# **Introduced by Assembly Member Holden**

January 19, 2023

An act to amend Section 67451 of, to add Chapter 3 (commencing with Section 67460) to Part 40.3 of Division 5 of Title 3 of, and to repeal Sections 67452.3, 67454, and 67455 of, the Education Code, relating to collegiate athletes.

#### LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL'S DIGEST

AB 252, as introduced, Holden. The College Athlete Protection Act. The Student Athlete Bill of Rights requires intercollegiate athletic programs at 4-year private universities or campuses of the University of California or the California State University that receive, as an average, \$10,000,000 or more in annual revenue derived from media rights for intercollegiate athletics to comply with prescribed requirements relating to student athlete rights. Existing law authorizes an institution of higher education, as defined, to establish a degree completion fund, in accordance with applicable rules and bylaws. Existing law requires an institution of higher education to post in a conspicuous location in its athletic department that is frequented by student athletes a notice detailing certain student athlete rights. Existing law prohibits an institution of higher education from intentionally retaliating against a student athlete for making or filing a compliant about, testifying or otherwise assisting in any investigation into, or opposing any practice that the student athlete believes is, a violation of student athlete rights.

This bill would establish the College Athlete Protection (CAP) Act for purposes of providing various rights, benefits, and protections to  $AB 252 \qquad \qquad -2 -$ 

college athletes. The bill instead would require certain institutions of higher education to establish a degree completion fund for its college athletes, as provided. The bill instead would require an institution of higher education to distribute to each college athlete a notice containing college athlete rights and would require the institution to post this notice in a conspicuous location frequented by college athletes, as specified. The bill instead would prohibit an institution of higher education, its employees, coaches, and affiliated medical personnel, as defined, from retaliating against a college athlete for filing a complaint or reporting a violation of college athlete rights provided in the CAP Act. By imposing new duties on community college districts, the bill would impose a state-mandated local program.

This bill would establish the College Athlete Protection (CAP) Program as a program in the State Department of Education for purposes of the CAP Act. The bill would establish a 21-member CAP Panel comprised of appointed individuals to serve on 4 CAP Subpanels, as specified, for the administration of the CAP Act, as provided. The bill would establish the California Athlete Protection Fund under the administration of the CAP Panel, with moneys in the fund appropriated to the CAP Panel, upon appropriation of the Legislature, for purposes of the CAP Act, as provided.

This bill would make its provisions severable.

The California Constitution requires the state to reimburse local agencies and school districts for certain costs mandated by the state. Statutory provisions establish procedures for making that reimbursement.

This bill would provide that, if the Commission on State Mandates determines that the bill contains costs mandated by the state, reimbursement for those costs shall be made pursuant to the statutory provisions noted above.

Vote: majority. Appropriation: no. Fiscal committee: yes. State-mandated local program: yes.

The people of the State of California do enact as follows:

- 1 SECTION 1. Section 67451 of the Education Code is amended 2 to read:
- 3 67451. For purposes of this part: Chapter 1 (commencing with
- 4 Section 67450) and this chapter, the following definitions apply:
- 5 (a) "Athletic association" means any organization that is
- 6 responsible for governing intercollegiate athletic programs.

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(b) "Athletic program" means an intercollegiate athletic program at any institution of higher education within the meaning of subdivision (d).

- (c) "Graduation success rate" means the percentage of student athletes who graduate from an institution of higher education within six years of initial enrollment at that institution, excluding outgoing transfers in good academic standing with athletic eligibility remaining, and including incoming transfers. The rate is to be calculated by combining the rates of the four most recent classes that are available in the exact manner as the rate is calculated under National Collegiate Athletic Association rules.
- (d) "Institution of higher education" means any campus of the University of California or the California State University, or any four-year private university located in California, that maintains an intercollegiate athletic program.
- (e) "Media rights" means the rights to media coverage of intercollegiate athletics included in contracts that are entered into by intercollegiate athletic conferences and television networks and that generate monetary payments to individual institutions of higher education.
- (f) "Office for Civil Rights" means the Office for Civil Rights within the United States Department of Education.
- (g) "Student athlete" means any college student who participates in an intercollegiate athletic program of an institution of higher education, and includes student athletes who participate in basketball, football, and other intercollegiate sports.
  - SEC. 2. Section 67452.3 of the Education Code is repealed.
- 67452.3. An institution of higher education may establish a degree completion fund, in accordance with applicable rules and bylaws of the governing body of the institution and applicable rules and bylaws of any athletic association of which the institution is a member.
  - SEC. 3. Section 67454 of the Education Code is repealed.
- 67454. (a) An institution of higher education shall prepare a notice detailing the following rights:
- (1) A student athlete's rights pursuant to Title IX of the federal Education Amendments of 1972 (20 U.S.C. Sec. 1681 et seq.).
- (2) A student athlete's reporting rights pursuant to the federal Jeanne Clery Disclosure of Campus Security Policy and Campus Crime Statistics Act (20 U.S.C. Sec. 1092(f)).

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(b) The notice developed pursuant to subdivision (a) shall identify the contact information through which a student athlete may file a complaint for a violation of any of the rights identified in the notice, including, but not necessarily limited to, contact information for all of the following:

- (1) The Office for Civil Rights, as well as the appropriate Office for Civil Rights regional enforcement office.
  - (2) The Office for Civil Rights Title IX enforcement office.
- (3) The enforcement office of the United States Department of Education for reporting violations of the federal Jeanne Clery Disclosure of Campus Security Policy and Campus Crime Statistics Act.
- (c) Every institution of higher education shall post, and keep posted in a conspicuous location in its athletic department that is frequented by student athletes where it is easily accessible and readable during campus business hours, including, but not necessarily limited to, athletic training facilities, the notice developed pursuant to subdivision (a).
- (d) At the beginning of every academic year, the institution of higher education shall provide to every student athlete each of the following:
  - (1) A copy of the notice developed pursuant to subdivision (a).
- (2) A current copy of the National Collegiate Athletic Association Concussion Diagnosis and Management of Sports-Related Concussion Best Practices.
- (3) A copy of any written policies related to concussions or other sports medicine practices specific to the institution of higher education.
- SEC. 4. Section 67455 of the Education Code is repealed.
- 67455. (a) An institution of higher education shall not intentionally retaliate against a student athlete for any of the following:
- (1) Making or filing a complaint, in good faith, about a violation of student athlete rights granted under any applicable statute, regulation, or policy.
- (2) Testifying or otherwise assisting in any investigation into violations of student athlete rights granted under any applicable statute, regulation, or policy.

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(3) Opposing any practices that the student athlete, in good faith, believes are a violation of student athlete rights granted under any applicable statute, regulation, or policy.

- (b) (1) For purposes of this section, "retaliation" includes, but is not necessarily limited to, each of the following:
- (A) A reduction in or loss of any education benefits, including scholarships and stipends.
- (B) A reduction in or loss of any meal benefits provided to a student athlete.
- (C) A reduction in or loss of any housing benefits provided to a student athlete, including the relocation of a student athlete to different housing owned by the institution of higher education.
- (2) For purposes of subparagraphs (A) to (C), inclusive, of paragraph (1), "retaliation" does not mean an action taken, in good faith, by an institution of higher education on the basis of conduct other than that described in subdivision (a).
- (c) This section shall not be construed to restrict the authority of an institution of higher education to impose interim measures or, upon a finding of responsibility, permanent consequences on a student athlete who has been accused of sexual harassment or violence.
- SEC. 5. Chapter 3 (commencing with Section 67460) is added to Part 40.3 of Division 5 of Title 3 of the Education Code, to read:

### Chapter 3. The College Athlete Protection Act

67460. This chapter shall be known, and may be cited, as the College Athlete Protection Act.

### Article 1. Definitions

67461. As used in this chapter, unless the context requires otherwise, the following definitions apply:

(a) "Affiliated medical personnel" means individuals who provide medical, rehabilitation, or athletic training diagnoses, opinions, or services to college athletes, in collaboration with an institution of higher education. "Affiliated medical personnel" include, but are not limited to, physicians, mental health professionals, physical therapists, and athletic trainers. Individuals

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do not have to receive compensation from an institution of higher education to be affiliated medical personnel.

- (b) "Aggregate athletic grants" means the total amount of athletic grants that an institution of higher education annually reports pursuant to the federal Equity in Athletics Disclosure Act to the United States Department of Education for each intercollegiate athletics team at the institution.
- (c) "Athletic association" means any organization that is responsible for governing intercollegiate athletic programs.
- (d) "Athletic grant" means an athletics scholarship or grant that an institution of higher education pays to a college athlete.
- (e) "Athletic program" means an intercollegiate athletic program at an institution of higher education.
- (f) "CAP Fund" means the California Athlete Protection Fund established pursuant to this chapter.
- (g) "CAP Panel" means the California Athlete Protection Panel established pursuant to this chapter.
- (h) "CAP Program" means the California Athlete Protection Program established pursuant to this chapter.
- (i) "College athlete" means a student who is enrolled at an institution of higher education and is listed as a member of an intercollegiate athletics team at the institution. A student's participation in club or intramural sports at an institution does not meet the definition of college athlete.
- (j) "Fair market value compensation" means an amount of compensation for each college athlete who receives an athletic grant that is determined annually by subtracting the intercollegiate athletic team's aggregate athletic grants from one-half of the intercollegiate athletic team's revenue and dividing that difference by the number of athletic grants provided to college athletes on that team.
- (k) "Institution of higher education" or "institution" means any campus of the University of California, the California State University, the California Community Colleges, an independent institution of higher education, as defined in Section 66010, or a private postsecondary educational institution, as defined in Section 94858, that maintains an athletic program.
- (*l*) "Intercollegiate athlete" means a California resident who is enrolled at an out-of-state college or university and is listed as a member of an intercollegiate athletics team at the out-of-state

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college or university. A student's participation in club or intramural sports at an out-of-state college or university does not meet the definition of intercollegiate athlete.

- (m) "NIL" means the use of a college athlete's name, image, and likeness.
- (n) "Office for Civil Rights" means the Office for Civil Rights within the United States Department of Education.
- (o) "Revenue" means annual intercollegiate athletics revenue reported pursuant to the federal Equity in Athletics Disclosure Act by an institution of higher education to the United States Department of Education.
- (p) "Title IX" means Title IX of the federal Education Amendments of 1972 (20 U.S.C. 1681 et seq.)

# Article 2. Findings

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- 67462. The Legislature finds and declares all of the following:
- (a) Safety, transparency, and quality education for college athletes should be prioritized for athletic programs, conferences, and associations and the state.
- (b) Institutions of higher education exist to educate all students. Once athletic recruits sign an agreement to attend a particular university, they should feel confident that they will be able to complete their degrees regardless of sports-related injury or poor athletic performance.
- (c) To increase graduation rates and ensure economic equity, institutions of higher education need to establish a degree completion fund for each college athlete with specified rules and manage that fund as a fiduciary for the college athlete without charging the college athlete for any costs incurred.
- (d) The state needs to design and enforce vital safety standards and return-to-play protocols to protect college athletes from serious injuries, sexual abuse, and death.
- (e) Student sexual abuse is an important issue on college campuses. Providing information and notice to college athletes about their rights under Title IX and other pertinent statutes is necessary to ensure their physical and psychological safety.
- (f) College athletes face intense pressure to return to play when injured. Intercollegiate sports programs, including coaches and

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team medical staff, should collaborate to ensure that a college athlete's interests are always put first.

- (g) Athletic programs must have a health care model that vests autonomous medical management decisions in primary athletic health care providers, such as team physicians and athletic trainers. These providers, their decisionmaking related to the health and safety of college athletes, and their health care delivery should be protected from outside, nonmedical influences.
- (h) To prevent college athletes from being left to pay an excessive financial burden, institutions of higher education should pay medical costs for college athletes' sports-related injuries.
- (i) Transparency in athletic recruiting is a high priority given the complexities created by various athletic program policies, including the use of a college athlete's NIL. Institutions of higher education should disclose to college athletes the financial benefits and risks associated with NIL agreements.
- (j) A proper oversight system should be developed to ensure that appropriate safeguards are in place to avoid the exploitation of college athletes.

### Article 3. General Provisions

- 67463. (a) An institution of higher education shall establish a degree completion fund for its college athletes who receive athletic grants but do not receive fair market value compensation in an academic year.
- (b) An institution of higher education shall use degree completion funds to compensate each college athlete who receives an athletic grant at the institution but does not receive fair market value compensation in an academic year.
- (c) A college athlete on the same intercollegiate athletics team at an institution of higher education during the same academic year shall be designated an equal payment from that institution's degree completion fund for that academic year.
- (d) All degree completion funds of up to twenty-five thousand dollars (\$25,000) shall be paid to each college athlete for their participation on the intercollegiate athletics team in an academic year. Payments described in this subdivision shall be made annually no later than 60 days after the institution of higher education

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submits its annual report pursuant to the federal Equity in Athletics Disclosure Act to the United States Department of Education.

- (e) An institution shall not use payment designations in its degree completion fund as a reason to reduce or cancel athletic grants provided to any college athlete.
- (f) (1) All degree completion fund payments above the amount determined pursuant to subdivision (d) designated for a college athlete shall be paid within 60 days of the college athlete earning a baccalaureate degree or submitting proof, as determined by the CAP Panel, of having a severe medical condition that prevents the college athlete from completing a baccalaureate degree program.
- (2) All degree completion fund payments designated for a college athlete who transferred to another institution of higher education or an out-of-state college or university shall be paid within 60 days of the athlete earning a baccalaureate degree or submitting proof, as determined by the CAP Panel, of having a severe medical condition that prevents the athlete from completing a baccalaureate degree program.
- (g) An institution of higher education shall accurately account its aggregate athletic grants and revenue. An institution shall not undercount or fail to accurately categorize its aggregate athletic grants or revenue.
- (h) All degree completion fund payments above the amount determined pursuant to subdivision (d) designated for a college athlete shall be forfeited if the college athlete does not complete a baccalaureate degree program within six years of full-time college enrollment or submit proof, as determined by the CAP Panel, of having a severe medical condition that prevents the college athlete from completing a baccalaureate degree program. All forfeited funds shall be deposited in the institution's degree completion fund and used for degree completion fund payments to college athletes pursuant to this section.
- (i) (1) In making annual degree completion fund payment designations pursuant to this section, an institution of higher education may opt to only use all revenue for an academic year that exceeds its revenue for the previous academic year. If the institution uses this option, the institution does not have to pay any remaining fair market value compensation owed to a college athlete into the degree completion fund for the academic year in

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which the institution uses this option so long as both of the following conditions are met:

- (A) (i) All of the institution's revenue that was not categorized by gender or sport in the institution's report pursuant to the federal Equity in Athletics Disclosure Act to the United States Department of Education for that academic year that exceeds the institution's revenue that was not categorized by gender or sport in the institution's report pursuant to the federal Equity in Athletics Disclosure Act to the United States Department of Education for the previous academic year is used to make degree completion fund payment designations for college athletes and is not used for any other purpose.
- (ii) Each college athlete, regardless of sport, at the institution who qualifies for a degree completion fund payment designation pursuant to this subparagraph receives an equal share of moneys calculated pursuant to this subparagraph.
- (iii) Degree completion fund payment designations made pursuant to this subparagraph do not result in any college athlete being designated more than fair market value compensation for any academic year.
- (B) (i) All revenue of an intercollegiate athletics team at the institution for that academic year that exceeds that team's revenue for the previous academic year is used to make degree completion fund payment designations for that team's college athletes.
- (ii) Degree completion fund payment designations made pursuant to this subparagraph shall not result in any college athlete being designated more than fair market compensation for any academic year.
- (2) An institution may opt to pay CAP Program fees pursuant to this chapter before using revenue described in paragraph (1) for degree completion fund payment designations for college athletes.
- (j) Degree completion funds are the property of college athletes and not the property of institutions of higher education. Institutions of higher education shall have a fiduciary duty to its college athletes to manage these funds.
- (k) Notwithstanding any other provision of this section, if an institution of higher education deems it necessary, the institution may adjust the amounts of degree completion fund payment designations only to comply with Title IX financial aid

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proportionality comparisons in athletics, so long as both of the following conditions are met:

- (1) The aggregate total amount of degree completion fund payment designations made to the institution's college athletes is not reduced.
- (2) The institution is in compliance with Title IX financial aid proportionality comparisons in athletics independent of degree completion fund payment designations.
- (*l*) Degree completion fund payment designations or payments shall not serve as evidence of an employment relationship.
- (m) This section shall apply only to an institution of higher education with an intercollegiate sports team that participated in a National Collegiate Athletic Association Conference Division I sport on or after January 1, 2022.
- 67464. (a) An institution of higher education shall distribute a notice to each college athlete at the institution containing all of the following information:
- (1) A college athlete's rights pursuant to Title IX of the federal Education Amendments of 1972 (20 U.S.C. Sec. 1681 et seq.).
- (2) An individual notice stating: "All students have the right to report a sexual assault, without retaliation, to law enforcement, the office of the Attorney General, the United States Department of Education's Office for Civil Rights, (insert name of institution)'s mandated reporters, (insert name of institution)'s Title IX office, and the College Athlete Protection Program director."
- (3) A college athlete's rights pursuant to the federal Jeanne Clery Disclosure of Campus Security Policy and Campus Crime Statistics Act (20 U.S.C. Sec. 1092(f)).
  - (4) A college athlete's rights under this chapter.
- (5) Additional rights that the state affords specifically to college athletes.
- (b) The notice distributed pursuant to subdivision (a) shall contain sufficient information to enable a college athlete to file a complaint for a violation of any of the rights identified in the notice. This information shall include, but is not limited to, all of the following:
- (1) The telephone number used by the Office for Civil Rights for complaint reporting intake, and the telephone number of the Office for Civil Rights' regional enforcement office.

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(2) The internet website address of the Office for Civil Rights' online complaint form for Title IX complaint reporting.

- (3) The internet website address used by the United States Department of Education for reporting violations of the federal Jeanne Clery Disclosure of Campus Security Policy and Campus Crime Statistics Act (20 U.S.C. Sec. 1092(f)).
- (4) A list of the job classifications employed by the institution that are deemed mandated reporters pursuant to Section 11165.7 of the Penal Code and the obligations of these mandated reporters.
- (5) The telephone number and internet website address for the CAP Program, once the program is operational pursuant to this chapter.
  - (6) The telephone number of the Attorney General.
- (c) An institution of higher education shall post on campus in conspicuous locations frequented by college athletes, including, but not limited to, the institution's athletic training facilities, the notice distributed pursuant to this section.
- (d) Upon the commencement of each academic year, the institution of higher education shall provide each college athlete a copy of the notice described in this section.
- 67465. (a) The College Athlete Protection (CAP) Program is hereby established as a program in the department for purposes of this chapter.
  - (b) The CAP Program shall be administered by the CAP Panel.
- (1) (A) The 21-member CAP Panel shall be appointed as follows:
  - (i) Eleven members appointed by the Governor.
  - (ii) Five members appointed by the Speaker of the Assembly.
- (iii) Five members appointed by the Senate Committee on Rules.
- (B) The 21-member CAP Panel shall consist of at least four former college athletes with experience in college athlete protection advocacy.
- (2) CAP Panel members shall be voluntary positions that receive per diem and paid travel accommodations, as determined by the CAP Program director. One member shall be appointed by a majority vote of the CAP Panel's members to serve as chairperson of the CAP Panel.
- 38 (3) The department shall hire and establish compensation for a 39 CAP Program director. The CAP Program director shall be a 40 full-time position and serve a six-year term that may be renewed

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with no term limits. The CAP Program director shall hire additional staff to assist in the implementation and enforcement of this chapter.

- (4) (A) A CAP Panel member on the initial 21-member board shall serve a four-year, five-year, or six-year term, as determined by the appointing authority. It is the intent of the Legislature that the 21-member CAP Panel's members serve staggered terms.
- (B) All subsequent appointments made after the initial 21-member CAP Panel is appointed shall be six-year terms with no term limits.
- (C) A CAP Panel member and the CAP Program director may be reappointed to their position or appointed to a new position pursuant to this subdivision.
- (5) A CAP Panel member and the CAP Program director shall not have served at any time as an affiliated medical personnel, employee, or member of a governing body of an institution of higher education, an out-of-state college or university that has an intercollegiate sports program, an intercollegiate sports conference, or an intercollegiate sports association.
- (6) The racial, ethnic, gender, and geographic diversity of California shall be considered by the appointing authority when appointing CAP Panel members.
- (7) The CAP Panel shall consist of members who shall serve on the following CAP Subpanels, according to their expertise:
- (A) The CAP Health and Safety Subpanel, which shall consist of all of the following:
- (i) One member with expertise in sports medicine and traumatic brain injury.
- (ii) One member with expertise in athletic training or physical therapy in sports.
  - (iii) One member with expertise in mental health.
- (iv) One member with expertise in workplace health and safety compliance and investigations.
- (v) One member with expertise in sexual misconduct investigations.
- (vi) Two members who are former college athletes with experience in athlete health and safety issues.
- 38 (B) The CAP Recruiting Transparency Subpanel, which shall consist of all of the following:
  - (i) One member with expertise in contract law.

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(ii) One member with expertise in college sports recruiting.

- (iii) One member with expertise in college athlete publicity rights law.
- (iv) One member who is a former college athlete with experience in the recruiting process.
- (C) The CAP Certification Subpanel, which shall consist of all of the following:
  - (i) One member with expertise in sports agent certification.
  - (ii) One member with expertise in financial advising standards.
  - (iii) One member with expertise in marketing standards.
- (iv) One member who is a former college athlete with experience in agreements related to CAP certification duties.
- (D) The General CAP Subpanel, which shall consist of all of the following:
- (i) One member with expertise in health care administration, medical claims, and the federal Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act of 1996 (Public Law 104–191).
- (ii) One member with expertise in compliance with Title IX in athletics.
- (iii) One member who is a certified public accountant with expertise in corporate financial audits and corporate compliance investigations.
  - (iv) One member with expertise in arbitration.
- (v) One member with expertise in grievance and appeals processes.
- (vi) One member with expertise in producing educational materials.
- (c) The CAP Panel shall have all of the following enforcement duties and powers:
- (1) Receive, track, and investigate complaints regarding reported violations of this chapter.
- (2) Issue subpoenas, if necessary, to obtain information necessary to carry out its duties pursuant to this chapter.
- (3) Require an institution of higher education and out-of-state college or university that is subject to this chapter to provide athletic grants, make payments for college athlete medical coverage and expenses, and provide other remedies that the CAP Panel deems necessary to ensure compliance with this chapter.
- (4) (A) Refer individuals, institutions of higher education, and out-of-state colleges and universities that are subject to this chapter

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who do not comply with a CAP Panel penalty or remedy imposed pursuant to subdivision (d) to the Attorney General for prosecution, as appropriate.

- (B) The Attorney General shall have the authority to prosecute individuals and entities that do not comply with a CAP Panel penalty or remedy, as appropriate.
- (5) Determine the best practice guidelines, health and safety standards, policies, or other informational materials that may benefit high school athletes, high school sports programs, and the California Interscholastic Federation, and make them available and easily accessible to the public.
- (6) At its discretion, implement collaborative and cost-reduction efforts with other states, local governments, intercollegiate sports conferences, intercollegiate sports associations, or other stakeholders to help protect the well-being of intercollegiate athletes in other states.
  - (7) Hold quarterly meetings.

- (8) Distribute, on or before January 15, 2025, and each year thereafter, an annual report to each institution of higher education, intercollegiate athletic conference, athletic association, and the Legislature, pursuant to Section 9795 of the Government Code, on the state of college athlete protections established pursuant to this chapter.
- (9) Communicate with the Legislature about ways to improve this chapter.
- (10) Upon appropriation by the Legislature, use funds in the CAP Fund to execute its duties and powers under this chapter.
- (d) (1) In addition to any other remedy or penalty authorized by law, individuals who violate this chapter may be subject to remedies and penalties established pursuant to regulations adopted by the CAP Panel. These regulations shall include a system to appeal the CAP Panel's rulings. Penalties and remedies established by the CAP Panel may include any, or any combination, of the following:
  - (A) Training to help prevent future violations.
- (B) Temporary or permanent prohibition from being involved in intercollegiate athletics at any institution of higher education.
  - (C) Other penalties and remedies imposed by the CAP Panel.

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(2) The CAP Panel shall consider all of the following factors when imposing penalties and remedies for a violation of this chapter:

- (A) The number and duration of violations.
- (B) Whether the violation was the result of an intentional or negligent action.
  - (C) The nature and extent of harm caused by the violation.
- 67466. (a) An institution of higher education shall meet the health and safety standards that are developed, published, adopted, and enforced by the CAP Health and Safety Subpanel established pursuant to Section 67465. In developing the health and safety standards, the CAP Health and Safety Subpanel shall do all of the following:
- (1) Consult with athletic associations, the University of California, the California State University, and the athlete health and safety advocacy community.
- (2) Consider existing health and safety guidelines of relevant entities, including, but not limited to, the National Collegiate Athletic Association, intercollegiate athletic conferences, professional sports leagues, and the National Athletic Trainers' Association.
- (3) Develop health and safety standards to prevent serious sports-related injuries, abuse, health conditions, and death, including, but not limited to, those related to traumatic brain injury, sexual harassment and abuse, athlete mistreatment, interpersonal violence, mental health, heat illnesses, sickle cell trait, rhabdomyolysis, asthma, cardiac health, weight management, and pain management.
- (b) (1) All reports of suspected health and safety violations at an institution of higher education that occur on or after January 1, 2023, but before the CAP Health and Safety Subpanel adopts the health and safety standards pursuant to this section, shall be submitted to the Department of Justice. The Department of Justice shall forward the reports of suspected health and safety violations to the CAP Program director established pursuant to Section 67465 once the CAP Health and Safety Subpanel commences enforcing the health and safety standards adopted pursuant to this section.
- (2) Within 90 days of implementation of the CAP Health and Safety Subpanel's health and safety standards developed,

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published, and adopted pursuant to subdivision (a), an institution of higher education shall comply with all of the following:

(A) Inform its athletic program employees and affiliated medical personnel of their responsibilities established pursuant to the standards.

- (B) Inform college athletes of their rights and protections established pursuant to the standards, and inform college athletes of their right to report suspected violations of the standards to the athletic program personnel of their choice, the Attorney General, and, once the CAP Health and Safety Subpanel commences enforcing the standards adopted pursuant to this section, the CAP Program director.
- (C) Designate at least one employee to oversee compliance with this section and to serve as a point of contact for the CAP Health and Safety Subpanel.
- (c) The CAP Health and Safety Subpanel shall have all of the following duties and powers:
- (1) Require transparency from institutions of higher education on injury treatment options for college athletes.
- (2) Provide up-to-date information about sports-related health risks.
- (3) Ensure that physician, physical therapy, and athletic training records for all treatments of a college athlete by athletic program personnel in the course of the college athlete's participation in an athletic program are maintained for a period of 10 years after the college athlete leaves the athletic program. These records shall be provided to the college athlete or former college athlete in a timely manner upon request.
- (4) Ensure college athletes, athletic program personnel, and affiliated medical personnel are informed about their rights and responsibilities under this section.
- (5) Prevent deceptive or fraudulent practices that harm college athletes.
- (6) Calibrate mandates in consideration of athletic program size and resources when it deems it appropriate or necessary.
- (7) Require assistance from institutions of higher education to help survey college athletes and athletic program personnel, as necessary, under the CAP Program.
- 39 (8) Conduct site visits and audits of athletic departments, as 40 necessary, to verify compliance with this section.

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(9) Maintain and make publicly available on its internet website a list of individuals who are banned pursuant to subdivision (e) from being involved in intercollegiate athletics at institutions of higher education.

- (10) Adopt regulations to implement and enforce this section.
- (d) All athletic program personnel, including employees, coaches, and affiliated medical personnel, shall report suspected violations of this section to the president or chancellor of the institution, the athletic director of the institution, and the CAP Program director.
- (e) (1) An individual shall be banned for life from being involved in intercollegiate athletics at any institution of higher education if the individual has been found by the CAP Health and Safety Subpanel or a court of law to have done any of the following:
- (A) Caused a life-threatening medical condition, sexual abuse, or death due to noncompliance with a health and safety standard adopted pursuant to this section.
- (B) Caused a life-threatening medical condition, sexual abuse, or death by failing to address noncompliance with a health and safety standard adopted pursuant to this section.
- (C) Threatened or retaliated against a college athlete or any individual or entity that reported noncompliance with a standard adopted pursuant to this section that caused a life-threatening medical condition, sexual abuse, or death.
- (D) Obstructed or knowingly provided false information related to an investigation of noncompliance with a health and safety standard adopted pursuant to this section that caused a life threatening medical condition, sexual abuse, or death.
- (2) Before a ban may be imposed pursuant to paragraph (1), the individual shall be provided adequate notice and an opportunity for an administrative hearing conducted by an administrative law judge at which the individual shall have the right to defend themselves against any allegation of a violation described in paragraph (1).
- (f) (1) Any individual or entity designated by an institution of higher education to investigate allegations of a violation of this section that knowingly omits evidence, conceals or obscures wrongdoing, undermines an investigation, or fails to carry out the

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responsibilities required by this section may be subject to a penalty imposed by the CAP Health and Safety Subpanel.

- (2) Before a penalty may be imposed pursuant to paragraph (1), the individual or entity shall be provided adequate notice and an opportunity for an administrative hearing conducted by an administrative law judge at which the individual or entity shall have the right to defend themselves against any allegation of a violation described in paragraph (1).
- (g) Except as determined by a college athlete, affiliated medical personnel shall have the autonomous, unchallengeable authority to determine medical management and return-to-play decisions for the college athlete. Coaches and athletic program personnel who are not affiliated medical personnel shall not give the college athlete medical advice or attempt to influence or disregard affiliated medical personnel decisions.
- (h) Affiliated medical personnel shall be supervised and held accountable to comply with the health and safety standards adopted pursuant to this section by an institution of higher education's office or department that is independent of the institution's athletic department.
- 67467. (a) (1) An institution of higher education that reports twenty million dollars (\$20,000,000) or more in annual revenue to the United States Department of Education shall be financially responsible for the out-of-pocket sports-related medical expenses of each college athlete at the institution, and during the two-year period beginning on the date on which the college athlete officially becomes a former college athlete.
- (2) Paragraph (1) shall not apply to a college athlete who transfers to another institution of higher education or out-of-state higher education institution and participates on an intercollegiate athletics team at that institution.
- (3) Paragraph (1) shall not apply to a college athlete's medical expenses for medical conditions unrelated to the college athlete's intercollegiate sports participation that arise after the expiration of the college athlete's intercollegiate athletics eligibility.
- (b) (1) An institution of higher education that reports fifty million dollars (\$50,000,000) or more in annual revenue to the United States Department of Education shall comply with both of the following:

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(A) Offer nationally portable primary medical insurance to each college athlete who is enrolled at the institution. This insurance shall be paid for by the institution. The institution shall not discourage a college athlete from accepting this insurance.

- (B) Pay the out-of-pocket sports-related medical expenses of each college athlete at the institution, and during the four-year period beginning on the date the college athlete officially becomes a former college athlete.
- (2) Paragraph (1) shall not apply to a college athlete that transfers to another institution of higher education or out-of-state college or university and participates on an intercollegiate athletics team at that institution.
- (3) Paragraph (1) shall not apply to a college athlete's medical expenses for medical conditions unrelated to the college athlete's intercollegiate sports participation that arise after the expiration of the college athlete's intercollegiate athletics eligibility.
- (c) If a college athlete at an institution of higher education that is responsible for the college athlete's medical expenses pursuant to subdivision (a) or (b) chooses to receive medical care that is not provided pursuant to subdivision (a) or (b) or is not otherwise provided or paid for by the institution, the institution shall offer to the college athlete to pay an amount that is the lesser of the following:
  - (1) The out-of-pocket expenses for that medical care.
- (2) The amount the institution would have paid if the college athlete had received the medical care provided or paid for by the institution.
- (d) (1) An institution of higher education shall pay for a college athlete to obtain an independent second opinion on an athletic program-related injury or medical condition endured by the college athlete.
- (2) Institution of higher education personnel and affiliated medical personnel shall not withhold a college athlete's medical or athletic training records if the college athlete requests that those records be released to obtain an independent second opinion pursuant to paragraph (1), or otherwise impede a college athlete's right to obtain an independent second opinion pursuant to paragraph (1).
- (e) (1) No later than three days after the end of a college athlete's team's season in the final year of the college athlete's

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intercollegiate athletics eligibility, or in the case of a transfer, no later than three days after the institution's receipt of a college athlete's notice of intent to transfer to another college or university, an institution of higher education shall provide the college athlete notice of, and an opportunity to undergo, a physical examination within or independent of the institution for the purpose of diagnosing an athletic program-related injury or medical condition.

- (2) Institution of higher education personnel and affiliated medical personnel shall not discourage a college athlete or former college athlete from obtaining a physical examination pursuant to paragraph (1).
- (3) A former college athlete shall be provided no less than 60 days to complete a physical examination pursuant to paragraph (1).
- 67468. (a) On or before July 1 of each year, an institution shall comply with both of the following:
- (1) Complete an evaluation of its compliance with Title IX in athletics and the Office for Civil Rights' Title IX in athletics regulations. The evaluation shall include an aggregate analysis to determine all of the following:
- (A) Whether financial aid is provided on a substantially proportional basis to the number of the institution's male and female college athletes.
- (B) Whether the institution's male and female college athletes receive equivalent nonfinancial aid athletic treatment, benefits, and opportunities.
- (C) Whether the interests and abilities of the institution's male and female college athletes are equally effectively accommodated. Evaluation pursuant to this subparagraph shall include measures of the institution's performance on each part of the three-part test described in the Office for Civil Rights' Title IX in athletics regulations published on December 11, 1979.
- (D) The institution's determination about whether it is in compliance with Title IX in athletics and the specific indicators that provide evidence of its compliance or noncompliance.
- (2) Publish the evaluation on a publicly accessible internet website of the institution.
- (b) At the beginning of the evaluation published pursuant to subdivision (a), the institution shall include the following statement: "To submit a Title IX complaint, you may

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contact" (contact information of the Office for Civil Rights and the
institution's Title IX coordinator) and state the appropriate contact
information of the Office for Civil Rights and the institution's Title
IX coordinator.

- (c) (1) An individual who is determined by the CAP Panel in an administrative hearing to have knowingly refused to comply with this section, or knowingly provided misleading information or knowingly omitted information that created an inaccuracy in an evaluation published pursuant to subdivision (a), shall be banned from being involved in intercollegiate athletics at any institution of higher education.
- (2) Before a ban may be imposed pursuant to paragraph (1), an individual shall be provided adequate notice and an opportunity for an administrative hearing conducted by an administrative law judge to defend themselves against any allegation of a violation described in paragraph (1).
- 67469. (a) (1) An institution of higher education with an intercollegiate sports team that participated in a National Collegiate Athletic Association Division 1 sport on or after January 1, 2022, or becomes a member of a National Collegiate Athletic Association Division I sport thereafter, and that provides a college athlete with an athletic grant shall provide the college athlete with an athletic grant for each subsequent year in which the college athlete is enrolled at the institution for up to six academic years of total full-time college attendance, or until the college athlete receives a baccalaureate degree from the institution, whichever occurs first. The athletic grant shall be provided regardless of the college athlete's lack of participation due to injury or poor athletic performance on an intercollegiate athletics team at the institution.
- (2) The amount of an athletic grant provided to a college athlete each subsequent award year shall be no less than the sum of the amount of the athletic grant provided to the college athlete for the previous year plus the amount of any increase in the cost of attendance at the institution from the previous year to the subsequent award year.
- (b) (1) A college athlete who transfers to an institution of higher education shall receive an athletic grant in an amount determined pursuant to subdivision (a) for up to one academic year beyond the college athlete's remaining intercollegiate athletics eligibility in which the college athlete is enrolled at the institution, or until

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the college athlete receives a baccalaureate degree from the institution, whichever occurs first.

- (2) Unless a college athlete is granted a leave of absence in accordance with the institution of higher education's leave of absence policies that apply to the general student body, subdivision (a) shall only apply to a college athlete who is enrolled as a full-time student for each regular academic term of an award year.
- (3) Subdivision (a) shall not apply to a college athlete who provides a written notice of voluntary withdrawal from an intercollegiate athletics team at the institution, or who fails to consistently participate in mandatory team athletics activities for nonmedical reasons after having been fully informed that their participation in those activities is mandatory.
- (4) Subdivision (a) shall not apply to a college athlete who meets any of the following:
- (A) Is found by the institution of higher education to have committed academic fraud or other misconduct that would ordinarily result in expulsion.
- (B) Earns a grade point average of less than the grade point average required for the college athlete to maintain intercollegiate athletics eligibility for two or more semesters.
- (C) Fails to meet intercollegiate athletic association progress toward degree completion requirements.
  - (D) Is found guilty of a criminal act by a court.
- (c) (1) If the CAP Panel determines in an administrative hearing that an institution of higher education has eliminated roster slots on an athletic program's team, reduced aggregate athletic grant amounts, or eliminated an intercollegiate sport entirely while paying an athletics administrator or coach an annual salary of five hundred thousand dollars (\$500,000) or more, the athletic director or equivalent representative of the institution of higher education shall be suspended from involvement in intercollegiate athletics at an institution of higher education for, at minimum, three academic years, as determined by the CAP Panel.
- (2) Before a suspension may be imposed pursuant to paragraph (1), the individual shall be provided adequate notice and an opportunity for an administrative hearing conducted by an administrative law judge to defend themselves against any allegation of a violation described in paragraph (1).

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(d) An individual employed by or volunteering for an athletic program at an institution of higher education shall not do either of the following:

- (1) Attempt to discourage or in any way punish a college athlete from selecting a course or an academic major unless it prevents the college athlete from intercollegiate athletic association progress towards baccalaureate or postgraduate degree completion.
- (2) Punish, reduce intercollegiate athletics eligibility, or otherwise retaliate against a college athlete based on the college athlete's selection of any course, academic major, or baccalaureate or postgraduate degree program at the institution.
- (e) An individual employed by an athletic program at an institution of higher education shall not interfere with or discourage any college athlete from securing employment or internships, participating in student groups or events, or serving as a volunteer so long as those activities do not interfere with mandatory class time, examination periods, or the athletic program's mandatory team activities.
- (f) An institution of higher education shall not comply with any athletic association's or athletic conference's policy that does not count completed high school financial education and personal finance coursework toward athletic eligibility standards for incoming college athletes.
- 67470. (a) (1) An institution of higher education or an out-of-state college or university conducting college athlete recruiting activities in the state shall submit, as determined by the CAP Panel, all of the following information to the CAP Panel:
- (A) A complete list of companies and industries that the institution prohibits a prospective college athlete from entering into an NIL agreement with as a college athlete or intercollegiate athlete.
- (B) Whether or not the institution of higher education or out-of-state college or university may interfere with or otherwise attempt to influence a prospective college athlete's, college athlete's, or intercollegiate athlete's choice of athlete representation.
- (C) Whether or not the institution of higher education or out-of-state college or university may limit a prospective athlete's, college athlete's, or intercollegiate athlete's representation to NIL activities.

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(D) Whether or not the institution of higher education or out-of-state college or university receives any payment or benefit from an individual or entity in exchange for granting the individual or entity access to their college athletes or intercollegiate athletes for any NIL-related purpose.

- (2) The CAP Panel shall collect the information described in paragraph (1) and post it on a publicly accessible internet website for prospective college athletes, college athletes, and intercollegiate athletes.
- (b) An institution of higher education shall only use a document created by the CAP Panel to offer an athletic grant or intercollegiate athletics participation opportunity to a prospective college athlete. An out-of-state college or university offering an intercollegiate athletics grant or intercollegiate athletics participation opportunity to a California resident shall only use a document created by the CAP Panel to offer an intercollegiate athletics grant or intercollegiate athletics participation opportunity to a California resident. A document developed pursuant to this subdivision shall include, but is not limited to, all of the following disclosures:
- (1) The amount of intercollegiate sports grants to be offered to the prospective college athlete, relative to the most recent cost of attendance at the institution, for each academic year of the prospective athlete's intercollegiate athletics eligibility.
- (2) The total amount of possible annual education-related compensation allowable in accordance with the United States Supreme Court decision in National Collegiate Athletic Association v. Alston (2021) 141 S.Ct. 2141 and the annual amount of education-related compensation to be offered to the prospective college athlete at the institution throughout the prospective college athlete's intercollegiate athletics eligibility.
- (3) The amount of an intercollegiate sports grant, if any, that will be provided to assist the prospective college athlete with undergraduate and graduate school degree completion at the institution following the expiration of the college athlete's intercollegiate athletics eligibility.
- (4) The percentage of comprehensive medical coverage, including any minimum required coverage to participate in intercollegiate athletics and enroll as a student at the institution, that will be paid for by the institution throughout the college athlete's intercollegiate athletics eligibility.

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(5) The percentage of any out-of-pocket sports-related medical expenses, including deductibles, copays, and coinsurance, that will be paid by the institution during the college athlete's intercollegiate athletics eligibility, and the duration for which those expenses will be covered after the prospective athlete's intercollegiate athletics eligibility expires. The percentage of out-of-pocket sports-related medical expenses covered by the institution's in-network and out-of-network services shall be stated on the CAP Panel's internet website pursuant to this section.

- (6) Whether or not the institution will pay for a disability insurance policy for the college athlete in order to cover any future loss of earnings by the athlete due to a sports-related injury or medical condition, and any limits to that policy's benefits or coverage, including the maximum possible benefits based on similarly situated college athletes.
- (7) A list of all colleges and universities, if any, that the institution will not allow the athlete to freely transfer to once the agreement to attend the institution is executed.
- (8) The disclosures described in subdivision (a), as determined by the CAP Panel, at the beginning of the first page of a document provided to a college athlete pursuant to this subdivision.
- (c) This section does not prohibit an institution of higher education or out-of-state college or university this is subject to this section from providing protections or benefits that exceed those required by this section.
- (a) The CAP Certification Subpanel established pursuant to Section 67465 shall certify an individual or entity to provide intercollegiate athletics agent, marketing, and financial advising services to college athletes.
- (b) No later than six months after the launch of the CAP Certification Subpanel's certification operations, an individual or entity shall not provide intercollegiate athletics agent, marketing, or financial advising services to college athletes without the CAP Certification Subpanel's certified approval or receipt of other certification to provide those services established under law.
- 36 (c) The CAP Certification Subpanel shall develop and adopt standards for it to do all of the following:
  - (1) Certify all of the following:
- 39 (A) College athlete agents.
- 40 (B) Agencies and entities that employ college athlete agents.

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(C) Attorneys that represent college athletes in NIL contracts. This subparagraph does not replace or preempt any other state or local regulation of attorneys in the state.

- (D) Individuals and entities that provide financial advising or marketing services to college athletes. This subparagraph does not replace or preempt any federal, state, or local regulation of financial advising or marketing services in the state.
  - (2) Revoke certifications provided pursuant to paragraph (1).
- (3) Ensure fair fees are charged to college athletes for intercollegiate athletics agent, marketing, and financial advising services.
- (d) (1) The CAP Certification Subpanel may assess certification fees, certification renewal fees, fines, and penalties on individuals and entities that do not comply with the standards developed and adopted pursuant to subdivision (c). Fees assessed by the CAP Certification Subpanel pursuant to this paragraph shall not exceed the reasonable regulatory costs incurred by the CAP Certification Subpanel incident to issuing certifications, performing investigations, inspections, and audits related to certification, and the administrative enforcement and adjudication of the certification process.
- (2) The CAP Certification Subpanel shall develop an appeals process for an individual or entity to challenge a certification denial or revocation or any fee, fine, or penalty levied against the individual or entity pursuant to paragraph (1).
- (3) Fees and fines collected pursuant to subdivision (d) shall be deposited in the CAP Fund established pursuant to Section 67476.
- (e) The CAP Certification Subpanel shall not adopt a standard pursuant to this section that requires an individual to have a baccalaureate degree, an associate's degree, or a graduate degree to provide athletic agency, marketing, or financial advising services to college athletes.
- (f) Notwithstanding any other provision of this section, the CAP Certification Subpanel may authorize individuals and entities who have college athlete representation certifications issued by other states or entities to operate as college athlete representatives without obtaining certification from the CAP Certification Subpanel or paying certification fees assessed by the CAP Certification Subpanel.

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(1) The CAP Certification Subpanel may enter into collaborative college athlete certification program agreements with other states or entities.

- (2) To prevent conflicts of interest, the CAP Certification Subpanel shall not certify college athlete representation provided by an institution of higher education, an out-of-state college or university, an intercollegiate athletic conference, or an athletic association.
- (g) The CAP Certification Subpanel shall promulgate regulations for purposes of implementing and enforcing this section, as necessary.
- 67472. (a) On or before January 15, 2024, and annually thereafter, each institution of higher education that was a member of the National Collegiate Athletic Association on or after January 1, 2022, shall pay an annual fee to the department, in an amount determined by the CAP Panel pursuant to subdivision (b), to cover the reasonable regulatory costs of the CAP Program. The annual fees collected pursuant to this section shall not exceed seven million dollars (\$7,000,000) in aggregate per year. The CAP Panel may increase the annual fee limit to account for inflation. The annual fees shall be deposited in the CAP Fund established pursuant to Section 67476.
- (b) The CAP Panel shall base the annual fees on each institution's total athletics revenue in the most recently published report that was submitted pursuant to the federal Equity in Athletics Disclosure Act to the United States Department of Education. The CAP Panel shall establish the annual fees pursuant to all of the following requirements, and may adjust these fees, without exceeding the annual aggregate limit determined pursuant to subdivision (a):
- (1) Institutions of higher education with athletic revenue of less than two million, four hundred ninety-nine thousand, nine hundred ninety-nine dollars (\$2,499,999) shall each pay an annual fee of up to one hundred dollars (\$100).
- (2) Institutions of higher education with athletic revenue between two million, five hundred thousand dollars (\$2,500,000) and nineteen million, nine hundred ninety-nine thousand, nine hundred ninety-nine dollars (\$19,999,999), inclusive, shall each pay an annual fee of up to 0.01 percent of their total athletics revenue from the previous year.

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(3) Institutions of higher education with athletic revenue between twenty million dollars (\$20,000,000) and twenty-nine million, nine hundred ninety-nine thousand, nine hundred ninety-nine dollars (\$29,999,999), inclusive, shall each pay an annual fee of up to 0.1 percent of their total athletics revenue from the previous year.

- (4) Institutions of higher education with athletic revenue between thirty million dollars (\$30,000,000) and fifty-nine million, nine hundred ninety-nine thousand, nine hundred ninety-nine dollars (\$59,999,999), inclusive, shall each pay an annual fee of up to 0.3 percent of their total athletics revenue from the previous year.
- (5) Institutions of higher education with athletic revenue of at least sixty million dollars (\$60,000,000) shall each pay an annual fee of up to 1.3 percent of their total athletics revenue from the previous year.
- (6) Notwithstanding paragraphs (1) to (5), inclusive, two-year institutions of higher education shall each pay an annual fee of up to one hundred dollars (\$100).
- 67473. (a) An institution of higher education shall administer a financial and life skills development workshop program. An institution of higher education shall require each college athlete at the institution to attend the financial and life skills development workshop program during the college athlete's first and third year of participation in an athletics program at the institution.
- (b) A program developed pursuant to this section shall include, but is not limited to, information on both of the following:
  - (1) The rights of college athletes under this chapter.
- (2) State and federal tax information, including NIL-related taxes, time management skills, personal budgeting, debt management, credit management, and interest rates information.
- (c) A program developed pursuant to this section shall not include any marketing, advertising, referral, or solicitation by providers of commercial products or services.
- 67474. An institution of higher education shall not uphold any rule, requirement, standard, or other limitation that prevents a college athlete at the institution from fully participating in intercollegiate athletics without penalty for any of the following:
- (a) For receiving food, shelter, medical expenses, or medical or disability insurance from any source.
- (b) For receiving payment to cover expenses, direct provisions, or in-kind benefits from any source for purposes of transportation,

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room, board, and incidentals at college, or for purposes of meeting with legislators, providing testimony, or meeting with government agencies regarding intercollegiate athletics.

- (c) For a college athlete's family member or friend receiving payment, direct provisions, or in-kind benefits from any source for transportation, room, board, and incidentals to support the college athlete during any period in which the college athlete is addressing a physical or mental health concern.
- 67475. (a) An institution of higher education and the institution's employees, coaches, and affiliated medical personnel shall not retaliate against a college athlete for filing a complaint or reporting a violation of a college athlete's rights under this chapter.
- (b) For purposes of this chapter, "retaliation" shall include all of the following:
- (1) A reduction in or loss of playing time that is not justified by objective measures of athletic performance or compliance with team or the institution of higher education's policies that do not conflict with this chapter or any federal or state laws.
- (2) A reduction in or loss of any education benefits, including athletic grants, merit-based scholarships, or any other compensation.
- (3) A reduction in or loss of any meal benefits provided to the college athlete.
- (4) A reduction in or loss of any housing benefits provided to the college athlete, including the relocation of the college athlete's housing owned by the institution of higher education.
- (5) A reduction in or loss of athletics or team communications, academic support or records, access to training facilities, or medical treatment.
  - (6) Pressure to not file a complaint or to withdraw a complaint.
  - (7) Threats, ridicule, or physical punishment.
- 67476. The California Athlete Protection Fund (CAP Fund) is hereby established. The CAP Panel shall administer the CAP Fund. The CAP Fund shall serve as the repository of all moneys appropriated or collected pursuant to this chapter, except for moneys described in Section 67463. Moneys in the fund may be used, upon appropriation by the Legislature, by the CAP Panel or a CAP Subpanel established pursuant to Section 67465 for purposes of implementing and enforcing this chapter. Up to 5 percent of

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moneys in the CAP Fund, unless otherwise encumbered, may be used, upon appropriation by the Legislature, by the CAP Panel or a CAP Subpanel established pursuant to Section 67465 for administrative costs of implementing and enforcing this chapter.

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67477. The CAP Panel shall promulgate regulations for purposes of implementing and enforcing this chapter, as the CAP Panel deems appropriate or necessary.

67478. This chapter does not limit the enforcement authority of any state or federal agency or shield violators of this chapter from liability.

67479. The provisions of this chapter are severable. If any provision of this chapter or its application is held invalid, that invalidity shall not affect other provisions or applications that can be given effect without the invalid provision or application.

SEC. 6. If the Commission on State Mandates determines that this act contains costs mandated by the state, reimbursement to local agencies and school districts for those costs shall be made pursuant to Part 7 (commencing with Section 17500) of Division 4 of Title 2 of the Government Code.