational agency, the county office of education shall do all of the following:

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(1) Review audit exceptions related to attendance, inventory of equipment, internal control, and other miscellaneous exceptions. Attendance exceptions or issues shall include, but not be limited to, those related to local control funding formula allocations pursuant to Section 42238.02, as implemented by Section 42238.03, and independent study.

- (2) (A) If a description of the correction or plan of correction has not been provided as part of the audit required by this section, the county superintendent of schools shall notify the local educational agency and request the governing board of the local educational agency to provide to the county superintendent of schools a description of the corrections or plan of correction by March 15.
- (B) In audit reports for the 2020–21 fiscal year, the description of the corrections or plan of correction referenced in subparagraph (A) shall instead be filed no later than April 15, 2022.
- (3) Review the description of correction or plan of correction and determine its adequacy. If the description of the correction or plan of correction is not adequate, the county superintendent of schools shall require the local educational agency to resubmit that portion of its response that is inadequate.

(k)

- (m) (1) Each county superintendent of schools shall certify to the Superintendent and the Controller, not later than May 15, that the county superintendent of schools' staff has reviewed all audits of local educational agencies under the county superintendent of schools' jurisdiction for the prior fiscal year, that all exceptions that the county superintendent was required to review were reviewed, and that all of those exceptions, except as otherwise noted in the certification, have been corrected by the local educational agency or that an acceptable plan of correction has been submitted to the county superintendent of schools. In addition, the county superintendent shall identify, by local educational agency, any attendance-related audit exception or exceptions involving state funds, and require the local educational agency to which the audit exceptions were directed to submit appropriate reporting forms for processing by the Superintendent.
- (2) For audit reports for the 2020–21 fiscal year, the deadline for certification referenced in paragraph (1) shall instead be filed no later than June 15, 2022.

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(n) In the audit of a local educational agency for a subsequent year, the auditor shall review the correction or plan or plans of correction submitted by the local educational agency to determine if the exceptions have been resolved. If an exception has not been resolved, the auditor shall immediately notify the appropriate county office of education and the department and restate the exception in the audit report. After receiving that notification, the department shall either consult with the local educational agency to resolve the exception or require the county superintendent of schools to follow up with the local educational agency.

(m)

- (o) (1) The Superintendent is responsible for ensuring that local educational agencies have either corrected or developed plans of correction for any one or more of the following:
- (A) All federal and state compliance audit exceptions identified in the audit.
- (B) Exceptions that the county superintendent of schools certifies as of May 15 have not been corrected.
- (C) Repeat audit exceptions that are not assigned to a county superintendent of schools to correct.
- (2) In addition, the Superintendent is responsible for ensuring that county superintendents of schools and each county board of education that serves as the governing board of a local educational agency either correct all audit exceptions identified in the audits of county superintendents of schools and of the local educational agencies for which the county boards of education serve as the governing boards or develop acceptable plans of correction for those exceptions.
- (3) The Superintendent shall report annually to the Controller on the Superintendent's actions to ensure that school districts, county superintendents of schools, and each county board of education that serves as the governing board of a school district have either corrected or developed plans of correction for any of the exceptions noted pursuant to paragraph (1).

(n)

(p) To facilitate correction of the exceptions identified by the audits issued pursuant to this section, the Controller shall require auditors to categorize audit exceptions in each audit report in a manner that will make it clear to both the county superintendent

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of schools and the Superintendent which exceptions they are responsible for ensuring the correction of by a local educational agency. In addition, the Controller annually shall select a sampling of county superintendents of schools, perform a followup of the audit resolution process of those county superintendents of schools, and report the results of that followup to the Superintendent and the county superintendents of schools that were reviewed.

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(q) County superintendents of schools shall adjust subsequent local property tax requirements to correct audit exceptions relating to local educational agency tax rates and tax revenues.

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(r) If a governing board or county superintendent of schools fails or is unable to make satisfactory arrangements for the audit pursuant to this section, the Controller shall make arrangements for the audit and the cost of the audit shall be paid from local educational agency funds or the county school service fund, as the case may be.

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20 (s) Audits of regional occupational centers and programs are subject to this section.

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(t) This section does not authorize examination of, or reports on, the curriculum used or provided for in any local educational agency.

(s)

- (u) Notwithstanding any other law, a nonauditing, management, or other consulting service to be provided to a local educational agency by a certified public accounting firm while the certified public accounting firm is performing an audit of the agency pursuant to this section shall be in accord with Government Accounting Standards, Amendment No. 3, as published by the United States General Accounting Office.
- SEC. 4. Section 41020.2 of the Education Code is amended to read:
- 41020.2. (a) If a school district a school district (1) If the governing board of a school district or educational joint powers authority has entered into a contract for an independent audit of its financial statements in accordance with Section 41020 and the audited financial statements have not been filed with the county

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superintendent of schools on or before the due date established under Section 41020, the county superintendent of schools may shall investigate the causes for the delay and initiate one of the following actions described in subdivision (c) that will provide the required audited financial statements in the most effective manner: manner.

- (2) If the governing body of a charter school has entered into a contract for an independent audit of its financial statements in accordance with Section 41020 and the audited financial statements have not been filed with the chartering authority on or before the due date established under Section 41020, the chartering authority shall investigate the causes for the delay and initiate one of the actions described in subdivision (c) that will provide the required audited financial statements in the most effective manner.
- (b) (1) (A) The county superintendent of schools or the chartering authority may, after consultation with the school district governing board or body of the local educational agency and the auditors under contract to the district, local educational agency, and with the consent of the Controller's office and the Superintendent, grant an appropriate extension for the completion of the audit and the filing of the audited financial statements. An extension does not waive the legal deadline, but permits the filing of the report after the deadline. An
- (B) As applicable pursuant to subdivision (a), the Superintendent may, after consultation with the county board of education and the auditors under contract to the county board of education for the county office of education or for a charter school where the county board of education of the county in which the charter school is located is the chartering authority, and with the consent of the Controller's office, grant an appropriate extension for the completion of the audit and the filing of the audited financial statements. An extension does not waive the legal deadline, but permits the filing of the report after the deadline.
- (2) An extension granted pursuant to this subdivision shall be appropriate if the extension adheres to all of the following requirements:
- (A) An extension shall be the shortest amount of time reasonable given the extenuating circumstances justifying the extension.

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(B) Extensions shall be in increments of no longer than 45 calendar days.

- (C) Extensions shall not exceed a total of 90 calendar days from the due date established pursuant to Section 41020.
- (2) The county superintendent of schools may, after consultation with the school district governing board,
- (3) As applicable pursuant to subdivision (a), the county superintendent of schools, the chartering authority, or the Superintendent may, after consultation with the governing board or body of the local educational agency, the auditors under contract to the district, local educational agency, and the Controller's office, contract with another qualified certified public accountant or public accountant to obtain the required audited financial statements and charge the cost of the audit to the funds of the district. local educational agency. The county superintendent of schools schools, the chartering authority, or the Superintendent shall, to the extent feasible, assist the district local educational agency in initiating action to avoid payment to the auditors under contract who did not complete the original audit.

(3) The

- (4) As applicable pursuant to subdivision (a), the county superintendent of schools schools, the chartering authority, or the Superintendent may request the Controller's office to investigate the situation and initiate action as provided in subdivision (b). (c). (b)
- (c) (1) If the audited financial statements required by Section 41020 have not been filed by—a school district or county superintendent of schools a local educational agency with the Controller's office on or before the due date established under Section 41020, the Controller's office shall determine the most advantageous method of obtaining the required audited financial statements. The Controller's office may do any of the following:

 (1)
- (A) Accept the action of the county superintendent of schools schools, the chartering authority, or the Superintendent permitted by subdivision-(a). (b).

(2)

(B) Conduct the audit and prepare the auditor's report, utilizing using the staff available within that office and charge the cost of the audit to the next regular apportionment from the State School

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Fund to the district or county superintendent of schools. local educational agency.

(3)

- (C) Contract with any qualified certified public accountant or public accountant, utilizing using the appropriate contracting procedures, for the conduct of the audit and preparation of the audited financial statements and charge the cost of the audit to the next regular apportionment from the State School Fund to the district or county superintendent of schools. local educational agency.
 - (4) Grant
- (D) Consistent with the limits described in paragraph (2) of subdivision (b), grant a reasonable extension of the time for filing the report if, in the judgment of the Controller's office, this will provide the required audited financial statements within the shortest time period. The extension of the time for filing does not waive the legal deadline, but permits the filing of the report after the deadline.

The

(2) The Controller's office shall consult with the district governing board, the county superintendent of schools, and governing board or body of the local educational agency, the auditors under contract to the district or county superintendent of schools local educational agency, and the county superintendent of schools or the chartering authority, as applicable, before making the determination of the method to be used in obtaining the audited financial statements. The Controller's office shall, to the extent feasible, assist the district or county superintendent local educational agency in initiating action to avoid payment to the auditors under contract who did not complete the original audit.

(c)

(d) Notwithstanding any extension granted under-paragraph (1) of subdivision (a) or paragraph (4) of subdivision (b), subdivision (b) or subparagraph (D) of paragraph (1) of subdivision (c), the Controller's office may determine at any time after the due date for filing of audit reports established by Section 41020 that the audited financial statements not yet filed with that office are delinquent and that the audit will be performed under subparagraph (B) or (C) of paragraph $\frac{1}{2}$ or $\frac{1}{3}$ (1) of subdivision $\frac{1}{3}$ (c).

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(e) If the audited financial statements required by Section 41020 have not been filed by a local educational agency with the Controller's office on or before the due date established under Section 41020, the auditors under contract with the local educational agency shall notify the chartering authority, the county superintendent of schools, the Superintendent, and the Controller that the audit filing is delayed, the reasons for the delay, and the estimated filing date. The notification shall be made no later than 15 calendar days from the due date established under Section 41020.

(f) For purposes of this section, "local educational agency" means a school district, educational joint powers authority, county superintendent of schools, or charter school.

SEC. 3.

SEC. 5. Section 41020.4 is added to the Education Code, to read:

41020.4. By January 31, 2026, and by January 31 each year thereafter, the governing body of a charter school shall review, at a public meeting, the annual audit of the charter school for the prior fiscal year, any audit exceptions identified in that audit, the recommendations or findings of any management letter issued by the auditor, including any findings identified pursuant to paragraph (4) of subdivision (a) of Section 41020.6 for a flex-based charter school, and any description of corrections for, or plans to correct, any exceptions or management letter issue. The review shall be placed on the agenda of the meeting pursuant to the Ralph M. Brown Act (Chapter 9 (commencing with Section 54950) of Part 1 of Division 2 of Title 5 of the Government Code).

SEC. 4.

SEC. 6. Section 41020.5 of the Education Code is amended to read:

41020.5. (a) (1) If the Controller determines by two consecutive quality control reviews pursuant to Section 14504.2, or if a county superintendent of schools determines, that audits performed by a certified public accountant or public accountant under Section 41020 or 41020.6 were not performed in substantial conformity with provisions of the audit guide, or that the audit reports, including amended reports, submitted by February 15 following the close of the fiscal year audited, for two consecutive years do not conform to provisions of the audit guide as required

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by Section 14504, the Controller or the county superintendent of schools, as appropriate, shall notify in writing the certified public accountant or public accountant and the California Board of Accountancy.

- (2) If the certified public accountant or public accountant does not file an appeal in writing with the California Board of Accountancy within 30 calendar days after receipt of the notification from the Controller or county superintendent of schools, the determination of the Controller or county superintendent of schools pursuant to this section shall be final.
- (b) If an appeal is filed with the California Board of Accountancy, the board shall complete an investigation of the appeal within 90 days of the filing date. On the basis of the investigation, the board may do either of the following:
- (1) Find that the determination of the Controller or county superintendent of schools should not be upheld and has no effect.
- (2) Schedule the appeal for a hearing, in which case, the final action on the appeal shall be completed by the board within one year from the date of filing the appeal.
- (c) If the determination of the Controller or county superintendent of schools under subdivision (a) becomes final, the certified public accountant or public accountant shall be ineligible to conduct audits under Section 41020 or 41020.6 for a period of three years, or, in the event of an appeal, for any period, and subject to the conditions, that may be ordered by the California Board of Accountancy. Not later than the first day of March of each year, the Controller shall notify each school district, charter school, and county office of education of those certified public accountants or public accountants determined to be ineligible under this section. School districts, charter schools, and county offices of education shall not use the audit services of a certified public accountant or public accountant ineligible under this section.
- (d) For purposes of this section, "certified public accountant or public accountant" includes any person or firm entering into a contract to conduct an audit under Section 41020 or 41020.6.
- (e) This section shall not preclude the California Board of Accountancy from taking any disciplinary action it deems appropriate under any other law.

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SEC. 5.

2 SEC. 7. Section 41020.6 is added to the Education Code, to 3 read:

- 41020.6. (a) An auditor, when performing an audit described in Section 41020, subparagraph (I) of paragraph (5) of subdivision (c) of Section 47605, or subparagraph (I) of paragraph (5) of subdivision (b) of Section 47605.6, shall do all of the following:
- (1) Ensure that all sampling of documents or records necessary for the audit are independently selected by the <u>auditor</u>, auditor, consistent with both of the following:
- (A) Where representative samples of pupils, pupil work product, financial transactions, or other sampling is required to be performed and selected, the auditor shall independently identify the sample and make that selection personally.
- (B) Auditor transaction sampling shall include a sample size appropriate for the type of local educational agency pursuant to the test of compliance sample table in the Guide for Annual Audits of K–12 Local Education Agencies and State Compliance Reporting.
- (2) Identify in the audit report any transfers of funds or assets to other individuals or organizations that exceed one million dollars (\$1,000,000) or 10 percent of the local educational agency's budget, whichever is less, together with a written explanation from the local educational agency regarding the school purpose for each of those expenditures.
- (3) Select a sample and review credit card statements, debit card statements, other electronic payment methods and media, and bank statements of the local educational agency pursuant to the process described in Section 14502.1.
- (4) Include a letter with the audit report discussing any findings of the auditor, together with a response by the local educational agency, if the local educational agency chooses to make a response.
- (5) Include in the audit a schedule of payments or transfers of the largest 25 payments or transfers of assets to individuals or organizations, determined by value accumulated over the fiscal year, including to individuals, corporations, partnerships, nonprofit organizations, and other organizations.
- (b) An auditor of a local educational agency that offers independent study pursuant to Article 5.5 (commencing with Section 51744) of Chapter 5 of Part 28 of Division 4 shall verify

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the pupil-to-teacher ratio of the school or program and include this information in the audit.

- (c) Commencing with the 2026–27 fiscal year Guide for Annual Audits of K–12 Local Education Agencies and State Compliance Reporting, the Controller shall include a minimum of two sample audit reports that incorporate best practices and meet audit reporting requirements for format and content. At a minimum, the two sample audit reports shall include a sample audit report for a school district and a sample audit report for a charter school.
- (d) Commencing with the 2026–27 fiscal year Guide for Annual Audits of K–12 Local Education Agencies and State Compliance Reporting, the Controller shall include, but is not limited to, instructions necessary to require, at a minimum, all of the following supplemental information and schedules in audit report components for an audit of a local educational agency, except as provided:
- (1) Board members and related management organizations: a disclosure of the governing body's composition, including member names and terms, if applicable, any related entity managing a charter school, as defined in Section 47604.1, including governing body composition and governing body members and terms, if applicable, the members of executive management of any related entity managing a charter school, and any staff shared by the charter school and the related entity managing a charter school, or other related charter schools.
- (2) Related loans: a disclosure of any loans, including the terms of those loans, to or from the local educational agency and any of the local educational agency governing board or body members or staff. For a charter school, this may also include a loan to or from an entity managing a charter school, as defined in Section 47604.1, including governing board or body members or members of executive management of any related entity managing a charter school, or staff of the charter school or other related charter schools.
- (3) Flex-based charter school network: for flex-based charter schools, determine whether the charter school is part of a network of flex-based charter schools, as defined in subdivision (h) of Section 47634.2.

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SEC. 6.

SEC. 8. Section 42238.024 of the Education Code is amended to read:

42238.024. (a) Commencing with the 2023–24 fiscal year, the sum of three hundred million dollars (\$300,000,000) is hereby appropriated each fiscal year from the General Fund to the Superintendent for allocation for the Local Control Funding Formula Equity Multiplier apportionment in the manner and for the purposes set forth in this section. Commencing with the 2024–25 fiscal year, the amount appropriated pursuant to this subdivision shall be adjusted each fiscal year by the percentage change applied pursuant to paragraph (2) of subdivision (d) of Section 42238.02 for that fiscal year.

- (b) (1) Funds appropriated pursuant to subdivision (a) shall be made available by the Superintendent to eligible local educational agencies for allocation to schoolsites eligible pursuant to paragraph (2) for evidence-based services and supports for pupils, with a demonstration of how the resulting services and supports are increased or improved in comparison to services and supports that would have been provided at the schoolsites if the funding were not provided. Funds appropriated pursuant to subdivision (a) shall supplement, not supplant, funding provided for these schoolsites for purposes of the local control funding formula pursuant to Section 2574, 2575, or 42238.02, the Expanded Learning Opportunities Program pursuant to Section 46120, the Literacy Coaches and Reading Specialists Grant Program established pursuant to Section 137 of Chapter 52 of the Statutes of 2022, and the California Community Schools Partnership Act (Chapter 6 (commencing with Section 8900) of Part 6 of Division 1 of Title 1).
- (2) For schoolsites with prior year nonstability rates greater than 25 percent and prior year socioeconomically disadvantaged pupil rates of greater than 70 percent, funding shall be allocated on a per-unit basis of the schoolsite's total prior year adjusted cumulative enrollment. The per-unit funding amount is based on total statewide eligible enrollment and the amount of funds available, as reported in the stability rate data file.
- (3) An eligible schoolsite shall not receive funding pursuant to paragraph (2) of less than fifty thousand dollars (\$50,000), adjusted

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each fiscal year by percentage change applied pursuant to paragraph (2) of subdivision (d) of Section 42238.02 for that fiscal year.

- (4) A schoolsite deemed eligible pursuant to paragraph (2) shall instead be deemed ineligible if it meets either of the following criteria:
- (A) The schoolsite has closed in the year in which the funds are to be allocated, as reported pursuant to paragraph (2) of subdivision (f) of Section 60900.
- (B) Commencing with the 2024–25 fiscal year, the local educational agency generated funding for a schoolsite pursuant to paragraph (2) due to a pupil being enrolled in the school district office.
- (5) Unspent funds from any fiscal year provided to a local educational agency with a schoolsite that has closed, as reported pursuant to paragraph (2) of subdivision (f) of Section 60900, shall be returned to the department. Local educational agencies shall report the total amount of unspent funds in accordance with instructions and forms prescribed and furnished by the Superintendent.
 - (c) For purposes of this section, the following definitions apply:
- (1) "Eligible local educational agency" means a school district, county office of education, or charter school that generates a local control funding formula entitlement pursuant to Sections 2574, 2575, or 42238.02, excluding a charter school classified as a flex-based charter school as of the prior fiscal year's second principal apportionment certification pursuant to Section 47612.5.
- (2) "Nonstability rate" means the percentage of pupils who are either enrolled for less than 245 continuous days between July 1 and June 30 of the prior school year, or exited from a school between July 1 and June 30 of the prior school year due to either truancy, expulsion, or for unknown reasons and without stable subsequent enrollment at another school as identified in the stability rate data file.
- (3) "Prior year adjusted cumulative enrollment" means any enrollment with a start date in the school year in transitional kindergarten, kindergarten, and grades 1 to 12, inclusive, as identified in the stability rate data file.
- (4) "Schoolsite" means an individual school in an eligible local educational agency, excluding the school district office.

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(5) "Socioeconomically disadvantaged pupil rate" means the percentage of pupils that meet any of the following criteria for the prior school year:

- (A) Neither of the pupil's parents has a high school diploma.
- (B) The pupil is eligible for free or reduced-price meals under the federal National School Lunch Program, including by direct certification.
- (C) The pupil is a migratory child for purposes of Part C (commencing with Section 6391) of Subchapter I of Chapter 70 of Title 20 of the United States Code.
 - (D) The pupil is a homeless child or youth.
- (E) The pupil is a foster youth.
- (F) The pupil is enrolled in a county juvenile court school.
- (6) "Stability rate data file" means the initial publication of the annual file published by the department for the prior school year that will be used to determine a schoolsite's prior year adjusted cumulative enrollment, nonstability rate, and socioeconomically disadvantaged rate for the purposes of calculating funding pursuant to this section for an eligible local educational agency.
- (d) Notwithstanding Section 10231.5 of the Government Code, by February 1, 2025, and each February 1 thereafter, the department, using existing resources, shall submit an annual report to the relevant policy and fiscal committees of the Legislature, the state board, and the Department of Finance that includes the following information on pupil outcomes at schoolsites that receive funding pursuant to this section and statewide pupil outcomes:
- (1) Pupil subgroup data captured in the stability rate data file, based on enrollment at the eligible schoolsite.
- (2) Number of truant pupils captured in the stability rate data file and enrolled at the eligible schoolsite.
- (3) Number of expelled pupils captured in the stability rate data file and enrolled at the eligible schoolsite.
- (4) Number of pupils whose reasons for exit from the schoolsite are unknown, as captured in the stability rate data file, and enrolled at the eligible schoolsite.
- (5) Performance of the eligible schoolsites on California School Dashboard state indicators, disaggregated by pupil subgroup.
- (e) For purposes of making the computations required by Section 8 of Article XVI of the California Constitution, the appropriations made by subdivision (a) shall be deemed to be "General Fund

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1 revenues appropriated for school districts," as defined in subdivision (c) of Section 41202, for the fiscal year for which the appropriation is made, and included within the "total allocations to school districts and community college districts from General Fund proceeds of taxes appropriated pursuant to Article XIII B," as defined in subdivision (e) of Section 41202, for the fiscal year for which the appropriation is made.

SEC. 7.

SEC. 9. Section 43521 of the Education Code is amended to read:

- 43521. (a) The sum of four billion five hundred forty-one million one hundred thirteen thousand dollars (\$4,541,113,000) from the General Fund, and the sum of two billion sixteen million three hundred thirty thousand dollars (\$2,016,330,000) from the Federal Trust Fund, are hereby appropriated to the Superintendent for apportionment in the 2020–21 fiscal year pursuant to this chapter. Funds apportioned to eligible local educational agencies from the Federal Trust Fund pursuant to this subdivision shall be used for costs dating back to March 13, 2020, and shall be consistent with the terms, tracking and reporting requirements, and period of fund availability in accordance with federal law for all of the following:
- (1) Six hundred seventy million nine hundred sixty-three thousand dollars (\$670,963,000) from the Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund pursuant to the federal Coronavirus Response and Relief Supplemental Appropriations Act, 2021, (Public Law 116-260) available for obligation through September 30, 2023, unless otherwise provided in federal law.
- (2) One hundred fifty-three million nine hundred ninety-two thousand dollars (\$153,992,000) from the Governor's Emergency Education Relief Fund pursuant to the federal Coronavirus Response and Relief Supplemental Appropriations Act, 2021, (Public Law 116-260) available for obligation through September 30, 2023, unless otherwise provided in federal law.
- (3) Four hundred thirty-seven million three hundred ninety thousand dollars (\$437,390,000) from the Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund pursuant to the federal American Rescue Plan Act of 2021 (Public Law 117-2) available for obligation through September 30, 2024, unless otherwise provided in federal law. For the purposes of Section 2001(f)(4) of

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the federal American Rescue Plan Act of 2021 (Public Law 117-2),
 this constitutes the state's reserve of funds for emergency needs.

- (4) Seven hundred fifty-three million nine hundred eighty-five thousand dollars (\$753,985,000) from the Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund state level reservation to address learning loss, pursuant to the federal American Rescue Plan Act of 2021 (Public Law 117-2) available for obligation through September 30, 2024, unless otherwise provided in federal law. For the purposes of Section 2001(f)(1) of the federal American Rescue Plan Act of 2021 (Public Law 117-2), this constitutes the state's reserve of funds to carry out activities to address learning loss.
 - (b) Of the amount appropriated pursuant to subdivision (a), four billion five hundred fifty-seven million four hundred forty-three thousand dollars (\$4,557,443,000) shall be apportioned to local educational agencies and state special schools in the following manner:
 - (1) A local educational agency shall receive one thousand dollars (\$1,000) per homeless pupil enrolled in the 2020–21 fiscal year as reported in the California Longitudinal Pupil Achievement Data System as of the 2020–21 Fall 1 Submission.
 - (2) A state special school shall receive seven hundred twenty-five dollars (\$725) for each unit of average daily attendance as of the 2020–21 second principal apportionment certification. The average daily attendance for each state special school shall be deemed to be 97 percent of the enrollment as reported in the California Longitudinal Pupil Achievement Data System as of the 2020–21 Fall 1 Submission.
- (3) (A) The funds remaining after the apportionments in paragraphs (1) and (2) shall be apportioned proportionally on the basis of a local educational agency's local control funding formula entitlement determined as of the 2020–21 second principal apportionment certification, pursuant to Sections 42238.02 and 42238.025, or subdivision (e) of Section 2574 or subdivision (a) of Section 2575, as applicable. For purposes of this paragraph, entitlements shall include apportionments allocated pursuant to Section 41544 and Article 7 (commencing with Section 48300) of Chapter 2 of Part 27.
- 39 (B) Consistent with Section 2576, a county office of education's 40 local control funding formula entitlement for purposes of

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subparagraph (A) shall include funding that the Superintendent transferred to the county where a pupil is enrolled, equal to the amount calculated for the school district of residence pursuant to Section 42238.02 for each unit of average daily attendance credited to the school district of residence as of the 2020–21 second principal apportionment certification.

- (c) (1) Of the amount appropriated from the General Fund pursuant to subdivision (a), two billion dollars (\$2,000,000,000) shall be apportioned to local educational agencies, excluding a charter school classified as a nonclassroom-based charter school as of the 2019–20 second principal apportionment certification pursuant to Section 47612.5, as that section read on that date, based on the apportionment methodology described in paragraph (3) of subdivision (b).
- (2) (A) A local educational agency's apportionment of funds pursuant to paragraph (1) shall be reduced pursuant to subparagraph (B) if the local educational agency does not provide in-person instruction pursuant to paragraph (3).
- (B) (i) From April 1, 2021, to May 15, 2021, inclusive, a local educational agency's apportionment of funds pursuant to paragraph (1) shall be reduced by 1 percent for each day of instruction provided for in the school calendar that the local educational agency does not provide in-person instruction pursuant to paragraph (3), as identified in the school calendar adopted for the 2020–21 school year that is in effect on March 1, 2021.
- (ii) If a local educational agency does not provide in-person instruction pursuant to paragraph (3) on or before May 15, 2021, it shall forfeit all funds apportioned pursuant to paragraph (1).
- (iii) If a local educational agency does not offer continuous in-person instruction for pupils pursuant to subparagraphs (A) to (C), inclusive, of paragraph (3) from when it commences offering in-person instruction through the end of the scheduled 2020–21 school year, unless otherwise ordered by a state or local health officer, it shall forfeit all funds apportioned pursuant to paragraph (1). The scheduled school year is the adopted school calendar for the 2020–21 school year that is in effect on March 1, 2021.
- (3) For purposes of this subdivision, a local educational agency shall be considered to be offering in-person instruction if it does at least all of the following:

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(A) For a local educational agency in a county in the purple tier pursuant to the State Department of Public Health's Blueprint for a Safer Economy that is neither open nor eligible to open as defined in the COVID-19 industry sector guidance for schools and school-based programs, the local educational agency offers optional in-person instruction pursuant to the State Department of Public Health's Guidance Related to Cohorts to all pupils who are individuals with exceptional needs, if consistent with each pupil's individualized education program, and to all prioritized pupil groups described in paragraph (4), unless the number of pupils in the prioritized pupil groups seeking in-person instruction exceeds the practical capacity of a local educational agency to maintain health and safety pursuant to its COVID-19 safety plan, in which case the local educational agency may limit the number of pupils within the prioritized pupil groups that receive in-person instruction to its maximum practical capacity.

- (B) For elementary schools, for kindergarten and grades 1 to 6, inclusive, as applicable, the following applies:
- (i) For a local educational agency in a county in the purple tier pursuant to the State Department of Public Health's Blueprint for a Safer Economy, when eligible pursuant to COVID-19 industry sector guidance for schools and school-based programs, the local educational agency offers optional in-person instruction to all pupils required to be offered in-person instruction pursuant to subparagraph (A), and to all pupils in kindergarten and grades 1 and 2.
- (ii) When eligible pursuant to COVID-19 industry sector guidance for schools and school-based programs to provide in-person instruction for kindergarten and grades 1 to 12, inclusive, the local educational agency offers optional in-person instruction to all pupils required to be offered in-person instruction pursuant to clause (i), and to all pupils in grade 3 through the highest elementary school grade, up to grade 6, inclusive.
- (C) For middle schools and high schools, for grades 6 to 12, inclusive, as applicable, when eligible pursuant to COVID-19 industry sector guidance for schools and school-based programs to provide in-person instruction for kindergarten and grades 1 to 12, inclusive, the local educational agency offers optional in-person instruction to all pupils required to be offered in-person instruction

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pursuant to subparagraph (A), and to all pupils in at least one full grade level.

- (D) (i) Except as provided in clause (ii), for a local educational agency in a county in the purple tier pursuant to the State Department of Public Health's Blueprint for a Safer Economy, the local educational agency conducts asymptomatic testing for staff and pupils participating in in-person instruction consistent with the state-supported cadences set forth in the COVID-19 industry sector guidance for schools and school-based programs.
- (ii) The requirement in clause (i) does not apply if, on or before March 31, 2021, the local educational agency is providing in-person instruction or the governing board or body of the local educational agency has adopted a plan to provide in-person instruction and has publicly posted its COVID-19 safety plan on its internet website. A local educational agency in a county that moves from the purple tier into the red, orange, or yellow tier pursuant to the State Department of Public Health's Blueprint for a Safer Economy, is not required to maintain asymptomatic testing for staff and pupils participating in in-person instruction consistent with the state-supported cadences set forth in the COVID-19 industry sector guidance for schools and school-based programs.
- (4) For the purposes of this subdivision, "prioritized pupil groups" shall include all of the following:
 - (A) Pupils at risk for abuse, neglect, or exploitation.
 - (B) Homeless pupils.
 - (C) Foster youth.

- (D) English learners.
- (E) Pupils without access to a computing device, software, and high-speed internet necessary to participate in online instruction, as determined by the local educational agency.
 - (F) Disengaged pupils.
- (5) On or before June 1, 2021, a local educational agency shall certify its compliance with paragraph (3) using a form the State Department of Education shall provide for this purpose. The State Department of Education shall make this form available publicly on its internet website on or before May 1, 2021.
- (6) (A) The State Department of Education's calculation of a local educational agency's apportionment of remaining state funds pursuant to subdivision (f) shall include a reduction equal to the amount of funds reduced pursuant to clause (i) of subparagraph

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1 (B) of paragraph (2) or forfeited pursuant to clause (ii) of subparagraph (B) of paragraph (2).
3 (B) Any funds reduced pursuant to clause (i) of subparagraph

- (B) Any funds reduced pursuant to clause (i) of subparagraph (B) of paragraph (2) or forfeited pursuant to clause (ii) of subparagraph (B) of paragraph (2) shall be redistributed in the calculations made pursuant to paragraph (1).
- (d) A local educational agency receiving funds pursuant to this section shall comply with the requirements of Section 43503 for all pupils participating in distance learning, instructional time requirements pursuant to Section 43501 for the 2020–21 school year, and applicable instructional day requirements pursuant to Chapter 2 (commencing with Section 46100) of Part 26 of Division 4 for the 2021–22 school year.
- (e) Within 15 days of March 5, 2021, the State Department of Education shall notify each local educational agency and state special school of its estimated apportionments under subdivisions (b) and (c), as applicable.
- (f) (1) State funds apportioned to a local educational agency or state special school pursuant to this section shall be provided by the Controller to the local educational agency or state special school as follows:
- (A) In May 2021, an amount equal to 50 percent of the amount determined under subdivision (e) for the local educational agency or state special school using 2020–21 first principal apportionment certification data and 2020–21 preliminary California Longitudinal Pupil Achievement Data System Fall 1 data.
- (B) On or before December 31, 2021, the remaining amount of state funds owed under this section, after reductions pursuant to paragraph (6) of subdivision (c), to the local educational agency or state special school using 2020–21 second principal apportionment data and 2020–21 final California Longitudinal Pupil Achievement Data System Fall 1 data. If based on the final data, the amount paid by the Controller in May 2021 exceeds the amount of state funding owed to a local educational agency, the State Department of Education may offset the local educational agency's monthly principal apportionment payment to recover the overpayment of state funds.
- (2) State funds apportioned to a local educational agency or state special school pursuant to this section shall be available for expenditure through September 30, 2024. Federal funds

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apportioned to a local educational agency or state special school pursuant to this section shall be available for expenditure pursuant to the period of fund availability specified in paragraphs (1) to (4), inclusive, of subdivision (a).

- (g) Neither the funding conditions or other requirements established in this chapter or Article 8 (commencing with Section 32090) of Chapter 1 of Part 19 of Division 1 of Title 1, nor the issuance of any nonmandatory guidance by the State Department of Public Health shall be construed as creating or establishing an affirmative obligation for a local educational agency to revise its completed COVID-19 safety plan that is publicly posted on its internet website on or before March 31, 2021.
- (h) Notwithstanding subdivisions (b) and (c), a charter school that has ceased operation on or before March 5, 2021, shall not be allocated funding pursuant to this section.
- (i) For purposes of apportionments made pursuant to this section from federal funds described in paragraphs (1) to (4), inclusive, of subdivision (a), funding for a locally funded charter school shall be included in the apportionment of the chartering authority.
- (j) (1) For purposes of making the computations required by Section 8 of Article XVI of the California Constitution, of the amount appropriated from the General Fund in subdivision (a), one billion three hundred sixty-four million nine hundred thirty-one thousand dollars (\$1,364,931,000) shall be deemed to be "General Fund revenues appropriated for school districts," as defined in subdivision (c) of Section 41202, for the 2019–20 fiscal year, and included within the "total allocations to school districts and community college districts from General Fund proceeds of taxes appropriated pursuant to Article XIIIB," as defined in subdivision (e) of Section 41202, for the 2019–20 fiscal year.
- (2) For purposes of making the computations required by Section 8 of Article XVI of the California Constitution, of the amount appropriated from the General Fund in subdivision (a), three billion one hundred seventy-six million one hundred eighty-two thousand dollars (\$3,176,182,000) shall be deemed to be "General Fund revenues appropriated for school districts," as defined in subdivision (c) of Section 41202, for the 2020–21 fiscal year, and included within the "total allocations to school districts and community college districts from General Fund proceeds of taxes

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appropriated pursuant to Article XIIIB," as defined in subdivision (e) of Section 41202, for the 2020–21 fiscal year.

- SEC. 10. Section 45125.1 of the Education Code is amended to read:
- 45125.1. (a) Any entity that has a contract with a local educational agency shall ensure that any employee who interacts with pupils, outside of the immediate supervision and control of the pupil's parent or guardian or a school employee, pupils has a valid criminal records summary as described in Section 44237. When the contracting entity performs the criminal background check, it shall immediately provide any subsequent arrest and conviction information it receives to any local educational agency that it is contracting with pursuant to the subsequent arrest service.
- (b) (1) This section does not apply to an entity providing services to a local educational agency, as described in subdivision (a), in an emergency or exceptional situation, such as when pupil health or safety is endangered or when repairs are needed to make school facilities safe and habitable.
- (2) Notwithstanding subdivision (a), an employee of any entity that has a contract with a local educational agency, and that offers work experience opportunities for pupils, including, but not limited to, opportunities pursuant to Section 51760, 52336, 52372, 52410, or 52460, Article 1 (commencing with Section 52300), Article 5 (commencing with Section 52381), or Article 7 (commencing with Section 52450) of Chapter 9 of Part 28 of Division 4, Chapter 16.5 (commencing with Section 53070) of Part 28 of Division 4, Article 5 (commencing with Section 54690) of Chapter 9 of Part 29 of Division 4, or Part 54.5 (commencing with Section 88820) of Division 7 of Title 3, or workplace placements as part of a pupil's individualized education program, including, but not limited to, the services described in Article 3 (commencing with Section 56470) of Chapter 4.5 of Part 30 of Division 4, is not required to have a valid criminal records summary pursuant to subdivision (a) if all of the following requirements are met:
- (A) At least one adult employee in the workplace during the pupil's work hours, who has direct contact with the pupil and has been designated by the employer as the employee of record who is responsible for the safety of the pupil, has a valid criminal records summary as described in Section 44237.

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(B) A staff representative of the local educational agency makes visitations as specified in a pupil's individualized education program, or, if unspecified, at least once every three weeks to consult with the pupil's workplace liaison, observe the pupil at the workplace, and check in with the pupil to ensure the pupil's health, safety, and welfare, including by addressing any concerns the pupil has raised.

- (C) The parent or guardian of the pupil has signed a consent form regarding the pupil's work placement, attesting that the parent or guardian understands the duties assigned to the pupil and the nature of the workplace environment.
- (3) If a pupil participates in services provided by a contractor as part of an independent study program and the pupil is under the immediate supervision and control of the pupil's parent or guardian during the provision of those services, the local educational agency shall do either of the following:
- (A) Verify completion of a valid criminal records summary for all employees of the contractor who interact with the pupil.
- (B) Ensure that the parent or guardian of the pupil has signed a consent form before the pupil's interaction with a person employed by the contractor, attesting that the parent or guardian understands that the person employed by the contractor has not completed a valid criminal records summary as described in Section 44237.
- (c) On a case-by-case basis, a local educational agency may require an entity with whom it has a contract to comply with the requirements of this section for employees in addition to those described in subdivision (a). The entity shall prepare and submit those employee's fingerprints to the Department of Justice, as described in subdivision (a).
- (d) (1) The Department of Justice shall ascertain whether the individual whose fingerprints were submitted to it pursuant to subdivision (a), (c), or (h) has been arrested or convicted of any crime insofar as that fact can be ascertained from information available to the Department of Justice. Upon implementation of an electronic fingerprinting system with terminals located statewide and managed by the Department of Justice, the Department of Justice shall ascertain the information required pursuant to this section within three working days. When the Department of Justice ascertains that an individual whose fingerprints were submitted to

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it pursuant to subdivision (a), (c), or (h) has a pending criminal proceeding for a felony as defined in Section 45122.1 or has been 3 convicted of a felony as defined in Section 45122.1, the Department 4 of Justice shall notify the employer designated by the individual 5 of that fact. The notification shall be delivered by telephone or 6 email to the employer.

- (2) The Department of Justice, at its discretion, may notify the local educational agencies in instances when the employee is defined as having a pending criminal proceeding described in Section 45122.1 or has been convicted of a felony as defined in Section 45122.1.
- (3) The Department of Justice shall forward one copy of the fingerprints to the Federal Bureau of Investigation to verify any record of previous arrests or convictions of the applicant. The Department of Justice shall review the criminal record summary it obtains from the Federal Bureau of Investigation and shall notify the employer only as to whether or not an applicant has any convictions or arrests pending adjudication for offenses that, if committed in California, would have been punishable as a violent or serious felony. The Department of Justice shall not provide any specific offense information received from the Federal Bureau of Investigation. The Department of Justice shall provide written notification to the contract employer only concerning whether an applicant for employment has any conviction or arrest pending final adjudication for any of those crimes, as specified in Section 45122.1, but shall not provide any information identifying any offense for which an existing employee was convicted or has an arrest pending final adjudication.
- (e) (1) An entity having a contract as described in subdivision (a) or that is required to comply with this section for other employees pursuant to subdivision (c) shall not permit an employee to interact with pupils until the Department of Justice has ascertained that the employee has not been convicted of a felony as defined in Section 45122.1.
- (2) The prohibition in paragraph (1) does not apply to an employee solely on the basis that the employee has been convicted of a felony if the employee has obtained a certificate of rehabilitation and pardon pursuant to Chapter 3.5 (commencing with Section 4852.01) of Title 6 of Part 3 of the Penal Code.

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- (3) The prohibition in paragraph (1) does not apply to an employee solely on the basis that the employee has been convicted of a serious felony that is not also a violent felony if that employee can prove to the sentencing court of the offense in question, by clear and convincing evidence, that the employee has been rehabilitated for the purposes of schoolsite employment for at least one year. If the offense in question occurred outside this state, then the person may seek a finding of rehabilitation from the court in the local educational agency in which the employee is a resident.
- (f) An entity having a contract as described in subdivision (a) or that is required to comply with this section for other employees pursuant to subdivision (c) shall certify in writing to the local educational agency that neither the employer nor any of its employees who are required by this section to submit or have their fingerprints submitted to the Department of Justice and who may interact with pupils have been convicted of a felony as defined in Section 45122.1.
- (g) Where reasonable access to the statewide electronic fingerprinting network is available, the Department of Justice may mandate electronic submission of the fingerprint cards and other information required by this section.
- (h) (1) For purposes of this section, an individual operating as a sole proprietor of an entity that has a contract with a local educational agency, as described in subdivision (a), shall be considered an employee of that entity.
- (2) To protect the safety of any pupil that may interact with an employee of an entity that is a sole proprietorship and has a contract as described in subdivision (a) or that is required to comply with this section for other employees pursuant to subdivision (c), a local educational agency shall prepare and submit the employee's fingerprints to the Department of Justice, as described in subdivision (a).
- (i) For purposes of this section, "local educational agency" means a school district, county office of education, or charter school.

SEC. 8.

- SEC. 11. Section 46211 of the Education Code is amended to read:
- 39 46211. (a) Beginning July 1, 2025, to address the educational and fiscal impacts of pupil absences, a local educational agency

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may implement attendance recovery programs for pupils to make up lost instructional time and offset absences, including reducing chronic absenteeism.

- (b) (1) An attendance recovery program implemented pursuant to this article may be operated before or after school, on weekends, or during intersessional periods. Local educational agencies that operate attendance recovery programs shall offer access to attendance recovery programs throughout the school year, including, at least once during each term, such as each trimester or quarter. Average daily attendance generated through an attendance recovery program shall be credited to the school year in which the attendance recovery program is operated and the local educational agency in which the pupil is enrolled.
- (2) Instructional time included for the purposes of generating average daily attendance pursuant to this section shall not be included within the instructional time used to meet the annual day and minute requirements pursuant to Sections 46207, 46208, 47612, and 47612.5 of this code, and Section 11960 of Title 5 of the California Code of Regulations, as applicable.
- (c) Participation in an attendance recovery program shall not be compulsory or punitive for pupils. Pupils concurrently participating in both an attendance recovery program and an expanded learning opportunities program pursuant to Section 46120 shall retain their ability to participate in the entirety of an expanded learning opportunities program's offerings pursuant to Section 46120 for the duration of the school year.
- (d) (1) For participation in an attendance recovery program, a pupil shall not be credited with more than the lesser of the equivalent of 10 days of attendance in a school year, or the number of absences the pupil accrued in that school year. For purposes of meeting all of the requirements of this section, an individual pupil shall not be credited with more than one day of attendance for any calendar day of participation in an attendance recovery program.
- (2) A pupil shall not be credited with more than five days of attendance per school week for school districts or county offices of education, or more than one day of attendance in a calendar day when school is actually taught pursuant to Section 47612 of this code and Section 11960 of Title 5 of the California Code of Regulations for charter schools.

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(3) Attendance accrued through participation in an attendance recovery program shall be tracked and reported to the department by local educational agencies separately from average daily attendance generated during the schoolday in classroom-based programs.

- (4) When reporting attendance accrued through participation in an attendance recovery program to the department pursuant to Sections 60900 and 60901, consistent with paragraph (3), the attendance shall be reported separately from those days of attendance not accrued through participation in an attendance recovery program. The department shall also separately report days accrued through attendance recovery programs on its internet website.
- (e) (1) Notwithstanding Sections 46112, 46113, 46114, 46117, 46141, 46142, 46146, 46146.5, 46148, 46170, 46180, 48645.3, and 48663, pupils participating in an attendance recovery program operating pursuant to this section may generate average daily attendance. Average daily attendance generated through a pupil's participation in an attendance recovery program may be accumulated in increments of one hour, as documented by the teacher of each attendance recovery classroom described in subdivision (g) and maintained by the local educational agency. A pupil shall only be credited with not less than a full day of attendance in an attendance recovery program, and only once the amount of time that a pupil participates in an attendance recovery program meets the applicable minimum daily minutes requirements pursuant to Article 2 (commencing with Section 46110) and Article 3 (commencing with Section 46140), including the minimum schoolday for a pupil with an individualized education program pursuant to Section 46307, up to the limits established in subdivision (d).
- (2) (A) For the purposes of computing average daily attendance for purposes of this article, the minimum daily instructional minute requirements pursuant to Article 2 (commencing with Section 46110) and Article 3 (commencing with Section 46140) apply to all local educational agencies, including charter schools, except for county community schools operated pursuant to Chapter 6.5 (commencing with Section 1980) of Part 2 of Division 1 of Title 1, continuation high schools operated pursuant to Chapter 3 (commencing with Section 48400) of Part 27, juvenile court

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schools operated pursuant to Article 2.5 (commencing with Section
48645) of Chapter 4 of Part 27, and community day schools
operated pursuant to Article 3 (commencing with Section 48660)
of Chapter 4 of Part 27.

- (B) Charter schools shall comply with the minimum daily instructional minute requirements for the applicable grade span pursuant to Sections 46112, 46113, 46114, 46117, 46141, and 46142.
- (C) County community schools, continuation high schools, juvenile court schools, and community day schools shall comply with schoolday and instructional minute requirements for the applicable setting pursuant to Sections 1983, 46170, 48653.3, and 48663.
- (f) As a condition of generating average daily attendance, an attendance recovery program shall be composed of pupils engaged in educational activities and content aligned to grade level standards that are substantially equivalent to the pupils' regular instructional program, which may include one-on-one or small group tutoring, and shall be under the immediate supervision and control of a certificated teacher who is also an employee of the local educational agency and who possesses a valid certification document, registered as required by law, pursuant to Sections 46300 and 47612.5. An attendance recovery program shall not exceed a pupil-to-certificated teacher ratio of 10 to 1 for transitional kindergarten and kindergarten or 20 to 1 for grades 1 to 12, inclusive. A local educational agency shall maintain documentation demonstrating how the attendance recovery program met the applicable ratios required pursuant to this subdivision.
- (g) (1) An attendance recovery program shall be provided only as a limited-term option for a classroom-based, regular educational program for pupils in transitional kindergarten, kindergarten, and grades 1 to 12, inclusive. Pupils otherwise enrolled in a nonclassroom-based program, including pupils served by a flex-based charter school pursuant to Section 47612.5, shall not participate in an attendance recovery program and a local educational agency shall not generate apportionment through an attendance recovery program for pupils enrolled in a nonclassroom-based program.
- (2) (A) For school districts, a pupil is enrolled in a nonclassroom-based program for purposes of this subdivision if

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the pupil meets the minimum day requirements for independent study and is continually enrolled in independent study for more than 15 schooldays in a school year.

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- (B) For charter schools, a pupil is enrolled in a nonclassroom-based program for purposes of this subdivision if the pupil is continually enrolled in independent study for more than 15 schooldays on any of the days on which school is taught for the purpose of meeting the requirement to offer 175 instructional days, as described in Section 11960 of Title 5 of the California Code of Regulations.
- (3) A charter school that serves pupils pursuant to Section 47612.1 shall not participate in an attendance recovery program operated pursuant to this section.
- (h) On or before June 30, 2025, the department shall develop and maintain on its internet website guidance to support local educational agencies in creating and implementing high-quality attendance recovery programs.
- (i) (1) In consultation with the executive director of the state board, the department shall research local pupil information systems to identify opportunities for local educational agencies to collect and report to the state more nuanced data about the reasons for pupil absences.
- (2) At a minimum, the department shall investigate opportunities to use and improve existing pupil information systems to more accurately track pupil absences and their reasons, including, but not limited to, those absences caused by each of the following:
- (A) School closures due to emergencies pursuant to Section 41422.
- (B) Schooldays of materially decreased attendance due to emergencies pursuant to Section 46392.
- (C) Pupil absences due to emergencies pursuant to Section 46392, or any other personal or large-scale emergencies.
- (3) The department shall use the research collected pursuant to this subdivision to develop recommendations to amend existing laws, regulations, guidance, and processes to collect, aggregate, and disaggregate absenteeism data from local educational agencies to provide additional clarity on the causes of pupil absenteeism across the state, including by pupil subgroup. These recommendations shall include steps to calculate an adjusted

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1 chronic absenteeism rate that does not include absences due to 2 emergencies pursuant to Section 46392.

- (4) On or before January 1, 2026, the department shall submit a report of its findings and recommendations to the chairs of the budget committees of both houses of the Legislature, the Superintendent, the executive director of the state board, and the Director of Finance.
- (j) Commencing with the 2025–26 fiscal year Guide for Annual Audits of K–12 Local Education Agencies and State Compliance Reporting, the Controller shall incorporate verification of compliance with the requirements specified in subdivisions (d) to (g), inclusive, including loss of apportionment for an attendance recovery program pursuant to this article for local educational agencies found to be noncompliant.
- (k) For purposes of this article, the following terms have the following meanings:
- (1) "Local educational agency" means a school district, county office of education, or charter school.
- (2) "School year" has the same meaning as described in Section 37200.
- SEC. 9.

- SEC. 12. Section 47604.1 of the Education Code is amended to read:
- 47604.1. (a) For purposes of this section, an "entity managing a charter school" means a nonprofit public benefit corporation that operates a charter school consistent with Section 47604. An entity that is not authorized to operate a charter school pursuant to Section 47604 is not an "entity managing a charter school" solely because it contracts with a charter school to provide to that charter school goods or task-related services that are performed at the direction of the governing body of the charter school and for which the governing body retains ultimate decisionmaking authority.
- (b) A charter school and an entity managing a charter school shall be subject to all of the following:
- shall be subject to all of the following:

 (1) The Ralph M. Brown Act (Chapter 9 (commencing with Section 54950) of Part 1 of Division 2 of Title 5 of the Government Code), except that a charter school operated by an entity pursuant to Chapter 5 (commencing with Section 47620) shall be subject to the Bagley-Keene Open Meeting Act (Article 9 (commencing

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with Section 11120) of Chapter 1 of Part 1 of Division 3 of Title 2 of the Government Code) regardless of the authorizing entity.

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- (2) (A) The California Public Records Act (Division 10 (commencing with Section 7920.000) of Title 1 of the Government Code).
- (B) (i) The chartering authority of a charter school shall be the custodian of records with regard to any request for information submitted to the charter school if either of the following applies:
- (I) The charter school is located on a federally recognized California Indian reservation or rancheria.
- (II) The charter school is operated by a nonprofit public benefit corporation that was formed on or before May 31, 2002, and is currently operated by a federally recognized California Indian tribe.
- (ii) This subparagraph does not allow a chartering authority to delay or obstruct access to records otherwise required under the California Public Records Act (Division 10 (commencing with Section 7920.000) of Title 1 of the Government Code).
- (3) Article 4 (commencing with Section 1090) of Chapter 1 of Division 4 of Title 1 of the Government Code.
- (4) (A) The Political Reform Act of 1974 (Title 9 (commencing with Section 81000) of the Government Code).
- (B) For purposes of Section 87300 of the Government Code, a charter school and an entity managing a charter school shall be considered an agency and is the most decentralized level for purposes of adopting a conflict-of-interest code.
- (c) (1) (A) The governing body of one charter school shall meet within the physical boundaries of the county in which the charter school is located.
- (B) A two-way teleconference location shall be established at each schoolsite.
- (2) (A) The governing body of one flex-based charter school that does not have a facility or operates one or more resource centers shall meet within the physical boundaries of the county in which the greatest number of pupils who are enrolled in that charter school reside.
- (B) A two-way teleconference location shall be established at each resource center.
- (3) (A) For a governing body of an entity managing one or 40 more charter schools located within the same county, the governing

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body of the entity managing a charter school shall meet within the physical boundaries of the county in which that charter school or 3 schools are located.

- (B) A two-way teleconference location shall be established at each schoolsite and each resource center.
- (4) (A) For a governing body of an entity that manages two or more charter schools that are not located in the same county, the governing body of the entity managing the charter schools shall meet within the physical boundaries of the county in which the greatest number of pupils enrolled in those charter schools managed by that entity reside.
- (B) A two-way teleconference location shall be established at each schoolsite and each resource center.
- (C) The governing body of the entity managing the charter schools shall audio record, video record, or both, all the governing board meetings and post the recordings on each charter school's internet website.
- (5) This subdivision does not limit the authority of the governing body of a charter school and an entity managing a charter school to meet outside the boundaries described in this subdivision if authorized by Section 54954 of the Government Code, and the meeting place complies with Section 54961 of the Government Code.
- (d) Notwithstanding Article 4 (commencing with Section 1090) of Chapter 1 of Division 4 of Title 1 of the Government Code, an employee of a charter school shall not be disqualified from serving as a member of the governing body of the charter school because of that employee's employment status. A member of the governing body of a charter school who is also an employee of the charter school shall abstain from voting on, or influencing or attempting to influence another member of the governing body regarding, all matters uniquely affecting that member's employment.
- (e) To the extent a governing body of a charter school or an entity managing a charter school engages in activities that are unrelated to a charter school, Article 4 (commencing with Section 1090) of Chapter 1 of Division 4 of Title 1 of the Government Code, the Ralph M. Brown Act (Chapter 9 (commencing with Section 54950) of Part 1 of Division 2 of Title 5 of the Government Code), the Bagley-Keene Open Meeting Act (Article 9 (commencing with Section 11120) of Chapter 1 of Part 1 of

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- Division 3 of Title 2 of the Government Code), the California 1
- 2 Public Records Act (Division 10 (commencing with Section
- 3 7920.000) of Title 1 of the Government Code), and the Political
- 4 Reform Act of 1974 (Title 9 (commencing with Section 81000)
- of the Government Code) shall not apply with regard to those unrelated activities unless otherwise required by law.
 - (f) A meeting of the governing body of a charter school to discuss items related to the operation of the charter school shall not include the discussion of any item regarding an activity of the governing body that is unrelated to the operation of the charter school.
- 12 (g) The requirements of this section shall not be waived by the 13 state board pursuant to Section 33050 or any other law. 14

SEC. 10.

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- SEC. 13. Section 47604.3 of the Education Code is amended to read:
- 47604.3. A charter school and an entity managing a charter school shall promptly respond to all reasonable inquiries, including, but not limited to, inquiries regarding its respective financial records and contracts, from its chartering authority, the county office of education that has jurisdiction over the charter school's chartering authority, or from the Superintendent and shall consult with the chartering authority, the county office of education, or the Superintendent regarding any inquiries.

SEC. 11.

- SEC. 14. Section 47604.32 of the Education Code is amended to read:
- 47604.32. (a) Each chartering authority, in addition to any other duties imposed by this part, shall do all of the following with respect to each charter school under its authority:
- (1) Identify at least one staff member as a contact person for the charter school.
 - (2) Visit each charter school at least annually.
- (3) Ensure that each charter school under its authority complies with all reports required of charter schools by law, including the local control and accountability plan and annual update to the local control and accountability plan required pursuant to Section 47606.5.
- 39 (4) Monitor the fiscal condition, including enrollment and 40 attendance data, and a review of a sample of credit and debit card

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transactions of each charter school under its authority. The chartering authority shall provide the governing body of the charter school with feedback on any issues of concern identified in the review and an opportunity to respond. If in the course of the review, the chartering authority has reasonable suspicion that fraud, misappropriations of public funds, embezzlement, or other financial crimes may be occurring, the chartering authority shall notify the department and the county office of education.

- (5) Provide timely notification to the department if any of the following circumstances occurs or will occur with regard to a charter school for which it is the chartering authority:
 - (A) A renewal of the charter is granted or denied.
 - (B) The charter is revoked.
 - (C) The charter school will cease operation for any reason.
- (6) Provide notification to the charter school governing board within 60 days of any material concern arising out of the chartering authority's ongoing oversight and monitoring activities.
- (b) The cost of performing the duties required by this section shall be funded with supervisorial oversight fees collected pursuant to Section 47613.

SEC. 12.

- *SEC. 15.* Section 47604.5 of the Education Code is amended to read:
- 47604.5. The state board, or the state board's designee, shall promptly investigate allegations of false claims or misappropriation of public funds by charter schools if there is probable cause to believe that those crimes have occurred. The state board may, based upon and in concurrence with the recommendation of the Superintendent, take appropriate action, including, but not limited to, revocation of the charter school's charter, when the state board finds any of the following:
- (a) Gross financial mismanagement that jeopardizes the financial stability of the charter school.
- (b) False claims by the charter school or illegal or substantially improper use of charter school funds for the personal benefit of any officer, director, or fiduciary of the charter school.
- (c) Substantial and sustained departure from measurably successful practices such that continued departure would jeopardize the educational development of the charter school's pupils.

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(d) Failure to improve pupil outcomes across multiple state and school priorities identified in the charter pursuant to subparagraph (A) of paragraph (5) of subdivision (c) of Section 47605 or subparagraph (A) of paragraph (5) of subdivision (b) of Section 47605.6.

(e) The requirements of this section shall not be waived by the state board pursuant to Section 33050 or any other law.

SEC. 13.

SEC. 16. Section 47605 of the Education Code is amended to read:

- 47605. (a) (1) Except as set forth in paragraph (2), a petition for the establishment of a charter school within a school district may be circulated by one or more persons seeking to establish the charter school. A petition for the establishment of a charter school shall identify a single charter school that will operate within the geographic boundaries of that school district. A charter school may propose to operate at multiple sites within the school district if each location is identified in the charter school petition. The petition may be submitted to the governing board of the school district for review after either of the following conditions is met:
- (A) The petition is signed by a number of parents or legal guardians of pupils that is equivalent to at least one-half of the number of pupils that the charter school estimates will enroll in the charter school for its first year of operation.
- (B) The petition is signed by a number of teachers that is equivalent to at least one-half of the number of teachers that the charter school estimates will be employed at the charter school during its first year of operation.
- (2) A petition that proposes to convert an existing public school to a charter school that would not be eligible for a loan pursuant to subdivision (c) of Section 41365 may be circulated by one or more persons seeking to establish the charter school. The petition may be submitted to the governing board of the school district for review after the petition is signed by not less than 50 percent of the permanent status teachers currently employed at the public school to be converted.
- (3) A petition shall include a prominent statement that a signature on the petition means that the parent or legal guardian is meaningfully interested in having their child or ward attend the charter school, or in the case of a teacher's signature, means that

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the teacher is meaningfully interested in teaching at the charter school. The proposed charter shall be attached to the petition.

- (4) After receiving approval of its petition, a charter school that proposes to expand operations to one or more additional sites or grade levels shall request a material revision to its charter and shall notify the chartering authority of those additional locations or grade levels. The chartering authority shall consider whether to approve those additional locations or grade levels at an open, public meeting. If the additional locations or grade levels are approved pursuant to the standards and criteria described in subdivision (c), they shall be a material revision to the charter school's charter.
- (5) (A) A charter school that established one site outside the boundaries of the school district, but within the county in which that school district is located before January 1, 2020, may continue to operate that site until the charter school submits a request for the renewal of its charter petition. To continue operating the site, the charter school shall do either of the following:
- (i) First, before submitting the request for the renewal of the charter petition, obtain approval in writing from the school district where the site is operating.
- (ii) Submit a request for the renewal of the charter petition pursuant to Section 47607 to the school district in which the charter school is located.
- (B) If a Presidential declaration of a major disaster or emergency is issued in accordance with the federal Robert T. Stafford Disaster Relief and Emergency Assistance Act (42 U.S.C. Sec. 5121 et seq.) for an area in which a charter schoolsite is located and operating, the charter school, for not more than five years, may relocate that site outside the area subject to the Presidential declaration if the charter school first obtains the written approval of the school district where the site is being relocated to.
- (C) Notwithstanding subparagraph (A), if a charter school was relocated from December 31, 2016, to December 31, 2019, inclusive, due to a Presidential declaration of a major disaster or emergency in accordance with the federal Robert T. Stafford Disaster Relief and Emergency Assistance Act (42 U.S.C. Sec. 5121 et seq.), that charter school shall be allowed to return to its original campus location in perpetuity.
- (D) (i) A charter school in operation and providing educational services to pupils before October 1, 2019, located on a federally

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recognized California Indian reservation or rancheria or operated by a federally recognized California Indian tribe shall be exempt from the geographic restrictions of paragraph (1) and subparagraph (A) of this paragraph and the geographic restrictions of subdivision (a) of Section 47605.1.

- (ii) The exemption to the geographic restrictions of subdivision (a) of Section 47605.1 in clause (i) does not apply to flex-based charter schools operating pursuant to Section 47612.5.
- (E) The department shall regard as a continuing charter school for all purposes a charter school that was granted approval of its petition, that was providing educational services to pupils before October 1, 2019, and is authorized by a different chartering authority due to changes to this paragraph that took effect January 1, 2020. This paragraph shall be implemented only to the extent it does not conflict with federal law. In order to prevent any potential conflict with federal law, this paragraph does not apply to covered programs as identified in Section 8101(11) of the federal Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. Sec. 7801) to the extent the affected charter school is the restructured portion of a divided charter school pursuant to Section 47654.
- (6) Commencing January 1, 2003, a petition to establish a charter school shall not be approved to serve pupils in a grade level that is not served by the school district of the governing board considering the petition, unless the petition proposes to serve pupils in all of the grade levels served by that school district.
- (b) No later than 60 days after receiving a petition, in accordance with subdivision (a), the governing board of the school district shall hold a public hearing on the provisions of the charter, at which time the governing board of the school district shall consider the level of support for the petition by teachers employed by the school district, other employees of the school district, and parents. Following review of the petition and the public hearing, the governing board of the school district shall either grant or deny the charter within 90 days of receipt of the petition, provided, however, that the date may be extended by an additional 30 days if both parties agree to the extension. A petition is deemed received by the governing board of the school district for purposes of commencing the timelines described in this subdivision on the day the petitioner submits a petition to the district office, along with a signed certification that the petitioner deems the petition to be

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1 complete. The governing board of the school district shall publish 2 all staff recommendations, including the recommended findings 3 and, if applicable, the certification from the county superintendent 4 of schools prepared pursuant to paragraph (8) of subdivision (c), 5 regarding the petition at least 15 days before the public hearing at which the governing board of the school district will either grant 6 7 or deny the charter. At the public hearing at which the governing 8 board of the school district will either grant or deny the charter, petitioners shall have equivalent time and procedures to present 10 evidence and testimony to respond to the staff recommendations 11 and findings. 12

- (c) In reviewing petitions for the establishment of charter schools pursuant to this section, the chartering authority shall be guided by the intent of the Legislature that charter schools are and should become an integral part of the California educational system and that the establishment of charter schools should be encouraged. The governing board of the school district shall grant a charter for the operation of a school under this part if it is satisfied that granting the charter is consistent with sound educational practice and with the interests of the community in which the school is proposing to locate. The governing board of the school district shall consider the academic needs of the pupils the school proposes to serve. The governing board of the school district shall not deny a petition for the establishment of a charter school unless it makes written factual findings, specific to the particular petition, setting forth specific facts to support one or more of the following findings:
- (1) The charter school presents an unsound educational program for the pupils to be enrolled in the charter school.
- (2) The petitioners are demonstrably unlikely to successfully implement the program set forth in the petition.
- (3) The petition does not contain the number of signatures required by subdivision (a).
- (4) The petition does not contain an affirmation of each of the conditions described in subdivision (e).
- (5) The petition does not contain reasonably comprehensive descriptions of all of the following:
- (A) (i) The educational program of the charter school, designed, among other things, to identify those whom the charter school is attempting to educate, what it means to be an "educated person"

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in the 21st century, and how learning best occurs. The goals identified in that program shall include the objective of enabling pupils to become self-motivated, competent, and lifelong learners.

- (ii) The annual goals for the charter school for all pupils and for each subgroup of pupils identified pursuant to Section 52052, to be achieved in the state priorities, as described in subdivision (d) of Section 52060, that apply for the grade levels served, and specific annual actions to achieve those goals. A charter petition may identify additional school priorities, the goals for the school priorities, and the specific annual actions to achieve those goals.
- (iii) If the proposed charter school will serve high school pupils, the manner in which the charter school will inform parents about the transferability of courses to other public high schools and the eligibility of courses to meet college entrance requirements. Courses offered by the charter school that are accredited by the Western Association of Schools and Colleges may be considered transferable and courses approved by the University of California or the California State University as creditable under the "A to G" admissions criteria may be considered to meet college entrance requirements.
- (B) The measurable pupil outcomes identified for use by the charter school. "Pupil outcomes," for purposes of this part, means the extent to which all pupils of the charter school demonstrate that they have attained the skills, knowledge, and attitudes specified as goals in the charter school's educational program. Pupil outcomes shall include outcomes that address increases in pupil academic achievement both schoolwide and for all pupil subgroups served by the charter school, as that term is defined in subdivision (a) of Section 52052. The pupil outcomes shall align with the state priorities, as described in subdivision (d) of Section 52060, that apply for the grade levels served by the charter school.
- (C) The method by which pupil progress in meeting those pupil outcomes is to be measured. To the extent practicable, the method for measuring pupil outcomes for state priorities shall be consistent with the way information is reported on a school accountability report card.
- (D) The governance structure of the charter school, including, but not limited to, the process to be followed by the charter school to ensure parental involvement.

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(E) The qualifications to be met by individuals to be employed 2 by the charter school.

- (F) The procedures that the charter school will follow to ensure the health and safety of pupils and staff. These procedures shall require all of the following:
- (i) That each employee of the charter school furnish the charter school with a criminal record summary as described in Section 44237.
- (ii) For all schools, the development of a school safety plan, which shall include the safety topics listed in subparagraphs (A) to (M), inclusive, of paragraph (2) of subdivision (a) of Section 32282. For schools serving pupils in any of grades 7 to 12, inclusive, the development of a school safety plan shall also include the safety topic listed in subparagraph (N) of paragraph (2) of subdivision (a) of Section 32282.
- (iii) That the school safety plan be reviewed and updated by March 1 of every year by the charter school.
- (G) The means by which the charter school will achieve a balance of racial and ethnic pupils, special education pupils, and English learner pupils, including redesignated fluent English proficient pupils, as defined by the evaluation rubrics in Section 52064.5, that is reflective of the general population residing within the territorial jurisdiction of the school district to which the charter petition is submitted. Upon renewal, for a charter school not deemed to be a local educational agency for purposes of special education pursuant to Section 47641, the chartering authority may consider the effect of school placements made by the chartering authority in providing a free and appropriate public education as required by the federal Individuals with Disabilities Education Act (Public Law 101-476), on the balance of pupils with disabilities at the charter school.
- (H) Admission policies and procedures, consistent with subdivision (e).
- (I) The manner in which annual, independent financial audits shall be conducted, which shall employ generally accepted accounting principles, and the manner in which audit exceptions and deficiencies shall be resolved to the satisfaction of the chartering authority.
- 39 (J) The procedures by which pupils can be suspended or expelled 40 from the charter school for disciplinary reasons or otherwise

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involuntarily removed from the charter school for any reason. These procedures, at a minimum, shall include an explanation of how the charter school will comply with federal and state constitutional procedural and substantive due process requirements that are consistent with all of the following:

- (i) For suspensions of fewer than 10 days, provide oral or written notice of the charges against the pupil and, if the pupil denies the charges, an explanation of the evidence that supports the charges and an opportunity for the pupil to present the pupil's side of the story.
- (ii) For suspensions of 10 days or more and all other expulsions for disciplinary reasons, both of the following:
- (I) Provide timely, written notice of the charges against the pupil and an explanation of the pupil's basic rights.
- (II) Provide a hearing adjudicated by a neutral officer within a reasonable number of days at which the pupil has a fair opportunity to present testimony, evidence, and witnesses and confront and cross-examine adverse witnesses, and at which the pupil has the right to bring legal counsel or an advocate.
- (iii) Contain a clear statement that no pupil shall be involuntarily removed by the charter school for any reason unless the parent or guardian of the pupil has been provided written notice of intent to remove the pupil no less than five schooldays before the effective date of the action. The written notice shall be in the native language of the pupil or the pupil's parent or guardian, or, if the pupil is a homeless child or youth, or a foster child or youth, in the native language of the homeless or foster child's educational rights holder. In the case of a foster child or youth, the written notice shall also be provided to the foster child's attorney and county social worker. If the pupil is an Indian child, as defined in Section 224.1 of the Welfare and Institutions Code, the written notice shall also be provided to the Indian child's tribal social worker and, if applicable, county social worker. The written notice shall inform the pupil, the pupil's parent or guardian, the homeless child's educational rights holder, the foster child's educational rights holder, attorney, and county social worker, or the Indian child's tribal social worker and, if applicable, county social worker of the right to initiate the procedures specified in clause (ii) before the effective date of the action. If the pupil's parent or guardian, the homeless child's educational rights holder, the foster child's educational rights

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holder, attorney, or county social worker, or the Indian child's tribal social worker or, if applicable, county social worker initiates the procedures specified in clause (ii), the pupil shall remain enrolled and shall not be removed until the charter school issues a final decision. For purposes of this clause, "involuntarily removed" includes disenrolled, dismissed, transferred, or terminated, but does not include suspensions specified in clauses (i) and (ii).

- (iv) A foster child's educational rights holder, attorney, and county social worker and an Indian child's tribal social worker and, if applicable, county social worker shall have the same rights a parent or guardian of a child has to receive a suspension notice, expulsion notice, manifestation determination notice, involuntary transfer notice, and other documents and related information.
- (K) The manner by which staff members of the charter schools will be covered by the State Teachers' Retirement System, the Public Employees' Retirement System, or federal social security.
- (L) The public school attendance alternatives for pupils residing within the school district who choose not to attend charter schools.
- (M) The rights of an employee of the school district upon leaving the employment of the school district to work in a charter school, and of any rights of return to the school district after employment at a charter school.
- (N) The procedures to be followed by the charter school and the chartering authority to resolve disputes relating to provisions of the charter.
- (O) The procedures to be used if the charter school closes. The procedures shall ensure a final audit of the charter school to determine the disposition of all assets and liabilities of the charter school, including plans for disposing of any net assets and for the maintenance and transfer of pupil records.
- (6) The petition does not contain a declaration of whether or not the charter school shall be deemed the exclusive public employer of the employees of the charter school for purposes of Chapter 10.7 (commencing with Section 3540) of Division 4 of Title 1 of the Government Code.
- (7) The charter school is demonstrably unlikely to serve the interests of the entire community in which the school is proposing to locate. Analysis of this finding shall include consideration of the fiscal impact of the proposed charter school. A written factual

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finding under this paragraph shall detail specific facts and circumstances that analyze and consider the following factors:

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- (A) The extent to which the proposed charter school would substantially undermine existing services, academic offerings, or programmatic offerings.
- (B) Whether the proposed charter school would duplicate a program currently offered within the school district and the existing program has sufficient capacity for the pupils proposed to be served within reasonable proximity to where the charter school intends to locate.
- (8) The school district is not positioned to absorb the fiscal impact of the proposed charter school. A school district satisfies this paragraph if it has a qualified interim certification pursuant to Section 42131 and the county superintendent of schools, in consultation with the County Office Fiscal Crisis and Management Assistance Team, certifies that approving the charter school would result in the school district having a negative interim certification pursuant to Section 42131, has a negative interim certification pursuant to Section 42131, or is under state receivership. Charter schools proposed in a school district satisfying one of these conditions shall be subject to a rebuttable presumption of denial.
- (d) (1) Charter schools shall meet all statewide standards and conduct the pupil assessments required pursuant to Section 60605 and any other statewide standards authorized in statute or pupil assessments applicable to pupils in noncharter public schools.
- (2) Charter schools shall, on a regular basis, consult with their parents, legal guardians, and teachers regarding the charter school's educational programs.
- (e) (1) In addition to any other requirement imposed under this part, a charter school shall be nonsectarian in its programs, admission policies, employment practices, and all other operations, shall not charge tuition, and shall not discriminate against a pupil on the basis of the characteristics listed in Section 220. Except as provided in paragraph (2), admission to a charter school shall not be determined according to the place of residence of the pupil, or of that pupil's parent or legal guardian, within this state, except that an existing public school converting partially or entirely to a charter school under this part shall adopt and maintain a policy giving admission preference to pupils who reside within the former attendance area of that public school.

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(2) (A) A charter school shall admit all pupils who wish to attend the charter school.

- (B) If the number of pupils who wish to attend the charter school exceeds the charter school's capacity, attendance, except for existing pupils of the charter school, shall be determined by a public random drawing. Preference shall be extended to pupils currently attending the charter school and pupils who reside in the school district except as provided for in Section 47614.5. Preferences, including, but not limited to, siblings of pupils admitted or attending the charter school and children of the charter school's teachers, staff, and founders identified in the initial charter, may also be permitted by the chartering authority on an individual charter school basis. Priority order for any preference shall be determined in the charter petition in accordance with all of the following:
- (i) Each type of preference shall be approved by the chartering authority at a public hearing.
- (ii) Preferences shall be consistent with federal law, the California Constitution, and Section 200.
- (iii) Preferences shall not result in limiting enrollment access for pupils with disabilities, academically low-achieving pupils, English learners, neglected or delinquent pupils, homeless pupils, or pupils who are economically disadvantaged, as determined by eligibility for any free or reduced-price meal program, foster youth, or pupils based on nationality, race, ethnicity, or sexual orientation.
- (iv) In accordance with Section 49011, preferences shall not require mandatory parental volunteer hours as a criterion for admission or continued enrollment.
- (C) In the event of a drawing, the chartering authority shall make reasonable efforts to accommodate the growth of the charter school and shall not take any action to impede the charter school from expanding enrollment to meet pupil demand.
- (3) If a pupil is expelled or leaves the charter school without graduating or completing the school year for any reason, the charter school shall notify the superintendent of the school district of the pupil's last known address within 30 days, and shall, upon request, provide that school district with a copy of the cumulative record of the pupil, including report cards or a transcript of grades, and health information. If the pupil is subsequently expelled or leaves the school district without graduating or completing the school

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year for any reason, the school district shall provide this information to the charter school within 30 days if the charter school demonstrates that the pupil had been enrolled in the charter school. This paragraph applies only to pupils subject to compulsory full-time education pursuant to Section 48200.

- (4) (A) A charter school shall not discourage a pupil from enrolling or seeking to enroll in the charter school for any reason, including, but not limited to, academic performance of the pupil or because the pupil exhibits any of the characteristics described in clause (iii) of subparagraph (B) of paragraph (2).
- (B) A charter school shall not request a pupil's records or require a parent, guardian, or pupil to submit the pupil's records to the charter school before enrollment.
- (C) A charter school shall not encourage a pupil currently attending the charter school to disenroll from the charter school or transfer to another school for any reason, including, but not limited to, academic performance of the pupil or because the pupil exhibits any of the characteristics described in clause (iii) of subparagraph (B) of paragraph (2). This subparagraph shall not apply to actions taken by a charter school pursuant to the procedures described in subparagraph (J) of paragraph (5) of subdivision (c).
- (D) The department shall develop a notice of the requirements of this paragraph. This notice shall be posted on a charter school's internet website. A charter school shall provide a parent or guardian, or a pupil if the pupil is 18 years of age or older, a copy of this notice at all of the following times:
 - (i) When a parent, guardian, or pupil inquires about enrollment.
 - (ii) Before conducting an enrollment lottery.
 - (iii) Before disenrollment of a pupil.
- (E) (i) A person who suspects that a charter school has violated this paragraph may file a complaint with the chartering authority.
- (ii) The department shall develop a template to be used for filing complaints pursuant to clause (i).
- (5) Notwithstanding any other law, a charter school in operation as of July 1, 2019, that operates in partnership with the California National Guard may dismiss a pupil from the charter school for failing to maintain the minimum standards of conduct required by the Military Department.

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(f) The governing board of a school district shall not require an employee of the school district to be employed in a charter school.

- (g) The governing board of a school district shall not require a pupil enrolled in the school district to attend a charter school.
- (h) The governing board of a school district shall require that the petitioner or petitioners provide information regarding the proposed operation and potential effects of the charter school, including, but not limited to, the facilities to be used by the charter school, the manner in which administrative services of the charter school are to be provided, and potential civil liability effects, if any, upon the charter school and upon the school district. The description of the facilities to be used by the charter school shall specify where the charter school intends to locate. The petitioner or petitioners also shall be required to provide financial statements that include a proposed first-year operational budget, including startup costs, and cashflow and financial projections for the first three years of operation. If the school is to be operated by, or as, a nonprofit public benefit corporation, the petitioner shall provide the names and relevant qualifications of all persons whom the petitioner nominates to serve on the governing body of the charter school.
- (i) In reviewing petitions for the establishment of charter schools within the school district, the governing board of the school district shall give preference to petitions that demonstrate the capability to provide comprehensive learning experiences to pupils identified by the petitioner or petitioners as academically low achieving pursuant to the standards established by the department under Section 54032, as that section read before July 19, 2006.
- (j) Upon the approval of the petition by the governing board of the school district, the petitioner or petitioners shall provide written notice of that approval, including a copy of the petition, to the applicable county superintendent of schools, the department, and the state board.
- (k) (1) (A) (i) If the governing board of a school district denies a petition, the petitioner may elect to submit the petition for the establishment of a charter school to the county board of education. The petitioner shall submit the petition to the county board of education within 30 days of a denial by the governing board of the school district. At the same time the petition is submitted to the county board of education, the petitioner shall also provide a copy

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of the petition to the school district. The county board of education shall review the petition pursuant to subdivisions (b) and (c). If the petition submitted on appeal contains new or different material terms, the county board of education shall immediately remand the petition to the governing board of the school district for reconsideration, which shall grant or deny the petition within 30 days. If the governing board of the school district denies a petition after reconsideration, the petitioner may elect to resubmit the petition for the establishment of a charter school to the county board of education.

- (ii) The county board of education shall review the appeal petition pursuant to subdivision (c). If the denial of the petition was made pursuant to paragraph (8) of subdivision (c), the county board of education shall also review the school district's findings pursuant to paragraph (8) of subdivision (c).
- (iii) As used in this subdivision, "material terms" of the petition means the signatures, affirmations, disclosures, documents, and descriptions described in subdivisions (a), (b), (c), and (h), but shall not include minor administrative updates to the petition or related documents due to changes in circumstances based on the passage of time related to fiscal affairs, facilities arrangements, or state law, or to reflect the county board of education as the chartering authority.
- (B) If the governing board of a school district denies a petition and the county board of education has jurisdiction over a single school district, the petitioner may elect to submit the petition for the establishment of a charter school to the state board. The state board shall review a petition submitted pursuant to this subparagraph pursuant to subdivision (c). If the denial of a charter petition is reversed by the state board pursuant to this subparagraph, the state board shall designate the governing board of the school district in which the charter school is located as the chartering authority.
- (2) If the county board of education denies a petition, the petitioner may appeal that denial to the state board.
- (A) The petitioner shall submit the petition to the state board within 30 days of a denial by the county board of education. The petitioner shall include the findings and documentary record from the governing board of the school district and the county board of education and a written submission detailing, with specific citations

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to the documentary record, how the governing board of the school district and the county board of education abused their discretion. The governing board of the school district and county board of education shall prepare the documentary record, including transcripts of the public hearing at which the governing board of the school district and county board of education denied the charter, at the request of the petitioner. The documentary record shall be prepared by the governing board of the school district and county board of education no later than 10 business days after the request of the petitioner is made. At the same time the petition and supporting documentation is submitted to the state board, the petitioner shall also provide a copy of the petition and supporting documentation to the school district and the county board of education.

- (B) If the appeal contains new or different material terms, as defined in clause (iii) of subparagraph (A) of paragraph (1), the state board shall immediately remand the petition to the governing board of the school district to which the petition was submitted for reconsideration. The governing board of the school district shall grant or deny the petition within 30 days. If the governing board of the school district denies a petition after reconsideration, the petitioner may elect to resubmit the petition to the state board.
- (C) Within 30 days of receipt of the appeal submitted to the state board, the governing board of the school district or county board of education may submit a written opposition to the state board detailing, with specific citations to the documentary record, how the governing board of the school district or the county board of education did not abuse its discretion in denying the petition. The governing board of the school district or the county board of education may submit supporting documentation or evidence from the documentary record that was considered by the governing board of the school district or the county board of education.
- (D) The state board's Advisory Commission on Charter Schools shall hold a public hearing to review the appeal and documentary record. Based on its review, the Advisory Commission on Charter Schools shall submit a recommendation to the state board whether there is sufficient evidence to hear the appeal or to summarily deny review of the appeal based on the documentary record. If the Advisory Commission on Charter Schools does not submit a recommendation to the state board, the state board shall consider

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the appeal, and shall either hear the appeal or summarily deny review of the appeal based on the documentary record at a regular public meeting of the state board.

- (E) The state board shall either hear the appeal or summarily deny review of the appeal based on the documentary record. If the state board hears the appeal, the state board may affirm the determination of the governing board of the school district or the county board of education, or both of those determinations, or may reverse only upon a determination that there was an abuse of discretion by each of the governing board of the school district and the county board of education. Abuse of discretion is the most deferential standard of review, under which the state board must give deference to the decisions of the governing board of the school district and the county board of education to deny the petition. If the denial of a charter petition is reversed by the state board, the state board shall designate, in consultation with the petitioner, either the governing board of the school district or the county board of education in which the charter school is located as the chartering authority.
- (3) A charter school for which a charter is granted by either the county board of education or the state board based on an appeal pursuant to this subdivision shall qualify fully as a charter school for all funding and other purposes of this part.
- (4) A charter school that receives approval of its petition from a county board of education or from the state board on appeal shall be subject to the same requirements concerning geographic location to which it would otherwise be subject if it received approval from the chartering authority to which it originally submitted its petition. A charter petition that is submitted to either a county board of education or to the state board shall meet all otherwise applicable petition requirements, including the identification of the proposed site or sites where the charter school will operate.
- (5) Upon the approval of the petition by the county board of education, the petitioner or petitioners shall provide written notice of that approval, including a copy of the petition, to the governing board of the school district in which the charter school is located, the department, and the state board.
- (6) If either the county board of education or the state board fails to act on a petition within 180 days of receipt, the decision

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of the governing board of the school district to deny the petition shall be subject to judicial review.

- (1) (1) Teachers in charter schools shall hold the Commission on Teacher Credentialing certificate, permit, or other document required for the teacher's certificated assignment. These documents shall be maintained on file at the charter school and are subject to periodic inspection by the chartering authority. A governing body of a direct-funded charter school may use local assignment options authorized in statute and regulations for the purpose of legally assigning certificated teachers, in accordance with all of the requirements of the applicable statutes or regulations in the same manner as a governing board of a school district. A charter school shall have authority to request an emergency permit or a waiver from the Commission on Teacher Credentialing for individuals in the same manner as a school district.
- (2) By July 1, 2020, all teachers in charter schools shall obtain a certificate of clearance and satisfy the requirements for professional fitness pursuant to Sections 44339, 44340, and 44341.
- (3) The Commission on Teacher Credentialing shall include in the bulletins it issues pursuant to subdivision (k) of Section 44237 to provide notification to local educational agencies of any adverse actions taken against the holders of any commission documents, notice of any adverse actions taken against teachers employed by charter schools, and shall make this bulletin available to all chartering authorities and charter schools in the same manner in which it is made available to local educational agencies.
- (m) A charter school shall transmit a copy of its annual, independent financial audit report for the preceding fiscal year, as described in subparagraph (I) of paragraph (5) of subdivision (c), to its chartering authority, the Controller, the county superintendent of schools of the county in which the charter school is sited, unless the county board of education of the county in which the charter school is sited is the chartering authority, and the department by December 15 of each year. This subdivision does not apply if the audit of the charter school is encompassed in the audit of the chartering authority pursuant to Section 41020.
- (n) A charter school may encourage parental involvement, but shall notify the parents and guardians of applicant pupils and currently enrolled pupils that parental involvement is not a

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1 requirement for acceptance to, or continued enrollment at, the 2 charter school.

- (o) The requirements of this section shall not be waived by the state board pursuant to Section 33050 or any other law.
- SEC. 17. Section 47605.05 is added to the Education Code, to read:
- 47605.05. It is the intent of the Legislature to establish a statewide charter school oversight entity.

SEC. 14.

- SEC. 18. Section 47605.1 of the Education Code is amended to read:
- 47605.1. (a) (1) Notwithstanding any other law, a charter school that is granted a charter from the governing board of a school district or county office of education after July 1, 2002, and commences providing educational services to pupils on or after July 1, 2002, shall locate in accordance with the geographic and site limitations of this part.
- (2) Notwithstanding any other law, a charter school that is granted a charter by the state board after July 1, 2002, and commences providing educational services to pupils on or after July 1, 2002, based on the denial of a petition by the governing board of a school district or county board of education, as described in paragraphs (1) and (2) of subdivision (j) of Section 47605, may locate only within the geographic boundaries of the chartering entity that initially denied the petition for the charter.
- (3) A charter school that receives approval of its charter from a governing board of a school district, a county office of education, or the state board before July 1, 2002, but does not commence operations until after January 1, 2003, shall be subject to the geographic limitations of this part, in accordance with subdivision (d).
- (b) This section is not intended to affect the admission requirements contained in subdivision (d) of Section 47605.
- (c) (1) A charter school may establish one resource center, meeting space, or other satellite facility within the jurisdiction of the school district where the charter school is physically located if the following conditions are met:
- 38 (A) The facility is used exclusively for the educational support 39 of pupils who are enrolled in flex-based instruction at the charter 40 school.

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(B) The charter school provides its primary educational services in, and a majority of the pupils it serves are residents of, the county in which the charter school is authorized.

- (2) Except as provided in paragraphs (5) to (9), inclusive, a charter school shall not establish a resource center, meeting space, or other satellite facility in any other location than the one authorized in paragraph (1).
- (3) A charter school shall notify the charter school's chartering authority of the name and physical location of any resource center, meeting space, or other satellite facility operated by that charter school.
- (4) Notwithstanding Section 33050 or any other law, the state board shall not waive the restrictions listed in this subdivision.
- (5) (A) A charter school that was operating a resource center, meeting space, or other satellite facility outside the jurisdiction of the school district where the charter school is physically located before January 1, 2020, may continue to operate the resource center, meeting space, or other satellite facility until the charter school submits a request for the renewal of its charter petition. To continue operating the resource center, meeting space, or other satellite facility, the charter school, before submitting the request to the charter school's chartering authority for the renewal of the charter petition, shall first obtain approval in writing from the school district where the resource center, meeting space, or other satellite facility is operating.
- (B) The department shall regard as a continuing charter school for all purposes a flex-based charter school that was granted approval of its petition, that was providing educational services to pupils before October 1, 2019, and is authorized by a different chartering authority due to changes to this subdivision by the addition of this paragraph that took effect January 1, 2020.
- (6) A countywide charter school approved by a county office of education that is operating a resource center, meeting space, or other satellite facility in a county other than the county in which the countywide charter school is authorized before January 1, 2020, may continue to operate that resource center, meeting space, or other satellite facility until the countywide charter school submits a request for the renewal of its charter petition. To continue operating the resource center, meeting space, or other satellite facility, the countywide charter school, before submitting the

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request to the countywide charter school's chartering authority for the renewal of the charter petition, shall obtain approval in writing from the county office of education where the resource center, meeting space, or other satellite facility is operating.

- (7) If a Presidential declaration of a major disaster or emergency is issued in accordance with the federal Robert T. Stafford Disaster Relief and Emergency Assistance Act (42 U.S.C. Sec. 5121 et seq.) for an area in which a charter school is operating a resource center, meeting space, or other satellite facility, the charter school, for not more than five years, may relocate the resource center, meeting space, or other satellite facility outside the area subject to the Presidential declaration if the charter school first obtains the written approval of the school district where the resource center, meeting space, or other satellite facility is being relocated to.
- (8) A charter school may establish additional resource centers, meetings spaces, or other satellite facilities within the jurisdiction of the charter school's chartering authority only if both of the following are met:
- (A) The charter school is physically located within the boundaries of the charter school's chartering authority.
- (B) The charter school has obtained written approval from the charter school's chartering authority for each additional resource center, meeting space, or other satellite facility.
- (9) (A) Notwithstanding paragraph (5), a charter school that operates a resource center located in a school district outside of the boundaries of the charter school's authorizing school district may continue to operate the existing resource center if all of the following conditions are met:
- (i) The charter school operating the resource center is authorized by, and physically located in, a school district adjacent to a school district with an enrollment of at least 500,000 pupils.
- (ii) The charter school operating the resource center was established before January 1, 2009.
- (iii) The resource center is physically located in a school district with an enrollment of at least 500,000 pupils and was established before January 1, 2011.
- (iv) The resource center serves a pupil population of which at least 50 percent of the pupils are currently or formerly on probation or were formerly incarcerated individuals.

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(B) A charter school described in this paragraph shall not establish a new resource center outside of the boundaries of the charter school's authorizing school district.

- (d) (1) For a charter school that was granted approval of its charter before July 1, 2002, and provided educational services to pupils before July 1, 2002, this section only applies to new educational services or schoolsites established or acquired by the charter school on or after July 1, 2002.
- (2) For a charter school that was granted approval of its charter before July 1, 2002, but did not provide educational services to pupils before July 1, 2002, this section only applies upon the expiration of a charter that is in existence on January 1, 2003.
- (3) Notwithstanding other implementation timelines in this section, by June 30, 2005, or upon the expiration of a charter that is in existence on January 1, 2003, whichever is later, all charter schools shall be required to comply with this section for schoolsites at which educational services are provided to pupils before or after July 1, 2002, regardless of whether the charter school initially received approval of its charter school petition before July 1, 2002. To achieve compliance with this section, a charter school shall be required to receive approval of a charter petition in accordance with this section and Section 47605.
- (4) This section is not intended to affect the authority of a governmental entity to revoke a charter that is granted on or before the effective date of this section.
- (e) A charter school that submits its petition directly to a county board of education, as authorized by Section 47605.5 or 47605.6, may establish charter school operations only within the geographical boundaries of the county in which that county board of education has jurisdiction.
- (f) Notwithstanding any other law, the jurisdictional limitations set forth in this section do not apply to a charter school that provides instruction exclusively in partnership with any of the following:
- (1) The federal Workforce Innovation and Opportunity Act (29 U.S.C. Sec. 3101 et seq.).
- (2) Federally affiliated Youth Build programs.
 - (3) Federal job corps training or instruction provided pursuant to a memorandum of understanding with the federal provider.

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(4) The California Conservation Corps or local conservation corps certified by the California Conservation Corps pursuant to Section 14507.5 or 14406 of the Public Resources Code.

(5) Instruction provided to juvenile court school pupils pursuant to subdivision (b) of Section 42238.18 or pursuant to Section 1981 for individuals who are placed in a residential facility.

SEC. 15.

- SEC. 19. Section 47612.5 of the Education Code is amended to read:
- 47612.5. (a) Notwithstanding any other law and as a condition of apportionment, a charter school shall do all of the following:
- (1) For each fiscal year, offer, at a minimum, the following number of minutes of instruction:
 - (A) To pupils in kindergarten, 36,000 minutes.
 - (B) To pupils in grades 1 to 3, inclusive, 50,400 minutes.
 - (C) To pupils in grades 4 to 8, inclusive, 54,000 minutes.
 - (D) To pupils in grades 9 to 12, inclusive, 64,800 minutes.
- (2) Maintain written contemporaneous records that document all pupil attendance and make these records available for audit and inspection.
- (3) Certify that its pupils have participated in the state testing programs specified in Chapter 5 (commencing with Section 60600) of Part 33 in the same manner as other pupils attending public schools as a condition of apportionment of state funding.
- (b) Notwithstanding any other law and except to the extent inconsistent with this section and Section 47634.2, a charter school that provides independent study shall comply with Article 5.5 (commencing with Section 51745) of Chapter 5 of Part 28 and implementing regulations adopted thereunder. The state board shall adopt regulations that apply this article to charter schools. To the extent that these regulations concern the qualifications of instructional personnel, the state board shall be guided by subdivision (*l*) of Section 47605.
- (c) A reduction in apportionment made pursuant to subdivision (a) shall be proportional to the magnitude of the exception that causes the reduction. For purposes of paragraph (1) of subdivision (a), for each charter school that fails to offer pupils the minimum number of minutes of instruction specified in that paragraph, the Superintendent shall withhold from the charter school's apportionment for average daily attendance of the affected pupils,

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by grade level, the sum of that apportionment multiplied by the percentage of the minimum number of minutes of instruction at each grade level that the charter school failed to offer.

- (d) (1) Notwithstanding any other law and except as provided in paragraph (1) of subdivision (e), a charter school that has an approved charter may receive funding for flex-based instruction only if a determination for funding is made pursuant to Section 47634.2 by the state board. The determination for funding shall be subject to any conditions or limitations the state board may prescribe. The regulations adopted by the state board that define and establish general rules governing flex-based instruction, as defined in paragraph (2) of subdivision (e), as that paragraph read on December 31, 2023, shall apply to flex-based instruction for all charter schools and to the process for determining funding of flex-based instruction by charter schools offering flex-based instruction other than the flex-based instruction allowed by paragraph (1) of subdivision (e). Flex-based instruction includes, but is not limited to, independent study, home study, work study, and distance and computer-based education. In prescribing any conditions or limitations relating to the qualifications of instructional personnel, the state board shall be guided by subdivision (*l*) of Section 47605.
- (2) Except as provided in paragraph (2) of subdivision (b) of Section 47634.2, a A charter school that receives a determination pursuant to subdivision (b) of Section 47634.2 is not required to reapply annually for a funding determination of its flex-based instruction program if an update of the information the state board reviewed when initially determining funding would not require material revision, as that term is defined in regulations adopted by the board. Notwithstanding any other law, the state board may require a charter school to provide updated information at any time it determines that a review of that information is necessary. The state board may terminate a determination for funding if updated or additional information requested by the board is not made available to the board by the charter school within a reasonable amount of time or if the information otherwise supports termination. A determination for funding pursuant to Section 47634.2 shall not exceed five years.
- (3) A charter school that offers flex-based instruction in excess of the amount authorized by paragraph (1) of subdivision (e) is

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subject to the determination for funding requirement of Section 47634.2 to receive funding each time its charter is renewed or materially revised pursuant to Section 47607. A charter school that materially revises its charter to offer flex-based instruction in excess of the amount authorized by paragraph (1) of subdivision (e) is subject to the determination for funding requirement of Section 47634.2.

- (e) (1) Notwithstanding any other law, and as a condition of apportionment, "classroom-based instruction" in a charter school, for purposes of this part, occurs only when charter school pupils are engaged in educational activities required of those pupils and are under the immediate supervision and control of an employee of the charter school who possesses a valid certification document registered as required by law. For purposes of calculating average daily attendance for classroom-based instruction apportionments, at least 80 percent of the instructional time offered by the charter school shall be at the schoolsite, and the charter school shall require the attendance of all pupils for whom a classroom-based apportionment is claimed at the schoolsite for at least 80 percent of the minimum instructional time required to be offered pursuant to paragraph (1) of subdivision (a).
- (2) For the purposes of this part, "flex-based instruction" means instruction that does not meet the requirements specified in paragraph (1). The state board may adopt regulations pursuant to paragraph (1) of subdivision (d) specifying other conditions or limitations on what constitutes flex-based instruction, as it deems appropriate and consistent with this part.
- (3) For purposes of this part, "flex-based charter school" means a charter school that is subject to the determination for funding requirement of Section 47634.2.
- (4) For purposes of this part, "schoolsite" means a facility that is used principally for classroom instruction.
- (f) Notwithstanding any other law, neither the state board nor the Superintendent may waive the requirements of paragraph (1) of subdivision (a).
- 36 SEC. 16.

- 37 SEC. 20. Section 47612.7 of the Education Code is amended 38 to read:
- 47612.7. (a) Notwithstanding any other law and except as provided in subdivision (b), from January 1, 2020, to January 1,

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2026, inclusive, the approval of a petition for the establishment of a new flex-based charter school, as defined in paragraph (3) of subdivision (e) of Section 47612.5, is prohibited.

- (b) Subdivision (a) shall not apply to a flex-based charter school that was granted approval of its petition and providing educational services to pupils before October 1, 2019, under either of the following circumstances:
- (1) If Assembly Bill 1507 of the 2019–20 Regular Session amends Section 47605.1 and becomes operative on January 1, 2020, and the flex-based charter school is required to submit a petition to the governing board of a school district or county board of education in an adjacent county in which its existing resource center is located in order to comply with Section 47605.1, as amended by Assembly Bill 1507 of the 2019–20 Regular Session, or to retain current program offerings or enrollment.
- (2) If a flex-based charter school is required to submit a petition to a school district or county board of education in which a resource center is located in order to comply with the court decision in Anderson Union High School District v. Shasta Secondary Home School (2016) 4 Cal.App.5th 262, or other relevant court ruling, and the petition is necessary to retain current program offerings or enrollment.
- (3) A flex-based charter school authorized by a different chartering authority pursuant to paragraphs (1) and (2) shall be regarded by the department as a continuing charter school for all purposes to the extent it does not conflict with federal law. In order to prevent any potential conflict with federal law, this paragraph does not apply to covered programs as identified in Section 8101(11) of the federal Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. Sec. 7801) to the extent the affected charter school is the restructured portion of a divided charter school pursuant to Section 47654.
- (c) Notwithstanding Section 33050 or any other law, the state board shall not waive the restrictions described in this section.
- (d) This section shall remain in effect only until January 1, 2027, and as of that date is repealed.
- 37 SEC. 17.
- 38 SEC. 21. Section 47613 of the Education Code is amended to read:

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47613. (a) Except as set forth in subdivision (b), a chartering authority may charge for the actual costs of supervisorial oversight of a charter school not to exceed 1 percent of the revenue of the charter school.

- (b) A chartering authority may charge for the actual costs of supervisorial oversight of a charter school not to exceed 3 percent of the revenue of the charter school if the charter school is able to obtain substantially rent free facilities from the chartering authority.
- (c) A local educational agency that is given the responsibility for supervisorial oversight of a charter school, pursuant to paragraph (1) of subdivision (k) of Section 47605, may charge for the actual costs of supervisorial oversight, and administrative costs necessary to secure charter school funding. A charter school that is charged for costs under this subdivision may not be charged pursuant to subdivision (a) or (b).
- (d) This section does not prevent the charter school from separately purchasing administrative or other services from the chartering authority or any other source.
- (e) For purposes of this section, "chartering authority" means a school district, county board of education, or the state board, that granted the charter to the charter school.
- (f) For purposes of this section, "revenue of the charter school" means the amount received in the current fiscal year from the local control funding formula calculated pursuant to Section 42238.02, as implemented by Section 42238.03.
- (g) For purposes of this section, "costs of supervisorial oversight" include, but are not limited to, costs incurred pursuant to Sections 47604.32 and 47607.3.

SEC. 18.

- SEC. 22. Section 47614.5 of the Education Code is amended to read:
- 47614.5. (a) The Charter School Facility Grant Program is hereby established, and shall be administered by the California School Finance Authority. The grant program is intended to provide assistance with facilities rent and lease costs for pupils in charter schools.
- (b) (1) Commencing with the 2017–18 fiscal year, and subject to available funding in the annual Budget Act, eligible charter schools shall receive an amount equivalent to one of the following, whichever is less:

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(A) Seventy-five percent of annual facilities rent and lease costs for the charter school.

- (B) For the 2017-18 fiscal year, an amount equal to one thousand one hundred seventeen dollars (\$1,117) per unit of average daily attendance, as certified at the second principal apportionment. Commencing with the 2018–19 fiscal year, the amount of funding provided per unit of average daily attendance in the preceding fiscal year, as adjusted by the percentage change in the annual average value of the Implicit Price Deflator for State and Local Government Purchases of Goods and Services for the United States, as published by the United States Department of Commerce for the 12-month period ending in the third quarter of the prior fiscal year. This percentage change shall be determined using the latest data available as of May 10 of the preceding fiscal year compared with the annual average value of the same deflator for the 12-month period ending in the third quarter of the second preceding fiscal year, using the latest data available as of May 10 of the preceding fiscal year, as reported by the Department of Finance.
- (2) In any fiscal year, if the funds appropriated for purposes of this section by the annual Budget Act are insufficient to fully fund the approved amounts, the California School Finance Authority shall apportion the available funds on a pro rata basis.
- (c) For purposes of this section, the California School Finance Authority shall do all of the following:
 - (1) Inform charter schools of the grant program.
- (2) Upon application by a charter school, determine eligibility, based on the geographic location of the charter schoolsite, pupil eligibility for free or reduced-price meals, and a preference in admissions, as appropriate. Eligibility for funding shall not be limited to the grade level or levels served by the school whose attendance area is used to determine eligibility. A charter schoolsite is eligible for funding pursuant to this section if the charter schoolsite meets either of the following conditions:
- (A) The charter schoolsite is physically located in the attendance area of a public elementary school in which 55 percent or more of the pupil enrollment is eligible for free or reduced-price meals and the charter schoolsite gives a preference in admissions to pupils who are currently enrolled in that public elementary school and to

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pupils who reside in the elementary school attendance area where the charter schoolsite is located.

- (B) Fifty-five percent or more of the pupil enrollment at the charter schoolsite is eligible for free or reduced-price meals.
 - (3) Inform charter schools of their grant eligibility.

- (4) Make apportionments to a charter school for eligible expenditures according to the following schedule:
- (A) An initial apportionment by October 31 of each fiscal year, provided the charter school has submitted a timely application for funding, as determined by the California School Finance Authority. The initial apportionment shall be 50 percent of the charter school's estimated annual entitlement as determined by this section.
- (B) A second apportionment by March 1 of each fiscal year. This apportionment shall be 75 percent of the charter school's estimated annual entitlement, as adjusted for any revisions in cost, enrollment, and other data relevant to computing the charter school's annual entitlement, less any funding already apportioned to the charter school.
- (C) A third apportionment within 30 days of the end of each fiscal year or 30 days after receiving the data and documentation needed to compute the charter school's total annual entitlement, whichever is later. This apportionment shall be the charter school's total annual entitlement less any funding already apportioned to the charter school.
- (D) Notwithstanding subparagraph (A), the initial apportionment in the 2013–14 fiscal year shall be made by October 15, 2013, or 105 days after enactment of the Budget Act of 2013, whichever is later.
 - (d) For purposes of this section:
- (1) The California School Finance Authority shall use prior year data on pupil eligibility for free or reduced-price meals to determine eligibility pursuant to paragraph (2) of subdivision (c). A new charter school that was not operational in the prior year shall be eligible in the current year if it meets the free or reduced-price meal eligibility requirements specified in paragraph (2) of subdivision (c) based on current year data. Prior year rent or lease costs provided by charter schools shall be used to determine eligibility for the grant program until actual rent or lease costs become known or until June 30 of each fiscal year.

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(2) If prior year rent or lease costs are unavailable, and the current year lease and rent costs are not immediately available, the California School Finance Authority shall use rent or lease cost estimates provided by the charter school.

- (3) (A) The California School Finance Authority shall verify costs associated with facility rents or leases, as evidenced by an executed rental or lease agreement.
- (B) The verified facility agreement shall be subject to either of the following conditions:
- (i) Reimbursable facility rent or lease costs do not exceed the prior year's costs on file with the authority as of the 2016–17 fiscal year, subject to a cost-of-living adjustment consistent with subparagraph (B) of paragraph (1) of subdivision (b).
- (ii) The rent or lease costs of new facility agreements are at or below market rate based on an independent appraisal paid for by the charter school.
- (4) The California School Finance Authority shall verify that the grant amount awarded to each charter school is consistent with eligibility requirements as specified in this section and in regulations adopted by the authority. If it is determined by the California School Finance Authority that a charter school did not receive the proper grant award amount, either the charter school shall transfer funds back to the authority as necessary within 60 days of being notified by the authority, or the authority shall provide an additional apportionment as necessary to the charter school within 60 days of notifying the charter school, subject to the availability of funds.
- (e) Funds appropriated for purposes of this section shall not be apportioned for any of the following:
- (1) Units of average daily attendance generated through flex-based instruction as defined by paragraph (2) of subdivision (e) of Section 47612.5 or that does not comply with conditions or limitations set forth in regulations adopted by the state board pursuant to this section.
- (2) Charter schools occupying existing school district or county office of education facilities, except that charter schools shall be eligible for the portions of their facilities that are not existing school district or county office of education facilities.
- (3) Charter schools receiving reasonably equivalent facilities from their chartering authorities pursuant to Section 47614, except

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that charter schools shall be eligible for the portions of their facilities that are not reasonably equivalent facilities received from their chartering authorities.

- (f) Funds appropriated for purposes of this section shall first be used for costs associated with facilities rents and leases, consistent with the definitions used in the California School Accounting Manual or regulations adopted by the California School Finance Authority. These funds also may be used for costs, including, but not limited to, costs associated with remodeling buildings, deferred maintenance, initially installing or extending service systems and other built-in equipment, and improving sites.
- (g) If an existing charter school located in an elementary attendance area in which less than 50 percent of pupil enrollment is eligible for free or reduced-price meals relocates to an attendance area identified in paragraph (2) of subdivision (c), admissions preference shall be given to pupils who reside in the elementary school attendance area into which the charter school is relocating.
- (h) The California School Finance Authority annually shall report to the department and the Director of Finance, and post information on its internet website, regarding the use of funds that have been made available during the fiscal year to each charter school pursuant to the grant program.
- (i) The California School Finance Authority shall annually allocate the facilities grants to eligible charter schools according to the schedule in paragraph (4) of subdivision (c) for the current school year rent and lease costs.
- (j) It is the intent of the Legislature that the funding level for the Charter School Facility Grant Program for the 2012–13 fiscal year be considered the base level of funding for subsequent fiscal years.
- (k) The Controller shall include instructions appropriate to the enforcement of this section in the audit guide required by subdivision (a) of Section 14502.1.
- (*l*) The California School Finance Authority, effective with the 2013–14 fiscal year, shall be considered the senior creditor for purposes of satisfying audit findings pursuant to the audit instructions to be developed pursuant to subdivision (k).
- (m) The California School Finance Authority may adopt regulations to implement this section. Any regulations adopted pursuant to this section may be adopted as emergency regulations

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in accordance with the Administrative Procedure Act (Chapter 3.5
(commencing with Section 11340) of Part 1 of Division 3 of Title
2 of the Government Code). The adoption of these regulations
shall be deemed to be an emergency and necessary for the

5 immediate preservation of the public peace, health and safety, or 6 general welfare.

- (n) Notwithstanding any other law, a charter school shall be subject, with regard to this section, to audit conducted pursuant to Section 41020.
- 10 SEC. 19.

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- 11 SEC. 23. Section 47616.7 of the Education Code is amended 12 to read:
 - 47616.7. The evaluation provided for in Section 47616.5 shall include an analysis of the funding system for charter schools that offer flex-based instruction. The evaluation shall also examine the effectiveness of the state board's process, as provided for in Sections 47612.5 and 47634.2, for approving funding for charter schools offering flex-based instruction.
 - SEC. 20.
- 20 SEC. 24. Section 47634.2 of the Education Code is amended 21 to read:
 - 47634.2. (a) (1) Notwithstanding any other law, the amount of funding to be allocated to a charter school on the basis of average daily attendance that is generated by pupils engaged in flex-based instruction, as defined in paragraph (2) of subdivision (e) of Section 47612.5, including funding provided on the basis of average daily attendance pursuant to Sections 47613.1, 47633, 47634, and 47664, may be adjusted by the state board if the state board makes a finding of demonstrable financial abuse, profiteering, or grossly excessive administrative expenses. The state board shall adopt regulations setting forth criteria for the determination of funding for flex-based instruction, and, at a minimum, the regulation shall specify that the flex-based instruction is conducted for the instructional benefit of the pupil and substantially dedicated to that function. In developing these criteria and determining the amount of funding to be allocated to a charter school pursuant to this section, the state board shall consider, among other factors it deems appropriate, the amount of the charter school's total budget expended on certificated employee salaries and benefits and on schoolsites, as defined in paragraph (4) of subdivision (e) of

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Section 47612.5, benefits, the amount of the charter school's total budget expended on instruction and related services, including the total amount expended on any facilities used for instruction and related services, and the teacher-to-pupil ratio in the school.

- (2) This section does not authorize the state board to adjust the amount of funding a charter school receives on the basis of average daily attendance generated through classroom-based instruction, as defined for purposes of calculating average daily attendance for classroom-based instruction apportionments by paragraph (1) of subdivision (e) of Section 47612.5.
- (b) (1) The state board shall appoint an advisory-committee *commission* to recommend criteria to the board in accordance with this section if it has not done so by the effective date of the act adding this section. The advisory-committee *commission* shall include, but is not limited to, representatives from school district superintendents, charter schools, teachers, parents, members of the governing boards of school districts, county superintendents of schools, and the Superintendent.
- (2) The determination for funding shall be on a percentage basis and the Superintendent shall implement the determination for funding by reducing the charter school's reported average daily attendance by the determination for funding percentage specified by the state board.
- (3) If the state board denies request for a determination for funding or provides a reduction as authorized by subdivision (a), the board shall, in writing, give the reasons for its denial or reduction and, if appropriate, may describe how any deficiencies or problems may be addressed.
- (c) Each charter school offering flex-based instruction shall, in each report provided to the Superintendent for apportionment purposes, identify the portion of its average daily attendance that is generated through flex-based instruction as defined in paragraph (2) of subdivision (e) of Section 47612.5.
- (d) Notwithstanding any other law, charter schools shall be subject, with regard to subdivisions (c) to (e), inclusive, of Section 47612.5 and this section, to audits conducted pursuant to Section 41020.
- (e) On or before May 31, 2027, the state board shall review and revise—regulations regulations, to commence with the 2027–28

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fiscal year, governing the funding determination process for flex-based charter schools to be consistent with all of the following:

- (1) Assess whether data submitted by a charter school is consistent with its annual independent financial audit for the year of the funding determination, if available. If the information in the funding determination form is not consistent with the information reported in its annual independent financial audit, charter schools shall provide clarification and backup documents along with their form.
- (2) Whenever feasible, the funding determination process relies on data that is available to the department through audits or other data reported by the charter school's audited data and the department avoids requesting duplicate information from a charter school when audited data is available.
- (3) A charter school may exclude unspent one-time revenues that are permitted to be spent over multiple fiscal years from the calculations of the percentage of school revenues spent on certificated salaries and benefits and the percentage of school revenues spent on instruction and related services if the charter school recognizes these revenues and expenditures in the year the funds are actually spent.
- (4) A charter school may exclude restricted grants or funds, which may include local, state, or federal funds, from the calculations of the percentage of school revenues spent on certificated salaries and benefits and the percentage of school revenues spent on instruction and related services.

(4)

(5) A charter school may count as instructional related expenses any funds spent on resource centers or site-based instructional facilities used primarily for purposes of in-person instruction and pupil support services, including, but not limited to, tutoring, counseling, special education services, libraries, and performing arts facilities.

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(6) A charter school shall report the amount and classification of its reserves on funding determination forms consistent with state accounting categories of assigned, unassigned, restricted, committed, and nonspendable.

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(7) A charter school may exclude from their revenue any net increase to their reserve for economic uncertainties, reserves if the charter school has an unassigned fund balance reserves that represents represent less than 10 percent of their annual expenditures. This excluded amount shall not exceed 5 percent of a charter school's total revenue in any one year.

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(8) If applicable, a charter school shall explain on their funding determination form the purposes for which unassigned fund balances are being maintained at a level that is 10 percent or more of the charter school's annual expenditures.

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- (9) For a charter school whose unassigned balances reserves are less than 5 percent of annual expenditures, the department shall notify the chartering authority of the charter school to verify that the charter school has sufficient reserves to address economic uncertainties.
- (f) Commencing with 2027–28 fiscal year, the state board's Advisory Commission on Charter Schools shall recommend to the state board the approval of a funding determination request submitted by a charter school consistent with all of the following:
- (1) (A) Approval of the request at 70 percent, if both of the following criteria are met, unless there is a reasonable basis to recommend otherwise:
- (i) The percentage calculated for certificated employee salaries and benefits equals at least 35 percent but less than 40 percent.
- (ii) The percentage calculated for total expenditures on instruction and related services equals at least 60 percent but less than 70 percent.
- (B) If the recommended percentage made pursuant to this paragraph is lower than the requested percentage, the recommendation shall include the reasons justifying the reduction, and, if appropriate, a description of how any deficiencies or problems can be addressed by the charter school.
- (2) (A) Approval of the request at 85 percent, unless there is a reasonable basis to recommend otherwise, if both of the following criteria are met:
- (i) The percentage calculated for certificated employee salaries and benefits equals at least 40 percent.

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(ii) The percentage calculated for total expenditures on instruction and related services equals at least 70 percent but less than 80 percent.

- (B) A recommendation made pursuant to this paragraph shall include the reasons justifying a percentage that is greater than 70 percent or if the recommended percentage is lower than the requested percentage, the reasons justifying the reduction, and, if appropriate, a description of how any deficiencies or problems can be addressed by the charter school.
- (3) Approval of the request at 100 percent, unless there is a reasonable basis to recommend less, if all of the following criteria are met:
- (A) The percentage calculated for certificated employee salaries and benefits equals at least 40 percent.
- (B) The percentage calculated for total expenditures on instruction and related services equals at least 80 percent.
- (C) The ratio of average daily attendance for independent study pupils to full-time certificated employees responsible for independent study does not exceed the ratio specified in section 51745.6.
- (4) A school that fails to meet at least one of the spending thresholds specified in paragraphs (1) to (3), inclusive, the percentage calculated for certificated employee salaries and benefits is less than 35 percent, or the percentage calculated for total expenditures on instruction and related services is less than 60 percent, the state board shall reduce funding to zero if it includes the reasons justifying the reduction, which shall include both of the following:
- (A) The reasons justifying the denial or reduction and, if appropriate, a description of how any deficiencies or problems can be addressed by the charter school.
- (B) A finding that the reduction is justified due to the nonclassroom-based instruction not being substantially dedicated to the instructional benefit of the pupils, which may include, but not be limited to, a finding of demonstrable financial abuse, profiteering, or grossly excessive administrative expenses.
- (5) A reasonable basis for the Advisory Commission on Charter Schools to make, and the state board or approve, a recommendation higher than one that results from the criteria described in paragraph (1) or (2) includes, but is not limited to,

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documented data regarding the individual circumstances of the charter school, which may be related to the following: one-time, unique, or exceptional expenses for facilities, the acquisition of one or more school buses, the acquisition and installation of computer hardware, software systems, or other operational investments not related to the instructional program, special education charges levied on the charter school by a local educational agency, additional reserves beyond the amount specified in paragraph (7) of subdivision (e) with sound justification, or other emergency or unanticipated circumstances experienced by the charter school that would otherwise result in an unwarranted reduction to the charter schools' funding. In order to increase funding above the percentages determined in paragraph (1) or (2), the state board shall adopt a finding, or findings, in a public hearing stating the reason or reasons for their determination. A charter school granted an increase in the funding determination based on mitigating circumstances shall receive a funding determination not to exceed two years.

(g) Commencing with the 2027–28 fiscal year, all of the following shall apply to a funding determination approved by the state board:

- (1) An approved determination of funding for a new charter school in its first year of operation shall be submitted by December 1 and shall be for two fiscal years. Within 90 days after the end of its first fiscal year of operation, a charter school shall submit unaudited actual expense reports and a funding determination form based on the charter school's actual second-year budget. If the Advisory Commission on Charter Schools determines that the actual expenditures of the charter school or the second-year funding determination form do not support the funding determination for the second year, the Advisory Commission on Charter Schools shall recommend that the state board revise the funding determination. The Advisory Commission on Charter Schools and the board shall give charter schools that are in their first year of operation serious consideration of full funding.
- (2) Charter schools that are part of a network of flex-based charter schools shall apply for a funding determination within the same fiscal year and each charter school within the network shall be considered by the state board at the same hearing. The department shall determine the year based on the furthest funding

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1 determination date within the network, but no later than 5 years2 after the network is identified.

- (3) Notwithstanding paragraph (1), a funding determination for a charter school shall be for five years unless the state board finds reasonable cause, supported by evidence and findings related to the charter school, to impose a shorter term of approval.
- (4) A charter school shall concurrently submit its funding determination form to its chartering authority. The chartering authority shall review the form and notify the department of any concerns with the form, including, but not limited to, discrepancies with the data submitted.
- (5) The state board may terminate or amend the term of a determination of funding if updated or additional information requested by the department or the advisory commission pursuant to this section is not made available by a charter school within a reasonable amount of time or if credible information from any source supports amendment or termination. The charter school shall have a reasonable amount of time prior to the board hearing on a termination of funding or term amendment to provide additional information to support the charter school's determination of funding.
- (h) For purposes of this section, a "network of flex-based charter schools" means two or more flex-based charter schools, as defined pursuant to paragraph (3) of subdivision (e) of Section 47612.5, that meet one or more of the following:
- (1) Have a shared governance or management structure, including providing substantial business services and having supervisors and managers who typically function on a multischool level, and oversee, evaluate, or control teaching assignments, control class rosters, or discipline teachers across multiple schools within the network.
- (2) Are under the control of the same corporate or legal entity, or are controlled by legal entities wherein a majority of the corporate directors are appointed or elected by another common entity.

SEC. 21.

- SEC. 25. Section 51744 of the Education Code is amended to read:
- 51744. (a) The Legislature finds and declares that by offering a range of quality educational options, including classroom-based,

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nonclassroom-based, hybrid, and flex-based programs, local educational agencies can better tailor instruction to pupils, thereby improving academic outcomes while maximizing enrollment.

- (b) It is the intent of the Legislature that local educational agencies offer educational programs that best serve the needs of their pupils.
- (c) It is also the intent of the Legislature to encourage local educational agencies, when adopting a written policy pursuant to Section 51747 or 51749.5, to consider offering more than one independent study model for short- and long-term placements in accordance with Sections 51747, 51747.5, and 51749.6.

SEC. 22.

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- *SEC.* 26. Section 51745.6 of the Education Code is amended to read:
- 51745.6. (a) (1) The ratio of average daily attendance for independent study pupils 18 years of age or less to school district full-time equivalent certificated employees responsible for independent study, calculated as specified by the department, shall not exceed the equivalent ratio of average daily attendance to full-time equivalent certificated employees providing instruction in other educational programs operated by the school district, unless a new higher or lower average daily attendance ratio for all other educational programs offered is negotiated in a collective bargaining agreement or a memorandum of understanding is entered into that indicates an existing collective bargaining agreement contains an alternative average daily attendance ratio.
- (2) The ratio of average daily attendance for independent study pupils 18 years of age or less to county office of education full-time equivalent certificated employees responsible for independent study, to be calculated in a manner prescribed by the department, shall not exceed the equivalent prior year ratio of average daily attendance to full-time equivalent certificated employees for all other educational programs operated by the high school or unified school district with the largest average daily attendance of pupils in that county or the collectively bargained alternative ratio used by that high school or unified school district in the prior year, unless a new higher or lower average daily attendance ratio for all other educational programs offered is negotiated in a collective bargaining agreement or a memorandum of understanding is entered into that indicates an existing collective bargaining

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agreement contains an alternative average daily attendance ratio.
The computation of the ratios shall be performed annually by the reporting agency at the time of, and in connection with, the second principal apportionment report to the Superintendent.

- (b) Only those units of average daily attendance for independent study that reflect a pupil-teacher ratio that does not exceed the ratios described in subdivision (a) shall be eligible for apportionment pursuant to Section 2575, for county offices of education, and Section 42238.05, for school districts. This section does not prevent a school district or county office of education from serving additional units of average daily attendance greater than the ratios described in subdivision (a), except that those additional units shall not be funded pursuant to Section 2575 or 42238.05, as applicable. If a school district, charter school, or county office of education has a memorandum of understanding to provide instruction in coordination with the school district, charter school, or county office of education at which a pupil is enrolled, the ratios that shall apply for purposes of this paragraph are the ratios for the local educational agency providing the independent study program to the pupil pursuant to Section 51749.5.
- (c) The calculations performed for purposes of this section shall not include either of the following:
- (1) The average daily attendance generated by special education pupils enrolled in special day classes on a full-time basis, or the teachers of those classes.
- (2) The average daily attendance or teachers in necessary small schools that are eligible to receive funding pursuant to Article 4 (commencing with Section 42280) of Chapter 7 of Part 24 of Division 3.
- (d) The a pplicable average-daily-attendance-to-certificated-employee ratios described in subdivision (a) may, in a charter school, be calculated by using (1) a fixed average-daily-attendance-to-certificated-employee ratio of 25 to 1, (2) a ratio of less than 25 pupils per certificated employee, or (3) the equivalent ratio of pupils to full-time certificated employees for all other educational programs operated by the largest unified school district, as measured by average daily attendance, as reported at the second principal apportionment for the prior fiscal year in the county or counties in which the charter

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school operates. The largest unified school district in each county shall make its ratio data available upon request. A new higher or lower ratio for all other educational programs offered by a charter school may be negotiated in a collective bargaining agreement, or a memorandum of understanding indicating that an existing collective bargaining agreement contains an alternative average daily attendance ratio may be entered into by a charter school. All charter school pupils, regardless of age, shall be included in the applicable average-daily-attendance-to-certificated-employee ratio calculations.

(e) Commencing with the 2021–22 fiscal year Guide for Annual Audits of K–12 Local Education Agencies and State Compliance Reporting, the Controller shall incorporate verification of the ratios included in this section, including fiscal penalties for noncompliance as described in this section.

SEC. 23.

- *SEC.* 27. Section 51747 of the Education Code is amended to read:
- 51747. A local educational agency shall not be eligible to receive apportionments for independent study by pupils, regardless of age, unless it has adopted written policies, and has implemented those policies, pursuant to rules and regulations adopted by the Superintendent, that include, but are not limited to, all of the following:
- (a) The maximum length of time, by grade level and type of program, that may elapse between the time an independent study assignment is made and the date by which the pupil must complete the assigned work.
- (b) (1) The level of satisfactory educational progress and the number of missed assignments that will be allowed before an evaluation is conducted to determine whether it is in the best interests of the pupil to remain in independent study, or whether the pupil should return to the regular school program. A written record of the findings of any evaluation made pursuant to this subdivision shall be treated as a mandatory interim pupil record. The record shall be maintained for a period of three years from the date of the evaluation and, if the pupil transfers to another California public school, the record shall be forwarded to that school.

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(2) Satisfactory educational progress shall be determined based on all of the following indicators:

- (A) The pupil's achievement and engagement in the independent study program, as indicated by the pupil's performance on applicable pupil-level measures of pupil achievement and pupil engagement set forth in paragraphs (4) and (5) of subdivision (d) of Section 52060.
- (B) The completion of assignments, assessments, or other indicators that evidence that the pupil is working on assignments.
- (C) Learning required concepts, as determined by the supervising teacher.
- (D) Progressing toward successful completion of the course of study or individual course, as determined by the supervising teacher.
- (c) The provision of content aligned to grade level standards that is substantially equivalent to in-person instruction. For high schools, this shall include access to all courses offered by the local educational agency for graduation and approved by the University of California or the California State University as creditable under the A-G admissions criteria.
- (d) Procedures for tiered reengagement strategies for all pupils who are not generating attendance for more than 10 percent of required minimum instructional time over four continuous weeks of a local educational agency's approved instructional calendar, pupils found not participatory in synchronous instructional offerings pursuant to Section 51747.5 for more than 50 percent of the scheduled times of synchronous instruction in a school month as applicable by grade span, or pupils who are in violation of the written agreement pursuant to subdivision (g). These procedures shall include local programs intended to address chronic absenteeism, as applicable, with at least all of the following:
- (1) Verification of current contact information for each enrolled pupil.
- (2) Notification to parents or guardians of lack of participation within one schoolday of the recording of a nonattendance day or lack of participation.
- (3) A plan for outreach from the school to determine pupil needs, including connection with health and social services as necessary.
- (4) A clear standard for requiring a pupil-parent-educator conference to review a pupil's written agreement, and reconsider

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the independent study program's impact on the pupil's achievement and well-being, consistent with the policies adopted pursuant to paragraph (4) of subdivision (g).

- (e) (1) For pupils in transitional kindergarten and grades 1 to 3, inclusive, a plan to provide opportunities for daily synchronous instruction for all pupils throughout the school year.
- (2) For pupils in grades 4 to 8, inclusive, a plan to provide opportunities for both daily live interaction and at least weekly synchronous instruction for all pupils throughout the school year.
- (3) For pupils in grades 9 to 12, inclusive, a plan to provide opportunities for at least weekly synchronous instruction for all pupils throughout the school year.
- (f) A plan to transition pupils whose families wish to return to in-person instruction from independent study expeditiously, and, in no case, later than five instructional days.
- (g) A requirement that a current written agreement for each independent study pupil shall be maintained on file, including, but not limited to, all of the following:
- (1) The manner, time, frequency, and place for submitting a pupil's assignments, for reporting the pupil's academic progress, and for communicating with a pupil's parent or guardian regarding a pupil's academic progress.
- (2) The objectives and methods of study for the pupil's work, and the methods used to evaluate that work.
- (3) The specific resources, including materials and personnel, that will be made available to the pupil. These resources shall include confirming or providing access to all pupils to the connectivity and devices adequate to participate in the educational program and complete assigned work.
- (4) A statement of the policies adopted pursuant to subdivisions (a) and (b) regarding the maximum length of time allowed between the assignment and the completion of a pupil's assigned work, the level of satisfactory educational progress, and the number of missed assignments allowed before an evaluation of whether or not the pupil should be allowed to continue in independent study.
- (5) The duration of the independent study agreement, including the beginning and ending dates for the pupil's participation in independent study under the agreement. No independent study agreement shall be valid for any period longer than one school year.

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(6) A statement of the number of course credits or, for the elementary grades, other measures of academic accomplishment appropriate to the agreement, to be earned by the pupil upon completion.

- (7) A statement detailing the academic and other supports that will be provided to address the needs of pupils who are not performing at grade level, or need support in other areas, such as English learners, individuals with exceptional needs in order to be consistent with the pupil's individualized education program or plan pursuant to Section 504 of the federal Rehabilitation Act of 1973 (29 U.S.C. Sec. 794), pupils in foster care or experiencing homelessness, and pupils requiring mental health supports.
- (8) The inclusion of a statement in each independent study agreement that independent study is an optional educational alternative in which no pupil may be required to participate. In the case of a pupil who is referred or assigned to any school, class, or program pursuant to Section 48915 or 48917, the agreement also shall include the statement that instruction may be provided to the pupil through independent study only if the pupil is offered the alternative of classroom instruction.
- (9) (A) (i) For a pupil participating in an independent study program that is scheduled for more than 15 schooldays, each written agreement shall be signed, before the commencement of independent study, by the pupil, the pupil's parent, legal guardian, or caregiver, if the pupil is less than 18 years of age, the certificated employee who has been designated as having responsibility for the general supervision of independent study, and the certificated employee designated as having responsibility for the special education programming of the pupil, as applicable.
- (ii) For a pupil participating in an independent study program that is scheduled for 15 schooldays or fewer, each written agreement shall be signed, during the school year in which the independent study program takes place, by the pupil, the pupil's parent, legal guardian, or caregiver, if the pupil is less than 18 years of age, the certificated employee who has been designated as having responsibility for the general supervision of independent study, and the certificated employee designated as having responsibility for the special education programming of the pupil, as applicable. The written agreement may be signed at any time during the school year, but it is the intent of the Legislature that

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parents or guardians of pupils be provided the agreement at or before the beginning of the school year.

- (iii) For purposes of this paragraph, "caregiver" means a person who has met the requirements of Part 1.5 (commencing with Section 6550) of Division 11 of the Family Code.
- (B) Signed written agreements, supplemental agreements, assignment records, work samples, and attendance records assessing time value of work or evidence that an instructional activity occurred may be maintained as an electronic file.
- (C) For purposes of this section, an electronic file includes a computer or electronic stored image of an original document, including, but not limited to, portable document format (PDF), JPEG, or other digital image file type, that may be sent via fax machine, email, or other electronic means.
- (D) Either an original document or an electronic file of the original document is allowable documentation for auditing purposes.
- (E) Written agreements may be signed using an electronic signature that complies with state and federal standards, as determined by the department, that may be a marking that is either computer generated or produced by electronic means and is intended by the signatory to have the same effect as a handwritten signature. The use of an electronic signature shall have the same force and effect as the use of a manual signature if the requirements for digital signatures and their acceptable technology, as provided in Section 16.5 of the Government Code and in Chapter 10 (commencing with Section 22000) of Division 7 of Title 2 of the California Code of Regulations, are satisfied.
- (F) Notwithstanding subparagraph (A), for the 2021–22 school year only, a local educational agency shall obtain a signed written agreement for an independent study program of any length of time from the pupil, or the pupil's parent or legal guardian if the pupil is less than 18 years of age, the certificated employee who has been designated as having responsibility for the general supervision of independent study, and the certificated employee designated as having responsibility for the special education programming of the pupil, as applicable, no later than 30 days after the first day of instruction in an independent study program or October 15, whichever date comes later. This subparagraph does not relieve a local educational agency from the obligation to comply with the

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requirements of this article, as amended by the act adding this subparagraph, upon commencement of instruction for a participating pupil in the 2021–22 school year.

- (h) (1) For the 2021–22 school year only, school districts and county offices of education shall notify the parents and guardians of all enrolled pupils of their options to enroll their child in in-person instruction or independent study during the 2021–22 school year. This notice shall include written information on the local educational agency's internet website, including, but not limited to, the right to request a pupil-parent-educator conference meeting before enrollment pursuant to this section, pupil rights regarding procedures for enrolling, disenrolling, and reenrolling in independent study, and the synchronous and asynchronous instructional time that a pupil will have access to as part of independent study. If 15 percent or more of the pupils enrolled in a local educational agency that provides instruction in transitional kindergarten, kindergarten, or any of grades 1 to 12, inclusive, speak a single primary language other than English, as determined from the census data submitted to the department pursuant to Section 52164 in the preceding year, the written information shall, in addition to being written in English, be written in the primary language.
- (2) Before signing a written agreement pursuant to this section, the parent or guardian of a pupil may request that the local educational agency conduct a telephone, videoconference, or in-person pupil-parent-educator conference or other school meeting during which the pupil, parent or guardian, and, if requested by the pupil or parent, an education advocate, may ask questions about the educational options, including which curriculum offerings and nonacademic supports will be available to the pupil in independent study, before making the decision about enrollment or disenrollment in the various options for learning.
- (i) Subdivisions (d), (e), and (f) shall not apply to pupils that participate in an independent study program for fewer than 16 schooldays in a school year and pupils enrolled in a comprehensive school for classroom-based instruction who, under the care of appropriately licensed professionals, participate in independent study due to necessary medical treatments or inpatient treatment for mental health care or substance abuse. Local educational agencies shall obtain evidence from appropriately licensed

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professionals of the need for pupils to participate in independent study pursuant to this subdivision.

- (j) (1) Notwithstanding paragraph (8) of subdivision (g) of this section, paragraph (1) of subdivision (e) of Section 46300, and subdivision (d) of Section 51745, for the 2021–22 school year only, a local educational agency shall be eligible to receive apportionments for independent study for pupils that are subject to quarantine for exposure to, or infection with, COVID-19 pursuant to local or state health guidance, and the pupil cannot participate in classroom-based instruction due to the quarantine, and for school closures due to COVID-19 pursuant to subdivision (c) of Section 41422. Local educational agencies shall receive apportionment for these pupils for all schooldays that they participate in and meet all other apportionment requirements of independent study while in quarantine or during a school closure.
- (2) Notwithstanding Section 47612.5, for the 2021–22 fiscal year, a classroom-based charter school that provides an independent study program pursuant to this article for pupils that are subject to quarantine for exposure to, or infection with, COVID-19 pursuant to local or state health guidance, and the pupil cannot participate in classroom-based instruction due to the quarantine, shall not attribute quarantine-based independent study average daily attendance required pursuant to law for a nonclassroom-based charter school pursuant to Section 47612.5, as that section read on December 31, 2025, and shall not be required to submit a request for a funding determination as a result of providing independent study to quarantined pupils.
- (3) This subdivision shall apply only to pupils participating in independent study due to quarantine who do not have the option of in-person instruction, and only for the period of quarantine mandated pursuant to state or local health guidance or order. This subdivision shall not apply to classroom-based charter schools offering independent study to pupils whose parents or guardians have requested independent study pursuant to subdivision (a) of Section 51745.
- (k) Commencing with the 2021–22 fiscal year Guide for Annual Audits of K–12 Local Education Agencies and State Compliance Reporting, the Controller shall incorporate verification of the adoption of the policies required pursuant to this section, including loss of apportionment for independent study for local educational

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agencies found to be noncompliant, unless compliance verification for those policies is already included in the audit guide.

(*l*) The provisions of this section are not subject to waiver by the state board, by the Superintendent, or under any provision of Part 26.8 (commencing with Section 47600).

SEC. 24.

SEC. 28. Article 11 (commencing with Section 51820) is added to Chapter 5 of Part 28 of Division 4 of Title 2 of the Education Code, to read:

Article 11. Audit Provisions

- 51820. The Controller shall include the instructions necessary in the audit guide required by Section 14502.1 to include average daily attendance materiality levels for compliance testing in accordance with Generally Accepted Auditing Standards.
- 51821. (a) The Controller shall include in the audit guide required by Section 14502.1 the instructions necessary to do both of the following:
- (1) Include a procedure to determine if the local educational agency has a relationship with a related entity with financial, economic, or controlling membership interests. If the local educational agency is determined to have a relationship with a related party, require the auditor to evaluate the level of the relationship to determine if it is material. For material relationships, require the audit guide to ensure compliance of the related party to disclosure rules of the Financial Accounting Standards Board Accounting Standards Codification and other generally accepted accounting principles.
- (2) Ensure the local educational agency complies with constraints regarding when financial statement consolidation is required, permitted, and prohibited.
- (b) Procedures created pursuant to this section shall be no more burdensome than what is provided for in Generally Accepted Auditing Standards.
- 51822. Notwithstanding any other law, beginning in the 2027–28 fiscal year, for one or more charter schools consolidated within a school district or a county office of education, the chartering authority's accounts and annual audit shall separately track and report financial data for each charter school.

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51823. The Controller shall include the instructions necessary in the audit guide required by Section 14502.1 to require a schedule of pupil enrollment and attendance that includes pupil enrollment and attendance by month and track, if applicable.

SEC. 25.

SEC. 29. Article 11.5 (commencing with Section 51827) is added to Chapter 5 of Part 28 of Division 4 of Title 2 of the Education Code, to read:

Article 11.5. Educational Support Vendors

- 51827. (a) A local educational agency may only enter into an agreement for educational support activities meant to enhance a pupil's program with a vendor that is vetted and approved pursuant to subdivisions (b) to (d), inclusive.
- (b) An educational support activity may only be provided if the activity has been approved and verified by the pupil's assigned teacher as relevant to specific educational assignments and educationally appropriate for the pupil.
- (c) A local educational agency may expend public funds for educational support activities, provided that all educational support activities, materials, and programs are nonsectarian.
- (d) For purposes of subdivision (a), in approving a contract for vendor services for educational support activities, the governing board or body of the local educational agency shall establish policies and procedures to ensure educational value, pupil safety, and fiscal reasonableness that, at a minimum, do all of the following:
 - (1) Ensure a reasonable market value for the service provided.
- (2) Require all vendors to provide proof of valid and appropriate insurance, business licenses, or other certification.
- (3) Require that before commencing services, all vendor personnel interacting with pupils have a valid criminal records summary, as described in Section 45125.1, and require that if the vendor performs the criminal background check, it shall immediately provide subsequent arrest and conviction information it receives to the local educational agency pursuant to the subsequent arrest service.
- (4) Require all vendors to have policies and procedures related to pupil and site safety, including in virtual settings, emergency

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1 response, and accident reporting that are reasonable for the 2 instruction or activity.

- (5) Require all vendors to provide evidence of qualification and expertise for the activities or instruction to be provided.
- (6) Prohibit the local educational agency from paying a vendor for, or reimbursing a parent or pupil for the cost of, educational support activities before approval.
- (7) Prohibit a vendor from requiring additional fees as a condition of service, including, but not limited to, fees for registration or facility use, to be paid by the pupil's parent or guardian, if the pupil is less than 18 years of age, or from the pupil, if the pupil is 18 years of age or older.
- (e) A vendor contract that will exceed one hundred thousand dollars (\$100,000) in a fiscal year shall be approved by the governing board or body of the local educational agency in an open public meeting.
- (f) Auditing of the approval of, and compliance with, policies enacted in accordance with subdivisions (b) to (d), inclusive, shall be included in the audit guide, Standards and Procedures for Audits of California K–12 Local Educational Agencies, described in Section 14502.1.
 - (g) For purposes of this section, the following definitions apply:
- (1) "Educational support activity" means any component of a pupil's educational program, other than those required pursuant to a pupil's individualized educational program, that is paid for with school funds and that includes direct pupil contact, including in-person or online contact, or contact through any electronic device, with a person not employed by the local educational agency.
- (2) "Local educational agency" means a county office of education, school district, or charter school.
- 32 (h) This section shall become operative on July 1, 2026. SEC. 26.
- 34 SEC. 30. If the Commission on State Mandates determines that 35 this act contains costs mandated by the state, reimbursement to 36 local agencies and school districts for those costs shall be made 37 pursuant to Part 7 (commencing with Section 17500) of Division 38 4 of Title 2 of the Government Code.