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SENATE BILL NO. 12

Offered January 10, 2024

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A BILL to amend and reenact §§ 15.2-1627.5, 63.2-100, 63.2-1505, and 63.2-1506.1 of the Code of Virginia, relating to children's advocacy centers; definitions; investigations by local departments of social services.

 Patron—Favola

Referred to Committee on Rehabilitation and Social Services

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Virginia:

1. That §§ 15.2-1627.5, 63.2-100, 63.2-1505, and 63.2-1506.1 of the Code of Virginia are amended and reenacted as follows:

§ 15.2-1627.5. Coordination of multidisciplinary response to child sexual abuse and the abuse, neglect, and exploitation of adults.

A. The attorney for the Commonwealth in each jurisdiction in the Commonwealth shall establish a multidisciplinary child sexual abuse response team, which may be an existing multidisciplinary team. The multidisciplinary team shall conduct regular reviews of new and ongoing reports of felony sex offenses in the jurisdiction involving a child and the investigations thereof and, at the request of any member of the team, may conduct reviews of any other reports of child abuse and neglect or sex offenses in the jurisdiction involving a child and the investigations thereof. The multidisciplinary team shall meet frequently enough to ensure that no new or ongoing reports go more than 60 days without being reviewed by the team.

B. The following individuals, or their designees, shall participate in review meetings of the multidisciplinary team established pursuant to subsection A: the attorney for the Commonwealth; law-enforcement officials responsible for the investigation of sex offenses involving a child in the jurisdiction; a representative of the local child protective services unit; a representative of a ~~child~~ *children's* advocacy center serving the jurisdiction, if one exists; and a representative of an Internet Crimes Against Children task force affiliate agency serving the jurisdiction, if one exists. In addition, the attorney for the Commonwealth may invite other individuals, or their designees, including the school superintendent of the jurisdiction; a representative of any sexual assault crisis center serving the jurisdiction, if one exists; the director of the victim/witness program serving the jurisdiction, if one exists; and a health professional knowledgeable in the treatment and provision of services to children who have been sexually abused.

C. The attorney for the Commonwealth in each jurisdiction may also establish a multidisciplinary adult abuse, neglect, and exploitation response team to review cases of abuse, neglect, and exploitation of adults as defined in § 63.2-1603. The multidisciplinary team may be established separately or in conjunction with any already existing multidisciplinary team.

§ 63.2-100. Definitions.

As used in this title, unless the context requires a different meaning:

"Abused or neglected child" means any child less than 18 years of age:

1. Whose parents or other person responsible for his care creates or inflicts, threatens to create or inflict, or allows to be created or inflicted upon such child a physical or mental injury by other than accidental means, or creates a substantial risk of death, disfigurement, or impairment of bodily or mental functions, including, but not limited to, a child who is with his parent or other person responsible for his care either (i) during the manufacture or attempted manufacture of a Schedule I or II controlled substance, or (ii) during the unlawful sale of such substance by that child's parents or other person responsible for his care, where such manufacture, or attempted manufacture or unlawful sale would constitute a felony violation of § 18.2-248;

2. Whose parents or other person responsible for his care neglects or refuses to provide care necessary for his health. However, no child who in good faith is under treatment solely by spiritual means through prayer in accordance with the tenets and practices of a recognized church or religious denomination shall for that reason alone be considered to be an abused or neglected child. Further, a decision by parents who have legal authority for the child or, in the absence of parents with legal authority for the child, any person with legal authority for the child, who refuses a particular medical treatment for a child with a life-threatening condition shall not be deemed a refusal to provide necessary care if (i) such decision is made jointly by the parents or other person with legal authority and the child; (ii) the child has reached 14 years of age and is sufficiently mature to have an informed opinion on the

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subject of his medical treatment; (iii) the parents or other person with legal authority and the child have considered alternative treatment options; and (iv) the parents or other person with legal authority and the child believe in good faith that such decision is in the child's best interest. No child whose parent or other person responsible for his care allows the child to engage in independent activities without adult supervision shall for that reason alone be considered to be an abused or neglected child, provided that (a) such independent activities are appropriate based on the child's age, maturity, and physical and mental abilities and (b) such lack of supervision does not constitute conduct that is so grossly negligent as to endanger the health or safety of the child. Such independent activities include traveling to or from school or nearby locations by bicycle or on foot, playing outdoors, or remaining at home for a reasonable period of time. Nothing in this subdivision shall be construed to limit the provisions of § 16.1-278.4;

3. Whose parents or other person responsible for his care abandons such child;

4. Whose parents or other person responsible for his care, or an intimate partner of such parent or person, commits or allows to be committed any act of sexual exploitation or any sexual act upon a child in violation of the law;

5. Who is without parental care or guardianship caused by the unreasonable absence or the mental or physical incapacity of the child's parent, guardian, legal custodian or other person standing in loco parentis;

6. Whose parents or other person responsible for his care creates a substantial risk of physical or mental injury by knowingly leaving the child alone in the same dwelling, including an apartment as defined in § 55.1-2000, with a person to whom the child is not related by blood or marriage and who the parent or other person responsible for his care knows has been convicted of an offense against a minor for which registration is required as a Tier III offender pursuant to § 9.1-902; or

7. Who has been identified as a victim of sex trafficking or severe forms of trafficking as defined in the Trafficking Victims Protection Act of 2000, 22 U.S.C. § 7102 et seq., and in the Justice for Victims of Trafficking Act of 2015, 42 U.S.C. § 5101 et seq.

If a civil proceeding under this title is based solely on the parent having left the child at a hospital or emergency medical services agency, it shall be an affirmative defense that such parent safely delivered the child within 30 days of the child's birth to (i) a hospital that provides 24-hour emergency services, (ii) an attended emergency medical services agency that employs emergency medical services providers, or (iii) a newborn safety device located at and operated by such hospital or emergency medical services agency. For purposes of terminating parental rights pursuant to § 16.1-283 and placement for adoption, the court may find such a child is a neglected child upon the ground of abandonment.

"Adoptive home" means any family home selected and approved by a parent, local board or a licensed child-placing agency for the placement of a child with the intent of adoption.

"Adoptive placement" means arranging for the care of a child who is in the custody of a child-placing agency in an approved home for the purpose of adoption.

"Adult abuse" means the willful infliction of physical pain, injury or mental anguish or unreasonable confinement of an adult as defined in § 63.2-1603.

"Adult day care center" means any facility that is either operated for profit or that desires licensure and that provides supplementary care and protection during only a part of the day to four or more adults who are aged or infirm or who have disabilities and who reside elsewhere, except (i) a facility or portion of a facility licensed by the State Board of Health or the Department of Behavioral Health and Developmental Services, and (ii) the home or residence of an individual who cares for only persons related to him by blood or marriage. Included in this definition are any two or more places, establishments or institutions owned, operated or controlled by a single entity and providing such supplementary care and protection to a combined total of four or more adults who are aged or infirm or who have disabilities.

"Adult exploitation" means the illegal, unauthorized, improper, or fraudulent use of an adult as defined in § 63.2-1603 or his funds, property, benefits, resources, or other assets for another's profit, benefit, or advantage, including a caregiver or person serving in a fiduciary capacity, or that deprives the adult of his rightful use of or access to such funds, property, benefits, resources, or other assets. "Adult exploitation" includes (i) an intentional breach of a fiduciary obligation to an adult to his detriment or an intentional failure to use the financial resources of an adult in a manner that results in neglect of such adult; (ii) the acquisition, possession, or control of an adult's financial resources or property through the use of undue influence, coercion, or duress; and (iii) forcing or coercing an adult to pay for goods or services or perform services against his will for another's profit, benefit, or advantage if the adult did not agree, or was tricked, misled, or defrauded into agreeing, to pay for such goods or services or to perform such services.

"Adult foster care" means room and board, supervision, and special services to an adult who has a physical or mental condition. Adult foster care may be provided by a single provider for up to three

adults. "Adult foster care" does not include services or support provided to individuals through the Fostering Futures program set forth in Article 2 (§ 63.2-917 et seq.) of Chapter 9.

"Adult neglect" means that an adult as defined in § 63.2-1603 is living under such circumstances that he is not able to provide for himself or is not being provided services necessary to maintain his physical and mental health and that the failure to receive such necessary services impairs or threatens to impair his well-being. However, no adult shall be considered neglected solely on the basis that such adult is receiving religious nonmedical treatment or religious nonmedical nursing care in lieu of medical care, provided that such treatment or care is performed in good faith and in accordance with the religious practices of the adult and there is a written or oral expression of consent by that adult.

"Adult protective services" means services provided by the local department that are necessary to protect an adult as defined in § 63.2-1603 from abuse, neglect or exploitation.

"Assisted living care" means a level of service provided by an assisted living facility for adults who may have physical or mental impairments and require at least a moderate level of assistance with activities of daily living.

"Assisted living facility" means any congregate residential setting that provides or coordinates personal and health care services, 24-hour supervision, and assistance (scheduled and unscheduled) for the maintenance or care of four or more adults who are aged or infirm or who have disabilities and who are cared for in a primarily residential setting, except (i) a facility or portion of a facility licensed by the State Board of Health or the Department of Behavioral Health and Developmental Services, but including any portion of such facility not so licensed; (ii) the home or residence of an individual who cares for or maintains only persons related to him by blood or marriage; (iii) a facility or portion of a facility serving individuals who are infirm or who have disabilities between the ages of 18 and 21, or 22 if enrolled in an educational program for individuals with disabilities pursuant to § 22.1-214, when such facility is licensed by the Department as a children's residential facility under Chapter 17 (§ 63.2-1700 et seq.), but including any portion of the facility not so licensed; and (iv) any housing project for individuals who are 62 years of age or older or individuals with disabilities that provides no more than basic coordination of care services and is funded by the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development, by the U.S. Department of Agriculture, or by the Virginia Housing Development Authority. Included in this definition are any two or more places, establishments or institutions owned or operated by a single entity and providing maintenance or care to a combined total of four or more adults who are aged or infirm or who have disabilities. Maintenance or care means the protection, general supervision and oversight of the physical and mental well-being of an individual who is aged or infirm or who has a disability.

"Auxiliary grants" means cash payments made to certain aged, blind or disabled individuals who receive benefits under Title XVI of the Social Security Act, as amended, or would be eligible to receive these benefits except for excess income.

"Birth family" or "birth sibling" means the child's biological family or biological sibling.

"Birth parent" means the child's biological parent and, for purposes of adoptive placement, means parent(s) by previous adoption.

"Board" means the State Board of Social Services.

"Child" means any natural person who is (i) under 18 years of age or (ii) for purposes of the Fostering Futures program set forth in Article 2 (§ 63.2-917 et seq.) of Chapter 9, under 21 years of age and meets the eligibility criteria set forth in § 63.2-919.

"Child-placing agency" means (i) any person who places children in foster homes, adoptive homes or independent living arrangements pursuant to § 63.2-1819, (ii) a local board that places children in foster homes or adoptive homes pursuant to §§ 63.2-900, 63.2-903, and 63.2-1221, or (iii) an entity that assists parents with the process of delegating parental and legal custodial powers of their children pursuant to Chapter 10 (§ 20-166 et seq.) of Title 20. "Child-placing agency" does not include the persons to whom such parental or legal custodial powers are delegated pursuant to Chapter 10 (§ 20-166 et seq.) of Title 20. Officers, employees, or agents of the Commonwealth, or any locality acting within the scope of their authority as such, who serve as or maintain a child-placing agency, shall not be required to be licensed.

"Child-protective services" means the identification, receipt and immediate response to complaints and reports of alleged child abuse or neglect for children under 18 years of age. It also includes assessment, and arranging for and providing necessary protective and rehabilitative services for a child and his family when the child has been found to have been abused or neglected or is at risk of being abused or neglected.

"Children's advocacy center" means a child-friendly facility that (i) enables law enforcement, child protection, prosecution, mental health, medical, and victim advocacy professionals to work together to investigate child abuse, help children heal from abuse, and hold offenders accountable; (ii) is accredited by or is an associate or developing member pursuing accreditation by the National Children's Alliance; and (iii) is a member in good standing of the Children's Advocacy Centers of Virginia.

182 *"Children's Advocacy Centers of Virginia" means the Virginia chapter of the National Children's*
183 *Alliance and the organizing entity for children's advocacy centers in Virginia.*

184 "Child support services" means any civil, criminal or administrative action taken by the Division of
185 Child Support Enforcement to locate parents; establish paternity; and establish, modify, enforce, or
186 collect child support, or child and spousal support.

187 "Child-welfare agency" means a child-placing agency, children's residential facility, or independent
188 foster home.

189 "Children's residential facility" means any facility, child-caring institution, or group home that is
190 maintained for the purpose of receiving children separated from their parents or guardians for full-time
191 care, maintenance, protection and guidance, or for the purpose of providing independent living services
192 to persons between 18 and 21 years of age who are in the process of transitioning out of foster care.
193 Children's residential facility shall not include:

194 1. A licensed or accredited educational institution whose pupils, in the ordinary course of events,
195 return annually to the homes of their parents or guardians for not less than two months of summer
196 vacation;

197 2. An establishment required to be licensed as a summer camp by § 35.1-18; and

198 3. A licensed or accredited hospital legally maintained as such.

199 "Commissioner" means the Commissioner of the Department, his designee or authorized
200 representative.

201 "Department" means the State Department of Social Services.

202 "Department of Health and Human Services" means the Department of Health and Human Services
203 of the United States government or any department or agency thereof that may hereafter be designated
204 as the agency to administer the Social Security Act, as amended.

205 "Disposable income" means that part of the income due and payable of any individual remaining
206 after the deduction of any amount required by law to be withheld.

207 "Energy assistance" means benefits to assist low-income households with their home heating and
208 cooling needs, including, but not limited to, purchase of materials or substances used for home heating,
209 repair or replacement of heating equipment, emergency intervention in no-heat situations, purchase or
210 repair of cooling equipment, and payment of electric bills to operate cooling equipment, in accordance
211 with § 63.2-805, or provided under the Virginia Energy Assistance Program established pursuant to the
212 Low-Income Home Energy Assistance Act of 1981 (Title XXVI of P.L. 97-35), as amended.

213 "Family and permanency team" means the group of individuals assembled by the local department to
214 assist with determining planning and placement options for a child, which shall include, as appropriate,
215 all biological relatives and fictive kin of the child, as well as any professionals who have served as a
216 resource to the child or his family, such as teachers, medical or mental health providers, and clergy
217 members. In the case of a child who is 14 years of age or older, the family and permanency team shall
218 also include any members of the child's case planning team that were selected by the child in
219 accordance with subsection A of § 16.1-281.

220 "Federal-Funded Kinship Guardianship Assistance program" means a program consistent with 42
221 U.S.C. § 673 that provides, subject to a kinship guardianship assistance agreement developed in
222 accordance with § 63.2-1305, payments to eligible individuals who have received custody of a child of
223 whom they had been the foster parents.

224 "Fictive kin" means persons who are not related to a child by blood or adoption but have an
225 established relationship with the child or his family.

226 "Foster care placement" means placement of a child through (i) an agreement between the parents or
227 guardians and the local board where legal custody remains with the parents or guardians or (ii) an
228 entrustment or commitment of the child to the local board or licensed child-placing agency. "Foster care
229 placement" does not include placement of a child in accordance with a power of attorney pursuant to
230 Chapter 10 (§ 20-166 et seq.) of Title 20.

231 "Foster home" means a residence approved by a child-placing agency or local board in which any
232 child, other than a child by birth or adoption of such person or a child who is the subject of a power of
233 attorney to delegate parental or legal custodial powers by his parents or legal custodian to the natural
234 person who has been designated the child's legal guardian pursuant to Chapter 10 (§ 20-166 et seq.) of
235 Title 20 and who exercises legal authority over the child on a continuous basis for at least 24 hours
236 without compensation, resides as a member of the household.

237 "General relief" means money payments and other forms of relief made to those persons mentioned
238 in § 63.2-802 in accordance with the regulations of the Board and reimbursable in accordance with §
239 63.2-401.

240 "Independent foster home" means a private family home in which any child, other than a child by
241 birth or adoption of such person, resides as a member of the household and has been placed therein
242 independently of a child-placing agency except (i) a home in which are received only children related by
243 birth or adoption of the person who maintains such home and children of personal friends of such

person; (ii) a home in which is received a child or children committed under the provisions of subdivision A 4 of § 16.1-278.2, subdivision 6 of § 16.1-278.4, or subdivision A 13 of § 16.1-278.8; and (iii) a home in which are received only children who are the subject of a properly executed power of attorney pursuant to Chapter 10 (§ 20-166 et seq.) of Title 20.

"Independent living" means a planned program of services designed to assist a child age 16 and over and persons who are former foster care children or were formerly committed to the Department of Juvenile Justice and are between the ages of 18 and 21 in transitioning to self-sufficiency.

"Independent living arrangement" means placement of (i) a child at least 16 years of age who is in the custody of a local board or licensed child-placing agency by the local board or licensed child-placing agency or (ii) a child at least 16 years of age or a person between the ages of 18 and 21 who was committed to the Department of Juvenile Justice immediately prior to placement by the Department of Juvenile Justice, in a living arrangement in which such child or person does not have daily substitute parental supervision.

"Independent living services" means services and activities provided to a child in foster care 14 years of age or older who was committed or entrusted to a local board of social services, child welfare agency, or private child-placing agency. "Independent living services" may also mean services and activities provided to a person who (i) was in foster care on his 18th birthday and has not yet reached the age of 21 years; (ii) is between the ages of 18 and 21 and who, immediately prior to his commitment to the Department of Juvenile Justice, was in the custody of a local board of social services; or (iii) is a child at least 16 years of age or a person between the ages of 18 and 21 who was committed to the Department of Juvenile Justice immediately prior to placement in an independent living arrangement. Such services shall include counseling, education, housing, employment, and money management skills development, access to essential documents, and other appropriate services to help children or persons prepare for self-sufficiency.

"Independent physician" means a physician who is chosen by the resident of the assisted living facility and who has no financial interest in the assisted living facility, directly or indirectly, as an owner, officer, or employee or as an independent contractor with the residence.

"Intercountry placement" means the arrangement for the care of a child in an adoptive home or foster care placement into or out of the Commonwealth by a licensed child-placing agency, court, or other entity authorized to make such placements in accordance with the laws of the foreign country under which it operates.

"Interstate placement" means the arrangement for the care of a child in an adoptive home, foster care placement or in the home of the child's parent or with a relative or nonagency guardian, into or out of the Commonwealth, by a child-placing agency or court when the full legal right of the child's parent or nonagency guardian to plan for the child has been voluntarily terminated or limited or severed by the action of any court.

"Kinship care" means the full-time care, nurturing, and protection of children by relatives.

"Kinship guardian" means the adult relative of a child in a kinship guardianship established in accordance with § 63.2-1305 or 63.2-1306 who has been awarded custody of the child by the court after acting as the child's foster parent.

"Kinship guardianship" means a relationship established in accordance with § 63.2-1305 or 63.2-1306 between a child and an adult relative of the child who has formerly acted as the child's foster parent that is intended to be permanent and self-sustaining as evidenced by the transfer by the court to the adult relative of the child of the authority necessary to ensure the protection, education, care and control, and custody of the child and the authority for decision making for the child.

"Local board" means the local board of social services representing one or more counties or cities.

"Local department" means the local department of social services of any county or city in the Commonwealth.

"Local director" means the director or his designated representative of the local department of the city or county.

"Merit system plan" means those regulations adopted by the Board in the development and operation of a system of personnel administration meeting requirements of the federal Office of Personnel Management.

"National Children's Alliance" means the national professional membership organization that provides standards for children's advocacy center accreditation.

"Parental placement" means locating or effecting the placement of a child or the placing of a child in a family home by the child's parent or legal guardian for the purpose of foster care or adoption.

"Public assistance" means Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF); auxiliary grants to the aged, blind and disabled; medical assistance; energy assistance; food stamps; employment services; child care; and general relief.

"Qualified assessor" means an entity contracting with the Department of Medical Assistance Services

305 to perform nursing facility pre-admission screening or to complete the uniform assessment instrument for
306 a home and community-based waiver program, including an independent physician contracting with the
307 Department of Medical Assistance Services to complete the uniform assessment instrument for residents
308 of assisted living facilities, or any hospital that has contracted with the Department of Medical
309 Assistance Services to perform nursing facility pre-admission screenings.

310 "Qualified individual" means a trained professional or licensed clinician who is not an employee of
311 the local board of social services or licensed child-placing agency that placed the child in a qualified
312 residential treatment program and is not affiliated with any placement setting in which children are
313 placed by such local board of social services or licensed child-placing agency.

314 "Qualified residential treatment program" means a program that (i) provides 24-hour residential
315 placement services for children in foster care; (ii) has adopted a trauma-informed treatment model that
316 meets the clinical and other needs of children with serious emotional or behavioral disorders, including
317 any clinical or other needs identified through assessments conducted pursuant to clause (viii) of this
318 definition; (iii) employs registered or licensed nursing and other clinical staff who provide care, on site
319 and within the scope of their practice, and are available 24 hours a day, 7 days a week; (iv) conducts
320 outreach with the child's family members, including efforts to maintain connections between the child
321 and his siblings and other family; documents and maintains records of such outreach efforts; and
322 maintains contact information for any known biological family and fictive kin of the child; (v) whenever
323 appropriate and in the best interest of the child, facilitates participation by family members in the child's
324 treatment program before and after discharge and documents the manner in which such participation is
325 facilitated; (vi) provides discharge planning and family-based aftercare support for at least six months
326 after discharge; (vii) is licensed in accordance with 42 U.S.C. § 671(a)(10) and accredited by an
327 organization approved by the federal Secretary of Health and Human Services; and (viii) requires that
328 any child placed in the program receive an assessment within 30 days of such placement by a qualified
329 individual that (a) assesses the strengths and needs of the child using an age-appropriate, evidence-based,
330 validated, and functional assessment tool approved by the Commissioner of Social Services; (b)
331 identifies whether the needs of the child can be met through placement with a family member or in a
332 foster home or, if not, in a placement setting authorized by 42 U.S.C. § 672(k)(2), including a qualified
333 residential treatment program, that would provide the most effective and appropriate level of care for the
334 child in the least restrictive environment and be consistent with the short-term and long-term goals
335 established for the child in his foster care or permanency plan; (c) establishes a list of short-term and
336 long-term mental and behavioral health goals for the child; and (d) is documented in a written report to
337 be filed with the court prior to any hearing on the child's placement pursuant to § 16.1-281, 16.1-282,
338 16.1-282.1, or 16.1-282.2.

339 "Residential living care" means a level of service provided by an assisted living facility for adults
340 who may have physical or mental impairments and require only minimal assistance with the activities of
341 daily living. The definition of "residential living care" includes the services provided by independent
342 living facilities that voluntarily become licensed.

343 "Sibling" means each of two or more children having one or more parents in common.

344 "Social services" means foster care, adoption, adoption assistance, child-protective services, domestic
345 violence services, or any other services program implemented in accordance with regulations adopted by
346 the Board. Social services also includes adult services pursuant to Article 4 (§ 51.5-144 et seq.) of
347 Chapter 14 of Title 51.5 and adult protective services pursuant to Article 5 (§ 51.5-148) of Chapter 14
348 of Title 51.5 provided by local departments of social services in accordance with regulations and under
349 the supervision of the Commissioner for Aging and Rehabilitative Services.

350 "Special order" means an order imposing an administrative sanction issued to any party licensed
351 pursuant to this title by the Commissioner that has a stated duration of not more than 12 months. A
352 special order shall be considered a case decision as defined in § 2.2-4001.

353 "State-Funded Kinship Guardianship Assistance program" means a program that provides payments to
354 eligible individuals who have received custody of a relative child subject to a kinship guardianship
355 assistance agreement developed in accordance with § 63.2-1306.

356 "Supervised independent living setting" means the residence of a person 18 years of age or older
357 who is participating in the Fostering Futures program set forth in Article 2 (§ 63.2-917 et seq.) of
358 Chapter 9 where supervision includes a monthly visit with a service worker or, when appropriate,
359 contracted supervision. "Supervised independent living setting" does not include residential facilities or
360 group homes.

361 "Temporary Assistance for Needy Families" or "TANF" means the program administered by the
362 Department through which a relative can receive monthly cash assistance for the support of his eligible
363 children.

364 "Temporary Assistance for Needy Families-Unemployed Parent" or "TANF-UP" means the
365 Temporary Assistance for Needy Families program for families in which both natural or adoptive
366 parents of a child reside in the home and neither parent is exempt from Virginia Initiative for Education

and Work (VIEW) participation under § 63.2-609.

"Title IV-E Foster Care" means a federal program authorized under §§ 472 and 473 of the Social Security Act, as amended, and administered by the Department through which foster care is provided on behalf of qualifying children.

§ 63.2-1505. Investigations by local departments.

A. An investigation requires the collection of information necessary to determine:

1. The immediate safety needs of the child;

2. The protective and rehabilitative services needs of the child and family that will deter abuse or neglect;

3. Risk of future harm to the child;

4. Alternative plans for the child's safety if protective and rehabilitative services are indicated and the family is unable or unwilling to participate in services;

5. Whether abuse or neglect has occurred;

6. If abuse or neglect has occurred, who abused or neglected the child; and

7. A finding of either founded or unfounded based on the facts collected during the investigation.

B. If the local department responds to the report or complaint by conducting an investigation, the local department shall:

1. Make immediate investigation and, if the report or complaint was based upon one of the factors specified in subsection B of § 63.2-1509, the local department may file a petition pursuant to § 16.1-241.3;

2. Complete a report and enter it into the statewide automation system maintained by the Department;

3. Consult with the family to arrange for necessary protective and rehabilitative services to be provided to the child and his family;

4. Petition the court for services deemed necessary including, but not limited to, removal of the child or his siblings from their home;

5. Determine within 45 days if a report of abuse or neglect is founded or unfounded and transmit a report to such effect to the Department and to the person who is the subject of the investigation. However, upon written justification by the local department, the time for such determination may be extended not to exceed a total of 60 days or, in the event that the investigation is being conducted in cooperation with a law-enforcement agency and both parties agree that circumstances so warrant, as stated in the written justification, the time for such determination may be extended not to exceed 90 days. If through the exercise of reasonable diligence the local department is unable to find the child who is the subject of the report, the time the child cannot be found shall not be computed as part of the total time period allowed for the investigation and determination and documentation of such reasonable diligence shall be placed in the record. In cases involving the death of a child or alleged sexual abuse of a child who is the subject of the report, the time during which records necessary for the investigation of the complaint but not created by the local department, including autopsy or medical or forensic records or reports, are not available to the local department due to circumstances beyond the local department's control shall not be computed as part of the total time period allowed for the investigation and determination, and documentation of the circumstances that resulted in the delay shall be placed in the record. In cases in which the subject of the investigation is a full-time, part-time, permanent, or temporary employee of a school division who is suspected of abusing or neglecting a child in the course of his educational employment, the time period for determining whether a report is founded or unfounded and transmitting a report to that effect to the Department and the person who is the subject of the investigation shall be mandatory, and every local department shall make the required determination and report within the specified time period without delay;

6. If a report of abuse or neglect is unfounded, transmit a report to such effect to the complainant and parent or guardian and the person responsible for the care of the child in those cases where such person was suspected of abuse or neglect;

7. If a report of child abuse and neglect is founded, and the subject of the report is or was at the time of the investigation or the conduct that led to the report a full-time, part-time, permanent, or temporary employee of a school division located within the Commonwealth, notify the relevant school board of the founded complaint without delay; and

8. Upon request, disclose to the child's parent or guardian the location of the child, provided that (i) the investigation has not been completed and a report has not been transmitted pursuant to subdivision 5; (ii) the parent or guardian requesting disclosure of the child's location has not been the subject of a founded report of child abuse or neglect; (iii) the parent or guardian requesting disclosure of the child's location has legal custody of the child and provides to the local department any records or other information necessary to verify such custody; (iv) the local department is not aware of any court order, and has confirmed with the child's other parent or guardian or other person responsible for the care of

the child that no court order has been issued, that prohibits or limits contact by the parent or guardian requesting disclosure of the child's location with the child, the child's other parent or guardian or other person responsible for the care of the child, or any member of the household in which the child is located; and (v) disclosure of the child's location to the parent or guardian will not compromise the safety of the child, the child's other parent or guardian, or any other person responsible for the care of the child.

If a local multidisciplinary team has determined that an interview of the child by a ~~child~~ *children's* advocacy center ~~recognized by the National Children's Alliance~~ is needed and an interview with a ~~recognized child~~ *children's* advocacy center within the jurisdiction cannot be completed within 14 days, the local department may facilitate the interview with a ~~recognized child~~ *children's* advocacy center located in another jurisdiction or *another trained child forensic interviewer*.

Any information exchanged for the purposes of this subsection shall not be considered a violation of § 63.2-102, 63.2-104, or 63.2-105.

C. Each local board may obtain and consider, in accordance with regulations adopted by the Board, statewide criminal history record information from the Central Criminal Records Exchange and shall obtain and consider results of a search of the child abuse and neglect central registry of any individual who is the subject of a child abuse or neglect investigation conducted under this section when there is evidence of child abuse or neglect and the local board is evaluating the safety of the home and whether removal will protect a child from harm. The local board shall determine whether the individual has resided in another state within at least the preceding five years and, if he has resided in another state, the local board shall request a search of the child abuse and neglect registry or equivalent registry maintained by such state. The local board also may obtain such a criminal records or registry search on all adult household members residing in the home where the individual who is the subject of the investigation resides and the child resides or visits. If a child abuse or neglect petition is filed in connection with such removal, a court may admit such information as evidence. Where the individual who is the subject of such information contests its accuracy through testimony under oath in hearing before the court, no court shall receive or consider the contested criminal history record information without certified copies of conviction. Further dissemination of the information provided to the local board is prohibited, except as authorized by law.

D. A person who has not previously participated in the investigation of complaints of child abuse or neglect in accordance with this chapter shall not participate in the investigation of any case involving a complaint of alleged sexual abuse of a child unless he (i) has completed a Board-approved training program for the investigation of complaints involving alleged sexual abuse of a child or (ii) is under the direct supervision of a person who has completed a Board-approved training program for the investigation of complaints involving alleged sexual abuse of a child. No individual may make a determination of whether a case involving a complaint of alleged sexual abuse of a child is founded or unfounded unless he has completed a Board-approved training program for the investigation of complaints involving alleged sexual abuse of a child.

E. Any individual who is the subject of a child abuse or neglect investigation conducted under this section shall notify the local department prior to changing his place of residence and provide the local department with the address of his new residence.

§ 63.2-1506.1. Human trafficking assessments by local departments.

A. If a report or complaint is based upon information and allegations that a child is a victim of sex trafficking or severe forms of trafficking as defined in the federal Trafficking Victims Protection Act of 2000 (22 U.S.C. § 7102 et seq.) and in the federal Justice for Victims of Trafficking Act of 2015 (P.L. 114-22), the local department shall conduct a human trafficking assessment, unless at any time during the human trafficking assessment the local department determines that an investigation or family assessment is required pursuant to § 63.2-1505 or 63.2-1506. *If at any time during the human trafficking assessment it is determined that a forensic interview of the child is needed, such interview may be performed by a children's advocacy center within the jurisdiction; however, if an interview with a children's advocacy center within the jurisdiction cannot be completed within 14 days, the forensic interview may be conducted by a children's advocacy center located in another jurisdiction or another trained child forensic interviewer.*

B. A human trafficking assessment requires the collection of information necessary to determine:

1. The immediate safety needs of the child;
2. The protective and rehabilitative services needs of the child and the child's family that will deter abuse and neglect; and
3. Risk of future harm to the child.

C. When a local department responds to the report or complaint by conducting a human trafficking assessment, the local department may:

1. Consult with the family to arrange for necessary protective and rehabilitative services to be provided to the child and the child's family;

490 2. Petition the court for services deemed necessary; or

491 3. Commence an immediate investigation or family assessment, if at any time during the human
492 trafficking assessment the local department determines that an investigation or family assessment is
493 required pursuant to § 63.2-1505 or 63.2-1506.

494 D. In the event that the parents or guardians of the child reside in a jurisdiction other than that in
495 which the report or complaint was received, the local department that received the report or complaint
496 and the local department where the child resides with his parents or guardians shall work jointly to
497 complete the human trafficking assessment.

498 E. Reports or complaints for which a human trafficking assessment is completed shall not be entered
499 into the central registry contained in § 63.2-1515.

500 F. The local department or departments shall notify the Child Protective Services Unit within the
501 Department in writing whenever such a human trafficking assessment is conducted.

502 G. When conducting a human trafficking assessment pursuant to this section, the local department
503 may interview the alleged child victim or his siblings without the consent and outside the presence of
504 such child's or siblings' parent, guardian, legal custodian, or other person standing in loco parentis, or
505 school personnel.