GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA SESSION 2025

FILED SENATE

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PRINCIPAL CLERK

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SENATE BILL DRS15199-NL-42A

Short Title:	Medicaid Agency Omnibus.	(Public)	
Sponsors:	Senators Burgin, Galey, and Sawrey (Primary Sponsors).		
Referred to:			
LAWS PE DIVISIO	A BILL TO BE ENTITLED AKING TECHNICAL, CONFORMING, AND OTHER MODE ERTAINING TO THE DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUN N OF HEALTH BENEFITS. Assembly of North Carolina enacts:		
TEMPORARILY EXTEND OPTION TO DECREASE MEDICAID ENROLLMENT BURDEN ON COUNTY DEPARTMENTS OF SOCIAL SERVICES SECTION 1. Section 1.8(a) of S.L. 2023-7, as amended by Section 9(a) of S.L. 2024-34, reads as rewritten: "SECTION 1.8.(a) Notwithstanding G.S. 108A-54(d) and in accordance with G.S. 143B-24(b), the Department of Health and Human Services (DHHS) is authorized, on a temporary basis to conclude by June 30, 2025, 2028, to utilize the federally facilitated marketplace (Marketplace), also known as the federal health benefit exchange, to make Medicaid eligibility determinations. In accordance with G.S. 108A-54(b), G.S. 108A-54(f), these eligibility determinations shall be in compliance with all eligibility categories, resource limits, and income thresholds set by the General Assembly."			
CLARIFY ENROLLMENT IN MEDICAID MANAGED CARE AFTER RELEASE FROM INCARCERATION SECTION 2.(a) G.S. 108D-40 reads as rewritten: "§ 108D-40. Populations covered by PHPs. (a) Capitated PHP contracts shall cover all Medicaid program aid categories except for the following categories:			
(9	prison, the exception under this subdivision shall continue period that is the shorter of the following:until the first of following the twelfth month after the recipient's release. a. The recipient's initial Medicaid eligibility certific release. b. Three hundred sixty five days.	ue to apply for a day of the month ation period post	
(9	 Recipients residing in carceral settings other than prisons and eligibility has been suspended. Upon the recipient incarceration, the exception under this subdivision shall cor 	t's release from	



		a period that is the shorter of the following: until the first day of the month	
		following the twelfth month after the recipient's release.	
		a. The recipient's initial Medicaid eligibility certification period post	
		release.	
		b. Three hundred sixty five days.	
	"		
	SEC	FION 2.(b) This section is effective when it becomes law and applies to (i)	
		on or after that date and (ii) inmates released on or after January 1, 2025, who	
are not en	nrolled v	with a PHP on the date this act becomes law.	
		ORTH CAROLINA LAW TO FEDERAL REQUIREMENTS FOR	
MEDIC		ATEGORICAL RISK LEVELS FOR PROVIDER SCREENINGS	
		FION 3.(a) G.S. 108C-3 reads as rewritten:	
"§ 108C-	3. Med	licaid provider screening.	
•••			
` '		ed Categorical Risk Provider Types. – The following provider types are hereby	
designate	ed as "lii	mited" categorical risk:	
	• • •		
	(10)	Nursing facilities, including Intermediate Care Facilities for Individuals with	
		Intellectual Disabilities. Disabilities, that are not skilled nursing facilities.	
	•••		
(e)		erate Categorical Risk Provider Types. – The following provider types are hereby	
designate	ed as "m	oderate" categorical risk:	
	• • •		
	<u>(15)</u>	Revalidating skilled nursing facilities, unless they meet the description in	
		subdivision (g)(13) of this section.	
•••			
٠	_	Categorical Risk Provider Types. – The following provider types are hereby	
designate	ed as "hi	gh" categorical risk:	
	• • •		
	<u>(13)</u>	Prospective (newly enrolling) skilled nursing facilities and those undergoing	
		a change in ownership.	
"			
		FION 3.(b) G.S. 108C-3, as amended by Section 3(a) of this act, reads as	
"§ 108C-	3. Med	licaid provider screening.	
•••			
(c)		ed Categorical Risk Provider Types. – The following provider types are hereby	
designate		mited" categorical risk:	
	(1)	Ambulatory surgical centers.	
	(1a)	Behavioral health and intellectual and developmental disability provider	
		agencies that are nationally accredited by an entity approved by the	
		Secretary. Secretary, unless they meet the description in subdivision (g)(15) of	
		this section.	
	• • •		
	(16)	Portable X-ray suppliers.	
(e)	Mode	rate Categorical Risk Provider Types. – The following provider types are hereby	
designate	ed as "m	noderate" categorical risk:	
='			
	conformation (e) designated (e) designated (e) designated (c) designated (c) designated (c) designated (e) designated (e) designated (e)	inmates released are not enrolled very conform N MEDICAID CA SECT "\$ 108C-3. Med (c) Limit designated as "line (15) (g) High designated as "him (13) SECT rewritten: "\$ 108C-3. Med (c) Limit designated as "line (1) (1a) (1a)	

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- since newly enrolling and (ii) for which fingerprinting requirements as a newly enrolling provider were waived due to a national, State, or local
 - Opioid treatment programs that have not been fully and continuously <u>a.</u> certified by the Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration since October 23, 2018.
 - Agencies providing durable medical equipment, including, but not <u>b.</u> limited to, orthotics and prosthetics.
 - Adult care homes delivering Medicaid-reimbursed services. <u>c.</u>
 - Agencies providing private duty nursing, home health, personal care d. services, or in-home care services, or home infusion.
 - Skilled nursing facilities. <u>e.</u>
 - f. Hospice organizations.

SECTION 3.(c) Subsection (a) of this section is retroactively effective January 1, 2023. The remainder of this section is retroactively effective January 1, 2024.

CLARIFY MEDICAID SUBROGATION RIGHTS IN **MANAGED CARE ENVIRONMENT**

SECTION 4.(a) G.S. 108A-57 reads as rewritten:

"§ 108A-57. Subrogation rights; withholding of information a misdemeanor.

As used in this section, the term "beneficiary" means (i) the beneficiary of medical assistance, including a minor beneficiary, (ii) the medical assistance beneficiary's parent, legal

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guardian, or personal representative, (iii) the medical assistance beneficiary's heirs, and (iv) the administrator or executor of the medical assistance beneficiary's estate.

Notwithstanding any other provisions of the law, to the extent of payments under this Part, the State shall be subrogated to all rights of recovery, contractual or otherwise, of a beneficiary against any person. Any claim brought by a medical assistance beneficiary against a third party shall include a claim for all medical assistance payments for health care items or services furnished to the medical assistance beneficiary as a result of the injury or action, hereinafter referred to as the "Medicaid claim." Any claim brought by a medical assistance beneficiary against a third party that does not state the Medicaid claim shall be deemed to include the Medicaid claim. If the beneficiary has claims against more than one third party related to the same injury, then any amount received in payment of the Medicaid claim related to that injury shall reduce the total balance of the Medicaid claim applicable to subsequent recoveries related to that injury.

The Department may designate one or more PHPs to receive all or a portion of payments due under this section to the Department for the Medicaid claim by sending a notice of designation to (i) the beneficiary who has the claim against the third party and (ii) any PHP designated in the notice. As used in this section, the term "designated PHP" refers to a PHP designated in the notice of designation under this subsection.

- (a1) If the amount of the Medicaid claim does not exceed one-third of the medical assistance beneficiary's gross recovery, it is presumed that the gross recovery includes compensation for the full amount of the Medicaid claim. If the amount of the Medicaid claim exceeds one-third of the medical assistance beneficiary's gross recovery, it is presumed that one-third of the gross recovery represents compensation for the Medicaid claim.
- (a2) A medical assistance beneficiary may dispute the presumptions established in subsection (a1) of this section by applying to the court in which the medical assistance beneficiary's claim against the third party is pending, or if there is none, then to a court of competent jurisdiction in this State, for a determination of the portion of the beneficiary's gross recovery that represents compensation for the Medicaid claim. An application under this subsection shall be filed with the court and served on the Department pursuant to the Rules of Civil Procedure no later than 30 days after the date that the settlement agreement is executed by all parties and, if required, approved by the court, or in cases in which judgment has been entered, no later than 30 days after the date of entry of judgment. If a PHP made payments on behalf of a Medicaid beneficiary that are included in the Medicaid claim, then the application shall also be served on that PHP within the same time frame in which service is required on the Department. The court shall hold an evidentiary hearing no sooner than 60 days after the date the action was filed. All of the following shall apply to the court's determination under this subsection:
 - (1) The medical assistance beneficiary has the burden of proving by clear and convincing evidence that the portion of the beneficiary's gross recovery that represents compensation for the Medicaid claim is less than the portion presumed under subsection (a1) of this section.
 - (2) The presumption arising under subsection (a1) of this section is not rebutted solely by the fact that the medical assistance beneficiary was not able to recover the full amount of all claims.
 - (3) If the beneficiary meets its burden of rebutting the presumption arising under subsection (a1) of this section, then the court shall determine the portion of the recovery that represents compensation for the Medicaid claim and shall order the beneficiary to pay the amount so determined to the Department Department, or designated PHP, in accordance with subsection (a5) of this section. In making this determination, the court may consider any factors that it deems just and reasonable.

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(4)

section.

(a3) Notwithstanding the presumption arising pursuant to subsection (a1) of this section, the medical assistance beneficiary and the Department may reach an agreement on the portion of the recovery that represents compensation for the Medicaid claim. If such an agreement is reached after an application has been filed pursuant to subsection (a2) of this section, a stipulation of dismissal of the application signed by both parties shall be filed with the court.

If the beneficiary fails to rebut the presumption arising under subsection (a1)

of this section, then the court shall order the beneficiary to pay the amount

presumed pursuant to subsection (a1) of this section to the Department

Department, or designated PHP, in accordance with subsection (a5) of this

- (a4) Within 30 days of receipt of the proceeds of a settlement or judgment related to a claim described in subsection (a) of this section, the medical assistance beneficiary or any attorney retained by the beneficiary shall notify the Department Department, and any designated PHP, of the receipt of the proceeds.
- (a5) The medical assistance beneficiary or any attorney retained by the beneficiary shall, out of the proceeds obtained by or on behalf of the beneficiary by settlement with, judgment against, or otherwise from a third party by reason of injury or death, distribute to the Department Department, or designated PHP, the amount due pursuant to this section as follows:
 - (1) If, upon the expiration of the time for filing an application pursuant subsection (a2) of this section, no application has been filed, then the amount presumed pursuant to subsection (a1) of this section, as prorated with the claims of all others having medical subrogation rights or medical liens against the amount received or recovered, shall be paid to the Department Department, or designated PHP, within 30 days of the beneficiary's receipt of the proceeds, in the absence of an agreement pursuant to subsection (a3) of this section.
 - (2) If an application has been filed pursuant to subsection (a2) of this section and no agreement has been reached pursuant to subsection (a3) of this section, then the Department Department, or designated PHP, shall be paid as follows:
 - a. If the beneficiary rebuts the presumption arising under subsection (a1) of this section, then the amount determined by the court pursuant to subsection (a2) of this section, as prorated with the claims of all others having medical subrogation rights or medical liens against the amount received or recovered, shall be paid to the Department Department, or designated PHP, within 30 days of the entry of the court's order.
 - b. If the beneficiary fails to rebut the presumption arising under subsection (a1) of this section, then the amount presumed pursuant to subsection (a1) of this section, as prorated with the claims of all others having medical subrogation rights or medical liens against the amount received or recovered, shall be paid to the Department Department, or designated PHP, within 30 days of the entry of the court's order.
 - (3) If an agreement has been reached pursuant to subsection (a3) of this section, then the agreed amount, as prorated with the claims of all others having medical subrogation rights or medical liens against the amount received or recovered, shall be paid to the Department Department, or designated PHP, within 30 days of the execution of the agreement by the medical assistance beneficiary and the Department.
- (a6) The United States and the State of North Carolina shall be entitled to shares in each net recovery by the Department under this section. Their shares shall be promptly paid under this section and their proportionate parts of such sum shall be determined in accordance with the matching formulas in use during the period for which assistance was paid to the recipient.

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- (b) It is a Class 1 misdemeanor for any person seeking or having obtained assistance under this Part for himself or another to willfully fail to disclose to the county department of social services or its attorney and to the Department the identity of any person or organization against whom the recipient of assistance has a right of recovery, contractual or otherwise.
- (c) (For contingent repeal, see note) This section applies to the administration of and claims payments under the NC Health Choice Program established under Part 8 of this Article.
- (d) As required to ensure compliance with this section, the Department may apply to the court in which the medical assistance beneficiary's claim against the third party is pending, or if there is none, then to a court of competent jurisdiction in this State for enforcement of this section."
- **SECTION 4.(b)** This section is effective when it becomes law and applies to Medicaid claims brought by medical assistance beneficiaries against third parties on or after that date.

EFFECTIVE DATE

SECTION 5. Except as otherwise provided, this act is effective when it becomes law.

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